Ayer's Medicine

High-Pressure

Living characterizes these modern days. The result is a fearful increase of **Brain and Heart Diseases**—**General Debility, Insomnia, Paralysis, and Insanity.** Chloral and Morphia augment the evil. The medicine best adapted to do permanent good is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It purifies, enriches, and vitalizes the blood, and thus strengthens every function and faculty of the body.

"I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, in my family, for years. I have found it invaluable as

A Cure

for Nervous Debility caused by an inactive liver and a low state of the blood." — Henry Bacon, Xenia, Ohio.

"For some time I have been troubled with heart diseases. I never found anything to help me until I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I have only used this medicine six months, but it has relieved me from my trouble, and enabled me to resume work." — J. P. Carzanett, Perry, Ill.

"I have been a practicing physician for over half a century, and during that time I have never found so powerful and reliable an alterative and blood-purifier as Ayer's Sarsaparilla." — Dr. M. Mansfield, Louisville, Ky.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1, six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

Medical.

I CURE FITS!

When I say I cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again, I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my Infallible Remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address, H. G. ROOT, M.C., Branch Office, 194 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY NOV. 8, 1889.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

There was a heavy fall of snow at Omaha last Friday morning.

Nicola Onclette, a veteran of 1812, died at St. Armand, Que., the other day at the age of 100 years and 9 months.

The New York board of aldermen have passed the estimates for the coming year, I will cost just $10,000,000 to run the city for that time.

The French government has temporarily deprived the priests of their stipends because of sermons in which they made remarks on the recent elections.

Miss Kate Vankoughnet, daughter of the Hon. P. Vankoughnet, committed suicide at Cornwall on Thursday night by hanging herself.

Mr. Nelson, father of Stanley's chief officer, has received a letter from his son conveying the assurance that Stanley will arrive at Zanzibar some time in January.

Alexander Simpson, a reporter on the Kansas City Times, has received from London word that he has fallen heir to the estate of his aunt in Edinburgh valued at $70,000.

Owing to the order of the German government prohibiting the importation of cattle there is such a scarcity of beef and mutton that horseflesh is being consumed largely.

A gable wall of a new building in Glasgow fell Friday on the roof of a weaving factory containing a number of women and girls, of whom some forty are dead beneath the ruins.

The net price of gas in Toronto now ranges from $1.16 to $1.12½ per 1,000 feet according to extent of consumption and there is a discount to large consumers even from these figures. The gas companies are evidently going to fight the electric light people hard.

Silver ore assaying $250 to $300 a ton has been discovered in the Crow's Nest Pass, Alberta, and through which the Canadian Pacific railway contemplate building. The rock is greyish white in color, which is similar to that taken from some of the richest mines in British Columbia.

The Irish Times, Dublin, says Mr. Parnell has had a conference with the speaker of the house of commons relative to the best mode of expending his intention next session of trying to establish the complicity of the government in the attacks made by the London Times on the Parnellite party.

Ten days ago Amy Murphy, living at West End, Bridgeport, Conn., was chewing gum, and not feeling well gave the gum to another little girl. The latter passed it to two other playmates. All four girls were soon afterward taken down with diphtheria, and two have died. The physicians say the disease was carried from the Murphy child to the others in the chewing gum.

Old wells are very successful death traps. In Gourock a family consisting of the parents and three children moved to premises that had been vacant for some time. In a few weeks the three children were carried off by diphtheria and the parents were down with the disease. There is always a cause for illness, and in this case the cause was the old well. Examination proved that it was in a most filthy condition. The moral is to clean out the wells.

La Minerve says: A shocking occurrence happened in a neighboring parish a few days ago. Auguste Archambault, who had been treated for Bright's disease but got no better, was seen to fall backwards and physicians pronounced him dead. He was kept two days and many relatives and friends accompanied the hearse to the church and grave. The coffin was lowered and the process of filling in the earth was in rapid progress when someone thought he heard a moan. Everyone listened and to their horror a moan came from the grave. Hastily the coffin was raised and on removing the lid a live man was seen struggling for breath. Two physicians were summoned and succeeded in restoring the man to consciousness. Archambault is doing well.

—John McIntyre, the Merrickville school trustee, has been sent to the central prison for four months for assaulting a school teacher.

