Ayer's Medicine.

Best Cough Cure.

"For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, no remedy is so safe, speedy, and certain as **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.** An indispensable family medicine.

"I find Ayer's Cherry Pectoral an invaluable remedy for colds, coughs, and other ailments of the throat and lungs." M. S. Randall, 204 Broadway, Albany, N. Y.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for bronchitis and

Lung Diseases,

for which I believe it to be the greatest medicine in the world."—James Miller, Caraway, N. C.

"My wife had a distressing cough, with pains in the side and breast. We tried various medicines, but none did her any good until I got a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which has cured her. A neighbor, Mrs. Glenn, had the measles, and the cough was relieved by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have no hesitation in recommending this medicine." Robert Horton, Foreman *Herald-Light*, Morrillton, Ark.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured me of a severe cold which had settled on my lungs. My wife says the Pectoral helps her more than any other medicine she ever used." Enos Clark, Mt. Liberty, Kansas.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1890.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

Mr. Edward McGlynn has had to cancel his engagements owing to severe bronchial affection.

Mrs. Coppinger, daughter of Secretary Blaine, died in Washington at an early hour Sunday morning.

It is decided that the different organizations of Good Templars in England shall reunite and form one organization.

Louis Moore, colored, who was to have been hanged at Greensboro, Ky., Friday, escaped from prison and has not been caught.

A portion of the mining town of Plainsville, Pa., fell into the mine beneath on Friday owing to the pillars of the mine having given away.

Daily incidents strengthen the impression that there is a serious divergence of views between Prince Bismarck and Emperor William.

Dr. Bokai, a professor at the Klausenburg university, claims to have discovered an absolutely certain remedy for hydrophobia.

A fire in the Ottawa car station of the Canadian Pacific railway, which broke out at an early hour Monday morning destroyed property to the value of about $40,000.

The village of Phillipsburg, in Perth county, is suffering from a diphtheria epidemic. The attendance at the village schools is so depleted as to necessitate closing them for a time.

Mrs. Farmer of Stratford, widow of C. C. Farmer, who was recently killed by lumber injuring over a car in the Grand Trunk yard at Stratford, has brought an action against the company for $20,000.

Mrs. Sara Ann Gridley has just died in home of the friendless at Muskegon, Mich., aged 101 years. She was born in North Carolina, smoked her pipe regularly, and could read without spectacles up to the last.

Prince Bismarck has promised the Vatican that all Roman Catholic missions, including the Jesuits, shall be admitted into German colonies to influence the Catholic vote for the approaching elections.

By the contact of gas with an open flame in a Wilkesbarre mine Friday morning an explosion was caused and several miners were killed and injured, while five men are imprisoned in the mine with very little hope of their being got out alive.

Mrs. Parnell has been interviewed by a reporter of the Buffalo Express, who found the old lady in a state of destitution. She said she lost money in speculations, and that her son had sunk all his wealth in the Irish cause; also that she could live comfortably on $300 a year.

Marie Anne Gelotkier, a poor French-Canadian girl living in Montreal, has become an heiress to about $80,000 through the death of her grandmother, mother and aunt, who lived together and had their savings, amounting to that sum, secreted in their trunks.

The house of Mr. Tracey, secretary to navy, in Washington, was destroyed by fire Monday morning, when Mrs. Tracey, her daughter and her maid servant were burned to death. Secretary Tracey was rescued, but was in a precarious condition from having inhaled smoke.

Sir Charles Dilke's new book, "The Problems of Great Britain," in two volumes, is out to-day. In this work the author expresses the belief that the world in the future will be divided among the Anglo Saxons, Russian and Chinese races. France, he says, may grow to be a great naval and military power, and Germany may also acquire a great navy as well as a great army, beside amassing tremendous wealth, but so rapid is the increase of Great Britain and America in strength and riches that before the next century is ended the French and German nations are likely to appear little more than pigmies beside the British and Americans or Russians. Sir Charles thinks the Chinese, in expanding the limits of their population across the seas, will tend to fall under the influence of India and the British colonies and so become a powerful factor in the great civilization of the world and one of the great dominant powers.

