Ayer's Medicine.

Best Cough Cure.

For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, no remedy is so safe, speedy, and certain as **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.** An indispensable family medicine.

"I find Ayer's Cherry Pectoral an invaluable remedy for colds, coughs, and other ailments of the throat and lungs."—M. S. Randall, 204 Broadway, Albany, N. Y.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for bronchitis and

Lung Diseases,

for which I believe it to be the greatest medicine in the world."—James Miller, Caraway, N. C.

"My wife had a distressing cough, with pains in the side and breast. We tried various medicines, but none did her any good until I got a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which has cured her. A neighbor, Mrs. Glenn, had the measles, and the cough was relieved by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I have no hesitation in recommending this medicine."—Robert Horton, Foreman *Herald-Light*, Morrilton, Ark.

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured me of a severe cold which had settled on my lungs. My wife says the Pectoral helps her more than any other medicine she ever used."—Enos Clark, Mt. Liberty, Kansas.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Medical.

I CURE FITS!

I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, but I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

a life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not sending me your case. Send at once for a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office address. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., Branch Office, 183 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1889.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the telegraph and exchanges.

It is stated that an English syndicate has offered $[illegible] for the works of the Phoenix Iron Co., N. Y.

A small bag was stolen from the truck at Rochester station on Wednesday and rifled of its registered letters. No clue.

It is alleged that the fires in Montana are destroying virgin forests at the rate of [illegible] an acre a day.

[illegible] have been received for the construction of the first section of the railway from Port Dalhousie to Welland.

A British syndicate is at present negotiating for the purchase of all the tanneries in New England and New York.

It is rumored in St. Petersburg that Russia is likely to abandon the present system of industrial protection.

A thunderstorm passed over the Northwest on Friday, the barometer registering in many places from 95 to 100 in the shade.

A celebrated glutton of Yorkville, S.C., the other day, on a wager, ate seven dozen eggs and died shortly after in great agony.

During a mimic naval engagement off Milwaukee on Thursday evening, by the bursting of cannon and mortars six sailors were more or less seriously injured.

It is said the Russian government has discharged the clerks of the Prince of Montenegro's various Austrian banking firms.

The St. Petersburg Novoe Vremya declares that England's practical annexation of Cashmere compels Russia to safeguard her interests on the Thibet and Afghan frontiers.

The United States postmaster general has offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of anyone making an armed attack upon any stage coach or railway train having the mail in transit.

Eight persons are down with typhoid fever at Point St. Charles, a suburb of Montreal. Four have been several fatal cases, but the disease is generally of a mild type.

During a shower near Matamoras, Mexico, Manuel, Carlos Resendez and three other boys took a huge in a stack of corn [illegible]. The stack was struck by lightning [illegible] boys were killed.

[illegible] Scotch Highland girls arrived in New York last Wednesday, having made the passage in [illegible] hours, and eighteen minutes, which is known record by three hours and [illegible] minutes. Her best day's run was [illegible].

H.M. ships Curaçoa and Pylades arrive in Montreal the other day, where they will remain [illegible] days, during which time [illegible] will be entertained [illegible]. As far as the people of Quebec [illegible] the official visit of a British squadron to the port of Montreal.

A New Orleans dispatch says that Robert Ann [illegible], a negro school teacher from Assumption parish, states that Wednesday night eight men took him out and whipped him severely. He had just been appointed supervisor of elections. The [illegible] in question would not be allowed to run politics in that parish.

Mr. William Ernest Henley, whose verses have just been published by Scribner, is a Scotchman, a literary protege of Robert Louis Stevenson, and the editor of Scott's Observer. He is, according to Current Literature, one of the men who have had great trouble thrust upon them, and he has paid a fearful physical price for his mental development. He began life as a laborer, upon a man of extent intellectual power, unversed in the primary elements of education, and a man of dissipated habits. He met with a terrible accident, both lower limbs being crushed beneath a boulder, and while at the hospital for treatment met Robert Louis Stevenson, who was also a patient at the institution. Then commenced the mental existence which bared him through the stages of newspaper correspondent, art editor and magazine contributor to the rank of poet. His limbs are still completely paralyzed, and he does all his work in an invalid chair, out of which towers his massive blonde head, set on a magnificent pair of shoulders. His conversation is brilliant, and he counts his friends among the cleverest and most brilliant literary men of London.