—Constable Hawkins, who was tried before the mayor of Hamilton last Friday on the charge of fatally shooting a man he was endeavoring to arrest, was pronounced by his worship not guilty.

—The new railway bridge across the Firth of Forth, one of the most marvellous pieces of engineering of the century, is shortly to be put to the test of carrying fifty locomotives hitched together and travelling back and forth at varying speed.

—Mrs. Mackay, a rich American woman, is suing the Manchester Examiner for saying that she was a poor widow with two children, employed as a washerwoman at one time in her career. Mr. Wiman, a rich resident of the United States, boasted last night on a public platform that he had been a poor newsboy in Toronto. It takes several kinds of people to fill a world.

—As the steamer Alexandria was coming into her dock at Brockville last Saturday evening one of the deck hands named Joseph Hatch was standing in the hatchway when a tender was let down, knocking him into the water. A rope was thrown him, but he could not see it. His cries were pitiful to hear. He sank before a boat could reach him. His body was recovered shortly afterwards.

—Lord Randolph Churchill, in a letter, urges that the conservatives during the coming session of parliament ought to give prominence to the land laws, measures for the reform of workingmen's dwellings, laborers' allotment, licensing and laws providing for shorter hours of labor, and dealing with the "sweating" system. All these questions, he says, are rapidly ripening for practical legislation.

—There is always room at the top. Some men drudge along as college presidents on $4,000 or $5,000 a year, but Anthony Hamilton, who was the most successful jockey in the past season, has just accepted an offer to ride for Mr. August Belmont in the coming year for a salary of $10,000, which is as much as Mr. Vanderbilt paid his imported French cook, or as a crack base ball player can make by earnest and conscientious attention to his profession.

Wissmann, German imperial commissioner for East Africa, has had an engagement with a force of natives under command of Chief Bushiri and defeated them. Three hundred of Bushiri's men were killed or wounded. The German forces lost seven men. Three Arabs have been executed at Mpwapwa for the murder of Officer Meison of the East Africa Company.... The steamer Vulcan, attached to Captain Wissmann's expedition, has been wrecked on the East African coast. The natives killed a number of the crew.

—C. W. Hammond of Cowan Station, Ky., last Thursday morning turned a fine blooded mare, valued at $500, and a large ox into the same enclosure. The animals had been together several times before, but as soon as they entered the lot Tuesday they rushed at each other. Two or three farm hands attempted to separate them, but narrowly escaped serious injury, and failed. The mare kicked the ox in the side with both feet, nearly stunning him, but the latter recovered and gored the mare two or three times. Both fought with the greatest fury. The mare both kicked and bit, tearing chunks of flesh from the ox with her sharp teeth, while she in turn was raked again and again by the ox's horns. Both were covered with blood, but continued the battle as desperately as ever, despite all the efforts of the men to separate them. At last the ox plunged his horn entirely through the thick part of the mare's neck. The blow was fatal, but as the mare staggered her weight broke the ox's horn short off and she fell and died with it in her body. The ox died in the afternoon.

—The New York Herald's Berlin correspondent has had an interview with Count Von Waldersee, chief of the staff of the German army. The count said: "That I desire war is nonsense. I have only one wish—that we may be so strongly organized that our enemies may lose all desire to attack us. I know war well enough to be convinced that as an honest man I must have the wish, not only in the interest of the fatherland, but in that of the whole world, only to lock upon it as a last resort; therefore, if I think it can be avoided, I consider it to be my duty to do all in my power to prevent it. Should Providence, however, send us war, I should have the greatest confidence in being able to carry out the task confided to me. I know the self sacrificing spirit of the Germans and with what confidence they would follow their capable and energetic young Kaiser. I know our army, too, and am sure it is superior in efficiency to any other. Other nations may imitate our tactical forms and weapons, but not our moral qualities. High moral force, that is the principal element. Our alliances add to our strength, and are at any rate a strong guarantee of peace, but I am also sure the power of Germany, held in one strong hand and directed by one strong will, is strong enough to confront a coalition alone with a good hope of success.

