Scott's Emulsion.

AND E POPHOSPHITES Almost ce Palatable as Milk. Bo disguised the late most delicate stome can take it. tennarkable as a FLESH PRODUCIER. Persons gain reptally while taking it.

SC TTS EMULSION is admoveded by Phy-bicians to be the FINEST and BEST preparation of its class for the relief of CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, CENERAL DESILITY,

WASTING DISEASES , TOHILDREN and CHRONIO COUCHS.
This by all Drugglets, 500, and \$1.00.

Publisher's Notice.

THE CANADIAN POST ADVERTISING RATES. Ten conta per line (solid tope) nonparell, first

Reading notices in local columns, 10c. per line first insertion; 5c. each subsequent in-Small condensed advertisements such as strayed cattle, teachers wanted, farms for sale of six or eight lines) \$1.00 cash, for three or four insertions. If more than eight lines an additional proportionate charge is made.

Liberal discount to merchants for business savortisements by the year or for a shorter sime. Rates made known on application. C. D. BARR, Proprietor.

A GENTS FOR THE POST. Meneys may be paid to, and subscriptions left with the following gentlemen, who have kindly consented to act as agents for THE POST:—

GRO. DOUGLASS MANILIA GRO, DOUGLASS
WOODVILLE J. C. GILCHRIST
JANETVILLE D. LAVERY
KIRKFIELD M. O'NEIL
OMEMBEE J. D. THURNTON
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SUNDERLAND NIEL MOPHADDEN OANNINGTON BRANDON BROS
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ATHERLEY EDWARD LANIGAN

VALENTIA W. SUGGIT

GAMEBRIDGE DAVID MCBEAN

GREENBANK R. J. HARRINGTON

VALENTYNE S, PURVIS VALENTYNE S. PURVIS DAMERON.....SAMUEL HILI

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1889. VICTORIA COUNTY COUNCIL.

Continued from 1st page The application of the Oakwood high school er a sum of money to may certain expenses has been submitted, but as your committee have been informed that the application was made under misapprehension it is unnecessary to give it consideration.
Your committee beg to recommend that the usual allowance of \$200 be made to the warden

INTEREST ON ARREARS OF COUNTY RATES. MR. Bowes, seconded by Mr. FEE, introduced a by-law to change the rate of interest on arrears of county rates from eight percent, to six percent. The by-law was passed in the usual form.

ASSESSING RAILWAY PROPERTY. Mr. Bowes, seconded by Mr. FEE, introduced a memorial to the legi-lative assembly, praying for such amendment to the savesament act as will enable the real property of rallways to be assected at the actual cash value which it has reached by reason of the use to which it is put.—The memorial was adopted.

RAILWAY COMMISSION. Mr. Bowes, seconded by Mr. FER. introduced a mem mial to the house of commons praying for the appointment of railway umissioners to hear and determine al questions and complaints arising between the public and the railways .- The me-

morial was adopted. BLACK RIVER BRIDGE.

Mr. BAILEY moved, seconded by Mr. Phoneson, that the council grant the sum of \$8,00 towards assisting to complete the bridge across the Black river at the westf the boundary between Morrison in Mussold that this report be referred to the road and bridge committee, -- Carried. DIVISION OF SCOTT ACT FINES.

Mr. Borrow moved, seconded by Mr. STABACK, that the clerk be and is here authorized to refund to the several munici. palities in the county from which fines have been paid under the provisions of the Canada Temperence Act, the balance of the fund formed by said fines, and that the balance be appropriated to the said gate amount of such fin a sa were paid in-to the county treasurer as provided for by order-in-council on that subject.

An animated discussion followed and finally Mr. Bowes moved, seconded by Mr. HEASLIP that the motion be referred to the finance committee.
On motion of Mr. CAMERON, seconded

by Mr. HEASLIP, the Warden was sutho horized to get legal advice as to the legal ity of distributing the Carada Temperance

The council then rose.

