

## R. S. Porter.

# T.A.N.S.

Latest Designs.  
A Beautiful Assortment.  
At Sample Prices.

Call and see them at  
**PORTER'S BOOK STORE.**  
Lindsay, July 10th, 1890.-1890.

**W. A. Goodwin.**  
**HEADQUARTERS**  
IN VICTORIA COUNTY FOR  
**BOOK PAPER AND PICTURE FRAMES**

**W. A. GOODWIN'S**  
Baker's Block West-End, Lindsay.

**ARTIST'S GOODS** a Specialty.  
Machine Needles, Albertine and Dye  
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**"HARVEST" & "ORIONS"**

**NORTH WEST**

August 12th, 19th, and September 2nd.

Return Tickets Good for 40 Days.

Glenboro, -	\$28.
Deloraine, -	28.
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†Ticket holders will be given free use of  
Colonial Sleeping.  
†Stop over privileges allowed west of  
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†Apply early so as to secure Berths and  
Tickets to

**F. C. TAYLOR,**  
AGENT, Express Office  
Lindsay, Aug. 7, 1890.-13.

**MR. J. A. GILLOGLY**  
is Collector and Cashier for THE CANADIAN  
Post and is authorized to grant receipts for  
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ness.

**The Canadian Post.**

Circulation - 4,170.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1890.

THE LINDSAY CENTRAL.

The Lindsay central exhibition this year promises to be of remarkable interest. We understand preparations will be made to enhance the attractiveness of the exhibition in every department. A little more energy and enterprise will accomplish wonders in this direction. The directors are devoting much time and thought to make the exhibition in every respect a success, and we are confident the farmers, stock-raisers and manufacturers of the county and town have sufficient pride and patriotism to second their efforts in every reasonable way. The directors look for a large increase in the membership, and we direct the special attention of all whom it may concern to the advertisement in other columns bearing upon this particular matter. Those who wish to secure the advantages of membership should join at once. The time for joining is limited.

An additional reason for making a fine display this year is to be found in the visit of Lord Stanley to open the exhibition. This will make the occasion one of unusual interest. We have time and again urged the propriety of securing a visit from her majesty's representatives, and we regard with no little satisfaction the enthusiasm displayed on all sides in arranging for his excellency's reception. Our people are loyal and liberal even veteran conservatives are most liberal in preparing for the coming event. We may be sure that the completed arrangements will be governed by good sense and good taste; and that while nothing will be left undone to give his excellency a loyal and enthusiastic reception, the programme will not be extravagant or sensational, but will in every respect be worthy of the occasion and of the town and county.

Our farmers, stock-raisers, exhibitors and manufacturers should go to work with a will to have their contributions for the show in good shape, in order to give the Governor General and his suite and the public a good idea of what this county and town can do, and to make the show a success in every respect.

It would not be amiss, perhaps, to invite the county of Haliburton to make an exhibit of its mineral and agricultural productions. Some special provision could be made for an exhibit of this kind, without much outlay.

### A RUMORED DISSOLUTION.

A rumor has been going the rounds that Sir John Macdonald contemplates a dissolution of the house and a general election this fall. There is also a report that there is to be a session of parliament before Christmas. A general election this fall need surprise no one, if Sir John Macdonald considers it the most advantageous time in the interests of his party. Probably no more advantageous time is likely to occur. An abundant harvest will have been reaped; and it is likely that prices will be better than they have been for the past few years. A decided improvement in the times may be expected; and the ministry will no doubt try to turn it to the best account. It is certain that trade restriction or high tariff on both sides of the line will find it difficult to undergo the ordeal of a year's experience of the McKinley bill. That measure if passed in its present state is likely to be disastrous to the republican party or to the high protection section of it. Mr. Blaine has the shrewdness to see the impending defeat; and has raised a warning voice. That it will have consequences most serious to Canada is plain to the meanest understanding. It is unfortunate that the Macdonald ministry has on more than one occasion taken a needlessly unfriendly attitude against our neighbors, and it is still more unfortunate that it has expressed hostility to reciprocity. There are numerous indications that this misguided policy will receive wide-spread condemnation, and it would be a characteristic exploit for Sir John to steal a march on the public by having a general election which would take place not on this year's lists, but on those of three or four years ago. The enormous advantage of the Dominion franchise act to a decaying government could not receive a more striking illustration.

