FINE GOLD JEWELLERY

SILVER WATCHES

$1.00 to $45.00

Gold Coloured Gold Chains

Gold Watches

Clock Books of every description

Stationery of all kinds

Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Albums, Opera Glasses, Bibles in Gold and Silver Bindings

Clocks warranted in great variety

Reduction in prices to suit the times

TITUS KRAFT,

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

LINDSAY

1877 ESTD 1877

H. S. PORTER'S

WALL PAPER,

LARGEST STOCK IN LINDSAY.

Beautiful Patterns.

WINDOW PAPER

The Victoria Warder

THURSDAY, OCT'R 25, 1877.

THE CLIMAX (CONTINUED)

the country at the next election. It is desirable that it should be thoroughly fully considered by the people generally. The differences between the two parties on this question may be summed up in a word. The policy of the Opposition is simply Canada for the Canadians, and of the Ottawa party Canada for the Americans. There should be very little trouble in any patriotic man deciding with which party to throw in his lot.

CLERICAL INTIMIDATION

It is worthy of notice that the purport of what we have more than once said concerning the position which should be assumed by the Catholic clergy in the matter of political contests is in harmony with the view taken by the Apostolic Delegate, as well as with that which has more than once been expressed by Archbishop Lynch. Some months ago a member of Parliament lost his seat in the Province of Quebec on the ground that the priests had brought their power and constituted influence to bear in controlling the votes of their flock. One of the bishops of the Church openly rebuked the judge who was a Catholic, who gave the judgement. The matter was carried to Rome and the rebuke lifted, on the ground that the priests were not justified in influencing the votes of their people by threatening to inflict upon them the spiritual pains and penalties of the Church if they did not vote straight. It will be remembered, perhaps, that after Mr. Huntington had delivered his famous speech at Argenteuil in Dec. 1876, in which he made a bitter attack on the Catholics, Archbishop Lynch wrote a letter to the Premier saying that he thought this an opportune time to inform you that priests in our Archdiocese are strictly forbidden to make the altar or pulpit of their churches the tribune of political harangues for or against any party or candidate for election, or to threaten any spiritual disability for a young with either party." This was in marked contrast with the plan pursued by the priests in the Province of Quebec, and showed the sound sense of the Archbishop. It seems now even that the evil in Quebec has worked its own cure, for we understand that the Apostolic Delegate has decreed that there shall be no further interference on the part of the priests. We have always held that every man for himself should be allowed to vote as he thinks best, without any coercion either from his or Leagues, and we are satisfied to see on that the high and dignified ones of the Catholic Church are determined to uphold the same principle.

THE CANADA PACIFIC

The London *Times* has been saying something to say in relation to the Canada Pacific Railway. What it says has not been pleasing to the *Globe*, and we find that paper making an attack on the English organ. It is not very hard to discover the reason of this attack by the *Globe*. The *Times* shows the folly of building the road on the plan laid down by Mr. Mackenzie, and points out that its construction will entail a burden of at least forty or fifty millions sterling added to the already heavy Canadian debt, before the line has been worked for five years. Fifty millions sterling means something like two hundred and fifty millions of dollars or just two hundred millions more than the people of Canada will have to tax themselves for in order to have the road built by Mr. Mackenzie than they could have had to pay if it had been built by Sir John Macdonald, for, as our readers know, Mr. Mackenzie's scheme is to build the road with Government cash, while Sir John's was to make a grant of fifty millions of dollars and thirty million acres of land to a company. Everybody knows that railways can neither be built or worked as cheaply by the Government as by private companies, while the effect when the Government built them is to largely increase the patronage of the Government, and the means, therefore, of corruption. This the country has found to its cost, most notably in the steel rail purchase. It is a misfortune to Canada that the late Government had not been allowed to complete its great project for the construction of the Canada Pacific road, but that was one of the results of the hasty and ill considered action of the people in listening to the wild appeals of place hunters and placing their faith to the malicious charges of letter thieves. Two hundred millions of dollars is a good round sum to pay for the privilege of having Mr. Mackenzie at the head of affairs in the matter of the Canada Pacific railway, not taking into consideration at all the injury done our credit abroad by the publication of the facts in the *Times*. But then we learn all these things by experience, dearly bought though it sometimes be.

