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Fans for the House,
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1877 SPRING 1877

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Beautiful Patterns,

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The Victoria Warder

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1877.

THE DEFERENCE

Mr. Mackenzie and his battle hatchet have got through apologizing to the people and have gone back to their departments. It would have been much better for themselves, in a party sense, if they had never left them. The exceptions which Mr. Mackenzie was assembled here to compare, on whatever, in point of one honorable exception, which greeted Sir John Macdonald wherever he went. Place, all of the picnic campaign, and have been gratifying to the Reform leaders, for it must have convinced them that their cause is a Dead Cock, and that when, in course of time, they shall be required to go to the country and give an account of their stewardship, they will be driven ignominiously from power, from which they got through stealth and cheating, and which they were in no way even fitted to fill. The policy of slander and vituperation which they have adopted toward Sir John Macdonald for a quarter of a century has recoiled, and boomerang-like rebounded to the hand that threw it. Take, for instance the demonstration which greeted Sir John Macdonald at Montreal. There, within a stones throw of the very man from whom he was said to have received hundreds of thousands of dollars to be expended in carrying the elections and within sight of the bank from which the money was said to have been paid, Sir John Macdonald was received with the most triumphant ovation he has ever received in Canada, an ovation which has not been equalled even during the progress through the city of royalty itself. The difference between Sir John Macdonald and the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie is as marked as that which existed between the publican who acknowledge his fault and the Pharisee who inhabited in loud mouthed boastings of his own superiority, for while Sir John willingly admits that during the long course of his public career he may have made mistakes, or even been guilty of faults, and no public man that ever lived has not, Mr. Mackenzie assumes to himself all the virtues and professes to be as pure as the ermine that hangs upon the temple of Diana.

A WORD OF WARNING

We think it will be admitted that since assuming the editorial tripod we have manifested a desire to keep close to the rules which govern journalistic warfare, and that in nearly all cases, if not in every case, we have treated our contemporaries with courtesy. While occasionally requiring to use what may have been a strong term in pronouncing a corrupt act we have never indulged in personalities, and at all events have never found it necessary to refer to any of our opponents as being either "liars, slanderers or cowards," as a writer in the *Post* has referred to a Conservative member from this county. It seems that our forbearance towards our contemporary has not had the desired effect, or the more courtesy we have shown him in discussing public matters the more personal he has become. We propose to put a stop to this sort of thing. There is a limit beyond which even forbearance should not ask to be allowed to go, and that limit, we believe, has been reached by the *Post*. We were not previously aware that it was necessary, in discussing public questions, to make personal attacks on those who uphold the other side of the argument; but if it is, as the conduct of our contemporary implies, we shall see what we can do. We may labor under the misfortune of not having been reared in the slums, with a moral character as tattered as the rowdies we were, but we feel persuaded that the advantage of the editor of the *Post* in this respect will not avail him much in the end, more especially if we should manage to take him by surprise and gentlemanly overwhelm him with his own attributes. We have not hesitated to denounce our contemporary's personal attacks upon other people and we shall certainly not submit to his personal attacks upon ourselves. We fancy, too, that by the time the reputation of our contemporary has been brushed up a little and exhibited to his readers he will not have very much to boast of, nor yet will he feel any great degree of delight in seeing his dirty linen flapping in the wind on the public clothes line. Still, if people of weak minds and weaker morals persist in trying to set the bully and abusing everybody with whom they come in contact they must not be surprised at finding themselves taken by the nose, and held up to the ridicule of the crowd. Perhaps the blustering little poodjay of the *Post* will take warning.

"IT WAS ONLY NATURAL."