### RESTRICTION OR RECIPRO- CITY.

Mr. Chas. A. Dana, the distinguished editor of the New York Sun, now in London, is reported by a Herald interviewer as expressing the opinion in which he is quite certain that the McKinley bill will become law, "but in a modified form, that is on the lines formulated by Mr. Blaine of reciprocity with South American states. The United States will say, 'You take our corn and beef and we will take your sugar.' But that modification won't affect people over here [in England] who are clamoring about their silks and velvets. There is no use in trying to disguise it from these merchants; that bill will pass, and as regards their case no alteration in it will be made." It is by no means certain that Mr. Blaine will win in his struggle for reciprocity. The younger republican leaders keenly resent his attempted domination of the party, and hope to be able to relegate him to the retired politician class at the end of his term. Still he has made a bold bid for leadership, and has furnished a phrase that in the ensuing campaign will be used with fatal effect against not only the McKinley bill, but against high protection generally.

But Mr. Blaine has so far shown no indication of favoring reciprocity with Canada. It is true reciprocity with the South American states will in all likelihood lead to reciprocity with the Dominion. The discussion of the first question cannot be carried on without attracting attention to the second. Mr. Blaine will, in our opinion, take the line that will prove most popular in the west, where is his greatest strength as a presidential candidate, and the west is not particularly enthusiastic about reciprocity with Canada. We find this impression supported by a Washington correspondent who says that "anyone in Canada who supposes that there is a prospect that the agricultural schedule of the McKinley bill will be materially modified will be wise to direct himself of that belief. This was clearly shown by an incidental debate in the senate the other day, in which the agricultural schedule was discussed. Mr. Wilson of Iowa is one of the granger republican senators. He insisted that the agriculture of the United States needs protection from Canadian products. The speech of Mr. Wilson showed that there is no intention on the part of the republicans to interfere in any manner with the agricultural schedule. No suggestion has as yet been made in any republican quarter looking to a change in that schedule. In fact, as the discussion proceeds, it becomes more probable that the bill is to be passed as it came from the committee on finance. There is no disposition to make any considerable changes in the bill, so far as the republicans are concerned, and no effort has been made by republicans to change any item in the agricultural schedule, except as to the single article of barley. The movement proceeds from the brewers and the maltsters. It does not originate from the farmers; on the contrary, it is opposed by them. There does not seem to be any probability that there will be any change in the agricultural schedule except that there may possibly be a reduction in the duty on barley from 25 to 15 cents, but as to that there is even doubt. The movement of the brewers and maltsters has reached the ears of the farmers, and they are beginning to send counter-petitions here to the effect that they are able to raise in the United States all of the barley that the brewers need, and that if this is to be a farmers' bill there need be no concession of this sort."

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

From census returns now in it is roughly estimated that the population of the United States is about 65,000,000. The population of New York state is about 6,000,000.

The White Star steamship "Trenton" has broken by nearly four hours the ocean record hitherto held by the Inman "City of Paris." The "Trenton's" time was 5 days, 19 hrs. and 5 min.

It is announced that the author of "Tooth," and "A Dreamer of Dreams" is Prof. Nicholson of Edinburgh university. If we are not mistaken Prof. Nicholson was connected with Toronto university some fifteen years ago and returned to Edinburgh.

The Ottawa Free Press says: "General Middleton has declared to a newspaper correspondent that the Dominion government sacrificed him to 'placate the French vote.' Who is it that 'tricked to the French Canadians' in this instance? Let our anti-French Ontario Tories 'speak now.'"

Gen. Middleton made to an interviewer some statements which show that Hayter Reed, civil commissioner of the Dominion government, was largely responsible for the confiscation of Bremner's furs. The indications are that the general has been sacrificed to shield Reed and other political favorites. But the general should have known better than to have any part in the transaction.

"But the Tariff Hog," remarks the Sarnia Observer, commenting on the Toronto World's crusade against the "Office Hog," "what about him? The Tariff Hog, dear Observer, according to an eminent Red Parlor authority, greedily fattening on the cheaters the 'old man' shakes down for them; and the 'old man' fries some of the fat out of them when elections come round."

It is stated that the Hon. J. K. Ward of Montreal is to enter Mr. Mercier's cabinet as the representative of the English speaking minority. Mr. Ward, says an eastern exchange "has been all his life a consistent liberal, and enjoys the respect and confidence of all classes. He is an experienced lumberman, and is one of the largest stockholders in several of the cotton factories in the province of Quebec."

The Ottawa Free Press remarks: "While the Dominion ministers are in such good humor over their purchased 'victory' in Montmorny, they ought to issue the writs for new elections in Portneuf, Naperville and South Victoria. These constituencies have been vacant for months. What are the ministers waiting for? What are they afraid of? The late Mr. Hudspeth died during last session, but South Victoria is still without a representative. Portneuf and Naperville were vacated as soon as Montmorny. By the time the Dominion government get through with testing their popularity in the now vacant constituencies the courts will probably have given them a chance for a new trial in Montmorny."

