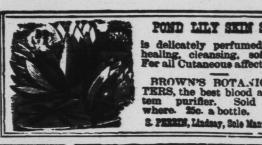


# The Canadian Post.



VOLUME XXXI, WHOLE NO. 1622

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1890.

TERMS. \$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

## SALE OF DRY GOODS

A REASON FOR IT.

Take Advantage of it While You Can.



We have to move at an early date; in order to do this we must sell Thirty Thousand Dollars' worth of Goods in the next Three Months.

## OUR PRICES TAKE A BIG DROP.

Cash will do Wonders with Us.

BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED EARLY IN THE SEASON.

## LADIES' WEAR.

Gloves, Hosiery, Velvet, Ribbons, Laces, Silks, Dress Goods, Henriettas, Amazon Cloths, Serge, Royal Whip Cords, Mantlings, Jersey Jackets, Wraps, Newmarkets, Baby Jackets and Dresses and Trimmings.

#### HOUSE WEAR.

Pillow Cottons and Sheetings, Tickings and Blankets, Carpets-in Hemp, Wool. Union. Tapestry and Brussels, Floor and Table Oil Cloths. Opaque Shades, Lace Curtains, Scrims, Felts, Cretonnes, Plushes, Side-Board Drapes, Table Linen and Quilts.

#### MEN'S WEAR.

Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Underwear, Neckties, Hosiery, Shirts-in White and Colored, Tweeds and Pantings, Ready-Made Clothing, Overcoats, Suits. Caps, Hats, Fur Coats, Mitts, Gloves and Robes, and many other articles of wear and usefulness not enumerated here, WHICH HAVE BEEN REDUCED.

EVERY ARTICLE IN OUR STORE IS TO BE

SOLD AWAY DOWN IN PRICE

E. E. W. McGAFFEY.

LINDSAY'S LEADER OF LOW CASH PRICES,

Dry Goods House,

One Door east of Simpson House, Kent-st., Lindsay.

Britton Brothers.

### Take Care . of the Children's Eyes.

Our experience as opticians goes to prove that, generally, parents are careless of their children's eyes. We are often required to fit glasses on young persons whose sight has been very seriously and permanently im-paired by want of attention on the part of thoughtless parents, at a time when the sufferers were too young and inexperienced to care for them-

Probably no physical defect meets with as little sympathy, or is so little noticed or allowed for by others, as poor vision. An absolutely blind person is an object of general pity; more so than one who is lame or otherwise crippled.

Few understand that thousands of their fellows, who can see, see so imperfectly as to be almost blind. It is wonderful how expert the blind become in the avocations of daily life, and it is only less wonderful how the nearly blind conceal their

One who is so short-sighted as to be unable to distinguish bytween a man and a horse at a distance of sixty feet, is practically blind for all greater distances. Yet no one thinks of him as a sufferer, or realizes the disadvantages under which he labors. Yet such people are numerous and are handicapped in the race of life, and can never hope to cope with those not so afflicted.

Myopia (short sight), and Hypermetropia (far sight), are visual troubles commonly met with in children of tender years. The former, unless treated, increases with age, and the latter results in cross eyes, and eventually blindness of one eye, or at all events renders one eye

The disastrous effects of Hypermetropia can be prevented by the use of suitable glasses, IF TAKEN EARLY; and the vision of both eyes may be preserved and the eyes kept straight. In Myopia the consequences are not less serious and are more difficult to combat.

Of course, there are other troubles incident to the eyes in childhood, but these are the most common that come within the province of the optician.

See to your child's eyes. Notice if he holds print too close to his face when reading, or if he complains of unpleasant symptoms upon the continued use of his eyes at school, for instance, or in the evening when studying. Or does he squint slightly at times! If so, exercise your common sense and get expert advice at once, as you would if he dislocated his ankle. It may be just as serious, and just because the symptoms are not so alarming at first don't blind yourselves to the serious conse-

#### **Britton Brothers**

J. G. Edwards.

Opticians and Jewelers.

Side and Ruby plain stained, and White Enamelled Glace,

Windows, call and see our patterns

Orders promptly attended to. Low prices always quoted on S Double Diamond Star Glass.

ts, White Lead, Oils, Heavy and

Sign of the ANVIL, Kent street.

Lindsay, Sept. 25, 1890.-20.

