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BUSINESS CARDS.

M. DEANE, Civil Engineer, County Surveyor, and Land Valuator. Office on Watson's store, Kent Street, Lindsay.

JOHN JOHNSTON, the oldest established tailor in Lindsay, shop on east side of William street, is prepared to execute all work. All work warranted to give satisfaction, at reasonable prices.

JOHN KELLY, Agent for the Core Life and Medical Fire Insurance Company. Associate Coroner, County Victoria. Conveyancer for taking Affidavits, &c., &c., Lindsay.

C. KNOWLSON, Coroner, Agent for the Core District Mutual Insurance Company, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Conveyancer for taking Affidavits. Agent for Canada and Landed Credit Company, Conveyancer, &c., Omemee.

T. A. MITCHELL, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Victoria. Agent for Montreal Agricultural Insurance Company. Office, Kent Street, Lindsay. Sales attended to on reasonable terms. Lindsay, April 7th, 1877.

M. ANDERSON, Auctioneer, Valuator and Commission Agent. Sales attended to on reasonable terms. Orders left at Mitchell's Auction Room, Kent Street, or P. O. Box 64, Lindsay, will receive prompt attention.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — 5000 SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS. We are now PAYING 90c. EACH for good freshly taken off Sheep and Lamb Skins. We also pay the very highest prices for Hides and Calfskins. ROBSON BROS. Wellington Street Bridge.

SPRATT & KILLEN. Extra value in Teas and Groceries. Kent St., Lindsay.

REDUCTION — ORGANS AND PIANOS. The very best make, both Canadian and American, at least 30 per cent. cheaper than cash purchasers can buy from wholesale dealers in Toronto. Every instrument warranted for five years. SEWING MACHINES, both Canadian and American. Would call special attention to the new Wheeler & Wilson No. 8, the improved Raymond, and the new American with self-threading spool shuttle, the best machine made, a great improvement over the old Howe and Singer. WETHERUP & LOGAN. N.B. We purchase direct for cash, can therefore give our customers the benefit of the agents commission.

CANADA FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY. Capital fully Subscribed, $2,000,000. HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONT. John Winer, President. C. D. Cory, Manager. The claims in St. John's fire only $40,000, and these were fully paid within 15 days after the occurrence. The C. F. and M. is one of the safest and best managed of our Canadian Fire Insurance Companies. F. C. TAYLOR, Agent.

ISOLATED RISK AND FARMERS' INS. CO. Capital, $600,000. Deposited with Dominion Government, $200,000. Hon. A. Macnabb, M.P., President. J. Mawson, Jr., Manager. The Isolated Risk did not have a single loss in the St. John fire. The Isolated Risk includes all the best features and advantages common to stock Companies. The Isolated Risk is a stock company, and not subject to the exigencies of Mutual Companies. F. C. TAYLOR, Agent, Lindsay. JAMES BOLAND, Agent, Fenelon. W. JACKSON, Agent, Ops.

MEDICAL HALL. MADDER INDIGO, LOGWOOD, FUSTIC, &C. &C. MACHINE OILS. CHEAPEST Drug Store in the County. W. W. MIDDLEMORE.

The Victoria Warder. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, AT THE OFFICE, HAMILTON'S BLOCK, KENT STREET, LINDSAY, ONT. TERMS: $1.00 per annum in advance. ADVERTISERS. SUBSCRIBERS. CORRESPONDENCE. JOB WORK. NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

T. HICKEY, Manufacturer of PLAIN AND FANCY BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY! FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS. Canned Goods, Icing Sugars, Cake Ornaments and Trimmings. A call will convince that this is the largest stock ever offered in Lindsay. Wholesale and Retail. Knowlson's Block, Kent Street, Lindsay.

GEORGE GREEN, CABINET-MAKER AND UPHOLSTERER. Furniture of all kinds PROMPTLY REPAIRED! at reasonable prices. Shop lately occupied by John Lyons, on William Street.

FARM TO RENT.—Lot No. 11, 11th Con. Eldon, in the Village of Glenarm containing 100 acres, 60 acres cleared and in a state of good cultivation, well fenced. Methodist Church on the premises; good frame house and frame barn; good well; young orchard; 40 acres fall wheat sown. This is a very desirable property, and will be rented to a reliable party for a term of years. For further particulars apply to JOHN FOSTER, Glenarm. 1076-tf.

