RAY & CO.

New MILLINERY

NEW FURNISHING GOODS

New Furs cheap

and we have show

New Fancy Woolen Goods

A BANKRUPT STOCK

Ready made Clothing

Bank of Montreal

Capital, $12,000,000

William St., South of Kent St.

The Victoria Warder

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Our Ottawa letter arrived too late for insertion in the week's WARDER.

Spring Stock Complete. Sayers & Bowes' [illegible]

Social. A social was held in the Methodist Church on Monday evening last.

Local Norms. Scott & Hotchkin's spring dress goods and supporter advertisement appears in another column.

Assizes. The Court of Assize opens on Tuesday next, the 16th inst., before Chief Justice Harrison.

Mr. Nairn, a first class city Cutter has charge of our Tailoring department. [illegible]

Early Closing. The grocery now known as Thos. Ireland's, will close at 6 o'clock in the evening. When will others follow the commendable example?

Gentlemen, Attention. We have now secured a cutter who understands his business and you can rely on suits ordered being fitted properly. Dry Goods Emporium.

Stallion. "Lion Eclipse," the property of Mr. Joseph Demaris, known last year as "Mallon" horse, will travel this season in Emily, Manvers and Opa.

See the Immense stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods now opening at the Dry Goods Emporium.

M. E. Social. There will be a social held in the M. E. Church, Kent street, this evening. The programme will consist of music, readings, recitations, &c.

New Tailoring Business. This week [illegible]

Indian Proverb. "Boil the maple in our small leaf bread." As there has been a frost yet, I suppose sugar this spring, perhaps, we had better eat our bread.

Recovering. We congratulate Lieutenant W. H. Gregory upon his probability of soon being from the service of the Queen. He has been [illegible]

Victoria Avenue. The [illegible] Factory Company are now constructing a sidewalk from the W. [illegible] Factory, Victoria Avenue, a distance of [illegible] Falls.

Fresh Arrivals. Cook's Bazaar [illegible]

The Market Square. The Street and Market Committee have been considering the market square. The Committee have placed in that portion of the square under their control, [illegible]

Painful Accident. Mr. [illegible] met with a painful accident on Monday last. [illegible]

A Good Suggestion. [illegible]

Personal. [illegible]

Base Ball. [illegible]

Wall Decks. [illegible]

Personal. [illegible]

Wool Yet Come. The sweet spring poet [illegible]

The Big Egg Question. It has now been [illegible] the great week [illegible] Hamilton and Toronto [illegible] Wm. Hammond, under in [illegible] Monday [illegible] Hamilton [illegible] Toronto [illegible] Globe.

House List for March. Grade II.—[illegible]

Removal. [illegible]

Canoes. Over the Fenelon Falls [illegible] Mr. Wm. English [illegible] Lake Scugog and [illegible] Fenelon Falls.

Board of Education. The regular meeting of the Board of Education was held in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening, April 3rd. Members present [illegible]

The Oldest Mason. The Kingston News says: Mr. Patrick McFadden of Portsmouth, is one of the oldest Masons in Canada. He was initiated in January, 1811, in Lodge No. 47, G. R. of Ireland, held in Stranocum, near Ballymoney, County Antrim, Ireland. Although far advanced in life, Mr. McFadden enjoys good health. He emigrated to Canada in 1819, settled in Prince Edward County about the year 1828, joined Prince Edward Lodge, No. 14, in 1846, was elected Tyler the same year, which position he has filled ever since, being last year elected for the thirty second time, and during the whole of those many years he has only twice been absent from his position at regular meetings. Mr. McFadden is also a member of the Chapter, and occupies the position of Janitor, where his services are as faithfully performed as they are in the Lodge.

Off for Manitoba. A party of about 40 persons consisting chiefly of struggling young fellows arrived by the Victoria Railway on Tuesday last "en route" to Manitoba. They go by way of Detroit, Chicago and Duluth to Fisher's Landing, from which point they proceed by wagon to their destination. They took with them from here horses, wagons and agricultural implements. Mr. Langton, of Minden, who accompanies them, was in charge.

Scalded. On Friday, 29th ult., Mrs. Alex. McArthur, wife of the proprietor of the McArthur House, Fenelon Falls, had one of her feet badly scalded, in consequence of a pan full of boiling water having been placed so insecurely upon the hearth of the kitchen stove that it fell from a touch of her dress while passing; but it is hoped that she will be able to get about again in a couple of weeks, although she has been confined to her chair since the accident occurred.