A regular old-time canvas-covered pioneer wagon drawn by two mules attracted a good deal of attention at the ferry dock, Windsor, last Friday. The turnout was the property of T. Hinckley. Mr. Hinckley, who is accompanied by his wife and six children, tells the following story: Fifteen years ago I was a happy and prosperous farmer on Wolfe Island, opposite Kingston. I heard many glowing accounts of the far west, and, becoming fascinated with them, sold my handsome piece of property and went to Southern Kansas. It would take more than words to describe to you the suffering and misery we have gone through since we struck there, but I may be thankful that we were able to leave. The only people making any money there are land sharks, who by their falsehoods lure innocent people to their lands. If we were successful in our crops we could not realize anything on them. To give you some examples: Corn is selling at 10c a bushel; oats at 3c; wheat 35c to 40c and other things in proportion. Five weeks ago we left the town of Coleridge, and although we have had some rough weather the trip has not been unpleasant. I tell you when I laid my eyes on Canadian soil yesterday my wife and I felt like new people. I am going back to my friends a few miles from Toronto."

—Senator Redier, who was buried on Thursday at Montreal, was reputed to be worth $2,000,000 at the time of his death. He leaves this great fortune to his widow, unencumbered by any charitable bequest.

—Jno. Madden, Delta, ill with influenza, was sitting in the house on Sunday conversing with Dr. Mallory and others, when he threw up his hands, fell back in the chair, and before the doctor unfastened his collar was dead. Heart disease is suspected.

—A German military officer has published an article in a Berlin periodical declaring that cavalry is destined to supersede infantry as the really effective arm of military service in the near future. The writer gives some cogent reasons for his prediction, and earnestly urges the government to adopt the suggestions made before it is too late. Putting forth his recommendations he takes the ground that Germany should lead not follow.

—S. McDuff writes from Atchison, Ks., to a Chicago newspaper saying that he cannot afford to take a paper. "It is with deep regret," he says, "that I write you to stop my paper, but in such hard times for the western farmer he must do anything to curtail expenses. Manufacturers reduce wages, laborers have little with which to buy and therefore 'jew' the farmer down till he doesn't get the cost of production. For instance, the mills at this place pay 30 cents per bushel for choice white corn, will not do custom work, and if we want a bushel of meal we have to pay 30 cents for it—20 cents for corn and 30 cents for grinding. We get in this state $2 a ton for sorghum, while the manufacturer clears $3.85 for making the sugar."

—Sir Charles Dilke's new book, "The Problems of the Greater Britain," is well received, and promises an immense sale. The writer deals chiefly with the questions of the resources and defences of Great Britain, and embodies in his work much of the condemnatory matter which formed the basis of the articles he published some ago calling attention to the defenceless state of England's coast. He insists that imperial defensive measures, after the plan of those adopted by Germany, are absolutely essential, and also earnestly recommends that England follow the German system of federation as speedily as possible. Imperial federation, he asserts, is bound to come sooner or later, and the sooner the better. It must not, however, be forced upon Canada and Australia, which are the best and most trustworthy political labor guides that England has, and whose solution of the great problem of the exact relations of capital to labor, and vice versa, must ultimately be accepted by the home country.

—A London correspondent says:—Mr. Parnell although invisible is not inactive. His address to the Irish party sounds like a clarion call. He has weighty work on hand. It is believed that at this session the question of home rule for Ireland is to be settled. Mr. Parnell acts as if he wished to have every member of the party think so. His influence is felt in every direction. He will leave no stone unturned to further the cause. He intends to produce the whole mass of Pigott's letter, forgeries and all.....Mr. Davitt, speaking of the forthcoming documents and testimony, says the revelations they will make will be startling even to a world jaded with the proceedings of the special commission. Mr. Parnell no longer seeks his own vindication from the accusations of the Times. In the interest of the cause he supports he proposes to disclose and denounce to the world the nefarious conspiracy which was formed against its leaders in order to kill it, and complete the investigation, which the special commission has refused to allow him to do and which it left undone.