—A Paris despatch to the New York Sun says: Prince Murat, the gallant cavalry general who has become variously decorated and extensively gray, has finally refused to let himself out as a mari decoratif to the American heiress (Miss Caldwell) who gave a fortune to the Catholic university. The prince said to a circle of intimate friends at the Jockey club that the lady offered him nothing but a sea biscuit. There was not enough money in sight. "I said nothing about money to my fiance until Saturday. The lawyer called at her hotel, where we were all gathered by appointment to sign the settlements. I had expected to witness on her part some signs of generous devotion. What do you imagine I saw? That during my lifetime I was to receive 50,000 francs a year only, and should she die before me, leaving no heirs, the money was to revert to her family. "Madame," I said, "you deceive yourself greatly. I am not an Italian. French princes are quoted much higher in the matrimonial stock list, and with my most distinguished salutations I left." The prince was congratulated for the noble stand he had taken against an American bear movement on the European matrimonial market, and the nightly baccarat was resumed. Miss Caldwell plainly announced at the commencement of the affair that should the marrying take place she proposed to run her finances as before. She was willing to give her husband 50,000 francs per annum for cigarettes and mutuels on the Sunday races, but had no idea of trusting her fortune to such a spendthrift hands. Prince Murat agreed, hoping that by good behaviour he would obtain more liberal terms; but Miss Caldwell never faltered in her purpose. Finally Murat's family, and in particular the Princess Joachim, intervened and tried to dissuade the head of the house from a mesalliance by which, owing to the hard bargain driven, the family was not to profit, and when Princess Joachim learned how cheaply her father-in-law was going she offered out of her private fortune to give him the same allowance as Miss Caldwell, provided the marriage should not take place. Princess Joachim is the niece and principal heiress of the late Madame Hurtado Heine. Prince Murat has gone to Fontainebleau to take part in a large shooting battue which James Gordon Bennett is giving there, while Miss Caldwell's house on the Avenue d'Alma is alive with congratulatory visitors, and everything goes merry as a marriage bell without the chilling presence of a octogenarian groom. The moral of the story is that American heiresses cannot be supplied with a first-class prince without paying for him..... It is stated that the disagreement between Prince Murat and Miss Caldwell is only temporary, and that the terms of the marriage contract will probably be satisfactorily arranged. The Caldwell family will remain in Paris. Miss Caldwell is ill.

—Mr. Geo. W. Childs says the body of General Grant will probably be moved from its last resting place in New York to West Point or Arlington.

—Harvey, charged with killing his wife and two daughters in March, was found guilty of murder in Guelph on Saturday, and sentenced to be hanged on the 28th instant.

—Another wealthy American girl has married a European title. The lady is Miss Huntington, a wealthy New York belle, and the lucky one is Prince Hatzfeldt, who belongs to a German family of high standing. That he must be a rare distinction is evident from the fact that his debts amount to between $1,000,000 and $3,000,000.

—There are, it appears, some French-Canadians who wish to return to Canada from the United States. A new colonization company, intended to induce French-Canadians in the United States to return home, has been formed in New England with a capital of $100,000, and two delegates from there were in Quebec the other day negotiating terms with the government as to land grants and other assistance. The delegates want to be given land in Bonaventure county, and also that the government shall give financial aid to each settler. The society has come to an arrangement with American capitalists to find a market for all the timber they can supply.

