J. SIMONS.

BUYERS

Will do well to note the fact that we shall, for the

Balance of the Season

offer

SPECIAL VALUE

In the following lines:

OVERCOATS,
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS,
MANTLES,
CLOUDS,
MILLINERY.

We have in stock some very handsome lines in this department.

Ladies requiring HATS, BONNETS, &c., will do well to give us a call at our new store.

J. SIMONS.

Lindsay, Nov. 24th, 1882.

SAVINGS BANK.

BRANCH OF THE

DOMINION BANK, LINDSAY

Deposits taken of $1 and upwards. No notice of withdrawal required. Interest allowed at current rates from date of deposit to date of withdrawal, and compounded annually.

WALTER DARLING,
Lindsay, August 17th, 1882. Agent.

The Victoria Warder

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1883.

"WORK MEK UP."

Mr. Fairbairn's central committee particularly request that all friends willing volunteer teams on election day will kindly report at once at the committee rooms. Let every one anxious for good Government and willing to lend a helping hand in the coming contest whether in the town or country come forward at once in this matter.

ON POLLING DAY.

It is scarcely necessary for us to urge the electors of the South Riding of Victoria to go to the polls early on Tuesday next and vote in a body for Mr. Fairbairn. We are not and never have been given to the boasting nonsense of our local contemporary as to what the people of any section intend doing, but we have every reason to believe every friend of Mr. Fairbairn and every farmer in the county will be ready to stand by their farmer candidate and place him at the head of the poll in every municipality. Even that great stronghold of Reform, Mariposa—but which always stands staunch to the farmer and his interests—will deal kindly with Mr. Fairbairn, and will give him every support that one farmer can give to another. With such generous assistance from Mariposa and the hosts of friends in Emily, Verulam, Ops, Lindsay and Omemee we can look forward confidently to the result.

And why should they not elect Mr. Fairbairn? It is true, as he says himself, he does not lay claim to the great legal lore possessed by Mr. McIntyre, nor does he pretend to be such an oracle on matters affecting the franchise as to call the sons of business men and mechanics thieves and gamblers because they innocently ask for a vote in the same way as farmers' sons receive theirs, but he has at least good common sense and knows what the electors require. Contrast the policy of Mr. McIntyre, his vacillating course on every conceivable point where he thinks he can capture a vote, his traitorous conduct in the railway matter, his wicked and deep treachery to an old friend now deceased, his unfair and grossly incorrect statements regarding the misdoings of the Mowat Government and his untruthful utterances regarding the license law with the plain and frank statements of the policy advocated by Mr. Fairbairn, his desire for reform in the educational system, his broad and liberal views on the franchise, his desire to preserve the municipalities their full rights, his advocacy of the license money being returned to the municipalities to help pay their taxes instead of being put into the Government coffers, and above all his strong advocacy of the farmer's rights so rudely trampled upon by the Mowat Government and we leave it to the electors to say who is to be believed. Mr. Fairbairn puts the railway question fairly before the electors; he also shows conclusively who are to blame for all this money being thrown away and the dishonesty of the Government in granting them a charter for amalgamation when it had a short time previously passed an act prohibiting such amalgamation.

Then there are the two candidates themselves, what about their capabilities? While Mr. Fairbairn has been for years one of the foremost representatives in the county council and in every public business one of the leaders of public opinion, Mr. McIntyre has been known only as a lawyer of comparatively limited reputation and as one of the biggest wire-pullers in the county. Mr. Fairbairn is candid and outspoken in every statement he makes; Mr. McIntyre on the other hand will deal with nothing in a broad and liberal spirit, and as a representative of the people rather than the politician. While Mr. Fairbairn represents the farming interests of Victoria Mr. McIntyre represents nothing except the interests of his legal profession, and this every one knows is too well represented already for the country's good. In Mr. Mowat's Cabinet to-day there is not one farmer among them, yet there are no less than five lawyers in a Cabinet of six. Not content with having all the sway in political matters these five legal gentlemen want to usurp the power of the municipalities, and Mr. McIntyre if elected, will be found ready to clip the wings of municipal legislators. If this gradual encroaching on the rights of our municipal institutions is not crushed out soon the farmers of this country will have no rights at all except what such men as Mr. McIntyre choose to grant to what they are pleased to call Know-Nothing farmers.