It is a waste of time for our contemporary to attempt, at this late day, to throw dust in the eyes of his readers concerning the jobbery of the Government in the matter of the steel rails purchase and other equally disreputable operations. These things have become matters of history, and the *Post* can not more expunge them from Mackenzie's record of corruption than it can pay back to the country the money of which it has been the loser in connection therewith. It is all very well for the organ to tell us that "there was nothing more natural" than that Oliver & Davidson should buy up lands on the route of the Canada Pacific Railway. "That there was nothing unnatural" in their selecting the very lands the Government required, and that it was also the most natural thing in the world for the Government to purchase these lands from Oliver & Davidson. But there have been so many of these "only natural" jobs that the excuse has been somewhat thin. The *Post* should have added that it was also "only natural" that the Government should have selected as valuator a man who keeps a bookstore in London, and who knows as much about the value of land on the Canada Pacific Railway as the land knew about him. But how is it going to get over the fact that members of its own party were compelled to declare that the Government had, at least made a "mistake," that too much money had been paid for the land, and that "it would have been better" to have made the terminus at Prince Arthur's Landing instead of on the Kaministiquia? We need not weary our readers with a discussion of the steel rail job, as everybody must be familiar with the facts in that case, for as it was "only natural" that a good Grit like Aeme Oliver, who had given up his seat in the Legislature so that Mr. Anne Crooks could be provided with a resting place for the soles of his weary feet, should buy land which the Government needed and should get about five times its value for it, so too was it "only natural" that Mackenzie should throw a contract in the way of the firm of which his brother was a member, and that the public treasury should be made to bleed for it. It may be all very well to say that when a thief lays his hand upon the first piece of exposed silver, wire his eye lights upon he does that which is "only natural," but the excuse affords very little satisfaction to the man who has been robbed. In like manner it may be considered sufficient by our contemporary to declare that when Mackenzie commits a blunder or perpetrates a job he does that which is "only natural," but that does not satisfy the people, and we very much mistrust the signs of the times if the country does not take advantage of the first opportunity to displace the men who have misgoverned the country, crushed out its industries, and depleted its treasury, in following out a policy which may have been "only natural" to themselves but which was in no way suited to the requirements of the country. What Canada needs at the present time is a man at the head of its affairs who will not squander the revenues of the country and perpetrate the most barefaced jobbery because it is "only natural" for him to do so, and a public press which will not crawl in the dust and apologize for the offences which were "only natural" to the man.

THE SUBLIMITY OF CHEEK

The most amusing thing we have seen for some time was the *Globe's* attack on Sir John Macdonald for his "disrespect of the Bench." By some process only known to those who have sat at the feet of the Grit Gamaliel it is possible to smell out the most improbable things in every action of Sir John Macdonald, and that this process was employed in the case in question is evident to anybody who read Sir John's remarks. What the latter said, during the speech in which he is accused of having attempted to bring the judiciary into disrepute, was that, judging the Jacques Cartier election case in which Mr. Laflamme, the man who was made Minister of Justice while his right to a seat in the House of Commons was being investigated on its merits, according to the evidence given, no judge in England would have given the same judgment. The judgment, as our readers no doubt know, was that Mr. Laflamme's seat was not forfeited, although the evidence clearly went to show that a very great deal of corruption had been practiced during the election. It will be noticed that Sir John said not one word against the judge, but merely pointed out that the judgment itself was somewhat singular as it could hardly help but be when it is borne in mind that the judge and the defendant were old political allies, former law partners and sworn political friends. But what we desire to call attention to is the sublime impudence of anybody or the *Globe* that accusing Sir John Macdonald of showing any disrespect for the Bench after the attack which was made by the managing director of that paper on Mr. Justice Wilson, an attack which is admitted to have been the most scurrilous and abusive ever made on anybody, not to say a member of the judiciary, by that most vituperative of Canadian politicians.

Our brilliant local contemporary will no doubt be pleased to learn that "the area of the war is becoming more extensive and is consequently assuming larger proportions."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The editor of the *Post* is setting up for a pedant. He actually accuses us of murdering the Queen's English. His own spelling of the word "contemporary" reminds us of Watson the elder, instructing Sawney how to spell the family name. "Spell it with a 'Wa' Sawney, spell it with a 'We.'"

The Mayor of Montreal seems to have acted in a very apathetic manner on the 12th July, in not making provision against the anticipated disturbances on that day. The mob held the streets for hours. What a fitting contrast to his cowardly conduct was the action of the Mayor of Toronto, an Orangeman too, in protecting by every means in his power those who took part in the Catholic pilgrimage in that city not very long ago.

There appears to be a considerable difference of opinion as to the number of people that attended the late Grit Pic-Nic at Colborne. One red-hot Grit estimated the number at fifteen thousand, another not quite so red-hot, thought there were about ten thousand; a Grit more moderate than the other two, fancied there might have been seven thousand, while a man of no politics felt sure that there were but four thousand present. A Conservative on being asked as to the number, emphatically replied that it was a "blasted failure." We are inclined to believe that there were not more than between four and five thousand present on the occasion.