—Emperor William's visit to Constantinople is the absorbing topic treated of by the English and continental newspapers, and almost the sole theme of discussion in political circles. The newspapers, particularly the Berlin journals and the London tory organs, disclaim on behalf of the emperor any political object in his acceptance of the hospitality of the sultan, but they are nevertheless closely watching the movements of the czarewitch, whose exit to Paris is ostensibly to see the great exhibition, and devoting an unusual amount of space to articles representing the czar to be in a state of extreme anxiety lest the conference of the rulers of Germany and Turkey shall result unfavorably to Russia's aims. The czarewitch has received orders from St. Petersburg to return home by way of Odessa, which instructions are obviously given for the purpose of affording the czarewitch a pretext for visiting Constantinople, where he may to a great extent, if not wholly, counteract the influence of the visit of the German emperor to the sultan.... A London correspondent cables to a New York paper anent the Emperor William's visit to the sultan: This event is invested with a mysterious kind of interest from the fact that Abdul Hamid has never seen any crowned head of Europe since he became sultan, though his predecessor, Abdul Aziz, had visited every capital and continually received royal visitors in return. The present ruler is a strangely shy, timorus man, who has apparently never recovered from the fright sustained on that fateful night of August, 1876, when he was taken out of the semi-captivity in which he was then living and brought in a state boat crowded with armed men to the imperial palace. Abdul learned on the way that his brother Murad had been seized and dethroned a few hours before, and he fully expected that he, too, was to be imprisoned and probably murdered. The reaction, when he found himself acclaimed instead as sultan, was literally terrible. He has never been able to shake off the fear of being destroyed by some similar palace revolt, and broods continually over the possibility that Murad, who is still confined in some unknown prison, and is officially spoken of as insane, may be brought out again and restored to the throne. Intrigues looking to this end have been going on constantly during the whole of the present reign, and it is surmised that William will take the surest road to the sultan's confidence by assuring him that no sovereign or nation in Europe dreams of restoring Murad. Once made easy on this point, it is expected that the sultan will abandon his seclusion and visit some of the more important capitals of Western Europe, presumably under the auspices of the triple alliance. This whole episode of William's putting his finger into the eastern pie arouses the deepest interest in all political circles. He is still primarily regarded as a young man on the eager outlook for a chance to distinguish himself, and his entrance into the very inner dynamite chamber of European politics is therefore calculated, as the phrase goes, to make nervous people sit up. All his other visits fade into trivial pantomime spectacles in comparison with to day's interview between him and the sick man of Europe, for Germany has never before been even vaguely identified with any side of the eastern question. Her young emperor, in his desire to play the role of European dictator in all its completeness, has deliberately gone out of the way to bring Turkey within the scope of his influence. Naturally there are grave anxieties as to what will come of this.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—A Belleville despatch to the Empire states that the congregation of St. George's church, Trenton, who wished the Rev. F. W. Armstrong, their curate, appointed to succeed the late Canon Bleasdell, are so dissatisfied with the appointment of Canon White that they hissed when the archdeacon made the announcement. That's nice christian conduct.

—So successful is the training at the Kingston military college that the British war office has issued an order that the four graduates of the Royal military college of Canada who accepted commissions in the Royal Engineers last year are to leave the school of engineering at Chatham in March next, eight months ahead of their time. The usual two years hard work at Chatham is found to be unnecessary in their case.

—The Belleville Intelligencer sneers at those whom it describes as "professional newspaper men." We must say that we have a higher regard for newspaper men who follow the work as a profession than we have for those who use the newspaper simply as a means of helping them to get their noses into the government trough. The tory Intelligencer will please accept this hint with our compliments.—[Dundas True Banner.

—On Tuesday Mrs. H. Carson of Washago missed her four-year-old daughter from about the doors and left the house in quest of it. Near the mill she stumbled over a board in which was a protruding nail, which entered her hand, lacerating it badly. The intense pain caused fainting and utter physical prostration. A state of delirium ensued. By prompt medical attention, however, consciousness returned, and the sufferer is progressing favorably.

—On Wednesday Constable George Clark brought George Michael, Rhehen Recceff, Hemon Rhehon and Isaac Seilman, Italian peddlers, before Mayor Slaven of Orillia, charged with selling goods contrary to county by-law. The first three were fined $10 each, and the latter, $15—for second offence, and $3.70 costs. They refused to pay until their goods had been seized, which added $1.50 each to the costs. The Italians left the town proclaiming their determination to shake the dust of this "godless" country from their feet.—[Packet.

—The Markham Economist says: "Last week Mr. David Byer, residing on lot 22, 8th con., Markham, was fined $100 for practising medicine without a license. Mr. Byer makes no profession of practising medicine, but for nearly a lifetime (he is now over sixty years old) he has been successfully treating the removal of that dreadful disease cancer. Hundreds have applied to him for relief, and he has honestly told the patients whether they are too far gone to be successfully treated by him. If not, he has invariably been accredited with affecting a cure, in many instances where the regular profession have failed. We do not believe in advertising quackery, but it does appear as though the law was unjust in this case. Mr. Byer does not, nor never has, advertised his cures or himself as a physician."

—Horace Albertson, who left Kingston four years ago, expects to recover $500,000 from an estate in Holland. The grandmother of Albertson was a resident of Kingston.