Saturday's Proceedings. The council resumed Saturday

ncon, the forencon being devoted to com-

mittee work, which this session was unusually heavy. COUNTY PROPERTY. Mr. HOPKINS, chairman, introduced the

report of the committee on county property which was passed through committee of the whole, Mr. McIntyre in the chair. and adopted as follows:

Your committee beg to recommend that the following accounts be paid, viz: Consumers' Gas Co., July to October, \$9.85
Alex Skinner, glass and glazing \$3.90
Robert Blain, putting lock on Mr.
Grace's office \$56
Robert Blain, work at court house \$15.45
H. Holtorf, furniture for gaol \$7.50
Fred. Reeves, putty for whitewashing

J. L. Dunsford, mounting maps in the registry office. 26 78
W. A. Goodwin, paper hang ng in gaoi 10.70
W. A. Goodwin, window blinds, etc., 28 22

E. Woods, repairs on roof, etc., gaol ... 78,26 A communication from the resistrar has been submitted seking that hardwood floors be placed in two rooms in the registry office. Your committee recommend that the chairman of this committee be sutherized to have the floor laid as requested.

Your committee have had submitted to them a communication from Mr. J. H. Heim of Port Hope, offering to put up an iron fleg staff on court house grounds. The chairman was suth-

crised at the June section to have a flag staff erected, but owing to the large expense that would be involved he has not carried out instructions. Your committee approve of the action of the chairman and would recommend that the question be deferred until January Segion.

Your committee recommend that the chairman be authorized to have frost windows put in the gaol, including the sky-light and storm doors placed on the front and rear outer corridor.

Your committee recommend that the chairman be authorized to make necessary changes and repairs on conductor pipes on north and south sides of the gaol, according to the plan proposed by him to the committee.

Your committee recommend that the chairman be authorized to see that the front gaol yards are kept in a clean, tidy condition.

The chairman has reported that he has purchased 25 tons of coal for use in gaol at \$6.75 per ton, after soliciting and receiving tenders from dealers.

Your committee recommend that the chairman be authorized to have the large committee room suitably papered.
Your committee recommend that the telephone be replaced, the county undertaking to pay for its use at the rate of \$20 per annum, the bells to be distributed as before.
Your committee recommend that the chairman of this committee be paid the sum of \$50 in consideration of his services as chairman of the gaol improvements committee, and that the first deputy-reeve of Lindsay be paid the sum of \$15 in consideration of his services as a member of the gaol improvements committee.

Saturday Afternoon's Proceedings. The council resumed Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Mr. FAIRBAIRN, chairman, introduced he report of the committee on roads and bridges, which was passed torough committee of the whole, Capt. Bottum in the chair, and adopted as follows:

chair, and adopted as follows:

The reeves of Somerville, Bexley, Dalton and Laxton, Digby and Longford, who were appointed commissioners at the January session for the expenditure of \$100 on the leading roads in each of their respective municipalities, have made reports of such expenditures and produced satisfactory vouchers. The net amount expended in Somerville is \$99.97. The reeve of Dalton has produced a satisfactory voucher for the expenditure of \$8, revoted on account of grant in 1888.

In June last the reeves of Carden, Bexley and Laxton were appointed commissioners for the account of grant in 1888.

In June last the reeves of Carden, Bexley and Laxton were appointed commissioners for the expenditure of a grant to the township of Carden of one-half the amount necessary to replank and otherwise repair the Mud Lake Narrows bridge. The reeves of Bexley and Laxton now report that on examining the bridge they found the whole superstructure very rotten and unsafe for public use, and that the whole bridge required to be rebuilt, excepting the portion of the abutments below low water. Plans and specifications were prepared which met the approval of the commissioners and the commissioner of crown lands, to erect a bridge at a total outlay not exceeding \$900, one-half the cost to be pald by the county. The commissioners report that the work of construction has been proceeded with under the superintendent of colonization roads, and will be completed in a few days, when the commissioners will inspect it, and, if satisfactory, will accept it. Your committee beg to express approval of the action of the commissioners under the circumstances, and recommend that the terms under which the grant was made in June be received and that one-half the cost of new bridge, as above stated, be paid by the county on the order of the commissioners, payment to be made to the person by whom the bridge has been rebuilt, or to the commissioner of crown lands.

The reeves of Laxton and Bexley, who were appointed commissioners at the June session to

The reeves of Laxton and Bexley, who were The reeves of Laxton and Bexley, who were appointed commissioners at the June session to examine the bridge over Head river on the boundary between Caiden and Laxton, and have such repairs made as were found to be necessary, report that the work has been done at an expenditure of \$30, and that the repairs will render the bridge sate for a few years.