—At Fresno, Cal., on Tuesday, Oliver Mondell and Peter Fulmer lost their lives at Barton's winery by suffocation from carbonic acid gas.

—Chas. Miller was found dead on his wife's grave, at Reed City, Mich., Wednesday. He had poisoned himself in a fit of despondency over the loss of his wife.

—Aeronaut C. E. Slocum fell from his balloon Wednesday at Antwerp, N. Y., 150 feet to the ground, breaking no bones, but receiving a shock that may prove fatal.

—Mrs. Maybrick was removed to the Woking prison last Thursday, attired in the regular convict dress. She was looking well.

—It is reported the Russian government expelled 500 foreigners, including many Austrians, from Warsaw on Wednesday night.

—An Ottawa clergyman married the Arab chief in P. T. Barnum's show to Miss Emily Hamilton, the snake charmer in the same establishment.

—Each side in the Cronin case is so anxious and particular that it is expected the task of selecting jurors will occupy some weeks.

—A Mormon named Ovid had been arrested in Salt Lake City charged with having murdered his wife that he might marry his paramour.

—The remains of Pascal di Paoli, the famous Corsican patriot, who died in exile near London in 1807, have been exhumed and shipped to Corsica.

—Mr. VanHorne, president of the Canadian Pacific railway, says the extension to Windsor will be completed so that freight can be carried within two months.

—The Berlin Post declares the only way to turn the attention of Russia from war is for the European powers to agree to give her a free hand in Asia and the Balkans.

—The Georgetown paper mill last week erected a 60 h.-p. electric motor, the power for which is generated by damming the river Credit a short distance below the mill.

—Owing to a failure to agree upon a fifth arbitrator by the respective pair of representatives of Rev. Father Whelan of Ottawa, and Dr. Hurlbut, of the same city, the controversy as to whether the end justifies the means as a Jesuit doctrine is not likely to take place.

—It appears that the Canadian tug and crew doing dredging work at Kaministiquia harbor have been dismissed, and the work transferred to an American tug and crew, which will work under a Dominion government permit. This is "Canada for the Canadians" with a vengeance.

—Professor Tanner, of London, England, has arrived in Ottawa, and is now on his way to the North-west, where he will complete the purchase of lands for Lord Brassey's company, which was recently floated in England. These lands will be settled by a colony of English laborers which the Brassey company propose to bring out.

—The imperial parliament was prorogued Friday until November 16th. The queen, in her speech of prorogation, referred among other matters to the cordial relations existing with other powers, the dispersal of the Mahdi's forces on the southern frontier of Egypt, the Samoan conference, and the legislation for advancing the prosperity of Ireland.

—There was a great gathering of Smiths at Paspack, N.J., Saturday last. It was the fourteenth annual re-union of the Smith family, and three thousand people who carried that name met in old Peter Z. Smith's orchard. The ancient mariner, Peter Z. himself, presided, doing honor to the assembled army and his four score years.

—The last steamer arrived at Victoria, B. C., from Alaska brings word of the abandonment of the Great Bear's Nest gold mine recently purchased by the Duke of Sutherland and a syndicate of English capitalists and which has turned out to be perfectly worthless. The loss to the syndicate will foot up to near $2,000,000. It is stated that several other mining properties in Alaska, for which high prices have been paid, are likely to prove failures.

—A London cable says: The Archbishop of Canterbury is shocked at the idea of a bridegroom taking part in the wedding ceremony in evening dress. He thinks such a costume desecrates the sanctuary, and to prevent such desecration he has issued an edict against the issue of special licenses for a later hour than five in the evening. He would like to limit the celebration of marriage to three o'clock o'clock and only under exceptional circumstances or in case of distinguished persons does he favor a later hour than three.

—Section men at work repairing the Grand Trunk railway track near the London and Port Stanley and Michigan Central railway crossing, where the terrible railway accident of July 15, 1887, took place and thirteen persons were buried alive, found under a tie a gold ring, engraved upon which was the name "Mrs. C. Smithers." Mrs. Smithers, wife of James Smithers, now of Toronto, was amongst the victims of the wreck, and it is supposed that she wore the ring on the occasion of the accident.