—Robert Armour, barrister, registrar of West Durham, died last Thursday morning after an illness of four months. He was borne at Doune, Perthshire, Scotland, in 1818, and was the third and eldest surviving son of Rev. Samuel Armour and Margaret Douglas. Chief Justice Armour is his youngest brother. He was admitted as an attorney in 1840, called to the bar in 1847 and appointed registrar of West Durham in 1859, which office he filled at the time of his death. In the rebellion of 1837 he served as a volunteer and was one of the party who cut away the steamer Caroline from the American side of the Niagara river during the disturbance. He was at one a commissioner of the provincial lunatic asylum at Toronto. In 1848 he married Marianne Burton, daughter of the late Rev. Edmund Burton, some time rector of Kildare, Lower Canada, and perpetual curate of Desart Enos, in Ireland, and a cousin of Sir Edward Burton, the celebrated explorer, and of Lady Stisted, whose husband, Gen. Stisted, was provisional lieutenant-governor of Ontario after confederation. He leaves a widow and six children, Mr. E. D. Armour, Q.C., of Toronto, being his eldest son.

—A London cable says: The trial of the suit for libel brought by Mr. Parnell against the Times was to have begun Monday, but when the case was called the counsel announced that the suit had been compromised, the Times paying Mr. Parnell £5,000 damages. The withdrawal was also announced of the action brought by Mr. Henry Campbell, Mr. Parnell's private secretary, against the Times for damages for statements affecting Campbell made by Attorney General Webster, counsel for the Times, in his opening speech of O'Donnell against Walter, proprietor of the Times, and for charges made by the Times in July, 1888. The courtroom was crowded. Mr. Parnell was present, and looked well. The announcement of the result of the actions caused a sensation. It is stated the Times will pay Campbell £300 damages, besides meeting all the costs of his action.....The Times says upon the Parnell case: "After our withdrawal of the letters it was clear we had no legal defence, therefore no alternative was open to us but to come to terms or abide the verdict of a jury. As we had at the outset challenged such action, we cannot complain at having been taken at our word."

—A London correspondent says: Few people even in Russia realize the extent to which German colonization has grown inside the czar's empire, and hence we are disposed to regard as tyrannical the edicts against the Germans in Russia, which really have considerable justification. The United States alien property law was based on far less urgent grounds. If all the English capitalists now investing millions in America were buying lands solely, and importing colonists by tens of thousands who would never learn our language or sympathize with our institutions, there would be a closer parallel. All through Southern Russia and along the Black Sea Germans have bought vast tracts of land, being able to pay what seem big prices to the impoverished and unscientific Russian proprietors and still make fortunes by better cultivation and machines. In seven large provinces they are said now to own a majority of the acres, and these for the most part are stocked with German farmers. No Russian peasants are employed who are unable to speak German, and so these latter are driven out by thousands into places where the labor market is already glutted. This is merely one phase of the problem which the Russian government confronts and which threatens to Germanize Russia faster than the czar's generals can Russianize Asia. But the Russian bureaucracy, like the elephant's trunk which with equal facility uproots a tree or lifts a pin, can occupy itself with trivial matters even while great issues press on for treatment. An edict has just been issued by which the representatives of foreign journals resident in St. Petersburg, and who are admitted to court festivities, must henceforth on such occasions wear a badge on their coat bearing the name of their newspaper. The droll explanation is given that this is the request of the correspondents themselves, who were being crowded out by bogus people pretending to deserve press recognition. I can remember something like this at a hanging in St. Lawrence county, N.Y., but its necessity in the court of the czar wears a whimsical aspect.

—By an explosion of nitro-glycerine near Altoona, Pa., on Tuesday, Wm. E. McIlhenny and Alex. Conner, well-known torpedo men, were blown to pieces.

—Mrs. Bogue, while returning home through a field the other evening near Waverley, Ohio, was attacked by a vicious cow and horribly and fatally mangled.

—A London cable says: "It is noted as a sign of times that the Duke of Fife, who recently married the Princess Louise of Wales, has entered the field of politics. The Duke is not to be restrained by royal conventionalities. He is too ambitious for that. He regularly attends political meetings and is sedulously coaching himself for a public career. The only explanation the political world can give of his erratic proceedings is that he aims at vice-royalty, and it is hinted that he may follow the precedent of the Marquis of Lorne and succeed Lord Stanley of Preston as Gov.-general of Canada."