FARMS FOR SALE. The North half of Lot No. 23 in the 3rd Concession, and The West Half of Lot No. 23 in the 4th Concession of Eldon, 200 acres. There are about 120 acres of excellent Farming Land, consisting of part clay and part sandy loam, about 40 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation, remainder hardwood bush. A comfortable log house is erected thereon. About 60 acres of the land consists of a beaver meadow, capable of raising from 50 to 60 tons of hay per annum, and considered the best beaver meadow in the county. The remaining portion of the land is swamp, but by clearing out a creek that runs through the lots, and proper drainage, both the swamp and beaver meadow are capable of being converted into excellent meadow land. The farm offers unusual advantages to a party desirous of raising stock. Never failing creek and spring on lots. Two miles from Eldon station on T. & N. R. R., and 9 miles from Woodville. Also the East half sold lot 23, 4th con. Eldon, nearly all dry land and easily cleared, and within one mile of Eldon station. Also lot 4, in the 9th Con. of Laxton, 200 acres, good land, in good settlement and within 3 miles of Norland and 5 from Coboconk. Also about 4,000 Acres of Land in the Townships of Somerville, Laxton and Bexley, lists and particulars of which can be obtained by application to the undersigned. TERMS: One-third down and balance 5 yearly instalments with interest. R. D. ORDE, Lindsay. Lindsay, 7th May, 1877.—1051-tf.

VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS. HUNTER & PATTERSON beg to intimate that they have purchased the stock and interest of Messrs. H. & R. Harrison, known as the VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS, Lindsay, and intend carrying on the business in all its branches. They feel confident that they can guarantee PERFECT SATISFACTION, having been by the late proprietors, from the first, that Mr. Patterson being a first-class workman did the practical work and conducted the business for the firm; and also from the fact that Mr. Hunter, of Lindsay, formerly of Bobcaygeon, is well known as a reliable agent. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. Remember the place. R. C. PATTERSON.

LUMBER AND SHINGLES. LUMBER of all kinds, suitable for building and other purposes, to be had cheap in quantities of 5000 feet and upwards, also SHINGLES. Of any grade. The same can be delivered at any point. BOBCAYGEON LIME. Also a large quantity of Lime from the now celebrated Bobcaygeon kiln. Orders for Lumber and Lime can be left with Mr. JOHN CHISHOLM, or Mr. S. Walker at the Storehouse, Lindsay. 1076-ty. M. BOYD, Bobcaygeon, Ont.

WANTED 5000 SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS. We are now PAYING 90c. EACH for good freshly taken off Sheep and Lamb Skins. We also pay the very highest prices for Hides and Calfskins. ROBSON BROS. Wellington Street Bridge.

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE. The Great English remedy is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which are in the first place caused by departing from the path of nature and over indulgence. BEFORE — AFTER. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases. Pamphlet free by mail. The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ont. Sold in Lindsay by all Druggists. 1069

CHAS. BRITTON has the exclusive sale of JOHNSTON & CONRATH'S PATENT ECONOMICAL SPECTACLES. Patent Lever fitting Eye Glasses, Bi-focal Spectacles to see equally well at all distances for or near, and patent Eye testers. This firm has appointed me sole agent for their goods in this vicinity. CHAS. BRITTON, Lindsay, Ont. Also dealer in Hardware, Dry Goods, Groceries and Drugs. 1049

DENTIST. ARTIFICIAL TEETH. Nitrous Oxide Gas, which is kept in a gasometer of such perfect design and construction as to preclude any possibility of the admission of air, and is therefore always effective and ready for use when wanted. No charge for extracting with gas when artificial teeth are to be inserted. Repairing neatly done. Charges moderate. Rooms over Mr. J. Kennedy's store, Kent Street.

HOTELS

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY WANTED.

MORTGAGES, NOTES

THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY.

WORKINGMEN'S BANQUET AND PRESENTATION TO SIR JOHN MACDONALD.

From the Mail, Jan. 10.