—The government is evidently determined to enforce the law regarding sawdust in the stream in so far as it refers to the Otonabee river. Inspector Gilchrist, Peterboro, has received fresh instructions from the government to see that the fines imposed by the magistrate are collected, and also to continue the prosecutions as long as the mill owners violate the law.

VARIETIES.

An exchange of compliments—Irate Maud—And you're so ugly you'd stop a clock. Spiteful Madge—And you're so ugly you'd set it running, and mighty fast, too.

Don't use any more nauseous purgatives such as pills, salts, etc., when you can get in Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters a medicine that moves the bowels gently, cleansing all impurities from the system and rendering the blood pure and cl. Sold by all druggists.

Polite Gentlemen (to lady in front, at the theater) "I beg your pardon, madam, but won't you be kind enough to press that flower on the top of your hat just a little?" Lady—"Certainly. There. Will that do?" "Yes thank you. Now I can see the leading lady's bangs very nicely. I was wondering what color her hair was."

The combination of ingredients founds in Ayer's Pills render them tonic and curative as well as cathartic. For this reason they are the best medicine for people of costive habit, as they restore the natural action of the bowels, without debilitating.—74-1.

Sign for Chicago court-room during the Cronin trial.—"Please do not steal, assassinate or bribe the jurors. They are very scarce this fall."

W. C. T. U.

"For God and Home and Native Land."

HON. G. W. ROSS COMPLIMENTED.

The much-maligned Hon. G. W. Ross was highly complimented by the lady president of the W. C. T. U. at Galt on Tuesday, Oct. 29th, for assistance rendered them in the matter of temperance education in the schools.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gents.—My daughter had a severe cold and injured her spine so she could not walk, and suffered very much. I called in our family physician; he pronounced it inflammation of the spine, and recommended MINARD'S LINIMENT to be used freely. Three bottles cured her. I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for a broken breast; it reduced the inflammation and cured me in ten days.

Hantsport. MRS. N. SILVER.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED.—A GOOD RELIABLE AGENT in Emily or about Mt. Pleasant to sell the Brantford Binder, Mower and Reaper for 1890. Apply to C. O. CODY, Lindsay. Oct. 28, 1889.—73-tf.

ROOM WANTED. — Wanted, a large Room or two smaller ones, well furnished, with or without board. Centre of town, or northern or western part preferred. Address, H., Drawer 25, Lindsay. Oct. 31, 1889.—73-tf.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—The subscriber offers for sale the North Half of Lot 18, in the 1st Con. of Ops, all cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There is a good Stone Dwelling House, two Frame Barns and good Stabling. If not sold will be rented to a suitable tenant. Possession given at once. For further particulars apply to DAVID EAGLESON, sr., Colborne-st., Lindsay. Oct. 31, 1889.—73-2tf.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Seventy-seven acres more or less, about 50 acres cleared and worked. Log House and Stable on premises, also a young orchard bearing fruit; well watered by stream running through farm. Situated about half a mile from the village of Victoria Road. West half Lot No. 1, Con. 10, Carden. Terms low. For particulars write to DONALD SINCLAIR, Victoria Road P O. Oct. 31, 1889.—73-1pd.

BLACKWATER LANDS FOR SALE.—Lots $25 each. Blocks of 1 acre at $80 (6 and 5 lots); 5 acres $70 per acre; 10 acres, $60 per acre; 100 acres, $50 per acre. TERMS LIBERAL. Small Payments. These lands are close to railway station, post office, shop. School and churches near by. Write to or call on FRANK CAYLEY Real Estate Agent, Cor. King-st. and Leader Lane, Toronto. Oct. 17, 1889.—19-tf.

Physicians.

DR. DEGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—72-1y.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 9, 1888.—96-1y

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Roache's Hotel Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1882.—120tf-1y.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr. DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont. E. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont

J. GRANT, M. D., C. M., M. C. P. & S. O; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons Ontario; late of Post Graduate Hospital, New York. Office—Woodville, Ontario. Woodville, May 19, 1889.—50-1yr.

F. C. HOOD, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Honor Graduate Trinity University, L. R. C. P., England. Office: corner of York and Russell-sts. Hours: 9 to 10 a.m., 2 to 4, and 7 to 8 p.m. Lindsay, June 28, 1888.—3-1yr.