Nabbed and Jugged. Chief Constable Smart informs us that on Tuesday last he succeeded in capturing and jugging John Fitzpatrick, for whom there has been a warrant issued for some time, on the charge of stealing a cow. He is also suspected of having committed a number of thefts in town and country. A one-armed man that has been about the neighborhood for the last week begging, was also taken up by Mr. Smart and lodged in jail for 20 days.

For the Young Men. At the meeting of the Young Men's Liberal Conservative Association held on Thursday evening last, the following resolution was adopted: That any gentlemen residing outside of the town may, on signing the declaration, and approval by the Association, become members thereof. It is to be hoped our young friends in the country will avail themselves of this opportunity, as a good reading room supplied with the leading magazines and periodicals is in connection with the Association, and open every afternoon and evening from 7 to 10 p. m.

Meeting in Insolvency. A largely attended meeting of creditors and others interested in the estate of Mr. C. L. Baker, was held at the Court House last Thursday afternoon. Mr. Hugel, President of the Midland Railway, acted as chairman on the occasion, and Mr. Sheriff Kempt was appointed assignee of the estate. Inspectors of the estate were appointed as follows: Mr. Mowbray, Manager of the Ontario Bank, Mr. John Knowlson and Mr. A. Campbell, Lindsay; Mr. Thwaite, of Eby, Thwaite & Co., Toronto; and on behalf of the Montreal creditors, Mr. D. Smart, of Smith & Smart, Port Hope. After considerable discussion a proposition made by Mr. Baker for the payment of unsecured debts, of fifteen cents on the dollar, in three, six, nine and twelve months, was accepted. The decision on the part of the gentlemen present to deal liberally with Mr. Baker was quite evident and confidence in his ability and integrity was freely expressed. It is gratifying to learn that Mr. Baker reopened in the old stand on the corner on Saturday last.

Opening of Show Rooms. Last Thursday was a busy day at the dry goods store of Moore Smyth & Bowes, the announcement that their show rooms would be thrown open for inspection on that day being quite sufficient to attract a large number of visitors. The rooms were tastefully decorated and conveniently arranged on the occasion. All the latest styles and novelties in fancy and hosiery goods were displayed on an inviting manner. Mob caps now become so fashionable for evening wear, received their fair share of attention from fair admirers. Some very handsome summer costumes for which there must be a great demand were also exhibited. The display in real ostrich feathers and artificial flowers was also very good. On the whole Moore Smyth & Bowes may congratulate themselves on the success of their enterprise. Miss Simpson, lately of Toronto, has charge of the millinery rooms, while the dress-making department is presided over by Mrs. O'Reilly, both of whom may be fairly complimented on their taste and skill.

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.

In Toronto, last Saturday morning, Mr. Charlton Losee, formerly of this town, put an end to his life by taking an ounce of laudanum. Deceased was a young man of estimable character. The following is from the "Mail's" account of the sad affair: "Charlton Losee was a young compositor, who came to this city from Lindsay some years ago in search of employment, and, not succeeding in procuring a situation in a day office, entered the office of the "Globe" newspaper as a substitute, that is one who is ready to relieve any of the regular workmen whenever they wish to take a holiday. In these days, when there is so little work, and so many to do it, substituting, as it is called by printers in a daily paper, is a very precarious way of gaining a livelihood, and to those who are not accustomed to it, a very laborious one. Losee is described as a modest young man, quiet, sober, and industrious, and enjoying the good will of the employees of the office. Some time ago he obtained employment in Oshawa, but did not remain away from the city long. On his return he again commenced "subbing" at the "Globe," but his companions noticed that a great change had come over him. Timidity and avoidance of company marked his actions towards those at the office, while at his boarding house, he spent his time in reading and quiet, taking little notice of the actions of those around him. The strange hallucinations which haunted him are unexplained. Whatever private grief he had he kept them to himself, never obtruding his troubles on the sympathies of his friends, and though it is known that he suffered in his mind from some hidden sorrow, yet for fear of wounding his feelings his friends refrained from questioning him. Of late he often broached the subject of suicide to his fellow workmen, but they paid little attention to him, never thinking that he contemplated making away with himself. Some days ago he procured a two ounce phial of laudanum, the contents of which he drank early on Saturday morning, and when his roommate went home at four on the morning of that day, he found him in a comatose condition, painlessly gliding into eternity. Among his effects were found three letters, but only one contains any reason for the act he contemplated. The wording of the will, in which he gives a house and lot to his mother, that she may always have a place that she can call "home," will leave a pang in many a heart for the fate of the poor misguiding youth, who, in the flower of his existence, at a time when the frowns of adversity had given way to the smiles of spring, and all around was happy in the activity of life, in despair gave up the stern battle and sought the oblivion of the charitable tomb.