The Liberal-Conservative working men's banquet, the occasion for which was the presentation by them of a gold watch and chain to Sir John Macdonald, took place last night in the Albert Hall. The hall was gaily decorated with flags and streamers which stretched from one end of the room to the other. In various parts of the room were exhibited portraits, among which were noticed one of Her Majesty the Queen, a full size portrait of Sir John Macdonald, and vignettes of Hon. Dr. Tupper and Mr. F. H. Medcalf. The heartiness and enthusiasm with which those present, with a very few exceptions, workingmen, welcomed their chieftain amongst them, must have been an evidence to him of the high esteem in which they hold him and the confidence they have in him. The attendance was very large, as from four to five hundred persons sat down to dinner. There were also present a large number of ladies occupying seats on the platform, among whom were noticed, Lady Macdonald, Mrs. ex-Mayor Medcalf, Mrs. Close, Mrs. Shields, Mrs. A. Medcalf, Miss Macdonald, of Kingston, Mrs. J. Shannessy, Mrs. Blackburn, of New York, and many others. On the right of the Chairman, Mr. Ternent, were seated the guest of the evening, Sir John Macdonald, Messrs. James Beaty, Robert Bell, M.P.P., D. Creighton, M.P.P., A. W. Lauder, M.P.P., Ald. Dill; on the left were Messrs. MacKenzie Bowell, Ald. Close and others. Among other gentlemen present were Dr. George Wright, Ald. Piper, Hon. J. B. Robinson, M.P., Ald. Beaty, ex-Mayor Medcalf, Mr. Nudell, Michael Foy, James Beaty, John Shields, Ald. Cornnell, John Hewitt, A. McCormick, B. Gardner, John H. Beaty, John Crawford, Frederick Vincent, Henry Benger, Alex. Leslie, Samuel Couch, John McLean, Wm. Stewart, Wm. Mills, Albert W. Baker, Joseph Smith, J. J. Evans, Henry Bailey, Jas. Lowrey, Jas. Ryan, Henry Brownlee, William Farley, John Wylding, Ald. Tizzard, Ald. Crocker, Ald. Small, E. G. Piper, &c., &c.

The CHAIRMAN rose and said that the question had been asked, What was the reason of this great crowding after Sir John? The leading Reform papers, as well as the other organs that followed in its lead, had stated that there was not such a thing as Conservatism. The presence of such a gathering here might was ample proof that Conservatism existed at least in Toronto. He could not want to see more of intelligence, more of literature, more of science than was represented here tonight. (Cheers.) He would not detain the audience any further, as there were no less than sixteen toasts on the programme, and Sir John's speech would likely take up some time. He would therefore proceed to the business of the evening, and call up Mr. Medcalf to read the address. (Cheers.)

Mr. MEDCALF then read the following address:—

To the Right Honourable Sir John Alexander Macdonald, K.C.B.

SIR,—In making this presentation to you, we, the Conservative workingmen of Toronto, are actuated by the conviction that your long connection with the administration of our affairs has been not only very advantageous to the country, but especially beneficial to ourselves; as in your hands our resources were utilized and expended with such a wise consideration as to greatly enhance the welfare of the Dominion, for in a season of national prosperity, none are so directly benefited as those who labour with their hands for their daily bread.

We feel that you were forced to relinquish your work before its completion, through the unfair detractions and attacks of those who compose the present Government, and we, as well as others, have good reason to see and feel deeply, that those men have failed most lamentably to complete the work which you began, and that the country, under their guidance, is retrograding, instead of progressing.

We also believe that they regard their own personal ends more than our national interests and that the well-being of the country depends in a large degree upon the early return of you and your friends to power. That this may speedily be the case is our sincere hope, well satisfied that when this does take place, your career in the future as in the past will be marked by great wisdom and unselfish patriotism. And finally, we earnestly look forward to the hour of your return to the helm of State as the beginning of a new era of prosperity to our country.

Signed on behalf of the Convention of the Workingmen of Toronto,

A. W. MEDCALF,
J. W. TRAWFORD,
JOSEPH SMITHE.

Mr. MEDCALF added:—Allow me to present you with this watch.

The presentation was followed by loud and continued cheering.

Mr. Medcalf then presented Lady Macdonald with a very handsome bouquet.