Vote for Fairbairn, the Farmer's Candidate.

NORTH VICTORIA.

It is to be hoped the honest electors of North Victoria will see to it that on Tuesday evening next S. S. Peck will never more disgrace the county of Haliburton by his presence or bring odium on the fair fame of North Victoria by presuming to represent it in the Ontario Legislature. His record in the past has been so bad, his "mistakes" in the handling of the Haliburton county funds have been so numerous and so costly, his underhand tricks and bribes for the purpose of hushing up matters that will not bear the light or in aiding him in his nefarious work of duping the honest electors, brand him as one of the most dangerous and unscrupulous political adventurers that ever came across the United States border to seek election in a Canadian Parliament. Of all the charges we have made against him and all the trickery he stands convicted with, he has never dared to contradict or disprove any of it, nor can what few friends he has disprove any of it even did they so desire.

And what are the electors likely to gain by electing such a character? They surely do not think that he can ever act honestly with them at this late day or that the future can ever make up for the past. What need is there to run so great a risk by electing him when they have a representative candidate in their own county seeking their suffrages and who has been known to them for years as an honest and able man and municipal representative? Is he not likely to do better for them than this Yankee adventurer, who, as soon as he obtains his indemnity will be off to Dakota to spend it? While S. S. Peck for years lived on the county and monies derived from the county without enriching it one cent in return Mr. Fell has worked quietly and faithfully for the people's interests and for the development of all our back country. Not one cent can he be said to have improperly used that did not belong to him, nor in all his long public service can it be said he has ever committed a wrong act or defrauded any one. His character for honesty and morality stand to-day as high above S. S. Peck's as heaven is above the earth, and in everything he has undertaken those whom he represented have found him faithful to his trust.

But to the electors of the north the question must be left. If they desire a candidate noted for his dishonesty, his trickery and his general Yankee principles then they must elect S. S. Peck; but if an honest and representative farmer friend of their own county is desired, a candidate in whom they can place implicit trust, and who has proved himself a friend to them in every way, both in the county council and elsewhere, then they should elect Mr. Fell. He does not appeal to them as a Yankee adventurer, anxious only to draw his money and then get out of the country; but as an honest North Victoria farmer would, as one of themselves and for the county's good. If North Victoria is to be properly represented it must be represented by one who at all events resides in Canada, and who will at all times be prepared to attend to its affairs. While this can never be done by Yankee Peck it can and will be by Mr. Fell, and therefore we ask every elector to vote early for honest John Fell on the 27th and send all such as Peck to their homes in Yankeeland.

Fell and honesty, or Peck and rascality.

It appears to us something must have gone seriously wrong with Mr. McIntyre when he will stand up as he did on Tuesday and insult every townsman in the hall. What did he mean when he informed his audience that he was opposed to granting the franchise to burglars, gamblers and thieves and to "men who pursue their industries by night with a jimmy" as Mr. Fairbairn desires to do. Does Mr. McIntyre mean to say that because Mr. Fairbairn wishes to see the sons of business men and mechanics have the same privileges as farmers' sons that these young men are all gamblers, thieves and "men who pursue their industries by night with a jimmy?" If this is the way Mr. McIntyre is going to insult every young man in the town the sooner he steps out of the political arena the better. Many a man has been dragged into court for slander for less than this. Young men, remember this character Mr. McIntyre gives you, and a resident of your own town, too.

Vote for Fell and out with Yankeedom.

"FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY."

There has been a great deal said lately regarding the manner in which Mr. McIntyre has been in the habit of snubbing the farmers with whom he comes in contact in a general way. At first we were inclined to give little credence to them as only idle reports, but latterly their frequency combined with their authority leave no further room to doubt. One of the latest of these is what the Reformers call the "Know Nothing letter," and at which they raised such a howl a week or two ago. As soon, however, as they were called upon for the $100 they promised to pay to any one certifying to its truthfulness they have become very mild indeed, and content themselves with denying surreptitiously what they know to be correct. If there was the slightest doubt about its truthfulness would they not pay their money down like men instead of "squealing" as they did last week, and denying what two affidavits say was heard by the parties making them.