The following letter was found enclosed in an envelope addressed to Mr. Evelin W. Losee, Lindsay, Ont.

11 Richmond Street East,
Toronto, April 3rd, 1878.

Parents,—I will now answer your last letter after some considerable delay. I have so little from one letter to another, that it seems almost a waste of paper and postage to write. I have little to say that is not already known to you; that is, that I have but little to do, and sometimes find it difficult to do that little. I seldom spend a peaceful hour throughout the day; but am probably getting better. My system seems to have given way, at least it is not as good as it might be, and when once broken up, seems to defy all efforts to put it on its proper footing.

I did intend last week to start for Detroit, but cash was so scarce that I determined to wait a little longer, until the spring season had fairly opened up. There is very little work going on in the city, or at least there appears to be a great deal too many people to do it; and consequently the streets are always full of idle men.

I hope you are all doing something for the benefit of your individual selves, and that you are all as happy as circumstances despite the difficulties you all may find in always doing something.

You will please write soon, and oblige

Yours, &c.,
CHARLTON LOSEE.

P.S.—Following is a copy of another letter found:—

11 Richmond Street East,
Toronto, April 5th, 1878.

Parents,—My malady is evidently incurable and in case I get no remedy it is impossible to live, or even try to live. To a jaded and body tormented day and night and never at peace with itself or the world at large, there is no pleasure in existing. To be led from one act to another, constantly without any connection or finish, since I have become aware of laws of thought (or what has appeared to me to be such) I have always tried to act in conformity with them, but success with me appears impossible. I am unable to do anything or even live without drawing upon the affections of everybody of whom I may think or at least see, and this keeps mind and body on the jar, and in continued misery. In case I do not in future have better success, and take anything to rid myself of this misery, I do not want any "post mortem" examination, but want it understood that I do it of my own accord.

Signed CHARLTON LOSEE.

The following is a copy of a will drawn by deceased and found addressed to his mother:—

11 Richmond Street East,
Toronto, April 5th, 1878.

This is to certify that in case of death I will the house and lot belonging to me in the town of Lindsay, and situated on Henry street, to my mother, Mrs. Joseph Losee, to be at her sole disposal for ever. In case this will has effect, I think it would be wise to keep it in the family, at least until the young members are in a position to fully take care of themselves, that they may always have a place they can call "home."

Signed CHARLTON LOSEE.

An inquest was held and a verdict given in accordance with the evidence, that deceased came to his death by taking two ounces of laudanum, while of unsound mind.

The body of deceased was interred in Riverside Cemetery here, on Tuesday last.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

One of the most successful Teachers' Conventions ever held in the County of Victoria, took place on the 5th and 6th inst., in the Separate School building, Lindsay.

The meeting was opened by J. H. Knight, Public School Inspector, who, after a few practical remarks on the objects of the Convention, proceeded to explain his method of marking School Recitations.

Mr. Knight deemed it inexpedient to mark every recitation during the day, because it was impossible to teach and work lessons at the same time. He objected to a general review of the week's work on Friday, because, in his opinion, pupils too frequently made the review day an excuse for absenting themselves from school.

The Inspector here called upon Dr. McLellan to discuss the subject of Arithmetic.

The Doctor, after complimenting the teachers upon the deep interest they took in the cause of education, briefly referred to the fact that arithmetic when properly taught afforded a most valuable means of mental culture; adding that for several years those pupils who had done well in arithmetic had, with few exceptions, done equally well in other subjects. The Doctor handled the subject in a masterly manner, pointed out the logical connection between the principles underlying the Fundamental Rules, and advised teachers to give their pupils a thorough drilling in mental arithmetic prior to the introduction of written arithmetic. The Doctor concluded by solving a number of arithmetical problems by the unitary method.

Mr. Swift was now called upon to illustrate his method of teaching Grammar. He began by pointing out the difficulty in teaching the subject because of its abstract nature. He then referred to the analytic and synthetic methods of teaching the subject, pronouncing in favor of the latter. He urged that pupils be requested to converse more freely under the guidance of the teacher with a view to the immediate application of the principles of Grammar, and thus be fortified as soon as possible to resist the influence of ungrammatical expressions acquired at home and elsewhere.

In the after discussion Dr. McLellan advised teachers to invariably speak grammatically, and always set a good example in conversation.

Dr. McLellan was then called upon to take up the subject of Algebra.

The Doctor introduced the subject by briefly reverting to the importance of the mastery of certain Algebraic Formula; he then proceeded to their discussion, after which he illustrated their application in the resolution into factors of many complicated algebraic expressions.