—A special from Vienna says there is a bad harvest in Montenegro and the people have to face the prospect of famine. The prince caused a large quantity of cereals to be purchased in the spring, and much corn has already been distributed among the population, but the people cannot be fed for any length of time by state charity, and accordingly the government has had to consider how large a part of the Montenegrin population may be made to emigrate. It has been decided that emigration on a large scale offers the only means of alleviating the distress that must occur through a series of bad harvests in a small mountainous country like Montenegro.

—A London cable says: Mr. Balfour's announcement respecting a Catholic university for Ireland has been a bombshell to the radical party. Already there is a dangerous rift between them and the Parnellites, arising from various causes—the vote on the royal grant and the radical opposition to recent Irish government bills which involved encroachments on the imperial exchequer—and for a month or more there has been a deal of friction between these two sections of Mr. Gladstone's followers. Mr. Balfour now adds to their confusion by proposing a huge vote which will possibly detach the Parnellites and make peace with the Irish hierarchy. This use of imperial funds will not only provoke the anger of the radicals, but will arouse the hostility of the Orangemen and the ultra Protestants. Mr. Gladstone was defeated in 1873 when he only proposed making a Catholic university a constituent college in a university. Mr. Balfour is now clearly opening up for his party a vista of tremendous difficulties. He may drive a wedge into the Radical-Parnellite alliance but he will arouse a storm among many staunch supporters of the government. Mr. Chamberlain's explanations show that the project has the full approval of the liberal-unionists. They have often declared that Ireland ought to obtain from the present imperial parliament everything that she ought reasonably to have. There is no doubt that if an Irish house of commons sat in College Green one of its first acts would be the closing of the "Godless" colleges as the present ones are called, and the endowment of a Catholic university. In 1873 the the conservatives and nonconformists united to defeat Mr. Gladstone's bill, and it will be one of the most interesting problems of the future to learn how Mr. Gladstone will act toward Mr. Balfour's new proposal. Many months must elapse before we know the fate of that measure. Meanwhile Mr. Balfour's promise may help to keep Ireland in a better humor during the dark nights of the winter, and the pope, who must have known of this project, will stand betwixt the eyes of of his nationalist bishops, whose patience has been sorely tried by the apparent complaisance of the Vatican toward Lord Salisbury and those called brutal administration of Ireland.

—Stanley C. Jones of Patsonville, Ohio, shot A. A. Amidon, his wife's attorney, on Friday night because he took too great an interest in her pending divorce suit.

—Ship owners in London are discussing a scheme for the construction of a $5,000,000 [illegible] dock on the Thames upon the Boston and New York harbor plan.

—A family of French-Canadians named Rioux, from Montreal, were found at Lawrence, Mass., dying of fever and hunger, while the father had $2,000 hoarded up. The father was the miser.

—Miss Ann Jones, aged 87, who died at Livermore Falls, Maine, on Wednesday, had been an invalid for 70 years and had been confined to bed for 60 years. She retained all her faculties to the last.

—President VanHorne said in Montreal the other day, referring to rumoured changes on the Canadian Pacific railway, that as long as he remained with the railway he did not intend to relinquish the direct management.

—After analyzing many samples the chemists of the agricultural department, Washington, report that the use of baking powder is not likely to injure the health of the people. The report says the American people pay $25,000,000 a year for this powder. The cost of it to the manufacturers is less than a third of that amount.

—While a well was being dug three miles from Rome, Ga., one day last week, and when the workmen had reached a depth of twenty-five feet, the bottom of the well fell out, dropping them ten feet and lodging them in a cave. It was found the cave was miles in length, with chambers of various sizes. Finally the cave parted, the apartments leading in various directions. A party will explore all parts of the cave.