Then there is this Oakwood matter, and which we scarcely think Mr. McIntyre will care to deny, but if he does the names and addresses of all parties can be obtained by his calling at THE WARDER office. At a late division court in Oakwood when adjournment took place of course each made to a hotel there for dinner, Judge, counsel and debtors alike. A good natured farmer, and one of the most successful in Mariposa, who was also hungry, walked into the hotel and was making his way to the dining room, where the learned gentlemen of the law were already actively engaged. While the others paid no attention to him Mr. McIntyre it appears was much displeased and straightway took him by the shoulders and marched him out with the remark, "this room is for gentlemen only." Of course our farmer friend was much astonished, but got his breath in time to ask Mr. McIntyre "how he got there, then," but allowed himself to be pushed into the hall, where he stood till a voice cried, "come this way, you," and he was ushered into another room. This little anecdote of Mr. McIntyre's superciliousness we guarantee to be correct, both as to what was said and the fact of the farmer being pushed by the shoulders.

When one hears such tales as these and on the undoubted authority of the men concerned he scarcely knows which to wonder at most, the arrogance of Mr. McIntyre in setting himself up as being so much superior to the farmers of the country or the reckless manner in which he is conducting his canvas. What harm could it have done him or any one else had this respectable and well-to-do Mariposa farmer sat down to the table with him? Was it likely to bring on an aggravated case of dyspepsia by seeing a farmer beside him quietly eating his dinner, or was Mr. McIntyre afraid there was not dinner enough for more than himself? There certainly must have been something unusually wrong when a farmer of Mariposa must not be allowed to sit at the same table or even in the same room with Lawyer McIntyre. Would Mr. McIntyre please explain the mystery, and also why he is getting so toney that he did not sit down to table with a farmer? If Mr. McIntyre becomes so big all at once because he is a candidate heaven only knows what he would do with us if he by any accident found himself elected. But our readers may breathe freely, he never will be, at least while he treats his farmer friends in this uncourteous manner, and what is more does not deserve to be.

Vote for Fairbairn and stand by the man who has stood by the county.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

WHERE is Mr. John McLennan's bell with which he rung such joyous peals over the land—or rather town—on the night of the 20th June? Had he not better get it ready to commemorate Mr. Fairbairn's election on Tuesday next?

IF Mr. McIntyre is not very watchful when discussing public matters he will notwithstanding his superior education have Mr. Fairbairn very soon knocking all his arguments into a "cocked hat." Legal education is very good, but it somehow cannot stand very effectively the onslaughts of good common sense.

MR. D. J. McINTYRE is very anxious to press upon the minds of the electors that the Mowat Government has never spent any money improperly nor has the Opposition discovered a single item they could challenge. But what about the cork-screw expedition? Does Mr. McIntyre mean to say that spending $5,500 of the Government money in three weeks for whiskey is using it in a proper way or does Mr. McIntyre tell nasty little fibs?

THE two Reformers who are so industriously circulating untruths regarding Mr. Fell and his acceptance of the gold watch presented him by the Somerville people make a mistake if by such means they think they can do him harm. There is not a resident of Somerville but knows that when the watch was presented to Mr. Fell on his retirement from the municipal chair some time ago he accepted it only on the condition that it was thoroughly understood that he would never bind himself not to be a candidate again. While he had no desire to be so again still if the people said they wished him and of their own free will alone placed him there he could of course only accept; but it should never be of his seeking. In the late election Mr. Fell refused to run against Mr. Howie and never would have done so had the people not insisted on it. In seeking to hurt Mr. Fell by charging him with going back on his word Mr. Howie knows he is not stating what is correct, for while Mr. Fell had no desire to run he never at any time gave a promise he would not.

THE Fenelon Falls Gazette with sinister intent desires to make the electors believe S. S. Peck has sold his farm in Dakota and intends removing to Haliburton to reside. It is needless for us to say there is not the slightest truth in the statement, and it has only been circulated to make it appear the electors in voting for Peck are not voting for a Yankee adventurer. But the electors of Haliburton are not likely to be so easily fooled. They know the value of Peck's statements as also the utterances of his advertising apologist, the Fenelon Falls Gazette.