The next subject for discussion was Map Geography, introduced by Mr. Hallett, who sketched the map of Hindostan on the blackboard, and illustrated his method of teaching the subject by means of Outline Maps.

In the evening speeches were delivered by Hon. Adam Crooks, Dr. McLellan, and Mr. Wood, of Fenelon Falls. Mr Wood congratulated the citizens of Lindsay for the liberal support and patronage given to the Model School, which constituted Lindsay a kind of educational centre; pointed out the great evils which result from a want of regularity and punctuality on the part of pupils; believed that the superiority of the German soldiers at the late Franco-German war was attributable to their superior education, and concluded by an appeal to the parents for the thorough education of their sons and daughters.

Dr. McLellan in a most eloquent speech referred to the silent power wielded by the teacher upon the pupil, not only during his school days but also during his entire life. He repudiated the idea entertained by some that teachers could not have confidence in their pupils, and that pupils could not be educated to frown upon that which is mean. He believed that the teachers whose influences was inadequate to educate the pupil to despise falsehood and duplicity, were sadly deficient in moral power. The Doctor brought his remarks to a close in graphic terms descriptive of the influence of education upon the nations of the past, present, and future.

The Hon. Adam Crooks, Minister of Education, gave a very interesting review of the growth and progress of that system of education built up and fostered in Ontario by the ebbing life of Dr. Ryerson. He showed that though the splendid system of high schools made ample provision for the free and practical education of children of the humblest of parentage, yet the success of the higher education of our people depended upon the instrumentality of the teachers of the lower and intermediate schools. He quoted the Report of 1873 to show how the schools were seriously injured by the novice, and how our children in the most susceptible period of life suffered almost irreparable wrongs from the hands of apprenticed teachers. He argued that these very evils pointed out the necessity of thoroughly trained teachers, from the discussion of which arose the great question, "How can we best qualify our teachers for the proper discharge of their important duties?" He proceeded to show that the institution of model schools in every county where young teachers could receive the best professional training in the shortest time and at the smallest possible cost was the only practical solution to the question, and upon which the perfection of our school system appeared to rest. After mature deliberation, he felt assured that the model schools afforded the only possible safeguard and protection to our children against the injury which they sustained from the inferior efforts of the inexperienced teacher, while, at the same time, they would be found adequate to supply the demand. He passed a high compliment upon Father Stafford for the active part he had taken for years in the cause of education, and concluded by reading that portion of the School Regulations which renders it obligatory on the part of teachers to look after the moral as well as the intellectual welfare of the scholars.

SATURDAY.

Mr. Knight called upon Rev. Father Stafford for a few remarks on the subject of disciplines.

Father Stafford, in reply, stated that as a general rule, in the absence of proof, the teacher should accept the pupil's word as the truth; that he disliked to call upon one boy to give evidence against his companion in trifling matters, because in so doing the witness was put in a position to do great injury to his fellow pupils; that constant corporal punishment showed the teacher's moral weakness; and that he disapproved of the flogging system because it was both disgraceful and degrading.

Mr. Irwin was then called upon to explain his method of awarding prizes. He stated that he would be governed almost wholly in the junior classes by the punctuality and regularity of the pupils; that he would give every pupil a prize of some kind; and that in senior classes he would award prizes upon the result of progress, as determined by an impartial method of marks.

Dr. McLellan here took up Mental Arithmetic and after referring to the prominent place which the subject should occupy in our schools, illustrated by copious examples his method of introducing and teaching it.

By request Mr. McFaul explained Map Drawing by triangulation.

Mr McDonald introduced the subject of Geometry by briefly referring to errors to be guarded against in junior classes, and then proceeded to show how the subject should be taught.

Dr. McLellan in discussing the subject of Reading, stated that reading had not been properly taught, and the result was that Canadians were a nation of bad readers. The Doctor believed it quite possible for a person to understand a passage, and yet be unable to read that passage well. He argued that good reading depended largely upon imitation, that both the ear had to be trained to detect certain sounds and the vocal organs practiced in the production of those sounds, in order to bring out the various passions of the soul, and that, therefore, no teacher could make pupils read well unless he himself was a good reader and thoroughly understood the subject. He pressed upon the teachers the importance of distinct articulation, correct vocalization, and daily practice in reading aloud for self-culture, and hoped the teachers of the Model Schools would bring the subject prominently before the teachers in-training during the next term.

Mr. Shaw, of Omemee, read an able essay on the utility of Teachers' Institutes, which was well received, and which elicited considerable discussion.

The officers for the current year are, President, J. H. Knight; 1st Vice-President, R. Dobson; 2nd Vice-President, J. H. McFaul; Treasurer, Mr. Hampton, Secretary, Mr. Truscott.