EDITORIAL NOTES

We were lately pleased to note the fact of a numerously signed petition having been presented to the Town Council praying them to set aside that property on which the Drill Shed stands, as a Public Park. We are glad to see a move made in this direction, at the same time we cannot agree with the petitioners as to the desirability of procuring the property in question, it being by far on too small a scale. Is there not much more eligible property to be had, and will not some one vigorously take the matter up?

The following extract copied into the *Mail* from the columns of the Kingston *Daily News*, tolly and forcibly answers the statement made by the Ottawa *Free Press* in reference to Mr. N. F. Davin, a gentleman who, we feel confidence in saying, will prove a credit not only to the party from whom it happens to be necessary "to take the shilling" but to the constituency also that is fortunate enough to secure his services as its representative in Parliament. "The Ottawa *Free Press* jeers at the time when Mr. Davin, in the columns of the *Globe*, was certifying the man, and especially the leader, of the party from whom it appears he has taken the shilling. Mr. Davin was on the editorial staff of the *Globe*, it is true, but he was not a politician, nor responsible for its political opinions."

Kingston Daily News.

Scarcely had the country ceased to regret the calamity that befel the city of St. John, N. B., a few months ago, when it is again startled by the intelligence of a like disastrous conflagration having swept over Portland, N. B., destroying in its course no less than 937 houses and rendering 2,000 people homeless. The loss has been estimated in the vicinity of $500,000, which is covered by insurance to the extent of $300,000. In connection with this fire, it is a deplorable fact that fully 700 of those burned out were also sufferers by the great fire that overtook the city of St. John on the 20th of last June.

GREAT SALE OF CANADIAN SHORT HORNS IN ENGLAND.

Our Canadian friends and readers of the "Pen and Plow" we especially refer to those of them who are interested and engaged in the breeding of that fashionable and aristocratic race of domestic animals known as the Short Horns, may well feel elated on account of the recent sale of a Canadian herd in England, one of the best sales on record. We learn from the "Toronto Globe" that forty two animals sold for eighty two thousand dollars, two Dublin cheap Heifers, being the great feature of the sale, and selling for the enormous sum of forty five thousand dollars! The herd in question, with the exception of a few animals, belonged to the Hon M. H. Cochrane, Compton, Quebec, a gentleman justly celebrated as a great breeder of short horns. No less noted for his superior judgement than for his spirit in securing the choicest strains of blood irrespective of pains-taking, or cost when necessary; of this we were assured by the Canadian Minister of Agriculture, quite a number of years ago, who told us of prices paid by Mr. Cochrane, which would hardly be credited then by the average breeder. But, Mr. Cochrane would have the blood, and as he did not waste his capital or energies on second rate stock, it is easy to account for the result in sales as well as the present fame of the breeder.

Indeed, the sale must necessarily have a beneficial influence in favor of Canadian breeders of choice stock generally. Nor can it, we think, be assumed that any superiority of Canadian cattle of meat is owing either to climate or soil, so much as to breeding and treatment, for it is well known that climate and soil are as favourable elsewhere, still it cannot be denied, and it may as well be acknowledged with a good grace, that Canada has already a well earned reputation for the production of fine domestic animals, which should act as a stimulus to United States breeders, though we are far from overlooking the fine flocks and herds throughout many States of the Union.