In January last a grant not to exceed \$100 was made for the repair of the Talbot river bridge at Balsover. The commissioner, the reeve of Eldon, reports that on examining the bridge he found it so very much decayed that it was liable to tumble down at any time and that it would be throwing away money to hat it would be throwing away money to repair it. He then communicated with the warden, who visited Balsover and inspected the bridge and came to the same conclusion. The warden decided to authorize a further expendi-ture of \$75 on behalf of the county, the township of Eldon to pay the additional amount necessary to creet a new bridge. The bridge has been completed to the satisfaction of the commissioner, at a total cost of \$247. Your commissioner, at a total cost of \$247, Your commissioner, at a total cost of \$247.

pursued by the warden in dealing with this matter.
The repairs to the Kinmount bridge which were authorized at the June session to be made under the direction of the warden, have been carried out under the supervision of the reeve of Somerville at an expenditure of \$55.52. Accounts have been produced.

The reeve of Hobcaygeon, as authorized at the January and June sessions, has had neces-

sary repairs and improvements made on the Bobcaygeon bridges at a total cost of \$111.26, for which accounts have been produced which accounts have been produced Your committee recommend that Mr. Wm. Kennedy be paid the sum of \$16.84 for repairs made on the Little Bob bridge.

The correspondence relative to the Nonquon river bridge at Sonya, which was assumed by this county is into the Nonquon for the sounds of the sound of the sound of the sound o

this county, jointly with the county of Ontario at the June session, has been considered. The action of the warden and the commissioner in action of the warden and the commissioner in the premises is worthy of approval.

With regard to the resolution of council pro-posing a grant of \$25 for the repair of Cowan's bridge in Emily, your committee recommend that the amount be granted, and that the roeve of Emily be appointed commissioner.

Your committee recommend that no further action be taken at present towards carrying on the proposed application with the counties of

he proposed arbitration with the counties of Peterboro and Haliburton relative to the repairs and maintenance of the Kinmount bridge. Your committee recommend that the following allowances be paid to commissioners and others in connection with expenditures on bridges during the current year, viz:

A. E. Staback, re Bolsover bridge. . . . 15 00 John Barley, re Head river bridge. . . . 7 80 Nelson Heaslip, re 6 80

Your committee recommend that one-third or he accounts for preliminary expenses incurred in connection with the bridge now being erected across Black river on the western boundary of Dalton, towards which a grant was made in June, be paid as follows:

Parson's account for repainting and re-lettering notices on Omemee bridge, amounting to \$8, be Your committee recommend in accordance with resolution of council, that the sum of #8 be

granted to assist in completing the last men-JUNIOR COUNTY JUDGE.

Mr. CAMERON, chairman, brought in the report of the committee on appointments to office, which was read in committee of the whole, Mr. Daniel it the chair, and

Your committee have had under consideration a resolution passed by the council of the village of Woodville, relative to the necessity that exists for the services of a junior judge in this coun y. A very full corplation of statistics and other details relative to the indictal duties to be necessarily o the judicial duties to be performed, has also Your committee are of opinion that it is

Your committee are of opinion that it is necessary, in order that the work entailed upon the county judge may be fully and satisfactorily performed, that a junior judge be appointed, and woul recommend Mr. John McSweyn, barrister, of Lindsay, as a mentionan well qualified to fill the position.

Your committee beg leave to introduce a

Your committee beg leave to introduce a petition to the governor-general in council praying that a junior judge be appointed, to which petition a copy of this report and the compilation above referred to should be attach-

A petition to the governor general in council in accordance with the report was introduced and adopted.

GAOL IMPROVEMENTS Mr. Hopkins, chairman, introduced the report of the special committee on gaol improvements, which was read in committee of the whole, Mr. Berkeley in the chair, and adopted as follows:

In conformity with the instructions and authority given to your committee under the provisions of by law No. 378 passed on 28th day of January last your committee had plane and specifications prepared for the various works with the carrying out of which your committee

were entrusted.

Tenders were advertised for in the local newspapers and in the Mail, Globe and Empire, and is due course contracts were awarded to the persons for the works and at the sums men-Minerd's Liniment Cores Diphtheris -74-4. Inderer: Lakins, wrought iron work.. \$ 606 00 ods, heating apparatus..... 1,787 40 sheet iron work.... brick and stone work....

ng

basement.....
in Makins, extra work on cells
Voods, extra work on furnaces,
x. Skinner, painting

Total.... The architect has not yet rendered his for services.