—A London cable says: Old line tories are furious over the report that Mr. Goschen intends recommending a part of the treasury surplus be devoted to free education. The Standard devotes a savage leader to the denunciation of the idea, declaring that there is no difference in principle between providing the poor with gratuitous knowledge and providing them with gratuitous bread, boots and blankets. Further on it exclaims that the character of the English people is certain to be fatally injured if these demoralizing doctrines of free education are ever carried out upon a large scale, a view which I am sure will be of help to American readers in forming an idea of what the tory party in England really is like. A pronunciamento of this sort may possibly scare Mr. Goschen out of his plan, but it is more likely that it will be presented, and that after immemorial precedent the party whip will be applied to compel the tories to pass it. This may not, however, happen for a long time yet. Things move here with historic slowness. It will be thirty years next month since a select committee of the house of commons made a report in favor of opening the British museum in the evening, and these good people who pride themselves on their energy and executive ability have this week begun to admit the public to the museum during evenings.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—The clergy of Belleville are agitating for the reduction of tavern licenses by five.

—Mr. Murdoch, reeve of Bangor, possesses a pipe which belonged to Louis Riel that was captured by his son, who took part in the storming of Batoche.

—Rev. Mr. Carson of Kingston on Sunday evening lectured the female portion of his audience on the evils of tight lacing and wearing thin boots in sloppy weather. Mr. Carson's views are sound.

—Catherine Corbett, aged 107 years, wife of the late Henry Henzy, Odessa, died last Thursday night. She was born in Queen's county, Ireland, married in 1817, came to Canada in 1831, and settled within a mile of her late home. Her death was caused by influenza. Up to a few days ago her health was almost perfect.

—The superintendent of the construction of the Bell Telephone Company, Mr. T. H. Wadland, has driven from Orillia to Cannington, and located the route of the proposed new trunk line, which will give Orillia a second line to Toronto. The work of construction will be commenced as soon as practicable in the spring. Poles are now being purchased along the route.—[Orillia Packet.

—The late Miss Margaret Hooper, storekeeper in Napanee, had $30,000 in the bank and none of her relatives knew about it. She had some trouble with them and decided to live with Herman Ming, who treated her kindly. When she died recently her will showed that she had left her entire property to Mr. Ming. Her relatives, several nephews, will contest the will, as it is claimed she was mentally peculiar.

—Whilst Rev. R. Robinson, a superannuated Methodist minister, who lives near the Marchmont home, Belleville, was assisting in placing a load of straw in his barn on Thursday morning, he was seized with a fit and fell from a ladder. He was picked up in an unconscious state and remains in that condition. It is feared that his spine has been injured. His condition is critical.

—The Manchester, England, Alliance News says that the Duke of Wellington always denied that he had said "Up, Guards, and at them" at Waterloo. The late Colonel Davidson, of Omemee, told the editor of the Packet twenty-five years ago, that the words were uttered—on hearing Wellington's order, "Let the whole line advance"—by a young subaltern, who was subsequently in the same mess with Col. Davidson in Dublin, Ireland.—[Orillia Packet.

—On Monday of last week a Mr. John Green, said to hail from the Midland district and to be a married man, teaming for Mr. Wm. Regan near Burk's Falls, had a blood vessel burst while on his way from the bush to dinner, and he bled to death before assistance could be rendered. It seems that the unfortunate man had been to the railway station with a load, and was on his way back and was within a short distance from Mr. Regan's barn when he began bleeding, as the tracing of the blood indicated, by several rods before he finally fell off the sleigh from the weakness caused by the loss of blood. The team kept on to the barn, and the teamster being missing Mr. Regan with his help started to find out what the matter was, and discovered Green in a dying condition. He was removed to the house, but died four minutes after being discovered. As far as time, distance of blood traced and other circumstances gave evidence it is supposed that the man must have died in about ten or fifteen minutes after the bleeding commenced.

—There is a happy Frenchwoman near Cobourg. She is the second wife of the late Francis Delear, who married her in Montreal. Francis served in the American civil war, and for eighteen years afterwards tried unsuccessfully to secure a pension. Then he died. Seven years ago another trial occurred and resulted favorably. A few days ago Mrs. Delear was paid over $12,000 back pay. She has given half the cash to her stepson and banked the balance for herself.....The Cobourg World says: On Saturday morning last Mr. W. S. Orr, accompanied by his solicitor, Mr. John W. Kerr, proceeded to the humble dwelling of Mrs. Matilda Delear on the lakeshore, and there on a plain pine table counted out and paid over in gold coin and bank notes the sum of $12,637.27. This pile of money represented the pension fund which the United States government at Washington had finally acknowledged was due to the widow of the late Francis Delear, an old soldier in the American army, who died at Cobourg three years ago last September without receiving his pension. He was a member of Company "F" in the 15th regiment of Illinois infantry, and went all through the great civil war between the North and South. At the close of the war he came to Canada and after many wanderings settled in Cobourg. For eighteen years the pension bureau were investigating and considering his claim to an allowance for military service. Just at the time when they had decided to admit the validity of the claim the old soldier died. It has taken ever since to prove that Mrs. Delear was his widow. She is a French woman and was married to Delear in Montreal. As soon as the pension was paid on Saturday the old lady divided the money, and retaining one-half herself she gave the other half to Edward Delear, her husband's son by his first wife. She said she had promised her husband before he died that if she got the money she would give Edward one-half, and besides, she added in broken English, "Edward, he been good to me—he take care of me."