Mr. Wilkinson has disposed of his interest in the *West Durham News* to his late partner, Mr. Mingay, who now becomes sole proprietor. Mr. Wilkinson, however, will still continue to lend his valuable assistance in editing the paper. The *West Durham News* has done good service for the Conservative cause, and was mainly instrumental in exposing a notorious corrupt bargain made between Hon. George Brown, proprietor of the *Globe* and Dictator-in-Chief of the Grit party, on the one hand, and Hon. John Simpson, Senator, and President of the Ontario Bank, on the other, the particulars of which bargain can be found in a letter, now become historical, and known as the "Big Push" letter. We hope the *News* may go on and prosper and increase in popularity.

The Orange riots in Montreal and Charlottetown, furnish proof of what we have on more than one occasion printed out: the propriety of the Government laying down some distinct rule in relation to party processions. Either all kinds of processions should be permitted without interference or they should be prohibited altogether. It seems to be a monstrous thing to say that any class of the community should be attacked for daring to enjoy rights and privileges which have been guaranteed by the law, and yet we have had evidences in the assault on a Catholic pilgrimage in one Province and the threats to attack an Orange procession on the other if an attempt was made to walk, that such illiberality exists, and that, too, not all on one side. Much of the blame of perpetuating these faction fights rests upon Mr. Mowat. By refusing the Orangemen their Act of incorporation he awakened them to a sense of their duty and instead of snuffing them out only showed them the more clearly the necessity of holding fast to their rights as citizens and asserting the liberty of all men under the British flag.

A PUBLIC PARK.

We notice that the Peterboro' *Times* is agitating the question of a public park in the neighbouring town, and the idea seems to take well with its enterprising citizens. Our own townspeople might take a leaf out of their book by copying their example. There is no doubt but that this is a matter that ought not to be overlooked in the infancy of a place like Lindsay that seems destined "if its area is extended, to assume larger proportions" at some future day. Property could be obtained, at the present time, at a much more reasonable figure we imagine than in after years. Several of our Ontario cities, at this day, regret that they had not sufficient foresight, to obtain property for this purpose, in their infancy. Toronto is the only city that can boast of a park of any size, and yes the spirit of vandalism seems to have set in there as seen by the building up with brick and mortar, of the Queen's Park. And yet, what is left of the Queen's Park in the city of Toronto, to-day, is fully appreciated by its residents, who feel grateful to the memory of the early settlers, in setting apart a portion of the city for their benefit and enjoyment. What pleasanter resort could there be during the heat of the summer than a noble park, with handsome, well-wooded avenues leading thereto? It has been suggested to us that the vacant property lying to the south of Waverly Avenue is very well adapted for a public park. Avenues approaching the proposed site could be made by utilizing Waverly Avenue on the north and Adelaide street on the west. The site suggested is elevated and consequently dry, affording a pleasant prospect, and a view of the whole town, and is, we think, one well adapted for the purpose. Once the property was secured, the cost of planting and beautifying it, for a few years, would be but trifling. We in Lindsay have the reputation abroad of being a go-ahead people. Let us by all means endeavour to retain that reputation. We have now three lines of railway, a large carrying trade to the north and south of us by water, a most efficient system of water works, and we have no doubt that in a short time coal oil will be superseded by gas; why then not have a park also? We throw out these few, perhaps imperfect suggestions—who will take them up?

LITERARY NOTICES.

Ferguson's Magazine.—The August number of the really excellent magazine is on our table. It contains two short engravings "Little Trouble" and "The Wreck," both good and very natural. There follows a large steel frontispiece plate with five figures, a very fine design in crochet for a baby, twenty number of other engravings of fashions. "There are also patterns in crochet, embroidery, drawing for the work table. Mrs. Bennett begins a powerful novelet "The fortunes of Philippa Fairfax," "The dependent Cousin," by Mrs. Stephens, is continued; the second part of "Blackbeard's Closet," by Mrs. Hooper, is commenced; in fact to enumerate all the attractions it contains would occupy too much space. "Petersen" is undoubtedly the most attractive and entertaining lady's book we receive. Price, $2 per year, with reductions to clubs, and premiums to persons getting up clubs. Address Chas. J. Peterson, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

The *Canadian Monthly* and *National Review* (Hart & Rawlinson, Toronto). We have received the July number of this magazine which is quite up to former ones. In addition to its usual contents, it contains a powerful article, "The Political Destiny of Canada," by Sir Francis Hincks, being a reply to Goldwin Smith's article on the same subject. "Little Raindrop," an interesting little story in three chapters, by Fred. A. Dixon, Ottawa; Wm. Black's novel, "Green Pastures and Piccadilly," is continued. The *Canadian Monthly* is always received with pleasure and read with profit (yearly subscription, $3.50).