A BRAVE MAN IN DISGRACE

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct 17. Intelligence was received here to night of the arrest at Chicago of a man named Charles Price, an express messenger on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway. He is charged with purloining money from packages entrusted to his care between this city and Chicago. The previous good character of Price, together with his heroic conduct about three years ago in shooting a man named Binkley, in attempting to rob a car on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, made it difficult for the officers of the Company to believe him other than a strictly honest man, until the most indubitable evidence of his guilt had been laid before them. It seems that, for more than a year, parties in Chicago and parties west of that city have been complaining to the officers of the Express Company that packages of money received by them were short of the amounts placed therein by the sender. The sums missing were generally small, ranging from $10 to $50, and, for a while, it was thought that the parties inclosing the money were mistaken as the amounts. The complaints at length became so frequent that the agents at Chicago and at this city became convinced that the thief had charge of a run between the two cities. Wary consultations and a great deal of correspondence on the subject have taken place during the past three months. The Chicago agent suspected a messenger residing in this city, while Agent Snively insisted that the Pittsburg man was innocent. It was finally agreed to try to detect the thief by means of decoy packages, the same to be prepared and shipped from the office here. The decoys were first tried on all the runs but that of Price, as confident were the agents of his honesty, and, as they all went through safely, it was determined to put the honesty of the whilom hero to the same test as had been applied in the case of his fellow-messengers. This was done on Sunday last. A money package was prepared, and among the contents were two marked $10 notes. How much money the package contained has not been ascertained, but the marked money was placed on the top of the pile for an obvious reason. When Price reached Chicago with his run on Monday morning, the decoy package was examined and the discovery made that a portion of the money had been abstracted. An officer was on hand, and he at once took Price into custody. A search of the prisoner resulted in the finding of the marked money in his possession, and he was lodged in jail. He was subsequently released on $2,000 bail. His penitentiaries, it is believed, will amount at least to $10,000. He is about 35 years of age, is married, and his wife and their three children reside in Chicago. He has been in the service of the Express Company for nearly two years and has always borne a good character. His remarkably heroic exploit on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway near Lima, O., in the spring of 1875, gained for him an enviable fame among his associates and made him quite solid with the company. Accounts of that affair were widely published at the time of the occurrence, and Price was lionized wherever he went. The story is brief. Price had charge of an express car on an eastern-bound train between Chicago and this city, and, at a point near Lima, O., he discovered a masked man in one end of his car. He at once divined the intention of his visitor, and, drawing a revolver ordered the man to surrender. The order was quickly followed by a shot from the visitor's pistol, and a bullet pierced the messenger's right cheek. The man fired three more shots, the second striking Price on the left shoulder, the third in his left arm, and the fourth grazing his head. Price fell to the floor, but, nothing daunted, crawled back to one of the safes where he kept his revolver, and, seizing the weapon, sent a bullet through his assailant's brain, killing him instantly. Two other masked men who had entered the front of the express car by leaping in the door of the baggage car, which he had entered were on the train during the affair, but on the train reaching Lima, O., they quitted the train, expressing a desire to discover the author of the noise which they heard on the express car. Where the train reached Lima the alarm had spread, and a crowd was assembled at the station. The men were at once arrested on suspicion, and were taken back to the express car, where they were identified by Price as the men who had attempted his life. They were then taken to the office of the express company, where they were searched, and a quantity of money was found on their persons. All the money taken from the robbers was returned to the express company, and Price was presented with the money taken from the robbers, which was quite a handsome sum, and he was also presented with a purse of $1,000 in recognition of his gallantry. Price was then promoted to the position he now occupies, and he has ever since been a favorite with the company. He is a native of Kentucky, and at one time had run between Louisville and Memphis. At that time he was the editor of a little paper published at Louisville by the messengers, called "Our Representative." He was changed to the Chicago and Pittsburg run about two months before his encounter with Binkley.

THE LATE MISS SCHOFIELD.