New Advertisements.

NARM FOR SALE.—A First-class

Notice to Subscribers.

#### post office plainly, and to give first an name in full and initial name if any. "J" alone

dress. This will save much time and trouble in hunting up names.

Subscribers in arrears and all others indebted are SPECIALLY REQUESTED to remit promptly.

CHARLES D. BARN, - - PROPRIETOR

The Canadian Post.

PREPARING FOR THE FRAY THE SOUTH VICTORIA BYE-ELECTION.

in Enthusiastic Reform Convention

The South Victoria reform convention was somewhat hurriedly called for last Monday under the impression that the in order to take the reform party at a disadvantage; but notwithstanding the short notice there was a large and representative attendance, and the proceedings from start to finish were of the most harmonious, neouraging and patriotic character. An unanimous determination was manifested to reject the overtures from leading conservatives to allow the election of some conservative by scelamation in the interests of the railway project. It was held to be s public duty in the present critical state of affairs to challenge the Ottawa government's policy of retaliation and hostility to

The convention was held in Hamilton's hall and opened a few minutes in the forenoon but adjourned until one o'clock, when President Eyres of Mariposa took the chair. Mr. D. R. Anderson, the efficient secretary, read the roll. Dr. McKay M. P. P., was present and was accorded an enthusiastic welcome.

eciprocity.

THE PRESIDENT in a short address alluded to the great living issue of the day and expressed the hope that the farmers of the riding would have the independence and public spirit to vote for the relief of there own hampered interests. He referred to netween the two countries.

Mr. J. F. Cunnings spoke briefly on the same topic and made several capital pointsand effective address on the effects of the McKinley bill as illustrated by the silent street and dull grain market, where a few days ago there had been crowds of anxious farmers delivering their barley so that it might reach its destination before the bill could become law.

Mr. Junkin of Verulam alluded to the effects of the McKinley bill on the egg markets and quoted the experience of D. D. Wilson of Seaforth, the "egg king of the west," as to the disadvantages of ex. porting to the English market. NOMINATIONS.

Wm. Lownsbrough, by John Junkin and E. H. Hopkins. F. C. Taylor, by J. F. Cunnings and Thos. Stewart, by A. Dunsheath and F.

Shaver. Geo. McHugh, by Dr. Herriman and W. Minty.
Elise Bowes, by J. M. Emmerson and

John Bagshaw.
E. H. Hopkins, by Lyman Minthorne and Geo. McHugh.
J. F. Cunnings, by P. Brown and R. H. McLaughlin. Thos. Walters, by Jas. Keith and J. A.

Robi. Adam, by John Makins and F. J. D z Thurston, by H. O'Leary and M.

Wm. Eyres, by C. D. Barr and G. H. Saveral of the nominees expressed a wish

Several of the nominees expressed a wish to retire as they considered their nominations honorary, but the convention decided to take a ballot first. This was done and a majority showed for Mr. Lownsbrough. All the other candidates then retired and the unanimous nomination was tendered to Mr. Lownsbrough who smidst enthusiastic Mr. Lownsbrough who amidst enthusiaetic cheering in a brief and modest speech accepted the honor tendered him. It had been unsought by him and was unexpected, but he was confident that by proper exertion with the living issue before the country they could carry the riding. He was accorded hearty applause.

Mr. W. Graham of Emily gave a brief but impressive and elegant address on the

impreseive and elequent address on the great question before the farmers of the riding. Mr. Graham's speech received

riding. Mr. Graham's speech received warm applause.
Mr. W. T. R. Preston of Toronto was present and delivered a stirring address and received a hearty applause as he is an old favorite in South Victoria.

Dr. McKay, M. P. P., was called to the platform and enthusiastically welcomed. He thanked those present for their exertions in his behalf in the local election, and expressed the confident hope that they would win a significant victory in the approaching bye-election.

The convention closed with cheers for the queen and for Lownsbrough and Laurier.