Your committee are pleased to be able to report that the contracts have been carried out in a satisfactory manner, and to state that the inspector of prisons, who visited the gad recently, expresses much gratification with the improve-

SECOND FINANCE REPORT. Mr. Bows, chairman, introduced the second report of the finance committee, which was read in committee of the whole,

Mr. Austin in the chair, as follows:

Your committee beg to report with regard to the resolution of council proposing that the clerk and treasurer be authorized to refund to the several local municipalities in the county from which fines have been paid under the provisions of the Canada temperance act the halance of the fund formed by said fines, and that the balance be apprepriated to the said municipalities on the basis of the aggregate amount of such fines as were paid into the county treasurer as provided for by order in council on that subject, that in the opinion of your committee it will be equitable and is desirable that certain county monids amounting to the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars be distributed among the following municipalities, namely: Somerville, Laxton, Digby and Longford, Fenelon, Fenelon Falls, Bobcaygeon, Omemee, Woodville, Eldon, Bexley, Mariposa and Lindsay, as special grants to be applied to improving the public streets, roads and bridges, the several amounts to be paid to each of the above municipalities to be determined by the county treasurer on the basis of the gross amounts contributed to said fund by residents of the said municipalities as fines imposed under the Canada temperance act, and your committee recommend accordingly.

The report brought out lively debate and

The report brought out lively debate and opposition. Dr. Vrooman moved that the werds we have put in brackets be struck out and that the words "no action be taken" be instituted therefor. After some discussion this was adopted by a vote of 12

THE LATE REEVE OF CARDEN. Mr. RAY moved, seconded by Mr. HEAS-LIP, and resolved, that this council place on record an expression of unfeigned soron record an expression of unfeigned sorrow on account of the death of their late lamented colleague, William Taylor, esq., reeve of Carden. Mr. Taylor was a member of this council for six years continuously up to the time of his decease, and therefore was well-known to his fellow-members. He was a man of few words, but when he felt it his duty to speak in council or committee his views were always. council or committee his views were always received with respect and confidence. While mourning his early removal from the sphere of usefulness in which he was placed by his fellow-citizens, his colleagues in the municipal government in this county will ever remember him as an honorab and just man, and a true, warm hearted

The resolution was carried by a standing vote; and it was ordered that an engrossed copy be forwarded to the family of the deceased.

REGISTRY OFFICE REPAIRS.

Mr. RAY moved, seconded by Mr. WIL-LIAMS, that with reference to the authority given to the chairman of the county property committee relative to new floors in the registry office, he be instructed to first obtain the written sanction of the inspector of registry offices before proceeding with the work.—Carried.

VOTE OF THANKS TO THE WARDEN. On motion the chair was taken by Dr. VROOMAN, and Mr. WALKER moved, seconded by Mr. SWITZER, that the thanks of this council be tendered to Dr. Cornwall for the very gentlemanly and courteous manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of this council throughout

the year.
The resolution carried smidst hearty ap plause. The chairman in a few happy words conveyed it to the warden, who in the course of his reply thanked the councillors for their assistance in looking after the affairs of the county. This brought the session to a close.

COMPENSATION.

"Lord, I am weary!" cried my soul. "The sun Is fierce upon my path, and sore the weight Of smarting burdens; ere the goal be won. I sink, unless thou help, dear Lord!" And straight

My fainting heart rose bravely up, made strong To bear its cross: God grant me a song!

"Lord, I am conquered! Ceaseless, night and day.

A thousand cruel ills have hedged me round Till like a stag the hounds have brought to bay My stricken heart lies bleeding on the ground?" When lo! with new-found life my soul, made strong.

Spurned all its foes: God granted me a son, ! Lord, I am dying! Earth and sea and sky Fade and grow dark; yet, after all, the end Wrings from my breaking heart a feeble sigh

For this poor world, not overmuch its friend!" But suddenly with mortal power made strong. My soul, set free, sprung heavenward in s

-[October Century. Powderly on Tariff Reform.

It is a good thing for the cause of labor that Mr. T. V. Powderly has seen the error of his ways as a protectionist and that he has had the manliness and good sense to choose the right as soon as he knew it. Here is what he save I'm not talking tariff this year, but it seen I'm not talking tariff this year, but it seems to me that the policy of protection is a wrong on labor. The labor classes are not protected—only the manufacturers. The rich receive the protection. The American manufacturers adds the duty to what should be the natural and fair price for his product. The burden of the tariff rests its crucking weight upon the poor. The tariff needs reforming. It is the poor, the great mass of the people, who need protection, and they will never get it under the so-called policy of protection.