DRS. COULTER & CLARKE, Physicians and Surgeons. Office and residence, Russell-st., second door west of York-st. Office hours: 9 to 10 30 a.m.; 1.30 to 3 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m. C. L. COULTER, M. D., Medical Health Officer, Grand Trunk Railway Surgeon, Lindsay District. W. H. CLARKE, M. D. Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1888.—23-1yr.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., MEDICAL Referee to the Standard Insurance Company, Surgeon to the Grand Trunk Railway. Office and residence Rideut-st., first door east of Lindsay-st. Office hours from 8 to 10 a.m., and 12 to 2 30 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m. Telephone communication.

DRS. HART & BINGHAM, Physicians, Surgeons and Accouchers, Cannington, Ont. J. M. HART, M.D., M.C.P.S. H. S. BINGHAM, M.D., C.M., F.T.M.S., M.C.P.S., P.E. & O., Dublin. Cannington, June 22nd, 1887.—50-1y.

DR. E. A. SPILSBURY THROAT, NOSE and EAR. Lecturer on Diseases of the Throat and Nose, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; and Late Clinical Assistant, Hospital for Diseases of the Throat, Nose and Ear, Golden Square, London, England. OFFICE, 187 COLLEGE AVENUE, TORONTO. Sept. 11, 1889.—66-tf.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. DR. G. S. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E. Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary. Consulting Surgeon (ex officio) to the Institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital. May be consulted at his residence, 60 College-avenue, Toronto.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being the east half lot 7, con 5, Ops; 97 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation and free from stumps and stones; well fenced with cedar rails and most of it stacked and wired; two never-failing wells, small orchard, comfortable buildings, etc. For further particulars apply to JAMES POWERS, on the premises, if by letter to Lindsay P. O. Oct. 5, 1887.—65-tf.

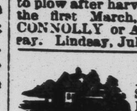
FARM FOR SALE.—North half of 8, Con. 4, Thorah, 97 acres. Soil, loamy on clay bottom, easily worked, 80 acres in good cultivation, balance rough land, buildings large. Frame barn and shed with a comfortable log house. School ¼ mile, R. R. Station at village of Beaverton, 2 miles. A decided bargain will be given as farm must be sold. Apply to G. SMITH, P. L. S., Beaverton P. O Sept. 24, 1889.—68-tf.

FARM IN EMILY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Lot 7 in 8th Con. Emily; 100 acres, 60 cleared, balance mixed timber; good frame house, frame barn, stable, etc.; two good wells. The farm corners on Downeyville; the dwelling is just across the road from Post Office. Terms easy to purchaser; or will be rented for a term of years. Possession any time. For further particulars apply to MORGAN O'NEILL, King's Wharf P. O., or to W. O'NEILL, Lindsay. October, 23, 1889.—72-1pd.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BLACKWATER FOR SALE. — Being Grain Ware-house now used by Messrs. Whitlaw & Co., Grainbuyers, also a Store occupied by Jas. Ruddy, Merchant, and Five Lots on which stood a hotel until lately burned. This property will be disposed of separately or in bulk at very reasonable rates. For further particulars apply to the owner, JOHN RODD, Lindsay, or to his Solicitors, Messrs. McINTYRE & STEWART, Lindsay.—37-tf.

FOR SALE.—Lot No. 7, corner of Glenelg and Logie sts., ¾ of an acre. A beautiful private residence situated on the east bank of the Scugog River with all the latest improvements. The building is of brick, contains seven large airy rooms and three pantries; hard and soft water in house. Large barn and driving shed, boat house and other out-buildings. Will be sold on most reasonable terms. Apply to P. BRADY, Box 329, Lindsay P. O Sept. 10, 1889.—66-3mos.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—East half of the east half of Lot 23 in the 8th Con. of Ops, 50 acres; and the east half of Lot 24 in the 8th con. of Ops, 100 acres. Situated 3½ miles from Lindsay. On these lands there are about 60 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, well fenced, good well and a comfortable dwelling house, good stables and barn. On the uncleared portion there is a great amount of pasture; privilege to plow after harvest and possession given on the first March, 1890. Apply to THOMAS CONNOLLY or A. O'LEARY, Barrister, Lindsay. Lindsay, July 31st, 1889.—60-tf.