DISTRICT NEWS.

LITTLE BRITAIN.

Little Britain correspondence unavoidably crowded out this week. Will appear next week.

ORILLLA.

WOOD STEALING CASE.—Two Orillia men named respectively Martin and McReynold's were charged with stealing wood from the Public School House of that town. Martin is the caretaker of the School and McReynold's a man who was employed to do some work for him. The wood was noticed to be going very fast and a constable was detailed to watch around the School House and see if he could ascertain who was the thief. While on duty one night the pair were caught in the act of removing a quantity of fuel, and were arrested. Both pleaded not guilty before the Magistrate but the evidence was so strong against them that they were committed for trial. The prisoners had no evidence of any consequence to offer in their favor, Martin simply alleging that he had wood of his own at the school and that it was this he was removing. A teamster testified in behalf of Martin that he had been asked by him to draw a load of wood from the school to his house, but he was told to come early in the morning or late at night. His Honor found both prisoners guilty and sentenced them Martin to two months and McReynold's to one month in gaol.—"Advance."

DUNSFORD.

Correspondence of THE WARDER.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING.—A meeting of Laval Conservatives was held in Bell's Hall last week, Mr. John Ireton in the chair. The chairman explained the object of the meeting to be for organization for the coming elections and for the formation of a local Association. After a suitable address by the chairman the following officers were elected: Mr. John Ireton, President; Wr. Wm. Thurston, 1st Vice President; Mr. Jas. McCallum, 2nd Vice-President; Mr. Thos. Bell, Secretary. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the proceedings.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL.—On Monday of last week Mr. James Bell made a grand display of agricultural implements. It made things look as if the farmers around here were determined to prosper in spite of the Mackenzie Government. Mr. Bell has done a large trade since going into the agricultural implement business. No farm should be without one of Dickie & Kennedy's Buckeye Seeders, for which he is agent.

WEDDINGS.—Two wedding parties passed through this village last week. They evidently are not afraid of hard times.

MISCELLANEOUS.—The preaching pedler has not yet returned.——Arthur Bell has raised his new building.——Mr. Cooper, an obliging young man, has charge of Bell's blacksmith shop.

FENELON FALLS.

Correspondence of THE WARDER.

DISCOVERY.—It is reported around town that Mr. Dewart, merchant, has discovered an iron mine on his lot. On crushing a sma" piece of rock for some other purpose on Saturday last he thought the dust looked rather irony, and upon procuring a magnet, and drawing it through the sand pro duced by the crushing of the stone, found that it was covered with something of a black and hard substance. Not being satisfied with what he saw with the naked eye, he got a magnifying glass, and was overjoyed to find that his mine was quite rich. Should this mine prove wealthy, who says Fenelon Falls will not become famous as a mining town?

FALSE ALARM.—On Saturday last our village was once more thrown into excitement by the cry of "fire." On going down Colborne street we saw a dense volume of smoke gushing from the upstairs window of Mr. John Nugent's residence, over his drug store, in McArthur's block. There being three stove-pipes going into the one chimney and the chimney taking fire, the passage not being large enough to carry away the smoke, it backed up and out of the stove causing quite a sensation.

Who is Eh?—Since the Reform Convention, held in this village on the 19th ult., when the candidates to contest the approaching elections were chosen, Mr. Dickson was nominated for the Lower House. The general query is, by farmers not half a dozen miles from his, (Mr. Dickson's) stronghold, "who is he? Who is this Dickson?" or in other words, "what is he? we have not heard of him before!" If Mr. Dickson is no better known throughout the Riding than these questions indicate, and knowing that there is a split in the Reform party owing to some of them being red hot for John D. Naylor, Esq., to represent them in Parliament, and who, along with Mr. Naylor, intend to use their influence against this Mr. Dickson. There can be no doubt that it every good Conservative puts his shoulder to the wheel, and work with a will, they can elect their man by a sweeping majority, and thus add another vote to strengthen Sir John A. Macdonald.

SPRING SHOWS.

South Victoria Agricultural Society, at Lindsay, on Wednesday, May 1st, 1878.

Whitby and East Whitby Agricultural Society, at Whitby, on Friday, April 26th.

The Spring Show of the Reach, Scugog and Port Perry Agricultural Society which is to be held at Manchester on Tuesday, April 23rd.

SALE REGISTER.

Parties having their bills printed at THE WARDER office will receive the benefit of a notice under this head FREE.

On Monday, April 15, at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp, at Victoria Road Station, Farm Stock and Implements. James McKey, proprietor, H. L. Vanzant, auctioneer.