MR. McINTYRE on Tuesday told an ingenious little fib about the license money, not the first one by any means by the way. He said "it had been charged that we did not receive as much from licenses now as we did under the old system," but Mr. McIntyre knows very well this "charge" was never made by any one. What is charged is that the Government keeps back from the county of Victoria $2,400 which it has no right to, and which should go into the county treasury to pay taxes instead of being squandered in cork-screw expeditions and sprees in Chicago. This is the charge and a very good charge it is, because if that money were paid into the county treasury as it should be it would reduce our county rate each year by nearly one half.

WHEN does S. S. Peck intend paying back that money he "feloniously" took by "mistake" from the Haliburton treasury? Does he not know that there is a statute law by which he can be punished if he will not be honest? How does this suit him:—"Whosoever being employed in the service of any municipality and entrusted by virtue of such employment with the receipt or control of any money embezzles, or in any manner fraudulently applies or disposes of the same to his own use or for any purpose whatsoever, except for the service of such municipality, shall be deemed to have feloniously stolen the same from such municipality, and shall be liable to be imprisoned in the penitentiary for any term not exceeding fourteen years, or in any gaol for any term less that two years."

A DEPUTATION consisting of Hon. Mr. Bowell, Messrs. Williams, J. R. Dundas, Cochrane, McCarthy, Burnham, Hilliard, had an audience last week with the Minister of Public Works asking for a grant to assist in completing the works now in progress in Midland harbor. Petitions from the Midland Railroad, from the village of Midland, and other municipalities praying for assistance had been received by the Minister. The subject was introduced by Mr. Dundas, member for South Victoria, who presented interesting figures respecting the expenditure made by the Midland railway on that harbor, and the estimate of the amount required to complete the works; also as to the trade of that port, which originated only two years ago, and has since obtained wonderful proportions. This was without any assistance of any kind, either from Government or municipality. It is estimated that there will be required to finish the improvements in the harbor now in progress, about $66,000, and to assist in these improvements the Midland railway ask for an appropriation. The deputation was cordially received by Sir Hector Langevin, who promised to give the subject the fullest consideration.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE VICTORIA WARDER,
LINDSAY, ONT., Feb. 22nd, 1883.

LINDSAY MARKETS.

Fall Wheat, per bushel	$ 90 to 1 00
Spring do do	0 95 to 1 00
Aranekta do do	83 to 0 90
Flour, Spring, ⅌ 100	2 50 to 2 80
do Mixed, do	2 50 to 2 80
do Fall, do	2 50 to 2 80
Flour, new process	2 50 to 2 80
Barley, per bushel	0 45 to 0 65
Peas, do	0 65 to 0 67
Peas, large do	0 75 to 0 80
Oats, do	0 35 to 0 38
Potatoes, per bushel	0 30 to 0 35
Apples, per bag	75 0 to 1 25
Butter per ⅌	0 18 to 0 21
Beef	5 00 to 7 50
Eggs, per dozen	0 20 to 0 23
Salt, per barrel	1 30 to 1 35
Wood	2 00 to 4 50
Bacon per lb	0 10½ to 0 11½
Mess Pork, per bbl.	22 50 to 23 00
do extra Prime	0 00 to 0 00
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs	6 50 to 8 00
Live Hogs, " " "	5 00 to 5 50
Hay per ton	8 00 to 10 00
Straw, perload	2 50 to 3 00
Wool	0 18 to 0 20
Hides	4 00 to 5 00
Rye	0 45 to 0 50
Bran per ton	13 00 to 1300
Shorts per ton	17 00 to 1700

Toronto.

FEB. 22ND.—Fall wheat, $1.02 to $1.06; spring wheat, $1.05 to $1.12; barley 55c. to 74c.; oats, 45c. to 46c.; rye, 50c. to 60c.; peas, 72c. to 75c.; dressed hogs per cwt., $8.00 to $8.25; chickens per pair, 60c. to 75c.; ducks per pair, 80c. to 1.00c. geese, each 75c. to 90c.; turkeys, $1.00c. to 2.50c.; butter, rolls, 23c. to 26c.; butter, tub. 17c. to 20c.; eggs per doz., 30c. to 32c.; potatoes per bag, $0.75 to $0.80; hay per ton, $11.00 to $15.50; wool per lb. 18c. to 20c.

GRAIN & WOOL

The undersigned will pay the

Highest Cash Price

—For—

BARLEY, WHEAT, PEAS & OATS

AND WOOL,

Delivered at Baker's old storehouse or at Whitby & Lindsay Railway storehouse.