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET.

The banquet given to Mr. D. Miller, late agent of the Merchants' Bank, on the occasion of his removal from Lindsay, came off at the Benson House on Tuesday evening last, and was one of the most enjoyable affairs of the kind, that it has fallen to our lot to attend. About forty of our most prominent citizens, comprising the principal business men, and a large number of the legal and medical profession, besides a number of others representing different interests, assembled to do Mr. Miller honour. The sumptuous repast got up in "mine host" Benson's best style was sat down to about nine o'clock. Our worthy Mayor Dr. Poole acted as Chairman, having on his left Messrs. Devlin, Ross, and McDonnell, and on his right the guest of the evening, Messrs. Butler Ward, and McMurtry. Mr. A Hudspeth occupied the vice-chair. After full justice had been done the viands and the cloth removed, the real business of the evening began. The chairman proposed the usual loyal and patriotic toasts, accompanied with fitting remarks, in the following order:

"The Queen and Royal Family."

"Governor-General and Lieutenant-Governor."

Song "Good Old Friends," by Mr. Harry Walters.

"The President of the United States."

This toast elicited short and pithy responses from Mr. Charles Bond and Mr. Butler Ward.

"Army, Navy and Volunteers," was responded to by the gallant Colonel Deacon, who made a highly patriotic speech in which he complimented the volunteer force of Canada in very high terms for their efficiency and bravery.

Song, "Tom Bowline," by Mr. Weston.

"Dominion and Ontario Governments." No member of either House being present, the task of responding to this toast fell on two former aspirants for parliamentary honours, namely, Messrs McLennan and Hudspeth, the speech of the latter, being exceedingly humorous, was received with cheers. Mr. Hudspeth thought that the present Government required a "very" hearty drinking of healths, and said that defeated candidates could look calmly at affairs and bless their stars that they had not been elected, if they had been, they would have been unable to be present here this evening, as they would likely be required to attend some Grit pic-nic. (Tremendous cheering.)

The next toast, the toast of the evening, "Our Guest," was proposed by the Chairman in a few very felicitous remarks. The Chairman alluded to the length of Mr. Miller's residence amongst us, his uniform urbanity and courtesy to those transacting business with him, concluding with good wishes for himself and family, wherever their future lot might be cast.

On rising to respond to the foregoing toast "Our Guest, Mr. Miller was greeted with prolonged cheers. After silence had been restored he spoke substantially as follows:

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, I can hardly give expression to my feelings on this occasion, at the great honour you have done me this evening in making me your guest. This evening, Mr. Chairman, will be long remembered by me as a bright speck in my existence. My residence in Lindsay has not been long, not three years, but during that time I have spent some of the happiest days of my life. (Cheers.) As you are all aware I succeeded Mr. Hamilton, who was a deservedly popular bank manager. During my residence here I feel that I have lived in an excellent community, that the right hand of fellowship has been held out to me, and that my sojourn amongst you has been both pleasant and profitable. Shortly after coming here, business generally, became depressed. It was a hard time for bank managers. I virtually had to serve two masters, the directors of the bank and the public. I do not think that the customers of the bank can say that any particular pressure has been brought to bear on them. (Cheers.) In conclusion, I must say, that I will always look back with pleasure upon the happy days I have spent in Lindsay. I thank you for the kind wishes on behalf of myself and children. I thank you for the great honour you have done me this night; I didn't expect it, I will always remember it. (Loud applause.)

Song, "Rest, Warrior, Rest," Mr. Miller.

"The Liberal Professions." Responses from Dr. Burgess, Messrs. Devlin, Ross, McDonnell, and H. O'Leary.

"The Banking and Commercial Interests," were proposed by the Vice-Chairman, who spoke of Mr. Miller and the institution with which he was connected in very flattering terms. Responded to by Messrs. Sweeny, McAlpine, Spratt, and Steward.

"The Press" was briefly replied to by Mr. Bain, of the "Post," and Mr. Flood of The Warder.

"The Bench and Bar" brought a response from Mr. Hudspeth.

"The Ladies." This toast found willing advocates in the persons of Messrs. Goldie, Orde, and Devlin.