Now let those workingmen who walked in the mud behind Mr. Sanford's carriage with Sir John loaded into it, sit down and put on their thinking cape over the General Master Workman's words.— Hamilton Times.

CONSUMPTION CURED. sician, retired from practice, havng had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vege remedy for the cure of Consumption, Bron-chitie, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and chitie, Catarrie, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having torond for wonderful curative powers in thoseands of one on her fast it his duty to make it knows to his suffering follows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering. I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and teleg. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Nowa, 146 Power Rigals, Reshouse, N. Y.—25-26-60w. The Revenue Objection.

The friends of unrestricted reciprocity are constantly told that their measures would reduce the revenue of their country by removing the duties on American goods, "How," it is asked, "could we make good the loss? Do the liberals want to bring on direct taxation?" History is always repeating itself in fiscal controversies. When Peel proposed the abolition of the corn laws, one of the tory cries with which he was met was that he was ruining the national revenue. and that the people would be beggared in consequence. In the protest drawn up by the house of lords the objection was stated in more moderate language:-Because free trade in corn will cause a large and unnecessary diminution of annual income, thus imparing the revenue of the country, while at the same time crippling the resources of the classes on whom the weight of taxation now falls.

The various free trade measures which Peel brought in, including that abolishby seven millions sterling a year. But a Toronto biscuit manufacturer imported this did not involve anybody in ruin. Through the relaxation of the restraints upon them, British industry and commerce made wonderful progress, and the Ontario flour, and large shipments from increase in wealth rendered it easy for various points in the States are going the people to contribute even a larger revenue than before. A similar result millers say that in all about 325,000 barwould follow a similar cause here. the American duties on our products were removed, we should not only get a million and a half bushels of Canadian better prices for what we had to sell, but should be in a position to develop sources of wealth, such as our iron and coal deposits, which are now, owing to restriction, largely unproductive. The repeal of the Canadian duties on American exports would in turn give us cheaper manufacturers. Under this stimulus, together with lucrative employment offered to foreign capital, it is reasonable to suppose that our trade and population would grow, and that the general taxpayer, being so much better off, would not find it difficult to made up the loss of customs revenue. If the farmer, for example, got two dollars more per ton for his hay, he could afford to pay a few cents extra to the treasury. Just how the loss of revenue would be made up, it is not pertinent to enquire at present; nor does it matter much, since, as is obvious, the taxpaying ability of the people would, any circumstances, be greater

than it is to-day. A diminution of custom receipts resulting from free trade with the United States would be a blessing in disguise if it forced the government and the people, as it probably would, to be more economical in their expenditure.

The Movement In the States.

The protectionists in the States are at a loss to know what to say of the severe defeats they experienced at the recent State elections. In all the States where they suffered the democrats had raised the flag of tariff reform. In New York, which the democrats carried by ten or twelve thousand, the democrat platform contained this clause: "We steadfastly advocate the principles of tariff reform, believing that adherence to the right carries in itself the certainty of triumph.' The platform also endorsed Cleveland and his administration of affairs from 1884 to 1888. In Massachusetts, where the republican majority was reduced from fifteen or twenty thousand, and the normai figure, to less than six thousand, the Democrats pledged themselves anew to tariff reform and demanded the free admission of the raw material. In Ohio, where a republican majority, usually amounting to twelve thousand, was converted into a democratic majority of eleven thousand for Campbell, their candidate for the governorship, the democrats were equally outspoken. In Iowa, where another enormous turnover took place, they said in their platform:

"We renew our opposition to the unconstitutional and unjust policy of hightariff taxation which robs the many to enrich the few, makes the producer the slave of the manufacturer, lave its heaviest burdens on the farmer, the mechanic and the day laborer, whom it daily robs, gives no return through any channel, and fosters trusts, which are the legitimate result of our present tariff system; and we denounce the fallacy of the republican state platform of Iowa, that a high tariff is or can be any protection to