Brechin Mineral Water.

Mr. L. Ferrier, Brechin Sir,—Allow me to state that I have been greatly benefited by the use of the "Brechin Mineral Water." For 12 years I have been troubled more or less with gravel, so bad at times as to require an operation, also with constipation and piles for a number of years, as well as catarrh and inflamed eyes. The use of the water has so much relieved me and improved my health that I believe if continued it will effect a permanent cure.

Yours respectfully, H. S. Thompson.

Declaration.—I, Henry S. Thompson of the village of Brechin, do solemnly declare that the facts as set forth in the above testimonial are true in every particular. H. S. Thompson.

Signed and declared before me at Brechin, this 16th day of December, 1889. W. R. McPhee, commissioner for taking affidavits.—81-tf.

HERE AND THERE.

To a gentleman every woman is a lady in right of her sex.—Bulwer.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has given me great relief in bronchitis. Within a month I have sent some of this preparation to a friend suffering from bronchitis and asthma. It has done him so much good that he writes for more."—Charles F. Dunterville, Plymouth, England.—87-1.

A handsome woman is a jewel; a good woman a treasure.—Saadi.

If you are bilious,
Use Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters.

If you are dyspeptic,
Use Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters.

If you have indigestion,
Use Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters.
Large bottles at 50 cents.—77-tf.

What is woman? Only one of nature's agreeable blunders.—Cowley.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—I took a severe cold in February last which settled in my back and kidneys, causing excruciating pain. After being without sleep four nights, through intense suffering, I tried your MINARD'S LINIMENT. After the first application I was so much relieved that I fell into a deep sleep, and complete recovery shortly followed.

Lawrencetown. JOHN S. McLEOD.

New Advertisements.

TO LET—A comfortable Dwelling, 7 rooms. Hard and soft water, centrally located. Apply to McINTYRE & STEWART, Lindsay, Jan. 24, 1890.—85-tf.

SEE THE POST'S WEDDING INVITATION CARDS with envelopes. A dozen different styles. Charming, elegant, popular. All the go." New and elegant type. *Price right.*

FOR SALE.—A large two-storey White Brick House, with ¾ acre, situated on the be corner of Russell and Simcoe-sts, Lindsay. Apply to MRS. EDW'D MORRISEY, Downeyville, or HUGH O'LEARY, Barrister, Lindsay Jan. 25th, 1890.—81-tf.

HOUSE AND LOT IN LINDSAY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—House and Lot on York st. nearly opposite Gunigal's livery stable. House, brick veneered; eight rooms, hall, pantry and clothes closets. Good woodshed; hard and soft water; first-class cellar. For further particulars apply to D O'CONNELL, Rathburn P. O., Ont, or to SPRATT & KILLEN, Lindsay. Nov. 19, 1889.—76-tf.

Business Cards.

ELIAS BOWES, AUCTIONEER FOR the Counties of Victoria and Brock. Charges moderate. Address Manilla P. O., Ont.

D. LAVERY, Auctioneer for Manvers. Sales promptly attended to. Prices moderate. Address, Janetville P.O.—61-1yr.

W. R. McPHEE, Clerk of the Municipality of Mara, Atherley postoffice. Money to loan on farm and town property at 6 per cent.—79-1y.

THE CANADIAN POST WILL BE sent to any address in Canada, Great Britain or the United States for One Dollar a year. Address THE POST, Lindsay, Canada.

F. J. GILLESPIE, Clerk of the 7th Division Court. Commissioner, R.B.R. Conveyancer, Valuator, Money to loan on most favorable terms, and in a sum to suit borrowers. Give us a call. Residence, Upperglove, Co. Ontario.—79-1y.