The Tory Convention—Rival Aspirat nded Action of the Lindsay Citque-The First Ballot Burned. last Saturday was fairly attended, there

sided. The proceedings appear to have been of a highly interesting and exciting nature. It was supposed that steps had to be taken to counterbalance the full delegation from Emily; and the

packing the convention; but it had only a Emily's favorite son from getting there; but it did not secure the nomination for

About a dozen nominations were made nd over half retired for various reasons. A resolution to adjourn the convention for two weeks was rejected, and a motion to proceed to ballot was carried. A ballot was then taken upon five names: Mesers. T. H. McQuade, McSweyn, Hughes, Boyd and Fairbairn. The latter two gentlemen were not present. It is well understood that Mr. Boyd would not accept a nomina-tion under any circumstances. Mr. Hughes declared that if Mr. Boyd or Mr. Fairbairn declared that if Mr. Boyd or Mr. Fairbairn went to ballot he would support them, but otherwise his name would remain before the convention. A ballot was accordingly taken, and the scrutineers had started to count when the president ordered the ballots to be burned, and announced that the convention should advanted ediamental for two wasks. This extand adjourned for two weeks. This extraordinary proceeding caused deep and general dissatisfaction. It was by many conservatives condemned as arbitrary and highhanded. Then why were not the ballots counted? It was a most singular thing not to count them and report to the convention. convention. If that had been done, a motion to adjourn would not have been out of place. But things were not going in a way to suit the two Lindsay bosses.

Perhaps the junior tory organ's candidate
was looming up ahead—a contingency to
be prevented at all hazards. Perhaps
Emily's favorite son was marked for a big majority; and he was to be circumvented in

any way possible. And he was circumvented. Was that fair? It does not seem like it. for the vice-presidency of the Lindsay conservative as ociation. This position has been held by Mr. J. R. Dundas. Mr. S. Hughes was a candidate for this position and report goes that he literally snowed his opponent under. We refer to this matter to show who is running, managing tion of South Victoria.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The Situation in South Victoria-A Word to the Farmers. [To the Editor of THE POST.]

SIR,-It must be apparent to every observer of the great questions that agitate the public mind that the people of Canada are passing through a critical and important period of our history. So it behooves the electorate of South Victoria to weigh the evidence carefully and from an unbiased standpoint before they reach the conclusions that will decide their actions during the coming contest.

The great question of Reciprocity vs.

Restriction is without a doubt the most

momentous question that is before the people at the present time. It relates to the welfare of the people of our broad and the McKinley bill and held the Ottawa fair Dominion and of the great republic at government to a large measure of responsi- our southern boundary. Its adoption or bility for the unsatisfactory trade relations | rejection will beyond all question have a very material bearing on all the various industries of our land. So it will be easily seen that no person who has the welfare of Mr. Hugh O'Leary gave an elequent | the country as well as their own interests at heart can afford to look with indifference on this matter. The dividing lines between the two political parties are clearly and distinctly drawn. During the session of Dominion parliament held in 1888 Sir Richard Cartwright moved a resolution in parliament setting forth that it was highly desirable that the largest possible freedom of commercial intercourse should obtain between the Dominion of Canada and the United States, and that it is expedient that all articles manufactured in or the natural products of said country should be admitted free of duty into the ports of the other country (articles subject to duty of excise or of internal revenue alone excepted), and it is expedient that the government of the Dominion should take steps at an early date to ascertain on what terms and conditions arrangements can be effected with the United States for the purpose of securing full and unrestricted reciprocity of trade therewith. That in so many words the government should carry on negotiations either through ambassadors or otherwise, and find out what kind of a pargain could be made. One would suppose that they would have given the matter at least a trial, but on the contrary they rejected the resolution; and now the United States have raised their tariff wall still higher than it was at that time, and we as farmers know pretty well how a tariff war effects us in the recent downfall of the barley market. It will certainly affect us in every commodity they have to sell just the same. Then to recoup curselves for the loss we are asked to continue to tax ourselves on commodities coming from the mother country as well as from all parts of the world. That the neighboring republic yond dispute, and that trade unhampered will run in its natural channel is beyond cavil. A nation as well as an individual will sell in the best market and buy on the most advantageous terms. So it follows that all restriction of trade is a tax on the labor of the masses, and it is well to remember that labor produces all wealth. The absurdity of trying to enrich ourselves by acts of parliament must be apparent to every person, as the experiment has been followed by a complete failure. No more crazy scheme could be thought of except it would be to issue rag money, such as the cories were talking of a few years ago.