Tariff reform is coming in the States; nothing can stop it. What are we in Canada going to do about it? The tories say all we have to do is to increase the N.P. so as to keep out the cheaper American goods. But the question is how are we going to induce our people to remain under such conditions? We have lost hundreds of thousands of our young people since the American war closed notwithstanding that in the interval the cost of living and of producing has been on the whole much higher than here. When this state of things is reversed. when the cost is higher on this side of the line than on the other, the exodus from the Dominion is certain to assume enhanced proportions, and our share of immigration from Europe to diminish, This is merely stating the obvious fact that we cannot afford to offer inducements to capital and labor inferior to those offered by our neighbors. Tariff reform in the States cannot be safely met therefore, by an increase in the Canadian tariff. There will be nothing for it but to make a corresponding reduction on our side, and then what is to become of the protected manufacturer? Were Canada a country all by itself in some remote part of the world, or in another planet, we might be able to carry out the tory policy of living within ourselves and by ourselves, without reference to what might be done elsewhere. But the pre-

sence of the United States at our doors is a fact of which we must always take account. Our fiscal policy must inevitably be determined to a greater or less extent by the state of things prevailing there, inasmuch as whenever the conditions of life become more favorable on the American side our people have it in their power to cross the line quite as readily as they can go from one Canadian province to another. The result of the fall elections over there is, therefore, a matter of almost as much interest to our combines as to the trusts in the United States, which see the approach of doom. Lincoln used to say, "You may fool all the people for some of the time, but you cannot fool all of the people for all of the time." This truth is being sharply brought home to the protectionists on both sides of the line.

The Millers' Fix.

The millers are still pounding the Dominion government, and the government has nothing to say in its own behalf except to confess through its newspapers ing the corn laws, reduced the revenue that it is in a quandary. A few days ago 2,000 barrels of flour from St. Louis. In Quebec low-grade American flour, such as the habitant consumes, has ousted into the maritime provinces as well. The If rels of American flour have been sent into Canada this year, thereby displacing wheat. Some curious things are coming to light about this American trade. It has been found, for instance, that the Minnespolis millers are buying No. 1 hard in Manitobs along the route of the Northern Pacific branch. This wheat is carried to Minueapolis, and when laid down there, with the United States duty of 20 cents a bushel paid, it does not cost much more than Manitoba wheat costs in Toronto, the C. P. R. rate from Winnipeg to Toronto being 271 cents per bushel, and from Brandon 28 cents. When the Minneapolis millers have conyerted the wheat into flour and made a declaration that it is intended for export. the United States treasury refunds them the wheat duty. That is, they get back the duty on 43 bushels for every barrel, or 86% cents. With this 86% cents they can well afford to pay the Canadian flour duty of 50 cents per barrel, together with the railroad rate to Canada, and then to undersell the Canadian miller in his own market. The whole trouble arises from the fact that the Canadian wheat duty is higher than the Canadian duty on flour. In other words, the Canadian miller has to pay a heavier tax on his raw material than the amount of "protection" he receives on his manufactured

article. Why doesn't the government come to the rescue? Simply because it cannot. It is afraid to repeal the duty on wheat for then it would have no sort of excuse for taxing the Ontario and Manitoba farmers for the manufactured goods they consume. And it is equally afraid to increase the duty on flour, for then the maritime people of Quebec would raise a row. In short, the government dare not apply the protective policy logically, of itself pretty good evidence that the policy is unsound. The millers say it is unfair that the N. P. should practically protect their American rivals in the Canadian market, whilst compelling them to pay heavy taxes on their machinery, coal pelting and other articles. Their position in this particular is similar to that of those textile manufacturers who find that the duties on their raw material render the protection accorded to their finished products a farce. In neither case. however, does the public feel constrained to shed tears for the sufferers. When protectionists fall out with protection the consumer stands a chance of getting re-

Miscellaneous.

GEO. BRYAN & SON,

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS. Doors, Sash and Frames for sale. Felt

Roofs put on and old roofs repaired. Iron or tin roofs repaired. Orders solicited. Shop; Lindsay-st., south of Bannan's Hotel, Lindsay. Lindsay, March 20, 1889.-41-1yr.

TOTICE OF BY-LAW TO SELL CLOSED UP ROAD.

Take notice that a meeting of the Council of the Township of Ope will be held at the Coun-cil Chamber in the Town of Lindsay, on Monday, the 23rd Day of December. next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, to pase a by-law to provide for the sale by the said council of all that parcel of land formerly used as a Public Highway, running diagonally across Lots 19 and 20, in the 7th Concession of the said Township of Ops, which road was closed by by-law No. 406, of the said Township.