Referring to the young lady whose melancholy fate at the Falls was mentioned in the telegraphic dispatches, a Woodstock paper says:—"All the circumstances tend to the conclusion that her death was an accident that can easily be accounted for. It is supposed that she was weak and exhausted by travelling and that when standing on the edge of the falls her nerves became affected by the surroundings and that she became helpless and fell over. The supposition of suicide appears to be as improbable as it is painful. The deceased was about twenty-four years of age, and was a lady of very superior and indeed remarkable talents. She had a quick intelligence, was a brilliant conversationalist, and a ready writer, having contributed many stories of considerable merit to different periodicals. It is not improbable had she lived that she would have attained a more than provincial reputation as a writer. Her end fate is to be deeply deplored." And another paper has these remarks:—"It is supposed by many that Miss Schofield walked to the edge of the island, and becoming giddy from the rapid motion of the water, fell in. This idea is strengthened by the fact that for some time she had been troubled with giddiness. Miss Schofield was a young lady of remarkable ability. She learned telegraphy at the Dominion office at Woodstock some time ago, and acquired such proficiency in the art, and displayed such marked ability, that she was appointed to the position of amanuensis in the Dominion Telegraph Company's offices in Toronto. She was also well known as a contributor to magazines, etc., and some of her writings possessed real merit. Some few months ago she had to give up her position owing to illness, and has since been staying at Staten Island, New York State, for the benefit of her health. She was on her way home when the melancholy occurrence took place. This is the third member of his family that Mr. Schofield has lost during the present year. It is needless to add that he and his family have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community in this their sad bereavement and hour of terrible trial."

WAR CORRESPONDENTS.

Among the novelties to the Turks of this war, including Krupps and Martini Henrys is the newspaper correspondent. At the affair of Fridey, says a correspondent of the "Standard," there were no fewer than nine assembled near one of the Turkish batteries. As their appearance was supposed to be attractive of shells they were requested to break up the group and disperse. A Turkish Colonel on the staff came up to myself and a colleague, and expressed his surprise that being non-combatants, we should place ourselves in a position as he thought of danger, and was quite astonished to hear that it was our business to be there. To the simple soldier we are a perfect mystery; "baksheesh" doctor! they understand, but what our object can be passes their comprehension. Among the officers who know what newspapers are, and have a decided regard for fame, there are many, and where I chronicle the names of the Ismail Effendis, Hassan, and Ali Beys who have asked to be mentioned in my letters, the "Standard" would require a double number, which would be more remarkable for monotonous repetition of names than general interest.

CONSUL SHAW ON TRADE BETWEEN CANADA AND THE STATES.

The Mail says: We find in the New York "World" the following despatch, dated Washington, 18 instant, which is somewhat fuller than the very brief one received here the other day, referring to increasing sales of American goods in Canada, and on which we had some comments. The despatch contains much food for thought:

"The United States Consul at Toronto has forwarded to the Department of state a report of the commerce of the Province of Ontario with the United States. The Consul says that as far as trade and commerce are concerned Ontario is the same as one of the States of the Union. He points to the gradually increasing trade in American manufactures, their superiority in style and finish having completely obliterated old prejudices against them. At present the feelings of the people politically and commercially are thoroughly American. The Consul thinks that for the future Ontario will rely upon the United States for all her manufactures, as it would now be impossible to start any manufacture there which could hope to compete with those of the United States, and no foreign manufactures can. The imports into Ontario during the year 1874 (the last official reports published) amounted to over $42,000,000. Of the amount over $26,000,000 were from the United States, against $15,000,000 from Great Britain. The exports during the same year from the forty-six ports of the Province amounted to a little over $18,000,000, more than $8,000,000 less than the imports from the United States alone. The failures in all Canada during the last two years are represented as amounting to more than $50,000,000, but, on account of the American system of cash sales, it is thought that $600,000 of this total will cover American losses. A perseverance in this cash system, having all goods equal to representation, together with caution not to overstock the markets by pushing sales, and the future trade of the United States with Ontario will be both large and profitable."