So far as the contest in South Victoria is

So far as the contest in South Victoria is concerned we need not expect our tory friends to face the issue squarely. That is not their nature. No doubt one party of them will shout railway; another annexation; somebody will try to deal out some slander; but let not the farmers be deceived into voting for the adoption of a suicidal policy that is bringing ruin and disaster on themselves, as was pointed out in the last issue of your paper in an able in the last issue of your paper in an able communication from Thomas Fee. There never was a time when the farmers

had the reins more in their own hands than at the present. Never mind fretting about the manufacturer's interests, but look after your own. Vote to break down the restrictions of trade. Ask for a fair field and no favors, for it is impossible to nave protection except at some person's expense, and as before mentioned labor produces all weekly have pro produces all wealth, and as protection gives a chance to rings and monopolies to gives a chance to rings and monopolies we enalaye the masses and wealth producing classes, it necessarily follows that the farmer is by continuing this policy simply making himself a slave to capital.

setting a steam engine in your barn-

eard send for CORNEIL and get insured in the the full delegation from Emily; and the editor of the senior tory organ had a pocketful of blank certificates which he gave to his particular followers, making:

TOWN JOTTINGS. Brown's Magnetic Cil is the great remedy for aches and pains. - 19-tf

in all the latest styles in Boots and Shoes Trunks, Valises, etc., go to BRYANS & Co., first door east of Daly house, Kent-st., Lindsay .-

Collegiate Institute Foot-Ball Club. -The members met during the week and rerganized with the following officers: President, ton; secretary-treasurer, J. T. Harrington; captain, Mr. Boynton; committee of management: Mesrs. C. Ritchie, J. Carter, W. Day, R. W. Perry, G. Hermiston; curator, Mr. J. Coone.... They have already received a challenge and expect to have their first game on Nov. 6th, (Thanks giving day.) They will be pleased to hear from other clubs in the surrounding district.

Mr. Bengough, the talented artist-editor of Grip, and who has a world-wide reputation, will give one of his unique and popular entertainments, consisting of music, mirth and mimicry, embellished with rapid crayon sketches mimicry, embellished with rapid crayon sketches of people you know, on Friday evening, Oct. 17th, 1890, in Bradburn's opera house. Mr. Bengough comes under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. He has appeared before audiences in our best cities and towns, and but recently was banqueted by the Press Club of New York city, where he met with unbounded success. Be sure you hear him and see him.

Lindsay Curling Cinb.

The anual meeting of the Lindsay curling club took place Monday evening at the rink and was largely attended. The following are officers elected for the current year:—Patron, J. A. Barron, M. P.; president, Wm. McLennan; vice-president, Dr. Poole; secretary, J. M. MoLennan; treasurer, J.D. Flavelle; chaplain, Rev. R. Johnston, B. A. Committee of management—J. Keith, J. D. Flavelle, J. M. Knowson and Dr. Poole Committee of medias—J. D. Flavelle, J. M. Knowson and Dr. Poole Committee of medias—J. D. Flavelle, Commi J. Keith, J. D. Flavelle, J. M. Knowison and Dr. Poole. Committee of medals—J. D. Flavelle, J. M. Knowlson and J. A. Bucknell. Representative members—J. D. Flavelle and G. H. Bertram. Club skips—J. D. Flavelle, J. M. Knowlson, J. W. Wallace, James Ketth, J. G. Edwards J. McMillan, sr., A. May Donnell and Wm. McLennan. Foreign skips—J. D. Flavelle and Wm. McLennan. The following members were balloted for and duly elected:—E. Gregory, jr., N. H. Cowdry, Dr. Simpson, A. Lumsden, B. McManan, S. McMillan, H. Ferguson, J. McAdam, G. Little, J. Matthie, E. S. Neil, A. McIntyre, W. Hungerford, C. H. Grantham..... Cordia. votes of thanks were tendered Secretary J. M. McLennan and Treasurer J. D. Flavelle for their services during the past year.

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Market Opening at Lindsay. The committee have arranged for a special opening day for the market on Saturday, Oct. 11, under the new regula-

tions, and they invite farmers, market gardeners and dairymen to bring their stock and produce early in the morning. Rutchers and stock dealers will be on deck to buy the stock. Arrangements are already made for over one hundred peef cattle, sheep, hogs and horses. We want buyers and sellers to get together that day and then it will be easily kept up every Wednesday and Saturday in future - 21.2.