A number of volunteer toasts followed, after which an extremely pleasant evening was brought to a close by singing "God Save the Queen."

MR. BAXTER-ISM.

The "Examiner" denies that the honourable member for West Peterborough is a vote-pump. It refers to "Hansard" in proof of the contrary. That record for 1876 is the only one at our hand for reference; and claims for Mr. Bertram in its index an embarras of oratory on only two occasions. On the first of these (page 204) his fiery eloquence startled an admiring audience to the extent of seven lines; and on the other occasion (page 707) it rushed before a listening Senate, sparkling like a stream fresh from Parnassus for twenty being the sum of wit—sight lines! If eloquence is "Hansard" say to be accepted as the measure of Mr. Bertram's service, then did he gave an equivalent for his "remuneration"; but to save him from the position in which he would thus be placed, we feel bound in fairness to credit him with his actual work—they which his injudicious friend the "Examiner" would repudiate, the work of a vote pump.

As though an angel had stood in his way at Baltimore, the Attic orator of West Peterborough opened his mouth. He expatiated in a tirade of platitudes on the question of free trade—heavier than many of his bumper speeches with their raised manufactures and starving thousands which illustrates its siren-song in their native land.

Mr. Bertram confesses to his audience at Bruhmore that he voted against amnesty to Professor O'Donoghue. He not only confessed so; but he went on to justify that outrage on these of his supporters who are Irish Canadian Catholics. He insisted that the House of Commons is not the proper tribunal for trying that persecuted Irishman; but he forgot to add that he (Mr. Bertram) is one of the gentlemen who held the House of Commons a perfectly proper tribunal for trying that persecuted Irishman's associates, two Frenchmen. Pretending that some one had set up so absurd a claim, he had the impudence to protest that the Professor's religion and nationality give him no special rights; but he forgot to say that they justify no special penalties; forgot to say that he (Mr. Bertram) did not stand on that principle when he voted for the amnesty granted at the demand of religion and nationality to Riel and Lepine. The member for West Peterborough, finding faith and race inconvenient facts, wishes them in the case of Irish Catholics ignored in "amalgamating the different elements of the people;" and selects as the occasion of that cool preachment a case in which one of the people, a gentleman innocent of bloodshead, is treated worse than murderers for no other reason on earth than that he is a Catholic and an Irishman! "Sold," as the Irish Canadian Catholics of West Peterborough consider themselves to be in the case of Professor O'Donoghue, they take their revenge by following the Scotch idiom which designates their designates their faithful representative as Mr. Barter-'em.

The Member for West Peterborough is a "rara avis" one product of the classic shades of the Scotch common school, who is not an intellectual luminary! A very safe person, however, he is to "stump"; glamore; for his oratory is not at all likely to give out flashes that might set any of the surrounding lakes on fire. On hoes, saucepans, and for all we know to the contrary, "chisels" that worthy hardwareman is probably a good authority; but, of a verity, he is no prodigy in affairs of State. The kind of Acts he understands best in the Sheffield axe. The tax he can discuss most intelligently is that which he knows as carpet-tacks. The class of "motion" to which he can speak with knowledge is some such as that of the patent "clothes wringer." Mr. Blake and Sir John A. Macdonald may bring the test of intellect and experience to political "saws;" but neither of them, great as his statesmanlike capacity certainly is, "ever saw a saw that could saw like the saw" which Mr. Barter'em saw and pocketed a profit on.

But enough of fun over this respectable tradesman of Peterborough. The only fault we know of him is that of being totally out of place when he is found in Parliament. That will, however, cease to apply before long; for he will be elected next year, if not this, to stay at home to sell his padlocks and dust his Penates so that his Irish constituents may show the world that they have found amongst the 14 intellectual giants who have been inflated into the dimensions of statesmanship by the Scotch common school under the corporation of the clan-bellows, one who shall have been proved by what is held up as a demonstration of the ballot, to be inferior to a real live Irishman an Irishman who, to give the contradiction more point, will we trust earnestly, be a Catholic. But be the latter as it may, let it be known to West Peterborough and all the rest of mankind that that constituency is "Irish." "Irish Canadian."

TOWN COUNCIL.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Lindsay, July 16, 1877.

Present His Worship the Mayor, first and second Deputy Reeves, Councillors Mann, Duffus, Heenan, Diament, Ingle, Hopkins, Growden.

Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

The clerk read a communication from A. P. Devlin, accompanied by the pavement of the Grand Jury. From McIntyre & Whiteside on behalf of Mr. Bigelow, in reference to the right of way to Victoria Railway, and compensation for damage caused to his property on Victoria Avenue. Communication received and filed.

From John Douglas, stating that the outbuildings on the premises which he lately occupied were erected by him, and would likely be required by whoever occupied the premises in future, and offered to let the town have them for what they cost. Referred to Committee on town property to report at next meeting.

A petition was read from Wm. McDonnell and 66 others asking the Council to grant $100 to the band in consideration of their playing in promenade once a week.

A petition from W. A. Goodwin, signed by a number of other ratepayers, praying that he be allowed to raise the sidewalk in front of his shop on Cambridge street.

A petition from T. Keenan, S. & O. Bigelow, Dobson & Niblock, and a large number of ratepayers, praying that the Council consider the advisability of extending the water works instead of purchasing more hose every year.

A petition from a number of ratepayers opposing the watering of Cambridge, Williams, York and Lindsay streets.

In reference to the grant to the band Deputy Reeve Deacon, moved, seconded by Mr. Mann, that the petition of Wm. McDonnell and 66 others be complied with by granting to the band the sum of $100, payable on the 1st of December next, on condition that the band play in public, under direction of a Committee, once a week, said Committee to consist of the Mayor, Reeve, and first Deputy Reeve.—Carried.

Councillor Winters entered and took his seat.

Mr. Goodwin was heard in reference to his petition, and stated that he would like to have the matter settled to-night as he wished to occupy his new store at once. He also stated that he was prepared to raise the sidewalk and crossing making a good job, that he had communicated with the chairman of streets and bridges about the same, and in the event of the Council taking notice he set men to work, but Mr. Bedden came along and ordered them not to touch another corporation plank. If allowed to go on with the work he said he would have it done well.

Mr. Winters said he noticed Mr. Goodwin erecting a platform about a foot and a half high in front of his shop. He considered it was a dangerous obstruction and ordered Mr. Bedden to see that it was removed.

Mr. Hopkins thought it very hard if others were allowed to build wide sidewalks, erect platforms and approaches to their premises, that Mr. Goodwin should be deprived of the same privileges.

The petition was referred to the Street and Bridge Committee with power to act.

Mr. Bigelow was heard by the Council in reference to the purchase of lot 15 south of Melborne for taxes some 14 years ago, and requested, as the sale was illegal, that the town refund the amount of taxes paid by him with interest.

Moved by Deputy Reeve Deacon, seconded by Mr. Mann, that the application of Mr. Bigelow be referred to a Committee consisting of his worship the Mayor, Reeve Russell and Councillor Hopkins, with power to adjust the matter in such manner as will be most consistent with justice to all parties concerned, and that their decision be final.—Carried.

In absence of the chairman of the Committee, Deputy Reeve Deacon read the finance report which was adopted.

He also read an account handed in by the Chief Constable, for pay to special constables for services on 3rd July, but Deputy Reeve Deacon did not think it advisable to pass the accounts, as some of them were called upon to act by the Committee of management and had been paid.

The following report of the Fire and Water Committee was read and adopted.

1. In view of a petition numerously and respectably signed, requesting that the proposed purchase of 500 feet additional hose be not carried out, but that if the money required to purchase the same must necessarily be expended, that it be devoted to an extension of water works, as moreover said petition does not request that said money be actually expended for either of these objects. Your Committee in viewing of all the circumstances, and the state of our finances, recommend that no further outlay for either of these purposes be made during the present season, and that a resolution of the Council authorizing the purchase of additional hose be rescinded.

2. In regard to the petition before us, asking us to have portions of Lindsay, York, William and Cambridge streets watered, we find from a counter petition, that the same is not desired by a majority of the ratepayers interested, and from this cause as well as in views of the portion of the season already elapsed, your Committee recommend that no action be taken towards watering the parts of the proposed streets this summer.

3. The communication from the Fire Warden in reference to compelling the owners of fire stacks to provide against the danger of sparks from the same, is left for the present in the hands of Jay Ketchum, Esq., for consideration.

3. The term of agreement with the Fire Company having expired on the first day of July, inst., your Committee recommend that a further agreement be entered into from the 1st day or July, 1877, to the 1st of July, 1878, on the same terms, namely, twenty dollars per man, for each of the twenty men composing the Fire Company, to be paid quarterly, which payment, however, is to cease on the death, dismissal, resignation or removal of any member.