CURED COWS FOODER.—Over the parts of the United States and Canada where cattle are fed in the stable for six months of the year, more or less, because grazing is impracticable, owing to long winters, cured corn fodder becomes a very valuable forage when properly prepared for the herd, whether milch cows or store cattle. To throw it out in the yard or to feed it in the stable as hay is fed, is wasteful. To use it at the best possible advantage, it should be finely cut and well mixed with shorts or cotton-seed meal, wet with boiling hot water. Prepared in this way—a layer of cut corn fodder, and then a layer of shorts of cotton-seed meal, or Indian meal instead—an excellent feed for cattle is thus made, better than hay that sells for $20 a ton and upwards. Maize, meal, and its like contain too much of the albuminoid elements, fat, starch, etc., for healthful, economical feed, while the cured fodder corn contains too little, for the amount of coarse fibre; the mixing in the way indicated, even though farmers do not all believe in cooking food for cattle, will prove highly advantageous. Try it.

The relief societies of Portland and St. John are acting in concert.

Dundurn Park by-law has been rejected by the Hamilton people.

Mr. Carswright has been summoned as a witness in Queen v. Wilkinson.

We see the Star Saint Laundry advertised in an exchange. But who would recklessly go to risk his linen in such company with such a name?

The latest improvement in trunks is the "travesque" for commercial travellers. It has no hinges, and can be made large or small at pleasure.

Colonel Neville, a printer of Indianapolis, was elected chief of a working-man's party of Indianapolis, and immediately on his election he received a letter from a Chicago firm offering him a position on the Chicago Times.

BUTTER GOODS.—Gentlemen, after Conversation.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—"Civil Service Gazette." Sold only in packets labelled—"James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, 48, Threadneedle Street, and 170, Piccadilly, London."

FOR SALE.—Lot 4, in the 2nd Con. of Ennismore, Eastern Division. Apply to F. D. MOORE, Solicitor, Lindsay, or to MESSRS MOORE & SAWERS, Solicitors, Peterborough. 1075-f

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to the subscriber are requested to call at his store, Kent street, and settle the same. All accounts remaining unpaid after a reasonable time from this notice will incur costs. G. C. BUCK. 1075-3.

JOHN McSWEYN, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Lindsay, Ont. Office in Hamilton's Block, north side Kent Street, entrance next door west of Jackson & McTavish's Grocery and Provision Store. 1075

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE ON 10 LEAF FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—The N. W. Quarter of Lot 12, in the 2nd Con. of Fenelon, 50 acres; 35 acres cleared, fenced and under cultivation. There are on the premises a New Frame House, 18x36 partly finished, a small Barn and Stable, two good wells and young orchard, soil—sandy loam, situated 3 miles north from Cambray on a good leading road.

For terms and particulars apply to the undersigned owner at Lindsay, or to A. O'LEARY, ESQ., Solicitor, Lindsay.

JAMES A. McWILLIAMS.

Dated 22nd Oct. 1877.—1075-tf

VOTERS' LIST, 1877.

Municipality of the Township of Emily County of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted to the persons mentioned in the Second Section of the Votes' List Act of 1876, the copies required by said Section to be so transmitted of the List made, pursuant to the said Act, of all persons appearing by the last Revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that said List was first posted up at my office, at Omemee on the Twenty-third of October, 1877, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said List, and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the same errors corrected according to law.

ROBERT GRANDY,

Township Clerk.

Omemee, Oct. 24th, 1877. 1075-1

NOTICE TO PAY UP.

All parties indebted to the undersigned by book account are hereby notified that in order to save costs they must pay up without delay. All accounts remaining unpaid on the 1st of December next will be handed over for collection.

C. L. BAKER.

Lindsay, Oct. 10, 1877.

N. B.—There being plenty of grain in the country, there is now no excuse for not paying promptly. 1075-tf

EXAMINATIONS.

Examinations for the admission of Pupils to the High Schools will be held at the School Houses as

LINDSAY, OMEMEE & OAKWOOD

Commencing on

Tuesday, December 11, 1877

at 9 o'clock a.m.