The watch, which was purchased from the establishment of Messrs. J. E. Ellis & Co., King street, is a gold English lever in a hunting case. The chain is of a very handsome pattern, and is finished off with a pretty drop and key. The watch bears the following inscription:

From the
Conservative Workingmen of Toronto,
to the
Right Hon. Sir John Macdonald, M.P.,
K.C.B.,
January, 9th, 1878.

The case belonging to the watch also bears an inscription, which reads as follows:

Right Hon.
Sir John Macdonald, M.P., K.C.B.,
1878.

Sir JOHN MACDONALD, on rising to reply, was received with loud applause. He said he did not know any language sufficiently strong to convey his feelings—his deep feelings of pleasure and gratitude on this occasion. (Applause.) He had had in his day—in the day of his power—when the sun was shining on his side of the hedge, various and kindly greetings. He had no reason to doubt that those greetings were from the heart; but those who were opposed to him and to his course were disposed to disparage them and say that there was in them a good deal of hope of favour and of patronage, and that those who greeted him were looking up to him as a disposer of patronage. No such thing could be said now. No such objection or insinuation could be thrown out against this most cordial, this most magnificent greeting from the workingmen of Toronto. He accepted the very charming gift and most beautiful present, at the hands of the workingmen of Toronto with the greatest pleasure, and he would wear it with the greatest pride. He would show it wherever he went as a proof that the Conservative workingmen of Toronto did forget nor desert their Chief, although he was not now at the height of his prosperity. (Applause.) It had been said, as his hearers knew, on previous occasions, that such gratulations had been got up—and on one rather remarkable occasion when the workingmen of Toronto some few years ago paid a great compliment to himself and a greater one than this for it was directed towards his wife—it was insinuated and asserted that it was not the workingmen's present, but that it was got up by his (Sir John's) own friends. That was untrue. He (Sir John) had special reason for knowing that that it was untrue. There may have been some faint ground for the supposition but at present there was none. As he could understand, the workingmen of Toronto had taken great care that in this demonstration there should be no uncertain sound as to what their feelings were. He accepted this gracious gift, this beautiful present, with many thanks. He would show it to them (holding the watch up before the audience.) He was excessively proud of it (applause) and he would wear it to the day of his death as a proof of their kindness and approval. Somebody asked him a little while ago how it happened that the workingmen of Toronto thought of this special mode of paying him a compliment—thus giving him a watch. He said he supposed it was in the first place because they wished to show that the old chieftain was still able to go on time. (Laughter and applause.) They evidently thought also that by giving him a timekeeper he would be better able to mark the hours that exist between now and the time when the present Government would cease to hold office. (Laughter and applause.) A captious critic, a Grit—and there were no Grits present (laughter)—might say perhaps that it was given to him as a hint. It was well known that the great Richard Brinsley Sheridan, an ancestor of our illustrious Governor-General, on one occasion boasted very much to Charles Fox that new arrangements had been made in his household. "I have changed everything now," he said "and my whole household runs like clockwork." "Yes," said Fox, "tick, tick." (Roars of laughter.) He (Sir John) hoped his hearers did not in any way desire to disturb or destroy his resolve to pay his debts in hard cash. (Laughter.) However, he valued this present from the workingmen of Toronto; and why, it might be asked, did the workingmen stand by him and give him their unmistakable support wherever he went? If it were not that he might make his wife blush he would call their attention to the fact that she wore on her neck a locket and chain given to her by the workingmen of Hamilton. (Applause.) And, she treasured among her little prizes—he did not suppose she was very strong in jewellery—(laughter—but she prized more than anything else the jewel box which was given her by the workingmen of Toronto some years ago. Why was it that wherever he went with his master, Lady Macdonald—(loud laughter)—the workingmen treated him as they had done hitherto, and as they were now treating him? It was simply because they believed in the honesty of purpose with which he set out in his public life, the honesty of purpose with which he had carried out his Conservative ideas from the time he first went into Parliament. No man was more conscious than himself of how much he had to throw himself upon the good feeling and confidence of the Conservative party, and on the country as a whole. He had no doubt that occasionally his friends had said that he had made a mistake; he had no doubt that some of his acts had been censured; the Conservative party was an honest party and a sensible party. (Applause.) They were honest because in the first place they believed that honesty of intention in great public affairs was of equal, if not of more consequence, than facility of execution. They were a sensible party because