—A London cable says: The Standard believes the new Irish university bill foreshadowed by Mr. Balfour will provide for a special charter and a separate endowment for a Catholic university completely independent of existing institutions. The government's concession on this point, says the Standard, is likely to strain relations between the Parnellites and radicals..... United Ireland, in a leading editorial, informs the radicals that the position of the Irish party regarding the project for the endowment of the Catholic college is the same as when it squelched the scheme for an underhand treaty with Rome, sought to be negotiated by Lord Salisbury and the Irish union bishops, who now stood ready to sell Ireland to Balfour for a mess of pottage if they only had the country to sell. The Nationalists would welcome any genuine effort to settle the Irish question made by parliament above board, and would try to make it genuine. There their position ends. They do not ask, nor do they expect, assistance from the radicals. They fight for a great principle which the radicals also endorse. The question is one which should be settled by an Irish parliament, but wanting that, the Nationalists must be content in the meantime to take what reforms an English parliament offers.....The Pall Mall Gazette in an article entitled "A Rift Within the Lute," says: "The cordial acceptance by the Parnellites of Mr. Balfour's proposition to endow an Irish university has induced the liberals remaining at Westminster to shake the university off their feet against Mr. Parnell and his allies." The Gazette endorses Mr. Robertson's statement in parliament to the effect that a very wide wedge had been driven, and asks: "Will the wedge result in a separation which shall leave the Gladstonians in the lurch? It is all up with the home rule party." Continuing the Gazette says: "The Parnellites always have been and always will be a detached party, whose first and sole duty is to Ireland. If the tories advance much further they will dish the liberals by giving home rule to Ireland at two bites instead of one. This may be unpleasant for the liberals, but not for the home rulers. The liberals must have a cry in reserve against the time when home rule shall be mute for party purposes."....It is understood that the government and the Catholic hierarchy were in negotiation for some time with reference to the university scheme. Mr. Parnell was cognizant of the project, but the Ulster members of parliament were completely surprised by the announcement that the government intended to ignore them..... Mr. Chamberlain says there is nothing between the unionists and the government beyond a general feeling that the question of higher education in Ireland ought to be dealt with. He is not aware that any details of the scheme have been settled....A Belfast cable says: At a meeting this evening Mr. Kane, the grand master of the Orangemen, strongly condemned the new university scheme and declared that Balfour's proposals would meet with determined opposition among Irish Protestants.

—The London correspondent of the New York Times cables: The week's events in London have been almost as sobering in their way as was the original Trafalgar square affair of not three years ago. The biggest strike which the metropolis has ever known came upon us almost as swiftly and unexpectedly as did that strange and inconsequent outbreak of mob fury, and the situation which it has created is as startling in its suggestiveness. In the number of men who went out on strike, counting both the original stevedores and the longshoremen and the workers in more or less collateral lines who struck out of sympathy, there must at a maximum have been 110,000 men. This huge mass of humanity, an equivalent perhaps to the total number of adult bread-winners in Boston and Baltimore combined, had been living for years toiling and groaning under its burdens within a short bus ride of the Bank of England, and yet had been no more regarded or even recognised by fashionable and middle-class London than if it lived on the other side of the globe. That these hundred thousand men were overworked, underpaid and generally tyrannised over by a big combination of shipping and dock companies was a fact which was never mentioned west of the Mansion House. London talked about outrages in Armenia, and even grew mildly excited over oppression in Crete, but about the grievances of the dock laborers at its own door not a syllable was ever dreamed of. Suddenly and without warning the colossal strike came. London for a day or two failed curiously to realize its magnitude and took the matter nonchalently. Then it became impossible longer to ignore the portentous fact, for something like a state of siege set in. Butter, milk, eggs, fish and similar perishable commodities began soaring up in price. Australian and New Zealand mutton, of which 70,000 carcasses lay in cargo on the Thames, advanced and naturally carried native meats with it. The supply of sugar, owing to the queer doulings of the Magdeburg and American rings, had been exceptionally small and the strike promptly added 20 per cent. to its price. Nearly 10,000 men connected with the coal trade had joined the strike, and this threatened a coal famine. Still worse was the menance of dear bread, for London consumes 100,000 sacks of flour weekly, and nearly half of the present week's supply lay in eight American bottoms off the Tilbury docks unable to be landed. When the meaning of these dawned on London then genuine concern began, and such concerted pressure was put on the owners and employers that very substantial concessions were offered the men. In substance, according to these terms they are hereafter to work twelve hours instead of sixteen for their day's wages, and to enjoy other minor rights which the Trade Union has won for most other crafts. Heretofore these lighermen and watermen have been working from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m. for a day's wages. While practically everybody in London has sympathized with the strikers, it is probably true that the increased dock charges which will result from their victory will drive commerce away from the Thames.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—Mrs. W. H. Gardiner of Thurlow on Friday last coughed up a live lizard about six inches long, which she is supposed to have swallowed about a year ago.

—John Marsh's house, Elm-st, Hungerford, was wrecked last Thursday. A log was hoisted by an explosion and carried through it. The city is liable.