J. O'LEARY,

Township Clerk

Lindsay, Nov. 21, 1889. -76-4. Imperial Baking Powder.



PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. ALUM, AMMONIA, LIME, PHOSPHATES. or any injurious materials. E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT.

Marty of the TRANSPARTMENT HAVE VEAST CARRE

W. W. Logan. I WILL SELL

ORGANS PIANOS and SEWING MACHINES

from now till January, 1890, from 10 to 20 cent. less (according to quality) than ever before offered in Lindsay or County of Victoria. The best is always the cheapest. Poor goods are dear at any price.

GENERAL AGENT, Lindsay,

Lindsay, Nov. 15, 1889 -75. J. G. Edwards.



Importer of

Hardware, Iron and Steel Carriage Goods, Coal, Coal Oil, Paints, Oils and Varnishes, House Furnishings, etc.

NOW IN DEMAND. Grain and Cattle and English Cattle and Halter Chains. Rope and Web Halters.

Cross-Cut SAWS. Call and see our new "RACER," which is much cheaper than the old one, also a thin back American Saw which is warranted.

Rixford Axes, All Steel Axes Grain Scoops, Brush Hooks, Buck Saws, Butcher Saws, Butcher Knives. (war-rented), Curry Combs, Horse Brushes, Dandy Brushes, Stable Brooms, Lanterns, etc.,

At Lowest Prices. J. G. EDWARDS. Sign of the Anvil.

Lindsay, Nov. 11, 1889.



HOW TO USE OUR EYES BY FRANK LAZARUS.

(Late Lazarus & Morris.) And how to preserve them from infancy to eld age. To be had free by calling or sending to

J. RIGGS Agent

This book is thoroughly practical. Gives useful information to those enjoying good sight and wishing to retain it. All agents use Lazarus' improved method of fitting the Best Spectacles in the World.

They never tire the eye and last many years without change. For sale by J. RIGGS, Jewelry and Fancy Store, Kent-st., Lindsay. Manufactured by FRANK LAZARUS (late of Lazarus & Morris, Hartford, Conn.) 28 Maryland Road, Harrow Road, London, England. Lindsay, April 26, 1888 - 93-174.

Miscellaneous.

UNIGAL'S LIVERY STABLES York Street Lindsay, Comfortable conveyances and good horses on hire at reasonable rates

BRIAN GUNIGAL

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned on or about the 12th of Oct., a one-year-old BAY HORSE COLT, with a little white spot on the forehead and two white hind feet a little above the fetlooks. Any person giving information that will lead to recovery will be suitably rewarded. ANGUS CHIS. HOLM. Balsover P. O., Ont. Nov. 12, 1889.

CUSTOM SAWING. Logs WANTED. Farmers having logs to cut into lumber can be accommodated this winter at MacNab's Saw Mill. I will start cutting after holidays. Lots of yard room. You can get your lumber home on sleighs and save time and money by bringing your logs to the Portable Saw Mill, opposite Esturian Landing, Lindsay. D. B. MACNAB. Oct. 3, 1889.—69-12.

WANTED SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All Goods Warranted First-class. Permanent, Pleasant, Goods profitable positions for the right men. Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age. CHARLES H. CHASE, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. Mention this paper.—66-12pd.

CHOICE MEATS OF ALL KINDS. Every householder in Lindsay should be interested in the news that

W. J. WILLIAMSON, THE BUTCHER has removed to larger and more convenient premises, and will now be found established in R. S. PORTER'S OLD STAND

opposite the present post office. The premises have been handsomely fitted up, and parties leaving their custom with him may rely upon receiving only the best meats. BEEF, PORK, LAMB, VEAL, etc., in season, as well Vegetables of all kind. W. J. WILLIAMSON, Porter's old stand Lindsay, March 17, 1889.—44tf.

S hf 23, 3rd con, 100 acres. N W qr 8, 5th con, 50 acres. N hf 18, 10th con, 100 acres. E hf 5, 11th con, 100 acres.

VERULAM. W hf 25, 3rd con, 100 acres, W hf 31, 3rd con, 100 acres, W hf 10, 3rd con, 33 acres, Lot 9, 3rd con, 200 acres, W hf 5, 3rd con, 200 acres, W hf 5, 3rd con, 100 acres, W hf 8, 7th con, 100 acres.

ELDON. E hf 7, 4th con, 100 acres, PENELON.

MARVERS.