On Saturday, April 13, on lot 14, 2nd con., Mariposa, Farm Stock, Implements, &c. H. Connell, agent for R. K. Connell.

A thoroughbred heifer, rising three years old, was sold by James Shaw, of Thickersmith, lately, to E. Nicol, of Wingham, for $151.

COMMERCIAL.

LINDSAY MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Fall Wheat	$1 15 @ $1 20
Spring do	1 00 @ 0 00
Barley, per 100	2 60 @ 3 00
Corn Meal	1 75 to 0 00
Oat Meal	2 75 to 0 00
Potatoes, per bush	0 48 @ 0 00
Peas do	0 60 @ 0 00
Oats do	0 30 @ 0 35
Potatoes,	0 25 @ 0 30
Apples, per barrel	3 00 @ 0 00
Butter, per lb	0 12½ @ 0 15
Eggs	1 50 @ 5 00
Tallow	0 12½ @ 0 00
Salt, per bbl	1 00 @ 0 00
Bacon	0 00 @ 1 00
Mess Pork	00 00 @ 17 00
Do do extra Prime	00 00 @ 00 00
Hay, per ton	8 00 @ 12 00
Straw, per load	2 50 @ 3 00
Lambskins	0 00 @ 1 10
Sheepskins	0 50 @ 1 00
Hides	4 50 at 5 25
Hides	2 00 @ 4 00
Wool	0 06 @ 0 26
Timothy Seed	0 00 to 0 00
Clover Seed	3 00 to 4 00
Grass Seed	1 50 to 2 00

The following markets are reported for THE WARDER and telegraphed per Dominion Line.

FENELON FALLS MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Wheat, fall, per bushel	$1 10 a $0 00
Wheat, spring, do	0 95 a 0 00
Barley, do	0 48 a 0 00
Oats, do	0 30 a 0 00
Peas, do	0 55 a 0 00
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs	6 00 a 7 00
Beef, hind quarters	4 00 a 4 50
Beef, fore quarters	0 00 a 0 00
Mutton, by carcase	0 00 a 0 00
Butter, in rolls	0 00 a 00
Butter, large rolls	0 00 a 00
Butter, tub dairy	0 13 a 14
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0 12½a 00
Apples, per bush	0 75 a 1 00
Potatoes, per bushel	0 30 a 0 35
Hay, new	10 00 a 11 00

TORONTO MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Wheat, fall, per bushel	$1 20 @ $1 24
Wheat, spring do	1 04 @ 1 10
Barley, do	52 @ 0 60
Oats, do	36 @ 37
Peas, do	0 68 @ 0 69
Rye, do	0 60 @ 0 65
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs	5 25 @ 5 75
Beef, hind quarters	4 00 @ 5 00
Beef, fore quarters	0 @
Mutton, by carcase	6 50 @ 8 00
Butter, in rolls	0 15 @ 20
Butter, large rolls	0 00 @ 0 00
Butter, tubdairy	0 15 @ 0 16
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0 11 @ 0 14
Eggs, packed	0 @ 0
Apples, per brl	3 25 @ 4 50
Potatoes, per bag	0 50 @ 0 60

OMEMEE MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Wheat, fall per bushel	1 10 a $1 10
Wheat, spring do	0 97 a 1 00
Barley, do	0 48 a 0 50
Oats, do	0 32 a 0 34
Peas, do	0 60 a 0 65
Rye, do	0 55 a 0 60
Dressed Hogs, per 100lbs	5 25 a 5 50
Beef, hind quarters	5 25 a 5 50
Beef, fore quarters	0 00 a 4 00
Mutton, by carcase	6 00 a 6 50
Butter, tubdairy	0 15 a 0 17
Apples, per bush	1 00 a 1 25
Potatoes, per bushel	0 40 a 0 45
Hay, new	12 00 a 14 00
Hides	5 00 a 5 50

PORT PERRY MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Wheat, fall, per bushel	$1 00 a $1 17
Wheat, spring do	1 00 a 1 05
Barley, do	0 45 a 0 50
Oats, do	0 35 a 0 38
Peas, do	0 55 a 0 60
Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs	5 00 a 5 50
Butter, per lb	0 10 a 0 14
Apples, per bush	0 75 a 1 00
Potatoes, per bushel	0 25 a 0 30
Hay	12 00 a 14 00
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0 8 a 0 10

BEAVERTON MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Peas,	$1 00 a $1 15
Wheat, fall, per bushel	1 00 a 1 05
Wheat, spring do	0 40 a 0 45
Barley, do	0 30 a 0 35
Oats, do	0 60 a 0 70
Peas, do	0 00 a 0 60
Rye, do	4 50 a 5 25
Dressed, Hogs, per 100 lbs	4 75 a 5 25
Beef, hind quarters	0 00 a 0 00
Beef, fore quarters	0 00 a 0 00
Mutton, by carcase	0 10 a 0 15
Butter, per lb	0 10 a 0 12
Eggs	0 70 a 1 00
Apples, per bush	0 30 a 0 35
Potatoes per bush	12 00 a 14 00
Hay	

PETERBORO' MARKETS.