—Mrs. Forrester of Hungerford, while driving in Pittsburg, was thrown out of her buggy and injured. Her solicitors sue for $2,000 damages.

—A young woman residing in Bedford township, near Kingston, who had been told that she was too ugly to live, took the remark so much to heart that she poisoned herself with Paris green and died in great agony.

—At the house of Mrs. John C. McLean, township of West Meath, Mr. McLean's little daughter Belle, aged 12 years, undertook for the first time to lead a bull to and from the stable on Saturday, and was gored to death.

—At Pontypool, on Monday, as the C. P. R. express was approaching the village, a goose remained on the tracks and was cut in halves by the wheels. This is a remarkable occurrence, as the goose is generally credited with an unusual amount of sagacity.

—Judge Jellett of Prince Edward county has lost his health and will in future be unable to discharge the duties of his office. It is a total breakdown of mind and body, and his friends have despaired of his recovery. The duties of his office have to be performed, and it will be necessary to appoint a successor.

—Shortly after eight o'clock Monday evening Alfred Jones, a brakeman on an auxiliary train, while passing between the auxiliary car and van, at Port Hope, fell between the cars and was cut in two. Death was instantaneous. Jones was an unmarried man about 30 years of age. His mother lives near Belleville. The body was sent down by express Monday.

—Mrs. Williams of Bowmanville, widow of the late W. H. Williams, formerly of Hampton, threw herself out of the upper window of her dwelling house in Ontario-st. last Wednesday evening. She died next day from the injuries sustained by the fall. She was a most estimable woman, but had been suffering from severe illness for years, and latterly has been slightly deranged. Much sympathy is felt for the family.

—Mr. McMaster arrived in Kingston one day last week from Peterborough to claim his daughter, who had been arrested on a charge of vagrancy a few days before. Ten years ago Mr. McMaster lost his daughter, then a little child of seven years old, and has since heard no word of her till she was arrested a few days back, wandering homeless in the town. She was working with a farmer near Loughboro up to a short time ago, but on his death was discharged by his wife, who cast her penniless upon the world.

—Mrs. Gordenier of Canifton, a woman about sixty years of age, has been under medical care for over a year past. Her symptoms were peculiar and baffled medical skill. Last Thursday she was taken violently ill and a messenger was despatched for the doctor. Her distress was great and it was feared the old lady would not survive the attack. The trouble seemed to be in her stomach and at last she took to vomiting. It seemed that she would choke to death until to the horror of her attendants a large lizard escaped from her mouth. The reptile was about nine inches long and was as lively as any of his race when he found himself at liberty. He was captured and placed in water and has been viewed by hundreds. The affair is the talk of the village and surrounding country. Mrs. Gordenier is much better and it is safe to say she will not need medical attendance, at least for her old complaint.—[Belleville Ontario.

HERE AND THERE.

Pan-slavish.—Dish washing.

Right now is the time to use a good blood purifying medicine. Lose no time in getting a bottle of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It will do you good. Sold by all druggists; 50 cents.

McCrackle—What is the "Order of the King's Daughter?" McCorkle—Ice cream, usually.

"Five years ago I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians. I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after using two bottles of this medicine, was completely cured."—Anga A. Lewis, Ricard, N. Y.—65-1.

There is nothing loud about the flannel shirt. On the contrary, it is modest and shrinking.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Fussy old gent—"There's a fly on your nose, mum." Irascible old lady—"Well, he ain't yours, is he."

MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Gents,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT successfully in a serious case of croup in my family. In fact I consider it a remedy no home should be without.

Cape Island. J. F. CUNNINGHAM.

SO SAY ALL.—That MINARD'S LINIMENT is the standard liniment of the day, as it does just what it is represented to do.

Veterinary Surgeons.

W. KENNY, G. M. V. C. P., Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of the Ont. Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, Bond-st., east of Methodist church Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1885.

WILLIAM JOYCE, V. S.—Honor graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Treat all diseases of the domesticated animals by the latest scientific and most approved methods. Office, McKinnon's drug store, Beaverton, Ontario. Orders by telegram or mail promptly attended to by day or night. Will visit Brechin every Tuesday. April 1st, 1886.—86-1y.

A. GUNN, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. By appointment VETERINARY INSPECTOR for the county of Victoria. Office in Morrison's Jewelry Store, Beaverton. Orders left at Read's drug store, Woodville, or by telegraph will have prompt attention. Aug. 4th, 1887.—19-tf.