A Washington dispatch states that Mr. Wiman spent a day in that city, and that he breakfasted with Major McKinley, dined with Congressman Hitt and took "supper" with Speaker Reed. Now, if Mr. Wiman will conduct the reciprocity campaign on these happy lines he will win a signal victory, and the producer and manufacturer up here will sing—

"No pent up Canada confines our powers."

But the whole boundless continent is ours. Would it not be much more pleasant for Mr. Wiman to give or take a hundred dinners at Washington instead of delivering a hundred addresses in Ontario? Would Mr. Wiman not be much more likely to succeed by adopting the tactics of Lord Elgin and Lord Dufferin rather than by wasting oratory upon unheeding Canadians? Mr. Wiman displayed so much shrewdness in capturing and dining the pan American delegates that we are confident that the exercise of his talent in the larger field of Washington politics would not only secure reciprocity unimpaired but earn for the Wimaning statesman undying fame.

### COMMUNICATIONS.

**Wednesday Evening Meetings.**  
[To the Editor of This Post.]  
Sir,—I see in your last issue two references made to the slim attendance at the meeting re "The proposed grain elevator" last Wednesday evening.

One reason of the small attendance may have been, that on Wednesday evenings most of the churches in town hold their week night service or prayer meeting. I know at least one has a religious service on Wednesday evening. It would be like to have been present, but did not feel it his duty to neglect the one opportunity during the week of coming apart to worship with the congregation. Might I not suggest that those arranging for future meetings try, as far as possible, and avoid Wednesday evenings.

**Lindsay-Toronto Mail Arrangements.**  
[To the Editor of This Post.]  
Sir,—Your article headed "Toronto Post Office," which appears in this day's issue, contains the following extract from a letter, said to have been received by a Toronto wholesale firm from a customer at Lindsay, Ontario, viz:

"Terribly exasperating is the registered mail connection with Toronto. Toronto is at a great disadvantage now as compared with Montreal. I could send a registered letter as late as 7 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday) to Montreal, which would be delivered by, say, 10 a.m. on Friday. My correspondent would have the day to work at the order and transact the business connected with the letter, and register for return as late as 7 p.m. if necessary, and his letter would reach me Saturday, 9 a.m. Now, if mailed to Toronto at the same hour, it would not leave here until Friday, 9 a.m. (no registered mail on evening train), and be delivered to you about 1.30, and you would only have one-half the time to attend to its requirements and be ready to register (Monday or 7 p.m., and then if registered (Monday) would not leave Toronto until 5 p.m. next day, reaching here at 8 p.m., too late for delivery until Monday."

"From Lindsay to Toronto and return, 48 hours, not including Sunday, and then you have only half the time to carry out the instructions. If no improvement can be made, I will send you to open up my account in Montreal, where I used to deal years ago."

respectively, for Lindsay, would be despatched from Toronto at 8.30 p.m. and would be due at Lindsay at 9.15 next morning. It will be observed that the correspondent in question is always setting up as the facts, and that registered letters are delayed as promptly, each way, between Lindsay and Toronto as between Lindsay and Montreal.—Yours etc.,  
M. SWEETMAN,  
Chief Post Office Inspector,  
Toronto, Aug. 14, 1890.

[The letter which we published on Saturday, and which is reproduced above, was received by Messrs. P. W. Ellis & Co. of Wellington-st., who had it from a customer doing business in Lindsay, and who no doubt speaks from personal experience.—Ed. THE MAIL.]

[To the Editor of the Mail.]  
Sir,—Referring to the communication from Messrs. P. W. Ellis & Co. of Toronto, giving an extract from the complaint of a merchant at Lindsay of the delay of registered mail matter for Toronto, the correspondence states that letters for Toronto mailed at 7 p.m. would not be despatched from the Lindsay office until 9 a.m. on the following morning. I desire to say that the statement of the Lindsay merchant is entirely incorrect, as a registered package for Toronto is despatched at 8 p.m. from Lindsay to the mail clerk on the Midland railway passing to Port Hope, and arrives at Toronto at 7.30 on the following morning, in time for delivery by the first despatch.

Mr. G. W. Beall, a merchant from Lindsay, has sent me the same statement, but he is entirely astray as to the mail arrangements of the Lindsay office. If any registered matter has been delayed, as his inquiry will be made for the purpose of ascertaining where the delay has taken place.—Yours etc.,  
DANIEL SPAY,  
P. O. Inspector.