JAMES H. LENNON, AUCTIONEER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT. Farm and town property for sale monies to loan on real estate securities; advances made on consignments of goods. Office and store opposite the Daly House, Lindsay. Oct 17, 1888.—19.

Physicians.

DR. DeGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—73-1y.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 9, 1888.—98-1y

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Roache's Hotel Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1882.—1208-1y.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS. Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr.
DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont.
E. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont

J. GRANT, M. D., C. M., M. C. P. & S. O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario; late of Post Graduate Hospital, New York. Office—Woodville, Ontario. Woodville, May 19, 1889.—50-1yr.

F. C. HOOD, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Honor Graduate Trinity University, L. R. C. P., England. Office corner of York and Russell-sts. Hours: 9 to 10 a.m., 2 to 4, and 7 to 8 p.m. Lindsay, June 28, 1888.—3-1yr.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., MEDICAL Referee to the Standard Insurance Company, Surgeon to the Grand Trunk Railway. Office and residence Ridout-st., first door east of Lindsay-st. Office hours from 8 to 10 a.m., and 12 to 2:30 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m. Telephone communication.

DRS. HART & BINGHAM, Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs, Cannington, Ont.
J. M. HART, M.D., M.C.P.S.
H. S. BINGHAM, M.D., C.M., F.T.M.S., M.C. P.S., F.K. & Q., Dublin.
Cannington, June 22nd, 1887.—50-1y.

DR. C. L. COULTER, Medical Health Officer; Grand Trunk Railway Surgeon, Lindsay District. Office and residence, Russell-st, second door west of York-st. Office hours, 9 to 10.30 a.m.; 1:30 to 3 p. m; and 7 to 8 p. m. Lindsay, Jan. 6th, 1890.—83.

DR. E. A. SPILSBURY, THROAT, NOSE and EAR. Lecturer on Diseases of the Throat and Nose, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Throat and Nose Department, Toronto General Hospital, and Late Clinical Assistant, Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, Nose and Ear, London, England. OFFICE: 197 COLLEGE AVENUE, TORONTO. Sept. 11, 1889.—68-tf.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
DR. G. S. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E. Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Eye and Ear Infirmary. Consulting Surgeon for Ontario to the Institution for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville. Operator late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital. May be consulted at his residence, 60 College-avenue, Toronto.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 25, Con. 1, Fenelon, 50 acres; 30 acres cleared, frame house, log stable, young orchard, 1½ miles from Glenarm, Possession at once. Will be sold cheap for cash. For further particulars apply to DONALD JOHNSON, Lot 13, Con. 6, Brock, Sunderland P. O.—86-4pd.

BLACKWATER LANDS FOR SALE.—Lots $25 each. Blocks of 1 acre at $60 (4 and 5 lots); 5 acres $70 per acre; 10 acres, $60 per acre; 100 acres, $50 per acre. TERMS LIBERAL. Small Payments. These lands are close to railway station, post office, shop. School and churches near by. Write to or call on FRANK CAYLEY Real Estate Agent, Cor. King-st. and Leader Lane, Toronto. Oct. 17, 1888.—19-tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BLACKWATER FOR SALE.—Being Grain Ware-house now used by Messrs. Whitlaw & Co., Grainbuyers, also a Store occupied by Jas. Ruddy, Merchant, and Five Lots on which stood a hotel until lately burned. This property will be disposed of separately or in bulk at very reasonable rates. For further particulars apply to the owner, JOHN RODD, Lindsay, or to his Solicitors, Messrs. McINTYRE & STEWART, Lindsay.—57-tf.

FARM FOR SALE—Containing 98 acres, being composed of the west half of Lot No. 7 in the 15th Con. of the Township of Mariposa, adjoining the Village of Woodville. The farm is all cleared and of the very best quality. Well-watered and forty acres of fall plowing done on the place. New frame house, good frame barn, other buildings in fair condition. Possession of land immediately. This farm is well located and will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. Apply to the Executor, WM. GLENNEY, Oshawa. Oshawa, Nov. 11th, 1889.—76-tf.