4. Your Committee recommend that Francis B. Weston be appointed Captain of the Lindsay Fire Company in place of Malcom Morison, Esq., resigned; that his salary be at the rate of one hundred dollars per annum, to date from the 1st of July, 1877, and that his duties be similar to those of his predecessor, as laid down in our report of December 18th, 1876, which may be briefly enumerated as follows:—

To be responsible to the Council for the promptness, sobriety and efficiency of the men under his charge, and to dismiss from the Company (if necessary) any man or men who may have been shown to be wanting in these qualifications, and to fill up the vacancy or vacancies occurring in this way, or in other ways, by other suitable men, subject to the approval of the Council.

Also that it be the duty of the said Captain to preserve from avoidable loss or injury the property of the Fire Department, to keep an inventory of the same, to report from time to time on its state, and to do so at least every three months or when necessary in the interests of the public safety, and finally to hand over said property, fixtures, apparel, &c., as he shall so have in charge to his successor in office, or to such person as may be duly authorized to receive the same.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

THOMAS WALTERS, Chairman.

Report of Fire Warden was read.

A communication was read from Mr. T. Keenan, objecting to the erection of a wooden kitchen by T. Adam adjacent to his block of buildings, inside the fire limits thereby endangering his property and increasing his rate of insurance.

Deputy Reeve Deacon said there were 13 applicants for the office of assistant constable. He did not know many of them but considered the man receiving the appointment should possess the required qualifications such as education, &c., so that in the event of anything happening he might step in and fill the position of chief. He took precisely the same stand in this matter as on a former occasion.

Moved by Deputy Reeve Deacon, seconded by Deputy Reeve Walters, that when the Council adjourn it stands adjourned until Monday next at the usual hour of meeting, in order that in the interval the Councillors may have an opportunity of inspecting the testimonials of applicants for the office of second constable of the town.—Carried.

Mr. Adams was heard in reference to the kitchen erected by him. He stated that two sides of it are bricked, and it is so temporarily constructed that it could be removed in a few minutes.

Deputy Reeve Deacon said the erection of wooden buildings inside the fire limits would not affect him, neither would he receive the benefit of the fire protection where he now lived, and therefore did not speak from personal motives, but he considered that if the Council placed a by-law on the books they had a right to have it carried out to the letter; if not, it should be wiped off the books altogether, and not be turning the Council into a farce.

Moved by Deputy Reeve Deacon seconded by Mr. Duffus, that the communication of Mr. Keenan and the report of Mr. Rodden be referred to the Fire and Water Committee to report at next meeting, and that the kitchen be not used for cooking purposes until action is taken.—Carried.

KING HIRAM LODGE, A.F. & A.M., No. 89, G.R.C.

Regular communication in Masonic Hall to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.

E. M. TAVISH, Sec'y.

WHITBY, PORT PERRY & LINDSAY RAILWAY.

To SHIPPERS and OTHERS.

Notice is hereby given that the Whitby, Port Perry and Lindsay Railway will be opened for traffic on

Wednesday, August 1st, 1877

JAS. HOLDEN,
Managing Director.

Whitby, July 17, 1877.—1061-2

SAWS

SOLID AND INSERTED TOOTH SAW GUMMERS,

SAW SWAGES SAW TEETH SAW SETS

AMONG THE

Niterous Engine Works Co.

BRANTFORD, ONT.

Send for new illustrated catalogue.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the

TOWNSHIP of OPS

will at the next meeting thereof, to be holden at the

COUNCIL CHAMBER IN THE TOWN OF LINDSAY, on

Saturday, 4th of August next

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, pass a By-law to close up that part of the road known as the River Road across Lots Numbers 11, 12, 13, and 14, in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Ops.

And at the same time the said Municipal Council of the Township of Ops will pass a By-law to close up and sell all that part of the original allowance of Road between the Fourth and Fifth Concessions in the said Township, and running north from the second quarter line to the River Sugar, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1877.

J. O'LEARY,
Tp Clerk, Ops.

1059-5

W. L. RUSSELL'S

SALE

REGISTER.

FARMS FOR SALE.

Township of

FENELON.

240 acres; 170 cleared; frame dwelling; frame barn and stables; orchard, &c. On the shores of Cameron Lake. An excellent farm.

Township of

MARIPOSA.