FIRST CLASS FARM IN MARIPOSA FOR SALE.—Being N. hf. and S. E. qr. Lot No. 4 in the 14th Con. Mariposa, 150 acres; 137 cleared, well-fenced and cultivated; frame house, 1½ storey; a barn 96x32ft., stone foundation, affording stabling for cattle and horses; two never-failing wells; good milk-house; good orchard. A mile and a half from Woodville, four miles from Cannington, school within a mile. For further particulars apply to ROBT. ADAM, Woodville P. O. June 5, 1888.—100-tf.

FINE FARM TO RENT.—Being the north half of Lot 14 in the 13th Con. of Emily; 100 acres, of which 85 acres are in a good state of cultivation. On the premises are a good log dwelling, good barn and outbuildings. There are two excellent wells of pure water. Also FOR SALE—the south half of Lot 13 in the 14th Con., uncultivated; 100 acres, first-class soil. Will also sell the whole of timber off Lot 12 in the 14th Con.; 200 acres. The proprietor is anxious to dispose of these properties as he has given up farming. JOHN DORGAN, Lindsay P. O. Lindsay, July 22nd, 1889.—59-tf.

GOOD FARM OF 200 ACRES, IN OPS, FOR SALE.—For sale at a bargain, Lot No. 7, Con 6 of the township of Ops; 200 acres; about 90 acres cleared and under cultivation; a fine never-failing stream of living water runs through this farm, making it one of the best adapted farms for stock in the country. It is also well adapted for grain. Clay soil, comfortable buildings. Situated five miles from the town of Lindsay, on good road. For terms, etc., apply to O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers, Lindsay. Sept. 6, 1889.—65-tf.

BRECHIN BEACH FARM FOR SALE The farm is beautifully situated along Brechin Beach, which is the east shore of lake Simcoe, and amongst the best farm lands in Ontario, and is within less than one-half mile of one of the best grain markets in the province. Containing about 125 acres. There is about 50 acres cleared, the balance under wood. Good buildings, small orchard and good well. Soil, clay loam. The lake front adjoining is being improved and laid out in lots for sale for summer cottages, greatly enhancing the value of this property. Will be sold on easy terms Apply to L. FORREST, Brechin, Ont. Aug. 26, 1889.—64-tf.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE IN THORAH, known as "The Gillespie Homestead,"

containing 200 acres more or less. On the premises are a new brick dwelling house worth $3,000; excellent horse and cattle stables, nearly new; a good barn and other out-buildings; three never-failing wells, one overflowing; convenient to school and churches; good gravelled roads; midway between Beaverton, Cannington and Woodville. A small, cheap farm would be taken in exchange. As the proprietor has left Thorah to reside in Markham, a good bargain may be secured. For further particulars apply to B. MADILL, Beaverton, or to JOHN KENNEDY, Franklin House, Markham.—Aug. 16th, 1889.—65 8.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE. The undersigned offers for sale the following parcels

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

PARCEL No. I.—Lots 11 and 12, in the 11th Con. of the Township of Fenelon 200 acres, less four acres sold to Mr. Knowlson for a grape vineyard; greater portion cleared and under cultivation. Also west half of Lot 13, in Con. 1, Verulam, 100 acres, about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation. The above properties will be sold en bloc or separately to suit purchasers. Favorable terms.

PARCEL No. II.—Lot No. 6, and w. ½ of Lot No. 7, in 3rd Con. of Verulam; nearly all cleared. Also e. ½ of Bolton Lot No. 13, in 2nd Con. of Verulam, wooded. These two lots will make a fine farm and will be sold en bloc. Well improved; good buildings and orchard.

PARCEL No. III.—The w. ½ of No. 1, 3rd Con. Verulam, 100 acres; about 70 cleared and under cultivation. Fair buildings. About 18 acres of broken lot on lake shore at "Treaty Rock," Sturgeon lake. About 10 acres cleared; excellent pasture. Also Lot No. 5, Con. 1, Somerville, 205 acres; 20 acres cleared. Will be sold reasonable.

The above properties will be sold by the acre. For further particulars apply to JABEZ THURSTON, Dunsford P. O.

Dunsford, May 28, 1889.—51-tf.

Architects and Surveyors.