GOOD FARM OF 200 ACRES, IN OPS, FOR SALE.—For sale, at a bargain, Lot No. 7, Con. 6, of the township of Ops; 200 acres; about 90 acres cleared and under cultivation; a fine never-failing stream of living water runs through this farm, making it one of the best adapted farms for stock in the country. It is also well adapted for grain. Clay soil, comfortable buildings. Situated five miles from the town of Lindsay, on good road. For terms, etc., apply to O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers, Lindsay. Sept. 6, 1889.—65-tf.

FARM IN MARIPOSA FOR SALE.—An A 1 farm of 100 acres, being Lot 8, Con. 15, Mariposa. 90 acres cleared and in high state of cultivation, having fine brick residence and large outbuildings which are first-class, together with all the latest improvements that pertain to a first-class farm. Possession will be given early in the spring owing to proprietor retiring. Any communications addressed to the undersigned will be promptly attended to. D. CARMICHAEL, Woodville. Jan. 2, 1890.—82-3mos-pd.

RARE CHANCE.—For sale ONE OF THE BEST GRAIN FARMS IN ONTARIO, containing 150 acres, being composed of the south half of Lot 8, Con. 5, township of Eldon. There are on the premises a large first-class stone house with summer kitchen; a good frame barn, 60 x 40 ft.; good bearing orchard watered by 3 good wells, well fenced, free from mustard or wild oats, 70 acres fall ploughed, 30 acres feeded down with red clover. 6 acres of mixed hardwood, 1 mile from school, 1½ miles from Presbyterian church, 2½ miles from Lorneville Junction; only one-third of purchase money required down, balance can be left for any length of time to suit purchaser at 5½ per cent. Immediate possession given, title first-class.

Also for sale 77 acres, being composed of Lot 5, Con. 2, Township of Eldon, there are on these premises a large first-class brick dwelling house, a new frame stone 33 x 22, 30 acres seeded to clover and timothy, on the 23 acres formerly part of this property are built the village of Lorneville, being composed of R R station, 2 grainware houses, 2 hotels, 2 stores, a school house, post office, etc. This property will be sold so that purchaser can realize 8 per cent on his purchase money. Grand opportunity for a man with a small capital. Immediate possession given, title first-class. For further particulars apply personally or by letter to D. McCRIMMON, Lorneville P. O. Jan. 2, 1890.—82tf.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the following parcels

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

PARCEL No. I.—Lots 11 and 12, in the 11th Con. of the Township of Fenelon 200 acres, less four acres sold to Mr. Knowlson for a grape vineyard; greater portion cleared and under cultivation. Also west half of Lot 13, in Con. 1, Verulam, 100 acres, about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation. The above properties will be sold en bloc or separately to suit purchasers. Favorable terms.

PARCEL No. II.—Lot No. 6, and w. ½ of Lot No. 7, in 3rd Con. of Verulam; nearly all cleared. Also e. ½ of Bolsen Lot No. 13, in 2nd Con. of Verulam, wooded. These two lots will make a fine farm and will be sold en bloc. Well improved; good buildings and orchard.

PARCEL No. III.—The w. ½ of No. 1, 3rd Con. Verulam, 100 acres; about 70 cleared and under cultivation. Fair buildings. About 18 acres of broken lot on lake shore at "Treaty Rock," Sturgeon lake. About 10 acres cleared; excellent pasture. Also Lot No. 5, Con. 1, Somerville, 205 acres; 20 acres cleared. Will be sold reasonable.

The above properties will be sold by the acre. For further particulars apply to

JABEZ THURSTON,
Dunsford P. O.

Dunsford, May 28, 1889.—51-tf.

Miscellaneous.

MENTION THE POST.—Parties reading advertisements in this paper and answering them, or making purchases, will confer a favor by mentioning THE POST.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

Organic weakness and Failing Memory. Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from excess or indulgence, producing the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self-distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Ambition, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc. Also Gonorrhea and Gleet are treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately. No Mercury. Curable cases guaranteed. Write for information, enclosing stamp. Address

J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist.
308 Young-st., Toronto, Ont.—71-1y.

Veterinary Surgeons.

W. KENNY, G. M. V. C. P., Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of the Ont. Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, Bond-st., east of Methodist church Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1885.

WILLIAM JOYCE, V. S.—Honor graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Treat all diseases of the domesticated animals by the latest scientific and most approved methods. Office, McKinnon's drug store, Beaverton, Ontario. Orders by telegram or mail promptly attended to by day or night. Will visit Brechin every Tuesday. April 1st, 1889.—83-1y.