they knew no man was perfect. He also accepted this great demonstration as a proof of two things. First, of the sympathy of his friends for him; and secondly, of their confidence in him. Of their sympathy he had no doubt. It had been aroused by the many attacks which had been made upon him—attacks that aroused feelings of indignation all over the country. He sometimes thought that all this kindness which was shown to him, all the warmheartedness that was shown him, was due more to the feeling that exists in every British breast—a feeling of indignation and of scorn against the party, or against the Government, or the members of a Government who would condescend to appeal to the country, and to hold power only by disparaging and abusing their chief opponent. (Applause.) He believed that after he had been so long a public servant, if the acts of the Government of which he had been a member had been less worthy of the support of the country, that if on the whole the country thought he had been an unsuccessful public man, the honesty of purpose and spirit of fair play which actuated Englishmen, Irishmen, Scotchmen, and Canadians would have induced them to have rallied around him and have given him their sympathies as they were now doing. He accepted the gift, further, as a proof of their confidence—as a proof that they did not altogether disapprove of what his course had been in the past, and as an evidence of their continued support in the future. How in the world is it, Mr. Mackenzie had said—how could it be that a workingman could be a Conservative? He (Sir John) thought Mr. Mackenzie had said in one of his own speeches that the Conservative workingman was a monstrosity. (Laughter and applause.) Well, there were a good many monstrosities in the world. (Laughter.) There were some present now—renewed (laughter); and if Mr. Mackenzie would travel the country as he (Sir John) had done, he would see many more. Although it was said that he (Sir John) was running an imaginary circus through the country, his (Sir John's) menagerie and arena was a greater success than Mr. Mackenzie's (laughter) for it he wasn't mistaken the tent poles of Mr. Mackenzie's were seized for rent. (Renewed laughter.) But Mr. Mackenzie said that the Conservative workingman was a monstrosity. Why he thought that he was practising on the ignorance of the people when he said so. He (Sir John) believed that he said that in an agricultural district, and he, like others from the town, were apt to look down on agricultural people—bucolic people as they called them. But the farmers knew him as well as the people of Toronto do now. Look at England. What put Disraeli into office? It was the vote of the workingmen of England. It was the vote of the workingmen against the shopocracy. He hoped there were no shopkeepers present because he did not want to offend them—(laughter)—for as he said when he was on one occasion charged with offending them, his father was a shopkeeper. (Applause.) But he (Sir John) was present in the English House of Commons in 1866 when Mr. Disraeli, that great man, whose greatness was only beginning to be vindicated and known, who would live in history as one of the greatest English worthies, announced that he was in favor of enlarging the franchise of the people of England. He was not going to cut down vertically or perpendicularly into the stratum of ignorance, as Mr. Lowe and other Liberals or professed Liberals in England proposed. He was going to give an extension of the franchise, which was to be a wide extension, a horizontal extension, a lateral extension. The lateral extension (Hear, hear.) Why, the waters of the River Jordan would not cleanse them. (Laughter.) As to their capacity, as evidence of it was to be seen in their fiddling with the Pacific Railway—now having water stretches, now having land stretches, and now having steel stretches. (Loud laughter.) If the policy of the late Government had been carried out in respect to the Pacific Railway, if a great company had been instituted in the manner proposed by the late Government, as it would have been had not the opposition of that day injured Canada's credit in England in 1872, the funds would have been raised in England, the road would have been building rapidly, and instead of the present miserable spectacle of our workmen without labour, our labourers without work, there would be something in the West for everybody, and those who could not get work in the East could go there and obtain it. Our workmen would then be remaining in the country, adding to its strength and lightening its burdens. (Applause.) He (Sir John) was afraid that, contrary to his intention, he was making a political speech, and that he was quickly gliding into a midsummer pic-nic. (Applause.) Now, he must stop that, and he would conclude by saying again that he thanked the workingmen of Toronto from the bottom of his heart with all the sincerity it was possible for a man to feel, and with all the gratitude it was possible for a heart to experience for these magnificent, thoughtful and thoughtful demonstrations, for this evidence of the confidence that they had in him. They would give a statesman who had devoted his time and the best talents to what he conceived to be the good of his country, a hearty and generous applause.

THE CHAIRMAN rose and said the absence from the chair of the gentleman in ability only to be compared with himself. He would read a letter, Mr. Medcalf, which he had received.