M. DEANE, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Office and residence, Lindsay-st., Lindsay. Lindsay, Sept. 1, 1887.—60-1y.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, etc., Residence and address, FENELON FALLS, Ontario.

G. SMITH, Engineer and Land Surveyor. Residence and address Beaverton, - Ont. Beaverton, Sept. 25, 1889.—68.

A. G. CAVANA, P. L. S., Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman and Valuator, Orillia, Ont. Orders for surveying, levelling, etc., left with Thos. Roach, Brechin or addressed to Box 46, Orillia, will receive prompt attention. MONEY TO LOAN at a low rate of interest. Orillia, March 2, 1887.—33-1y

BOWMAN BROS., Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyors and Civil Engineers; County Engineer for Victoria County. Mining, Municipal and Town Plat Surveys, Water Works, Sewerage, Plans and Grade Systems for Cities and Towns. Plans, Estimates and Specifications for public and other Engineering Works furnished. All work promptly and skillfully attended to at reasonable rates. Offices: Old Town Clerk's Office, over White's shoe store, Kennedy's Block, Lindsay. Dec. 13, 1889.—27-52t.

Hotels.

SLUMAN HOUSE, MINDEN.—WM TERRY, Proprietor. Best brands of liquors and cigars. Large and airy sample rooms. Commercial men conveyed to all points on shortest notice. Good stables and attentive hostlers June 12th, 1889.—53-1y.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario. W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1888.—32-1y.

MANSION HOUSE, FENELON Falls, J. TWOMEY, proprietor. This well-known hotel has been taken possession of by J. Twomey, jun., who has made extensive improvements in the premises and completely re-furnished it. Good and airy sample rooms. Every attention given to guests. July 6, 1887.—52-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, MAIN-ST., MARKHAM.—John Kennedy, late of Beaverton, Proprietor. Dealer in Clydesdale Horses and Short-Horn Cattle. Heated through out with steam and hot air. Bedrooms and dining rooms refurnished. First-class stable accommodation, good stallion yard and a number of box stalls, and the stable generally has been made warm and comfortable. Feb. 22, 1888.—85-1y.

BORELAND HOUSE, COLDWATER, —The undersigned begs to intimate to the travelling public that they will find it to their comfort and benefit to call at the new brick hotel, which since its erection has been elegantly furnished in the modern style. The house is heated throughout with hot air. Fine sample rooms; good stabling and attentive hostlers. MRS. WILLIAM BORELAND, Coldwater. March 13, 1888.—88y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan. 19th, 1884.—72.

"THE WAVERLEY HOUSE," Adam's Brick Block, Lindsay. $1.00 *per day.* This Hotel which has just been enlarged and renovated throughout, will be thrown open for the reception of guests about the 15th inst., and it will be the endeavor of the proprietor to make and retain "The Waverley" second to no house in the Province outside of the cities. A share of patronage from the commercial travelling public is respectfully solicited. The proprietor will be glad to receive a call from all his old friends and as many new ones as possible. An inspection of the large and commodious Office and Dining Hall is especially requested. Good Stables and Sheds, enlarged yards and an attentive hostler will always be on hand.

MALCOLM McGREGOR, Proprietor. Lindsay, June 13, 1889.—53

Money to Loan.

6 PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 6 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security. O'LEARY & O'LEARY. Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1887.

6 PER CENT.—MONEY TO LOAN AT SIX PER CENT on Good Farm Property or other good security. ☞ Charges reasonable. No commission. Apply to Wm. CAMERON, Woodville P. O. Ont. Nov. 13th, 1887.

MONEY LENT ON FIRST MORTGAGES, on Improved Farms. Straight Loans at 6 Per Cent. HUDSPETH & JACKSON, Office, William-st., Lindsay

MONEY TO LOAN. STRAIGHT LOANS AT VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES, repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms. G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, etc., Lindsay, Ont. Lindsay, Nov 19, 1888.—24.

CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS of $200 to $20,000, at 6 to 7 per cent. interest. STRAIGHT LOAN. Payments also on the Sinking Fund System from two to twenty years. Amount required to repay a loan of $1,000 in 10 years, is only $143.20; 20 years $95.30. No commission, no fines, expenses reduced. J. C. GILCHRIST, P. M., Woodville. J. C. GILCHRIST is also agent for several FI