C. THORN, graduate of the Veterinary College of Chicago and successful practitioner of twenty-two years standing in the United States and Canada, has opened an office in Kinmount for the practice of his profession. All diseases of domestic animals will be treated after the latest and most improved system. All orders by telegraph or otherwise promptly attended to by day or night. Kinmount, March 21st.—91-1y

WALSH & BROAD, Veterinary Surgeons, Graduates of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto, Registered members of the Ontario Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, corner of Kent and Lindsay-sts., opposite McCrackle House. Prompt attention given to all diseases of the horse, cattle, sheep, dogs, etc., either by mail or otherwise. Will be in Omemee every Monday, and at Bobcaygeon every Friday. Mr. Walsh has had several years experience and makes a specialty of Veterinary Dentistry. Lindsay May 3, 1889.—18.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

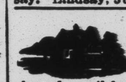
DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE—Nine miles from Port Perry, Lot No. 1, 1st Concession Township of Mariposa, 200 acres, buildings complete. Soil is excellent and high state of cultivation. This is a rare chance. Owner Miles S. A. PHERRILL. For particulars apply to D. G. STEPHENSON, Scarboro Junction, Ont. April 30, 1889.—17-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—South hf. 15, Con. 8, in the Township of Mara. Eighty acres cleared. It is situated about four miles from Brechin and one and a half from Sebapeler Station. Good log house and frame barn. The soil is clay loam in a good state of cultivation. Liberal terms will be given. Apply to THOS. ROACH, Brechin. Feb. 22, 1889.—85-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being the east half lot 7, con 5, Ops; 97 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation and free from stumps and stones; well fenced with cedar rails and most of it staked and wired; two never-failing wells, small orchard, comfortable buildings, etc. For further particulars apply to JAMES POWERS, on the premises, if by letter to Lindsay P. O. Oct. 5, 1887.—85-tf.

FARM TO RENT.—Being Lot No. 4, in the 7th Con. of Eldon, County of Victoria, containing 200 acres; of which 150 acres are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, good buildings and well-fenced. Never failing supply of good water. For further particulars apply on the premises or by letter to J. McCUAIG, Woodville P. O. Aug. 13, 1889.—62-4pd.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—East half of the east half of Lot 23 in the 8th Con. of Ops, 50 acres; and the east half of Lot 24 in the 8th con. of Ops, 100 acres. Situated 3½ miles from Lindsay. On these lands there are about 60 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, well-fenced, good well and a comfortable dwelling house, good stables and barn. On the uncleared portion there is a great amount of pasture; privilege to plow after harvest and possession given on the first March, 1890. Apply to THOMAS CONNOLLY or A. O'LEARY, Barrister, Lindsay. Lindsay, July 31st, 1889.—60-tf.



FIRST-CLASS FARM IN MARIPOSA FOR SALE.—Being N. hf. and S. E. qr. Lot No. 4 in the 14th Con. Mariposa. 150 acres; 137 cleared, well-fenced and cultivated; frame house, 1½ storey; a barn 96x32ft., stone foundation, affording stabling for cattle and horses; two never-failing wells; good milk-house; good orchard. A mile and a half from Woodville, four miles from Cannington, school within a mile. For further particulars apply to ROBT. ADAM, Woodville P. O. June 5, 1888.—100-tf.

FIRST-CLASS FARM IN OPS FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Lot No. 1 in the 5th con., and pt of lot No. 1 in 4th con., adjoining; 220 acres; about 140 acres cleared and well cultivated, bearing a splendid crop; first class farm buildings, two dwellings, three barns, driving house, two good stone stables, good wells, good orchard, well fenced. Eight miles south of Lindsay on leading road. For further particulars apply to McSWEYN & ANDERSON, barristers, Lindsay, or J. L. SHANNON, Melbourn-st., Lindsay. July 13, 1889.—58-3mos.

FINE FARM TO RENT.—Being the north half of Lot 14 in the 13th Con. of Emily; 100 acres, of which 85 acres are in a good state of cultivation. On the premises are a good log dwelling, good barn and outbuildings. There are two excellent wells of pure water. Also FOR SALE—the south half of Lot 13 in the 14th Con., uncultivated; 100 acres, first-class soil. Will also sell the whole of timber off Lot 12 in the 14th Con.; 200 acres. The proprietor is anxious to dispose of these properties as he has given up farming. JOHN DORGAN, Lindsay P. O. Lindsay, July 22nd, 1889.—59-tf.