Mr. MEDCALF read as follows:

[illegible]

W. TERNENT, Chairman.
L. C. W. M. A.

CONTINUED.

DISTRICT NEWS.

BOBCAYGEON.

[illegible] place on twice a week [illegible] Village and Kinmount. The present arrangements are not satisfactory as a very large district is very imperfectly with the required amount of [illegible]. The entire district between [illegible] and Kinmount has [illegible]

A public meeting [illegible] Meeting in the [illegible] Central Society [illegible] elected President, J. W. [illegible] Vice-President, Mr. F. L. Dennis; Directors, A. Roberts, [illegible] Bredin, Walter Ventress, E. Bottum, T. C. Robinson, R. Lawson, [illegible] Henry Gellese.

THE SHANTIES.—[illegible] of through Bobcaygeon [illegible] the northern shanties. Fears are entertained that there will be a [illegible] show for good drawing and that there will not be enough water [illegible]

WHITBY.

DANGEROUS [illegible]—Mr. Cuthbert's horse [illegible] a few bricks left on the side of Kingston road upsetting the cutter, and very nearly causing serious injury. Parties should be warned against the practice of leaving one half a heaver alongside the road side to the danger of the public.

A THRILLING [illegible] concert held in Hopkins' Music Hall on Thursday evening. [illegible] the funds of the [illegible] was well attended. The programme provided for the [illegible] cent one minutes were [illegible] the performers [illegible] especially was the [illegible] of the piano of Misses [illegible] executed. The singing of Miss Spratt and Miss Minnie Hoopin [illegible] were deservedly [illegible] The fellows Brass [illegible] Strong Band gave [illegible] the evening [illegible] with some [illegible] receipts [illegible]

PORT HOPE.

We understand [illegible] of the Port Hope Battery of Garrison Artillery, has sent [illegible] the School of Gunnery, Kingston, for the purpose of undergoing a course of instruction. [illegible] and we have [illegible] man going through the [illegible] improved [illegible] and be taught [illegible] discipline which will [illegible] after life. [illegible] efficient commander [illegible] who is an old military man having served in Her Majesty's 39th regiment for a number of years in many parts of the globe, and is decorated with medals for South Africa and Ashantee, etc., etc., the Port Hope Battery of Garrison Artillery, we may conclude, will be second to none in the Dominion.

As the boat race on Christmas Day was such a success another was organized for New Years. A large number of people assembled on the east pier in the afternoon of that day, although it was much colder than the days previous, and a thin coating of ice covered the inside of the harbor, although the lake to the east was quite clear and comparatively smooth. Ten boats started, but the yawls of the Garibaldi, Ariel and North Star did not finish the course, owing to the frost of the previous night causing the caulking to start, thereby putting them in bad condition. The following are the winning boats, the amount of prizes, and time taken in going over the course which was four miles:—Maria Annette, Capt. Nixon, 44½ minutes, $12; Caroline Marsh, Capt. W. Colwell, 44½ minutes, $8; Great Western, Capt. Henning, 46 minutes, $6; Flora Emma, Capt. John Philp, 47½ minutes, $3; Annie Minnes, Capt. Wilson, 48 minutes, $4; Flora Carreth, Capt. Fox, 48½ minutes; Wacousta, Capt. Donaldson, 49 minutes.

MISDEM.

OUTRAGE. Two of our young men made an attempt to commit an outrage on a woman on New Year's Night. The most disgraceful part was the settling of the affair for five dollars by the parties.

ACCIDENT. A young son of Mr. W. J. Galloway's broke his leg on Saturday, 5th inst., by falling on the floor.

CANNINGTON.

From the Gleaner.

CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL.—The Cannington Public School re-opened on Monday last. With the exception of the Principal, Mr. C. F. Ming, the entire staff of teachers are new. Mr. Delaney who taught the third department last year, had been re-engaged for this year but at the last moment he broke his engagement, and went to another school where he had been offered a little higher salary. The staff of teachers now consists of Mr. C. F. Ming, Principal, Mr. [illegible] Horne, Miss Ferguson and Miss [illegible]

KINMOUNT.

[illegible] progressing [illegible] railway [illegible] this place, and a [illegible] many men are employed. The plan of location have been filed in the office of the Parliamentary buildings. The [illegible] will be open for traffic to Haliburton early in the fall.