W. D. MATTHEWS & Co.
Lindsay, March 1, 1882—1268-1y.

"OLD ENGLISH CONDITION POWDER"

Before Taking. After Taking.

This cut is on every package. Don't use a Condition Powder that hasn't got this cut on it.

Joseph Staples, Manvers, says: "Never used anything like it in my life."

Geo. Werry, Manvers, says: "It is without exception the best horse powder that I ever saw."

Henry Gain, butcher, Lindsay, says: "I consider it ahead of anything I have ever used." 25c. pkg.

SOLD AT
HIGINBOTHAM'S DRUG STORE,
Doheny Block, Lindsay.

Lindsay, Feb. 15th, 1883.

J. W. Wallace,

Late Woollen Factory, HAS REMOVED TO HALL'S OLD STAND,

THREE DOORS WEST OF THE GLOBE HOTEL, KENT STREET.

AGENT FOR SEVERAL LARGE WOOLLEN MILLS.

Sells Full Cloths, Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets Yarn & Knitted Goods

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE IN THE COUNTY.

All Goods Direct from Factories.

Cash for Wool and Pickings the year round

Also sell all articles usually kept in Dry Goods Houses, such as

Coctoæ, Prints, Winceys, Silks, Laces, Embroidery, Gloves, Ribbons, etc.

Also READY-MADE CLOTHING, a large assortment.

Call and examine goods and prices before making your fall purchases.

Lindsay, Oct. 19, 1882.—1301. J. W. WALLACE.

SYLVESTER'S

Implement & Machine Works

LINDSAY, - ONTARIO.

RICHARD SYLVESTER,

—MANUFACTURER OF—

Reapers, Mowers, Sulky Hay Rakes, Grain Crushers, Root Cutters, Straw Cutters, Plows, Gang Plows, One Horse Cultivators, Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Shingle Mill and General Machinery.

Castings and Forging of all descriptions.
Agent for the Hancock Inspirator Co.

The Hancock Inspirator is fast superceding the pump for feeding locomotive and stationary boilers.

Agent for the Champion Drill and Broadcast Seeder combined.

Farmers wanting their seeders repaired will do well to bring them in at once. We can re-lay the feet with new steel, and you can get them home with you the same day.

Bring in all your Old Cast Iron.

RICHARD SYLVESTER,
Lindsay, Dec. 28th, 1882. Lindsay, Ontario

FOR SALE

Or to Rent.

I have a number of good second hand

ORGANS & MELODEONS

Which I am anxious to dispose of, not having room to display them. These instruments are good and reliable and in good condition. I offer on very easy monthly or quarterly payments. Immediate payment no object if security good.

Apply to
GEORGE W. BEALL,
Watchmaker & Jeweller.

TIME. TIME.

The best place to get your watch repaired is at

W. F. McCARTY'S.

Watches, Clocks and all kinds of Jewelry cleaned and attended to with despatch and in a workmanlike manner.

Key Checks of all kinds and sizes, models, etc., manufactured.

Remember the place—opposite Higinbotham's drug store, Kent st.

W. F. McCARTY.
Lindsay, Jan 18th, 1883.—1y

JOHN MAKINS,

—IRON FOUNDER—

WILLIAM STREET, LINDSAY

MANUFACTURER OF

Saws and Shingle Mill Machiner
Flour Mill, Steam Engines
and Steam Pumps.

Have a large assortment of General Patterns for the above description of works.

Lindsay, July 27th 1882.—1323.

Stock-Taking Sale of XMAS GOODS.

From now until the 1st of March I will sell my stock of Xmas Goods, such as Toys, Xmas and Holiday Books, Dolls, Vases and other Fancy Articles at First Cost, and the balance of my staple lines at Reduced Prices. This is a good chance for purchasers. I will sell as above until the 1st of March in consequence of taking stock at that date.

G. A. METHERELL.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

H. HOLTORF'S

Is the place to purchase cheap furniture, comprising parlor, dining-room, bed-room and kitchen sets. In the

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT

All necessary requisites for funerals will be found, and the prices for everything will be furnished at the lowest prices.

H. HOLTORF.
Shop South Kent street, one door east of English Church.—1313-1y.