A CHOICE FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Being composed of the east half of Lot 18, and north east qr. of Lot 17 in the 3rd Con. Fenelon, 150 acres. About 120 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation; splendid hardwood bush on it. There are on the premises a first class brick house with hard and soft water, two large barns, one on a stone foundation with stabling underneath and root cellar and other outbuildings. There are also about two acres of orchard bearing. This farm is well adapted both for grain and dairy purposes. There is a never failing stream of water running through it. Possession given for plowing on Sept. 1. For particulars apply to T. C. MOYNES, Lindsay P. O., or to J. H. MOYNES, Islay P. O. Terms easy. Lindsay, June 19th, 1889.—54-12pd.

VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale the following parcels

VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY.

PARCEL No. I.—**Lots 11 and 12, in the 11th Con. of the Township of Fenelon** 200 acres, less four acres sold to Mr. Knowlson for a grape vineyard; greater portion cleared and under cultivation. Also **west half of Lot 13, in Con. 1, Verulam,** 100 acres, about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation. The above properties will be sold en bloc or separately to suit purchasers. Favorable terms.

PARCEL No. II.—**Lot No. 6, and w. ½ of Lot No. 7, in 3rd Con. of Verulam;** nearly all cleared. Also **e. ½ of Bokan Lot No. 13, in 2nd Con. of Verulam,** wooded. These two lots will make a fine farm and will be sold en bloc. Well improved: good buildings and orchard.

PARCEL No. III.—**The w. ½ of No. 1, 3rd Con. Verulam,** 100 acres; about 70 cleared and under cultivation. Fair buildings. About 18 acres of broken lot on lake shore at "Treaty Rock," Sturgeon lake. About 10 acres cleared; excellent pasture. Also **Lot No. 5, Con. 1, Somerville,** 205 acres; 20 acres cleared. Will be sold reasonable.

The above properties will be sold by the acre. For further particulars apply to

JABEZ THURSTON, Dunsford P. O.

Dunsford, May 28, 1889.—51-tf.

For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE.—A large two-storey White Brick House, with ¾ acre, situated on the he corner of Russell and Simcoe-sts, Lindsay. Apply to MRS. EDW'D MORRISEY, Downeyville, or HUGH O'LEARY, Barrister, Lindsay Jan. 25th, 1888.—81-tf.

BLACKWATER LANDS FOR SALE.—**Lots $25 each. Blocks of 1 acre at $30 (4 and 5 lots); 5 acres $70 per acre; 10 acres, $60 per acre; 100 acres, $50 per acre. TERMS LIBERAL. Small Payments. These lands are close to railway station, post office, shop. School and churches near by. Write to or call on FRANK CAYLEY Real Estate Agent, Cor. King-st. and Leader Lane, Toronto.** Oct. 17, 1888.—19-tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BLACKWATER FOR SALE.—Being Grain Ware-house now used by Messrs. Whitlaw & Co., Grainbuyers, also a Store occupied by Jas. Ruddy, Merchant, and Five Lots on which stood a hotel until lately burned. This property will be disposed of separately or in bulk at very reasonable rates. For further particulars apply to the owner, JOHN RODD, Lindsay, or to his Solicitors, Messrs. McINTYRE & STEWART, Lindsay.—37-tf.

Business Cards.

ELIAS BOWES, AUCTIONEER FOR the Counties of Victoria and Brock. Charges moderate. Address Manilla P. O., Ont.

D. LAVERY, Auctioneer for Manvers. Sales promptly attended to. Price moderate. Address, Janetville P.O.—61-1yr.

W. R. McPHEE, Clerk of the Municipality of Mara, Atherley postoffice. Money to loan on farm and town property at 6 per cent.—79-1y.

F. J. GILLESPIE, Clerk of the 7th Division Court. Commissioner in B. R. Conveyancer, Valuator. Money to loan on most favorable terms, and in any sums to suit borrowers. Give us a call. Residence, Upter grove, Co. Ontario.—79-1y.

JAMES H. LENNON, AUCTIONEER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT. Farm and town property for sale monies to loan on real estate securities; advances made on consignments of goods. Office and store opposite the Daily House, Lindsay. Oct. 17, 1888.—19.