190 acres, 130 cleared frame house and barn; orchard. A most desirable farm. Will be sold at a bargain.

PARK LOT A, 6 ACRES

TOWN OF LINDSAY,

will be sold at a bargain and on

LIBERAL TERMS.

Township of

FENELON.

200 acres, 100 acres cleared, good house, frame barn and stable, good orchard. Six miles from Lindsay.

Several Town and Park Lots in the town of

LINDSAY.

For Sale.

Notes and Mortgages

PURCHASED.

$50,000 TO LOAN

In sums to suit borrowers, at 8 per cent. per annum.

AGENT FOR R. HAY & CO.'S

SCHOOL AND CHURCH FURNITURE.

Samples may be seen and catalogues of prices obtained.

A LARGE

Burglar Proof Safe!

(Taylor's,) for sale.

A BARGAIN.

Apply to

W. L. RUSSELL,

Real Estate Agent and General Broker, Kent Street, LINDSAY.

Agent for first-class

Fire and Life Insurance

COMPANIES.

W. L. RUSSELL.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the

TOWNSHIP of OPS

will at the next meeting thereof, to be holden at the

COUNCIL CHAMBER IN THE TOWN OF LINDSAY, on

Saturday, 4th of August next

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, pass a By-law to close up the by-road across Lots Nos. 26, 27, 28, and 29, in the Seventh Concession of the said Township of Ops, of which all persons interested are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

Dated this 3rd day of July, A.D. 1877.

J. O'LEARY,
Tp Clerk, Ops.

1059-5

MILNE & GRAHAM.

SIGN OF THE

GOLDEN FLEECE.

CORNER OF KENT AND WILLIAM STREETS,

Are now manufacturing "NOBBY" and CHEAP

HOT WEATHER Suits.

GENTLEMEN

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS AND KEEP COOL!

Arrived this week

CLOTHS,
COTTONS,
COTTON WARPS,
CARPETS,
CARPET WARPS

MILNE & GRAHAM.

REMEMBER

THE AUCTION SALE

OF

DRY GOODS!

AT

McCARVILLE'S OLD STAND

ON

SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

D. G. OLIVER.

MILLINERY.

DRESS GOODS

BARGAINS!

SUMMER GOODS!

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS

Dress Goods.
Cashmere Jackets.
Silk Jackets.
Cloth Jackets.
Summer Tweeds.
Trimmed Hats.
Trimmed Bonnets.
Flowers, Feathers, &c.
Ladies' Ties, Scarfs, &c.
Lace Curtains, and all other Summer Goods.

J. McCAMMON

DRESS GOODS

MILLINERY.

EVERY HOUSE-KEEPER,
EVERY HOTEL-KEEPER,
EVERY PEDDLER,

WE ARE BOUND TO SELL!

Times are hard and we will sell

OUR NEW and CHOICE STOCK

TO SUIT THE TIMES

We have 43 Packages of Young Hyson Tea worth 80c per pound, now they go at

We sell a first-class Mixed Tea worth 70c

50 Packages of nice Japan Tea worth 50c, selling at

35 Caddies Golden Bar Tobacco, a little damaged with water worth 60c per lb., selling at

2 boxes Matches for 25c.
14 lbs. Currants for $1.00.
6 bars Soap, splendid value, for 25c.
2 Brooms for 25c.
14 lbs. Raisins for $1.00.

And all our Stock in Simplicity at the lowest figure.

SALT, COAL OIL, FLOUR, AND ALL KINDS OF PROVISIONS

kept constantly on hand.

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORTEST NOTICE

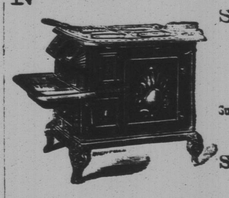
Don't Forget the Place, the RED FRONT

Nearly opposite J. R. Dundas

JAMES DARBEY & CO.

(Late Munro & Darbey.)

NEW FIRM.



STEPHENSON & THOMPSON.

Successors to Jno. Deyell, late Stephenson & Deyell

Have in stock a large variety of

STOVES and TINWARE

of every description.

Sole manufacturers of the

CELEBRATED STEPHENSON PATENT FURNACE.

For dwellings and public buildings—the best and cheapest in use.

Special attention at this season paid to Pumps and Sinks.
Have Troughing, Roofing, and all Outside Work promptly attended to.

KENT STREET, LINDSAY.