April 10, 1878.	
Wheat, fall, per bushel	$1 08 a $1 12
Wheat, spring do	1 01 a 1 06
Barley, do	45 a 50
Oats, do	36 a 38
Peas, do	60 a 65
Mutton, by carcase	5 50 a 6 00
Butter, per lb	9 a 18
Eggs, fresh per dozen	10 a 12
Apples, per bag	3 25 a 3 75
Potatoes, per bushel	50 a 0 55
Hay	14 00 a 14 00

[Notices of births and deaths, 25 cents. Marriages, 50 cents.]

BIRTH.

On Friday, the 5th April, 1878, in Omemee, the wife of Mr. Samuel J. Wyte, of a son.

MARRIED.

On the 3rd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. Smithson, Mr. William M. McCallum, of Verulam, eldest son of Hugh McCallum, Esq., to Miss Georgiana Corley, only daughter of Robert Corley, Esq., of Ops.

Grange Teas at 37½c.
TRY THEM. JAMES WATSON

BRADBURN & CO.,

CORNER STORE, DOHENY BLOCK, KENT ST., LINDSAY.

We would advise our customers that

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

We were fortunate in having to make very large purchases for our business here, and also for our house in Peterboro'.

WE HAVE PAID CASH FOR THESE GOODS,

And therefore have them at inside figures. We assure consumers of Dry Goods that it will be to their interest to

LOOK AT THIS IMMENSE STOCK

And see that we are selling goods at prices that cannot fail to suit the closest buyers.

J. E. THORNBURY, Manager.

April 10, 1878.

DUNDAS'

OPENING THIS WEEK

CONTENTS OF

15 PACKAGES EX S. S. SARMATIAN,

consisting of

Large Purchases from New York, Montreal and Toronto.

Goods are cheap. Come and see them.

J. R. DUNDAS.

April 1, 1878.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The subscriber takes this method of informing the public that

HE HAS PURCHASED THE STOCK

of Mr. M. W. Mintzwin, of Toronto, and intends keeping a full stock of

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, SEEDS.

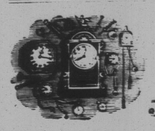
REMOVED TO No. 4. DOHENY BLOCK.

FIRST WEEK IN APRIL

where the subscriber will be pleased to see his friends and patronize.

A. HIGINBOTHAM.

1097



Watchmaking Establishment.

J. BRITTON

having been under instruction at the principal establishment in TORONTO, has fitted up the extra facilities at his disposal for carrying on the business in

CHAS. BRITTON'S STORE.

where, by the extra facilities, he will be able to keep

THE MOST IMPROVED TOOLS

together with a practical knowledge of the business, to enable him to do work in the trade.

All work guaranteed.

LOOK FOR

OLIVER'S

GREAT OPENING

New and Stylish Spring Goods.

THE "CHAMPION" RECORD

FOR 1877

Over Thirty-Five Thousand Machines Sold

NO BREAKAGES—No vexatious delays in gathering the crops—NO CROPS DAMAGED while waiting for repairs—No waiting for repairs—NO REPAIRS TO BUY—No expense charges to pay—Easily adjusted to all kinds and conditions of grass or grain—A CHILD CAN MANAGE IT—LIGHT IN DRAUGHT—A PERFECT MOWER—THE BEST REAPER—The most simple and durable Fall Harvesters—The best & cheapest machine in the market.

PURCHASERS ALWAYS ENTIRELY SATISFIED.

FOR 1878.

Forty Thousand Machines are being built.

Steel frames being substituted for Wrought Iron Frames.

Malleable Iron chiefly used in place of Cast Iron.

Only Five Pieces of Cast Iron in Combined Machines.

(Weight thereby reduced over Three Hundred Pounds.)

Single Reapers, or Light Mowers.

The result is that the "Champion" will be the lightest in weight and draught of any machine in the market, at the same time equally as strong and durable, and as free from liability to breakage as those built in 1877. The manufacturers are determined that it shall excel in every particular all other machines offered, regardless of first cost, and have therefore taken this UNPRECEDENTED STEP IN ADVANCE OF ALL THEIR COMPETITORS in the manufacture of Harvesting Machines.