An examination for Teachers' Second Class Certificates will be held at the School House, Lindsay, commencing on MONDAY DECEMBER 17th at 1.30 o'clock p.m.

The High School Intermediate Examinations will be held at the same time as those for Second Class Teachers but at the respective School Houses.

Terms of application can be obtained from the School Inspectors or Head Masters. Teachers must produce the required testimonials.

Candidates for the Entrance Examinations should give notice not later than November 5th; those for Teachers Certificates not later than November 10th.

H. REAZIN,

J. H. KNIGHT, P. S. Inspectors

Lindsay, Oct. 22, 1877. 1075-3

THROUGH TICKETS

WHITBY, P. P. AND LINDSAY RAILWAY.

THROUGH TICKETS

TO

TORONTO, BELLEVILLE, KINGSTON, BROCKVILLE, PRESCOTT, MONTREAL AND QUEBEC,

AT

REDUCED RATES.

Close connection at Whitby with G. T. R. east and west. Baggage checked through.

J. D. HUNTER, Agent.

Lindsay, Oct. 25, 1877.—1075-tf.

Encourage Home Manufacture!

LINDSAY WOOLLEN MILLS

MANUFACTURING

done in all its branches, and also

Custom Carding, Fulling, Dyeing and CLOTH DRESSING

the year round.

A large stock of

Full-cloths, Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets, Horse-blankets Yarn, &c.,

always on hand at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Highest Cash Price for Wool.

Factory and Office—

Cor. Williams and Bond Sts.,

East End of William Foundry.

J. W. WALLACE.

Oct. 1877.—1075.

W. L. RUSSELL'S

SALE

REGISTER.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Township of

FENELON.

240 acres; 170 cleared; frame dwelling; frame barn and stables; well watered, &c. On the shores of Cameron Lake. An excellent farm.

Township of

MARIPOSA.

North half Lot 19, 14th Con., and South half of South half 19, in the 15th Con., 126 acres; 80 cleared and under cultivation; frame house, frame barn and log stables; on easy terms of payment.

PARK LOT A. 6 ACRES

TOWN OF LINDSAY,

will be sold at a bargain and on

LIBERAL TERMS.

Township of

FENELON.

South half Lot 12, 1st Con., 92 acres, good soil, well timbered; 2 miles from Cambray on leading road.

Several Town and Park Lots in the town of

LINDSAY.

For sale.

Notes and Mortgages

PURCHASED.

$50,000 TO LOAN

In sums to suit borrowers, at 8 per cent. per annum.

AGENT FOR R. HAY & CO.'S

SCHOOL AND CHURCH FURNITURE.

Samples may be seen and catalogues of prices obtained.

Apply to

W. L. RUSSELL,

Real Estate Agent and General Broker, Kent Street. LINDSAY.

Agent for first-class

Fire and life Insurance

COMPANIES.

W. L. RUSSELL.

A SIX YOUR NEWSDEALER or POSTMASTER for the

CHICAGO LEDGER!

The best illustrated story paper. Contains stories, short stories, and matters of interest to everybody. A large Sixteen page paper, only

$1.50 A YEAR

Sample copies free. Address THE LEDGER, Chicago, Ill. 1075-6.

WE WERE NO LESS SURPRISED THAN PLEASED on visiting the Dry Goods House of

MILNE & GRAHAM

to find their place literally packed from cellar to garret with the

CHOICEST AND CHEAPEST GOODS

we have ever seen in Lindsay. It's true our money was paid out, but we consider we got first class value for it. Their

Silk and Dress Goods Departments

are the admiration of all. Their

Millinery and Mantle Departments

are what the ladies' call the very pink of perfection, and although they have only choice goods their prices are the lowest. Their

Fur Department

has so many novelties, with those Russian sables [illegible] that you must see it to appreciate. Their

Tailoring Department

is simply what we think perfection. Any gentleman [illegible] clothes of any description can be suited in quality, make and fit.