**Barrie, Aug. 11th, 1890.**  
**A Girl Friend's Friendship.**  
The Indianapolis Sentinel tells the following pleasant story: Miss Fannie Gary, a young and wealthy lady of Chicago, worked two weeks recently in a common tailor shop of that city. The story is a pretty one, with an heroic vein running through it. Mary Anderson worked in the shop referred to, and three weeks ago Miss Gary noticed that Miss Anderson was going into a decline by reason of the hard work and long hours of the shop, so she proposed sending her to a pleasant summer resort to recuperate. "I can't go," said the girl, "and will take your place." Miss Anderson went to the country and Miss Gary went to the tailor shop. For two weeks she left her pleasant home every morning at six o'clock, clad in a neat, plain black dress, and found her way to the shop. She stitched all day long at the coarse cloth, reaching her home again at seven o'clock in the evening. It was not until Miss Anderson returned from her summer vacation that it was whispered about that the daughter of Judge Gary had been working for two weeks in a Division street tailor shop. Such a noble act of self-sacrifice will not, perhaps, rank in the estimation of many with the daring acts of Grace Darling or Ida Lewis, but for all that it suggests much food for every pleasant reflection.

**Fall Shows.**  
Central, Lindsay, September 24-26.  
Industrial, Toronto, September 8-20.  
Central, Peterboro, September 24-26.  
Central, Cananago, September 24 and 27.  
Mariposa, at Oakwood, Sept. 30, and Oct. 1.  
West Durham, Bowmanville, Sept. 25 and 26.  
Georgina and North Gwillimbury union agricultural at Sutton on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 23 and 24.

**Real Estate and Insurance**  
**J. H. SOOTHERAN**  
—AND—  
**R. S. SMITH,**  
REAL ESTATE AND MONEY BROKERS.  
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS.  
—AGENTS FOR—  
**THE FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION**  
of London, England.  
**THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE**  
INSURANCE COY of Liverpool, Eng.  
**EASTERN INSURANCE COMPANY**  
of Canada.  
**BRITISH EMPIRE LIFE INSURANCE**  
COY of London, England.  
**SUN LIFE INSURANCE COY** of Canada.

**MONEY TO LOAN** on Mortgages at lowest current rates.  
**MONEY TO LOAN** on Approved Endorsed Notes at lowest rates.  
**MORTGAGES BOUGHT AND SOLD.**  
**REAL ESTATE** bought and sold on commission.

**PROPERTIES** Rented and Tenants procured on short notice.

**Properties for Rent.**  
Our Office is the proper place to rent your property and procure good tenants. At the present time we have a number of properties for rent at reasonable prices. If farmers and owners have property for rent, we will give them full particulars of their farms we can bring both parties together on short notice. July 1st, 1890, we are the proper ones to secure good tenants. If owners of farms cannot come into town, write for blank form to fill up and return to us.

**Properties to Exchange.**  
Farm in the Township of Fenelon to exchange for dwelling houses in Lindsay.  
Farm in Muskoka to exchange for dwelling house in Lindsay.  
Park Lots in Lindsay to exchange for farm property.

**Farms for Sale.**  
\$7,500—Farm in the Township of Lindsay, 100 acres; choice farm, 2 story brick dwelling, frame barn, 40 x 20 ft., with stone foundation, and well equipped with other necessary buildings. Terms \$3,500 down, balance at 6 per cent per annum.

\$6,000—Farm in the township of Lindsay, 100 acres; good frame dwelling, barn, 30 x 70 ft., stable 30 x 30 ft.

\$8,000—In township of Lindsay, 200 acres, with privilege of buying adjoining 130 acres for \$20 per acre if purchaser desires; two good dwelling houses with stone foundations, three barns, with stone foundations under large barn, 40 x 60 ft. An excellent farm, \$3,000 down, balance to suit at 6 per cent.

**NOTICE**  
AS we intend making a regular business of REAL ESTATE, FIRE, MARINE, LOANING and INSURANCE we invite everybody who may have business in any of these departments to call on us.

AS Parties having Properties for Sale can have them Advertised without Cost, as we make no charge except when a sale is effected.

AS Parties having Property to Rent will have their property put up for Rent, and no charge made until Tenants are provided.

AS Parties wishing to Buy or Rent are cordially invited to call at our Office and look over our List.

AS Working men, mechanics and others, supplied with House or Lots on the Lindsay Farm.

**J. H. Sootheran & R. S. Smith.**  
OFFICE—2nd door west of the new Post Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.  
Lindsay, June 28th, 1890.—G.