Mr. Mangan [illegible] contractor on railway [illegible] shanties employed in the work. Price of the varies according to [illegible] and family, from [illegible] to 14c. He has all that are offered to him [illegible] and thus a large number of the settlers along the line are kept in remunerative employment.

COBOURG.

From the Star.

TRAVES.—The town authorities are now prepared to give employment to those wanting characters who have [illegible] for a meal and lodging. A quantity of stone has been placed on the road [illegible] Victoria Hall, and the tramps provided with a hammer and [illegible] with granite chosen [illegible] beauty. Some [illegible] were seen [illegible] several days ago, apparently [illegible] but they [illegible] operations [illegible] highly [illegible] plastering [illegible] tariff. The [illegible] operations [illegible] great saving [illegible] the town [illegible] street [illegible] the [illegible] tramps [illegible]

PORT PERRY.

[illegible]

PETERBORO'.

THE [illegible]—At the [illegible] meeting of the School Board, [illegible] the following [illegible] Elizabeth Curley, of West Plamboro, aged twenty-one years, died at the residence of her grandfather, Mr. Isaac Poole, 3rd concession. It will be remembered that about two years ago a young man named Jesse Borer committed suicide, on account, it was supposed, of some misunderstanding with the deceased, they being engaged to be married. Since that sad occurrence Miss Curley gradually sank into a decline, and died no doubt from grieving over the unfortunate death of her lover.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY

[illegible] Dalib, once immensely wealthy, and who has been married twice, quarrelled with his wife, who finally turned him out of the house which was owned by her, and it is said from that time began to lead an immoral life. Dalib recently shot himself in his garden, and was found dead in his garden. He left a large property, and his death is attributed to his immoral life. Dalib's first wife died some years ago, and he married a second time. Dalib's second wife died, and he married a third time. Dalib's third wife died, and he married a fourth time. Dalib's fourth wife died, and he married a fifth time. Dalib's fifth wife died, and he married a sixth time. Dalib's sixth wife died, and he married a seventh time. Dalib's seventh wife died, and he married an eighth time. Dalib's eighth wife died, and he married a ninth time. Dalib's ninth wife died, and he married a tenth time. Dalib's tenth wife died, and he married an eleventh time. Dalib's eleventh wife died, and he married a twelfth time. Dalib's twelfth wife died, and he married a thirteenth time. Dalib's thirteenth wife died, and he married a fourteenth time. Dalib's fourteenth wife died, and he married a fifteenth time. Dalib's fifteenth wife died, and he married a sixteenth time. Dalib's sixteenth wife died, and he married a seventeenth time. Dalib's seventeenth wife died, and he married an eighteenth time. Dalib's eighteenth wife died, and he married a nineteenth time. Dalib's nineteenth wife died, and he married a twentieth time. Dalib's twentieth wife died, and he married a twenty-first time. Dalib's twenty-first wife died, and he married a twenty-second time. Dalib's twenty-second wife died, and he married a twenty-third time. Dalib's twenty-third wife died, and he married a twenty-fourth time. Dalib's twenty-fourth wife died, and he married a twenty-fifth time. Dalib's twenty-fifth wife died, and he married a twenty-sixth time. Dalib's twenty-sixth wife died, and he married a twenty-seventh time. Dalib's twenty-seventh wife died, and he married a twenty-eighth time. Dalib's twenty-eighth wife died, and he married a twenty-ninth time. Dalib's twenty-ninth wife died, and he married a thirtieth time. Dalib's thirtieth wife died, and he married a thirty-first time. Dalib's thirty-first wife died, and he married a thirty-second time. Dalib's thirty-second wife died, and he married a thirty-third time. Dalib's thirty-third wife died, and he married a thirty-fourth time. Dalib's thirty-fourth wife died, and he married a thirty-fifth time. Dalib's thirty-fifth wife died, and he married a thirty-sixth time. Dalib's thirty-sixth wife died, and he married a thirty-seventh time. Dalib's thirty-seventh wife died, and he married a thirty-eighth time. Dalib's thirty-eighth wife died, and he married a thirty-ninth time. Dalib's thirty-ninth wife died, and he married a fortieth time. 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