We recommend the public to visit this [illegible] goods in

MILNE & GRAHAM'S

line, at the corner of Kent and William sts., sign [illegible] Fleece.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will not be responsible for any debts, after this date, contracted in his name by any person whosoever without his written order. JOHN DUCK.

1075-3* Lindsay, Oct. 2.

SPRATT & KILLEN.

Extra value in

Teas and Groceries.

Kent St., Lindsay.

The Victoria Warder

is Published

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

AT THE OFFICE

HAMILTON'S BLOCK, KENT STREET,

LINDSAY, ONT.

TERMS—One Dollar per annum in advance. Postage paid by the publisher.

ADVERTISERS

Advertisements unaccompanied with written instructions will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly. Special rates for advertisements by the year or otherwise.

SUBSCRIBERS.

No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the proprietor.

CORRESPONDENCE

Solicited from all parts of the County and neighbouring townships.

JOB WORK.

This department is fitted up with all the necessaries for executing orders with neatness and despatch.

EDWARD FLOOD, Proprietor.

NEWSPAPER DECISIONS

1. Any person or persons who takes a paper regularly from a post office, whether directed in his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is PRIMA FACIE evidence of intentional fraud.

GREAT AUCTION SALE!

OF

REAL ESTATE,

at the rooms of

W. L. RUSSELL. Kent St.

Lindsay, on

Tuesday, 30th of October, 1877

Farm Lands in Fenelon, Verulam, Eldon Laxton and Somerville, County of Victoria. Dwelling Houses and Lots, Business Stands, Park Lots, Town Lots and Leasehold property in the flourishing

TOWN of LINDSAY

For further particulars see posters or apply to

HUDSPETH & WOODWARD,

Barristers, Lindsay,

Or to W. L. RUSSELL,

Lindsay Oct. 15.—1074 Auctioneer.

FARM FOR SALE.—I will offer for sale by public auction on Saturday the 24th day of November, 1877, at Veitch's Hotel, Lindsay, Lot No. 7 in the 6th Con., Ops, containg 200 acres, 120 acres cleared and under good cultivation, well watered and timbered, all kinds of timber required for farming purposes is miles from Lindsay. Will sell 100 acres if desirable. Terms: $100 down and sufficient therewith in one month to make one-half of purchase money—balance on mortgage at 7 per cent. payable in five or six years. For further particulars apply to M. SANDERSON, auctioneer. 1074-3ins

NOTICE.—All those indebted to me, by note or book account, are requested to settle the same at the office of the Woollen Factory before the 1st of January next. Those remaining unpaid after that date will be placed in other hands for collection.

J. D. GRAHAM.

1074.-11.

Economical ENGINES TO DRIVE GRIST MILLS, FACTORIES, &c. ADDRESS THE WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS Brantford, Ont.

Note where you saw this advertisement.

CAUTION.

Each plug of the

NOTTLE NAVY TOBACCO

is stamped

P. T. & B. S

in gilt letters.

NONE OTHER is GENUINE.

Hamilton, Oct. 22, 1877.—1075-3m.

CANADA Agricultural Insurance

CAPITAL.

HEAD OFFICE [illegible]

Insures Farm Property [illegible]

A. C. D'L. Hay [illegible]

Wm. Angus [illegible]

Edward Hay [illegible]

Western Branch [illegible]

W. T. Fish [illegible]

Joseph Flummerfelt [illegible]

The advantages [illegible] company are [illegible] special [illegible]

AGENTS [illegible]

Mitchell [illegible]

Ion Falls [illegible]

EUREKA!

CALKIN'S CHAMPION WASHER

Has [illegible]

Many [illegible] exceeded [illegible] its action [illegible] hard washing [illegible] usually [illegible]

Prevents all Wear and Tear

To the [illegible] and its advantages [illegible] agents in [illegible] on exhibition [illegible] say the [illegible] cured by [illegible]

JAMES [illegible] five right [illegible] county Victoria [illegible]

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