For further particulars address

Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co.,
OSHAWA, ONTARIO.

1093-3m.

WHITBY, PORT PERRY & LINDSAY RAILWAY.

On and after

Wednesday, Nov'r 14, 1877

trains will

LEAVE LINDSAY at 7.10 a.m., and 3.15 p.m., arriving at Whitby at 9.50 a.m., and 6.15 p.m., and Toronto via G.T.R. at 11.07 a.m., and 11.07 p.m.

LEAVE TORONTO, via G.T.R., at 7.02 a.m., and 4.37 p.m., and Whitby at 10.05 a.m., and 6.45 p.m., arriving at Lindsay at 1.00 p.m., and 9.15 p.m.

This is the only direct route from points on the Victoria Railway and Lindsay to Toronto and the West.

Through tickets are issued by all the Company's agents for Toronto, and by G.T.R. Ticket Agents, Toronto, for all stations on this line.

Through Tickets to and from the East are issued between Lindsay, Mariposa and Belleville, Prescott, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal and Quebec at same rates as via Port Hope. No transfer charges

Baggage checked through.

Ask for Pocket Time Table at any of the Company's Stations.

JAMES HOLDEN,
Managing Director.

Whitby, Nov 15th, 1877. 1079-1y.

Midland RAILWAY OF CANADA.

COMMENCING on WEDNESDAY, December 5th, 1877, and until further notice trains will

LEAVE LINDSAY for Lakefield, Peterboro, Port Hope and intermediate stations at 6.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., and 3.25 p.m. For Toronto and points on T. & N. R'y, Waubaushene, Georgian Bay, and intermediate Stations at 1.00 p.m.

ARRIVE

From Lakefield, Peterboro', Port Hope and intermediate stations at 9.30 a.m., 1.00 p.m., and 7.45 p.m. From Waubaushene, Georgian Bay, Toronto and intermediate stations, at 3.25 p.m.

For further particulars see Pocket Time Cards to be had at all stations.

Through tickets on sale at Lindsay to all points on T. V. & N. R. R. and G. T. R.

A. HUGEL,
President.

1053

VICTORIA RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS

Taking effect on

Thursday, Nov'r 1st, 1877.

GOING NORTH.

Miles	STATIONS.	Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays only. MIXED.	MAIL.
0	*Lindsay ..leave	7.00 a. m.	2.30 p. m.
1	*Lindsay Jun. "	7.10 "	2.40 "
14	*Fenelon Fa'ls"	8.00 "	3.35 "
19	*Fell's..... "	8.18 "	3.52 "
24	*Bettie's Bridge..... "	8.36 "	4.10 "
33¼	*Kinmount arr.	9.15 "	4.45 "

GOING SOUTH.

Miles	STATIONS.	MAIL.	MIXED. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only.
0	*Kinmount..leave	9.45 a. m.	5.15 p. m.
9	*Bettie's Bridge..... "	10.20 "	5.50 "
14	*Fell's..... "	10.40 "	6.10 "
19	*Fenelon Falls"	11.10 "	6.40 "
32	*Lindsay Jun "	11.50 "	7.20 "
33¼	Lindsay, arrive	12.00 "	7.30 "

*Telegraph stations. *Platform stations—trains stop on signal only.

CONNECTIONS.

LINDSAY.—With Midland Railway for Orillia, Waubaushene, Midland City, Peterboro', Port Hope, Toronto, and all points on the Grand Trunk and Nipissing Railways. With W., P. P. & Lindsay R. R. for Port Perry, Whitby, Toronto, and all points on the G. T. R. Passengers leaving Toronto at 7.00 a.m., via G. T. R., can arrive same evening at Fenelon Falls, Kinmount and Minden. Returning in morning can connect with W., P. P. & Lindsay R. R., arriving in Toronto at 7.07 p.m.

FENELON FALLS.—Close connections with stage to Bobcaygeon.

KINMOUNT.—Close connections made with stage for Minden and Haliburton. Connection also with the Free Grant Territory, and English Land Company's Property.

JAMES ROSS,
General Manager.

1077-2 mos.

HORSE BILLS.

Parties requiring Horse

ROUTE BILLS

Cannot do better than call at the office of THE VICTORIA WARDER.

All work executed on the shortest notice, and at moderate rates. 1097

T. HICKEY,
manufacturer of

PLAIN AND FANCY BISCUITS

AND

CONFECTIONERY!

BREAD, CAKES, PASTRY, BISCUITS, CONFECTIONERY and WEDDING CAKES

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS

Canned Goods, Lump Sugars, Cake Ornaments and Trimmings. A call will convince