Valuable mill property and 2,400 a mits in the township of Harvey. Also a large number of other val

ties for sale or to rent. A large a money to loan at lewest rates. Apply to G. H. HOPKINS, Lumbr.

LUMBER AND WOOD. KILLABY & KENNEDY,

Wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of LUMBER, BILL STUFF AND WOOD.

FIREWOOD

Of the best quality delivered to any part of

AGENT FOR Agricultural Insurance Co. of Watertown

Citizens' Insurance Co., Moutreal. Confederation Life Association, Toronto. Canada Permanent Lean and Savings Co. Waterous Engine Works Co., Brantford.

\$30,000 To Loan at 6 per cent. Office at residence, corner of Lindsay and Glenelg Streets, Lindsay.

AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY

FIRE AND LIFE. The Largest Fire Insurance Company in the World.

Rates and premiums as low as any other re-

LIFE DEPARTMENT. Assurance effected with or without profits at moderate rates. Four-fifths of profits given to policy holders. For particulars or rates apply F. C. TAYLOR.

Marriage Licenses.

Office, Cameron Street. Residence, corner King and Munro-sts.. Cannington, Ont.-74-ly. GEORGE DOUGLASS.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES. LINDSAY, ONT.

Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1853.-12. BRITTON.

ISSUER OF WARRIAGE LICENSES FOR THE COUNTY OF VICTORIA.



WHITE PINE BALSAM

COUGH AND COLD REMEDY Cures Bronchitis. Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Difficulty of Breathing. Hoarseness, etc. 437 25c., five for \$1.00.

Lindsay, Sept. 11, 1889.-66.

HORSES WANTED.—Parties having sound horses to sell will find a ready purchaser by applying to the undersigned at the Central House, Lindsay, or at his house en Lindsay. I buy all kinds of sound horses. W. WEESE, Lindsay, May 18, 1888.—97-tf. THE OLD RELIABLE BRICK YARD. -Established 1870-I have now on

FOR SALE.

The subscriber has for sale a large quantity of choice hed Brick at his yard north of Can aington, or at the Cannington railway station which he will sell at reasonable rates to make som for his summer stock. Apply to JOHN SACKVILLE, Cannington.

DUNN'S BAKING THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

HIGHET CASH PRICE PAID FOR WHEAT. The undersigned are prepared to ray the IGHEST CASH PRICE for WHEAT

Having introduced the latest improved Roller System for the manufacture of FLOUR they are now prepared to fill all orders with

ATChopping done at all times. DOBSON & CAMPBELL, BEAVERTON and WOODVILLE N B.-Baker's trade a specialty.

Jan. 15, 1888. -32-tf. NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof, for an Act to incorporate THE LINDSAY, BOBGAYGEON AND PONTYPOGL RAILWA- COMPANY

with power to construct. equip and operate a with power to construct. equip and operate a line of railway from a point at, uear or west of Pontypool in the County of Durham in the Province of Ontario, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, thence northerly to the Town of Lindsay in the County of Victoria and said Province, and from thence in a north-east-erly direction to the Village of Bobcaygeon in the said County of Victoria, and also to construct telegraph lines along the said Railway. I

Lumber of every description, Dry, Dressed and Matched, ready for use. Bill Stuff of all kinds in stock. Framing Timber and Joists of all lengths. Stingles of all grades cheap.

Insurance.

BARTHOLOMEW.

Commercial Union Insurance Co. of Lon

Lindsay, March 15, 1388 -88-tf. THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

prompt and liberal. The resources and standing of this company afford those insured in it perfect security against loss.

Agent for Lindsay and Victoria. Co.

RICHARD BRANDON.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, MANILIA, ONT. R. S. PORTER,

of the firm of Britton Bros., Jewellers Lindsay.)



THE GREAT

A. HIGINBOTHAM, Druggist.

Miscellaneous.

tarth.—Established 1870—I have now on hand in my yard at Carnington a choice quantity of Brick which I will sell at the yard or deliver at the Cannington station or Woodville station. My brick for color and quality cannot be heaten. JOHN WAKELIN, Cannington, Dec. 3, 1887—74-lyr.

300 0000 RED BRICK

Cannington, April 24, 1889.-46.

at their Beaverton and Woodville Roller Mills.

Dated Lindsay, 13th Nov., 1869.-75-8.

ROBERT JAMES MCLAUCHLIN Solicitor for Applicants.