## WHICH WILL YOU PAY?

IF YOU PAY ATTENTION TO THIS ADVERTISEMENT  
YOU WILL NOT PAY THE EXTRA PROFIT OTHERS ARE MAKING  
ON SUMMER GOODS,  
BECAUSE YOU WILL SEE AT A GLANCE THAT WE ARE OFFERING  
THE SAME GOODS AT 25 PER CENT. LESS; OF COURSE  
YOU WON'T PAY 25C.

ON THE DOLLAR USELESSLY. WHO WOULD? YOU'LL  
COME TO US AND SAVE MONEY. WHO WOULDN'T?

**WARNER & PERRY,**  
THE GREAT BANKRUPT STOCK MEN,  
Two Doors East of the Daly House.

Lindsay, Aug. 8th, 1890.—1613.  
Arch. Campbell.

**SOMETHING**  
**WORTH KNOWING.**

THE CAMPING-OUT SEASON IS HERE,  
In fact a good many are already enjoying the pleasures of which camping is chock-full and running over, and in almost every instance the supplies have been procured from

**Campbell, The Grocer,**

who prides himself upon keeping the freshest and most satisfying lines. Camping out acts as a powerful incentive to the appetite, and when one comes back the proud possessor of eight or ten pounds extra avordupois, it is safe to hazard that CAMPBELL supplied the provisions.

It is unnecessary to go into details—we have everything that any well-regulated party should want—at least nearly all. The goods will be neatly packed and placed on board train or steamer, and prices will not cause a moment's worry. TRY OUR STORE,

**A. CAMPBELL, Family Grocer.**  
Lindsay, July 25th, 1890.—11.

**New Advertisements.**  
**R. Smyth & Son.**  
**AT THE NEW STORE,**  
Opposite the Market,  
We are closing out the Balance of our Spring and Summer Stock of Choice  
Dress Goods, Prints, Millinery  
and Ready-Made Clothing.  
Unprecedented Bargains.  
**R. SMYTH & SON.**  
Lindsay, June 12, 1890.—65.

**McNab & Martin.**  
**FARMERS, CONTRACTORS**  
Come and see McNAB & MARTIN'S  
Lumber at - - - \$4.00 per M.  
Shingles at - - - \$1.00 per M.  
Barn Timber any size up to 12 x 12, 35 ft. long.  
**McNAB & MARTIN.**  
Lindsay, July 30th, 1890.—12.

**The Canadian Post.**  
**FINE JOB PRINTING**  
Is a specialty at the office of THE POST.

**FOUNDRA AND MACHINE WORKS**  
FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—30 years successful trade, largely cash. Fine character from business. Apply at once, Estate W. PORTER, Bowmanville. Aug. 13, 1890.—111.

**FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.**  
—Being south half of Lot 22, in the 14th Con. of Fenelon, 100 acres good land, more or less; 75 acres cleared and under cultivation. A large log house, barn and stable. For further particulars apply to JOHN C. MURCHISON on the premises. Address Glenora P. O. Aug. 3, 1890.—14 ipd.

**ALLAN LINE**  
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.  
**CHEAP EXCURSIONS TO EUROPE.**  
**Montreal or Quebec.**  
TO Derry or Liverpool.  
FIRST CABIN, \$45 Single, \$95 Return. RATES \$45, \$50 and \$60 Single, \$95, \$100 and \$115 Return, according to location of Steamer. Above rates do not apply to St. Pauline, or June voyage of SARADINIAN. NO CATTLE CARRIED. INTERMEDIATE, \$30. Return, \$60. Steerage at Lowest Rates. Apply to H. E. A. ALLAN, Montreal, or R. S. PORTER, Lindsay.

**LINDSAY CENTRAL EXHIBITION.**  
The Eighth Annual Central Fair will be held in LINDSAY on  
Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,  
23rd, 24th and 25th Sept., 1890.  
An invitation is cordially extended to every resident in the district to become members at the fee of \$1—one dollar to enable us to give the Governor-General a right loyal welcome at our Exhibition. If you would be kind enough before 1st September to hand your dollar to any of the Directors you will receive a member's ticket, that ticket will admit you to the Fair Grounds.  
J. F. DIX, PRES.; ROBT WILLOCK, 1st vice-pres.; ROBERT HANNAH, 2nd vice-pres.; W. E. SWAIN, W. H. LOWENBROUGH, E. H. HOPKINS, I. W. REID, T. H. McQUADE, W. M. ADAMS, CHARLES FAIRBANKS, C. CRITCHIE, W. M. ROBERTSON, or the Secretary.  
J. F. DIX, President.  
JAMES KEITH, Secretary.  
Lindsay, 8th August, 1890.—13 4.