J. G. EYRES, REAL ESTATE AGENT AND VALUATOR. OFFICE AT THE BURNT RIVER STORE.

Some [illegible] timber farms to select from on very easy terms. Burnt River P.O., Oct. 26, —1888.29-1yr.

MEMORIAL CARDS.—It is customary after a death in a family to send to relatives and relatives a memorial card giving name, age and date of death, and some appropriate Scripture text. These cards can be obtained at THE POST Printing Office with envelopes to match. Several beautiful styles. Prices reasonable. Call and see them.

Hotels.

SLUMAN HOUSE, MINDEN.—WM TERRY, Proprietor. Best brands of liquors and cigars. Large and airy sample rooms. Commercial men conveyed to all points on shortest notice. Good stables and attentive hostlers. June 12th, 1889.—53-1y.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 13, 1888.—32-1y.

MANSION HOUSE, FENELON Falls, J. TWOMEY, proprietor. This well-known hotel has been taken possession of by J. Twomey, jun., who has made extensive improvements in the premises and completely re-furnished it. Good and airy sample rooms. Every attention given to guests. July 6, 1887.—52-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, MAIN-ST., MARKHAM.—John Kennedy, late of Beaverton, Proprietor. Dealer in Clydesdale Horses and Short-Horn Cattle. Heated throughout with steam and hot air. Bedrooms and dining rooms refurnished. First-class stable accommodation, good stallion yard and a number of box stalls, and the stable generally has been made warm and comfortable. Feb. 22, 1888.-85-1y.

BOREALAND HOUSE, COLDWATER,—The undersigned begs to intimate to the travelling public that they will find it to their comfort and benefit to call at the new brick hotel, which since its erection has been elegantly furnished in the modern style. The house is heated throughout with hot air. Fine sample rooms; good stabling and attentive hostlers. MRS. WILLIAM BOREALAND. Coldwater. March 13, 1888.—88y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan. 19th, 1884—72.

"THE WAVERLEY HOUSE," Adam's Brick Block, Lindsay.

$1.00 *per day*. This Hotel which has just been enlarged and renovated throughout, will be thrown open for the reception of guests about the 15th inst., and it will be the endeavor of the proprietor to make and retain "The Waverley" second to no house in the Province outside of the cities. A share of patronage from the commercial travelling public is respectfully solicited. The proprietor will be glad to receive a call from all his old friends and as many new ones as possible. An inspection of the large and commodious Office and Dining Hall is especially requested. Good Stables and Sheds, enlarged yards and an attentive hostle will always be on hand.

MALCOLM McGREGOR, Proprietor.

Lindsay, June 13, 1889.—53.

Money to Loan.

6 PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 6 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security. O'LEARY & O'LEARY.

Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1887.

6 PER CENT.—MONEY TO LOAN AT SIX PE CENT on Good Farm Property or other good security. ☞ Charges reasonable. No commission. Apply to W. CAMERON, Woodville P. O. Ont. Nov. [illegible], 1887.

MONEY LENT ON FIRST MORTGAGES, on Improved Farms.

Straight Loans at 6 Per Cent.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON, Office, William-st., Lindsay.

MONEY TO LOAN. STRAIGHT LOANS AT VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES, repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms. G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, etc., Lindsay, Ont. Lindsay, Nov. 19, 1888.—24.

CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS of $200 to $20,000, at 6 to 7 per cent. interest, STRAIGHT LOAN. Payments also on the Sinking Fund System from two to twenty years. Amount required to repay a loan of $1,000 in 10 years, is only $143.20; 20 years, $95.30. No commission, no fines, expenses reduced. J. C. GILCHRIST, P. M., Woodville. J. C GILCHRIST is also agent for several FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES, and for all the leading Newspapers. Give him a call.

MONEY TO LOAN. We have a large amount of private funds which we desire to let out before the middle of April at 6 PER CENT. Other terms to suit the borrower. McINTYRE & STEWART, Solicitors, etc., Lindsay.

Lindsay, M[illegible] 9, 1889.

MONEY.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN at 5½, 5¾ and 6 per cent. according to amount required and security offered. Interest yearly. Privilege to borrower of paying off any sum at any time without notice. H. B. DEAN, Barrister. Office in Bigelow's Block, corner Kent and York sts.,