A. GUNN, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. By appointment VETERINARY INSPECTOR for the county of Victoria. Office in Morrison's Jewelry Store, Beaverton. Orders left at Pond's drug store, Woodville, or by telegraph will have prompt attention. Aug. 4th, 1887.—48-tf.

C. THORN, graduate of the Veterinary College of Chicago and successful practitioner of twenty-two years standing in the United States and Canada, has opened an office in Kirkfield for the practice of his profession. All diseases of domestic animals will be treated after the latest and most improved system. All orders by telegraph or otherwise promptly attended to by day or night. Kirkfield, March 21st.—21-1y.

W. F. BROAD, Veterinary Surgeon, graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Registered member of the Ontario Veterinary Medical Association. Office and Residence, William-st. north, Skitches' terrace, opposite Gas Works. Prompt attention given to all calls either by telegraph or otherwise. Mr. Broad has had several years experience and makes a special practice of Veterinary Dentistry. Lindsay, Jan. 7, 1890.—82.

Laraine Machine Oil.

FARMERS, THRESHERS, and MILLMEN:

For All Kinds of Machinery Use

McColl's Celebrated

LARDINE MACHINE OIL.

It is without doubt the best Lubricator in the Market.

McCOLL BROS. & CO. - - TORONTO,

Sole Manufacturers.

For sale by JOS. HEAD, Fenelon Falls; R. D. THEXTON, Lindsay; McLENNAN & Co., Lindsay.

Hotels.

SLUMAN HOUSE, MINDEN.—WM TERRY, Proprietor. Best brands of liquors and cigars. Large and airy sample rooms. Commercial men conveyed to all points on shortest notice. Good stables and attentive hostlers. June 12th, 1889.—53-1y.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1888.—32-1y.

MANSION HOUSE, FENELON Falls, J. TWOMEY, proprietor. This well-known hotel has been taken possession of by J. Twomey, jun., who has made extensive improvements in the premises and completely re-furnished it. Good and airy sample rooms. Every attention given to guests. July 6, 1887.—52-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, MAIN-ST., MARKHAM.—John Kennedy, late of Beaverton, Proprietor. Dealer in Clydesdale Horses and Short-Horn Cattle. Heated through out with steam and hot air. Bedrooms and dining rooms refurnished. First-class stable accommodation, good stallion yard and a number of box stalls, and the stable generally has been made warm and comfortable. Feb. 22, 1888.—85 1y.

BOARELAND HOUSE, COLDWATER.—The undersigned begs to intimate to the travelling public that they will find it to their comfort and benefit to call at the new brick hotel, which since its erection has been elegantly furnished in the modern style. The house is heated throughout with hot air. Fine sample rooms; good stabling and attentive hostlers. MRS. WILLIAM BORELAND. Coldwater. March 13, 1888.—88y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan. 19th, 1884.—72.

"THE WAVERLEY HOUSE,"
Adam's Brick Block, Lindsay.

$1.00 *per day.* This Hotel which has just been enlarged and renovated throughout, will be thrown open for the reception of guests about the 15th inst., and it will be the endeavor of the proprietor to make and retain "The Waverley" second to no house in the Province outside of the cities. A share of patronage from the commercial travelling public is respectfully solicited. The proprietor will be glad to receive a call from all his old friends and as many new ones as possible. An inspection of the large and commodious Office and Dining Hall is especially requested. Good Stables and Sheds, enlarged yards and an attentive hostler will always be on hand.

MALCOLM McGREGOR,
Lindsay, June 13, 1889.—53. Proprietor.

Money to Loan.

6 PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 6 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY.
Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1887.

6 PER CENT.—MONEY TO LOAN AT SIX PE CENT on Good Farm Property or other good security. ☞ Charges reasonable. No commission. Apply to Wm. CAMERON, Woodville P. O. Ont. Nov. 12th, 1887.

MONEY LENT ON FIRST MORTGAGES, on Improved Farms.

Straight Loans at 6 Per Cent.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON,
Office, William-st., Lindsay

MONEY TO LOAN.
STRAIGHT LOANS AT VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES, repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms. G. H HOPKINS,
Barrister, etc., Lindsay, Ont