A teachers' institute for the 'ownship of Somerville was held at Kinmount on Friday, Oct. 3. The following subjects were discussed during the meeting at the school house in the morning

Methods of teaching reading to beginners How to teach division. What home work should be given to the

ferent classes?

Mental arithmetic (with classes)

Uniform promotion examination

Fourth class literature. In consequence of the town hall having been destroyed in the late fire the evening meeting was held in the Baptist church which had been kindly lent for the occasion. Addresses were delivered by Revs. Mesers. Oke and Pikey and by Mesers. J. B. Campbell and J. H. Knight. The village band and united village choirs en-livened the meeting with instrumental and vocal music, which was well rendered Mr. James Wilson, a trustee of the Kinmount school, occupied the chair. The attendance at the school house was small, prepably owing to the wet weather. It was hoped that teachers from the adjoining counties of Peterboro and Hali-burton would attend, but none same Dr.Carry, P. S. inspector, Hatiburton county, assisted Mr. Knight in the afternoon. In the evening the church was well filled, and the desire was freely expressed that another institute should be held

at Kinmount in the near future. Lindsay Board of Education. The regular meeting of the board of educa-

tion was held in the council chamber Tuesday Messrs. D. Ray, T. Stewart, J. Kennedy, R. Kennedy, R. J McLaughlin, J. Dunsford, Col. Deacon, A. O'Leary and J. D. Macmurchy-Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, after which a lengthy report from Mr. Harstone, principal of the ollegiate institute, was read. Headmaster Broderick also presented a report. The total number on the rolls of the schools for September was 833 average attendance, 714. Both reports were referred to the visiting committee for consideration.... Mr. John Head submitted a report showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing the showing that \$213.75 in titute fees had been showing the showing collected for September ..... A communication from Inspector Knight informed the board that \$230 had been paid in at the recent department-\$127 had been paid over to the treasurer. The two communications were referred to the finance committee ..... Col. Descon submitted a short report from the visiting committee, and mending that the tender of Mr. Robt. Blain for the construction of the south ward school addiion for the sum of \$2.400 be accepted, it being the lowest.—The reports were adopted... Deacon then gave notice that at the next meeting he would bring in a motion providing for the establishment of the fifth form in the public schools, or otherwise the abolition of fees in the first form of the institute ... He also stated that at a meeting to be called for the purpose he would move for a dissolution of the public and high school boards .... The board

Farewell to the Train Despatchers. The Peterboro Examiner of Wednesday says: ed notice that they will be removed to Lindsay next Monday, and, much as they regret it, they must of course obey. The staff of despatchers must of course obey. The staff of despatchers will be greatly missed here, and their fellow-employes in the station, yards and shops took the opportunity last night of tendering them a formal farewell. About twenty-five of the G.T. employses assembled at the Snowden house, and sat down to an excellent oyster supper prepared by Mr. Snowden. Conductor Morris occupied the chair and Mr. Brundrette, station agent, the vice-chair. The guests of the evening were the despatchers. Mesers. George Stevens, despatcher-in-chief. James Lowe, W. Lyons, Joseph Curran, R. McCauley and R. Strype. The two latter gentlemen leave for Lindsay towere the despatchers. Mesers. George Stevens, despatcher-in-chief, James Lowe, W. Lyons, Joseph Curran, R. McCauley and R. Strype. The two latter gentlemen leave for Lindsay tomorrow and the remainder follow next week. Mr. Brundrette explained the cause of the gathering, which was to say farewell to their friends in the despatching offices. He was very sorry to lose their companionship and recretted that the company had seen fit to remove them from Peterboro. Other speakers followed in a similar strain, among them Conductor Morris, Mr. Payton Mr. Somerville and Mr. W. Hogan. The guests replied individually, and all expressed their regret at having to leave Peterborough and their many and kind friends behind. They hoped, however, to have as happy a time in Lindsay as they had had in Peterboro. The proceedings were enlivened by songs from Mesers. H. Varnes. W. Logan and T. Byan, and a recitation by Mr. T. Oeborne. The evening was brought to a close by the singing of Auld Lang Syne. More than the Grand Trunk employees will regret the removal of the despatchers to Lindsay. Individually they are all fine fellows, who have many warm friends in town. Mr. Lowe was secretary-treasurer of St. Paul's Sunday-chool, from the officers of which he has received a most cordial vote of thanks for his services