Medical.

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them re-turn again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS

A life long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE Of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT. 37 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

The Canadian Yost.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1889.

NEWS OF THE WEEK HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Ex--Winnipeg Orangemen have passed resolutions denouncing the Jesuit bill.

-The British government proposes to spend £21,500,000 in strengthening the —The salvation army has been prohibited from carrying on its work in Berlin, Ger-

-The French cabinet has rescinded the decree of exile issued against the Duc

The farmers of Iowa and adjoining western states are organizing to resist the binding twine monopoly.

—Some Detroit and Buffalo capitalists are making arrangements for supplying Detroit with natural gas from Kingsville, Ont. -Statistics published in Berlin show

that 2,500,000 emigrants have left Germany since 1871, of whom two million went to —The German plate mirror glass combine in the states has broken up, and prices are now lower than before the combination

—A through train is now running be-tween Washington and the City of Mexico, taking something over four days to make

the journey. —A very old couple were lately married in Escott. The bridegroom, Mr. Mallory, was seventy years old, and the bride, Mrs. Hutchinson, was over eighty.

—An epidemic of diphtheria has prevailed since November 1st at Galleitzin, Pa., and one hundred deaths have occurred out of a population of two thousand.

-A Zanzibar despatch says that the re-lations between the British Indians and the natives at Lindi and Kilwa are strained and the position is precarious.

- It is believed that a collision between Austria and Russia is certain if Italy and Germany encourage the former to interfere against the latter's ascendancy as Bel-

-Mrs. Calahan of Belmont, Montans, left home the other day for a short time put the cat in the stove.

DR. WM. ROBERTS, Professor of Medicine in the Owen's college, Manchester, England, in writing of Bright's disease, says: "The blood becomes speedily deteriorated by the unnatural drain through the kidneys. It becomes more watery and poorer in albumen, while urea, uric acid and the extractives are unduly accumulated in it." Warner's Safe Cure will restore the kidneys to a healthy condition and

-On Wednesday, March 6, the family of Ben Hayes, nine in all, were drowned in a swamp on the Tennessee river, near Chattanooga, Tenn. The family were moving in a wagon and after dark became lost in a swamp. They came to a stream which the colored driver refused to cross. Mr. Hynes thereupon took the lines and forced the team to go ahead. In a moment they were in water fourteen feet deep, and the father, mother and seven children were lost. Three of the bodies have been recov-

vaded by a foreign foe the issue would be decided within a fortnight. The volunteer force, he believed, would only require supplies wherewith to support life for fourteen days and the invaders would be driven from England's shore.

-A Panama despatch says: Chance has led to the discovery of a cure for hydrophobia. In Ayacuoho, Peru, a man was bitten by a mad dog, and shortly after the bitten by a mad dog, and shortly after the disease developed. In his madness the man rushed from the house, and falling among a lot of "pecua" plants, some of the juice of these plants entered his mouth and he swallowed it. A moment of reason seems to have followed, during which he seized some of the leaves, broke them and drank of the milky and glutinous sap with which they are saturated. When his friends found him he was stretched senseless, with the "peuca" or mangy leaves in less, with the "peuca" or mangy leaves in his hands. He was carried to his home and soon regained his health. Experience has long since taught the Indians that "pecua" sap invariably acts as a cure upon dogs suffering from hydrophobia.

omnd to
ving
riate
oi as
opes

g sud
if the
ir. 18
rpoin
ruloir
also d
old de
ill and

-An English correspondent writes: I would like to repeat a story told me by an Irish Protestant, living in the North of About thirty years ago three young men Ireland. The president of the Protestant were chopping in that vicinity. One of the home rule association of Belfast told this story, which he had heard from a government official: "I was dining," said this official; "a short time ago with two resident magistrates, and during dinner they could talk about nothing else but their grievances and difficulties, and, among other things, one of them said that if he was in an independent position he would give up his official position to-morrow. Then said the other gentleman (in confirmation of his companion) that a short time ago he was directed to go to a crimes act court to hear a certain case. The evidence produced by the crown established nothing against the accused, and he had to dismiss the case. A day or two afterwards he had occasion to go into the office of the divisional magistrate. That functionary asked him what had happened down at that place. He inquired, "What place?" He was then asked why he had dismissed the case, the charge brought against the person who was named. The resident magistrate replied: "There was no evidence home rule association of Belfast told this neighboring settler's children (a little lad)

-Five Brench tourists—three men and two women—are utill to have then universal by Indians in the Milicontone national park. The stery is telescopphastrom Cheramie, Wyeming.

-The nihilist committee at St. Petersburg has fasted a secret circular announcing that the apparent inactivity of the nihilist leaders is murely a Mind intended to Itali the authorities into a fake security.

-A special train on the Michigan Central with Cornelius Vanderbilt and party on board ran from Windsor to St. Thomas, 112 miles, in 111 minutes on Saturday. The time from Windsor to Buffalo was five hours.

—The rush of fortune-seekers to the gold fields of Santa Clara, in Lower California, is increasing, and the rich finds of surface gold encourage the belief that in still unexplored regions mines of immense value will be found.

The Madrid physician who made the poet mortem examination of the body of Pigott declares that he never saw such a well formed skull and brain, the latter indicating a man of superior force of character and investments.

—A German blacksmith in Schleswig-Helstein ate three pounds of raw meat, one pound of raw sausages and drank six quarts of beer at one sitting on a wager. He died soon after, and an examination showed that his stomach had burst.

—A committee of investigation has been appointed by the Quebec government to enquire into certain allegations by L'Electeur. That journal charges that two government contractors paid the Ross-Taillon government \$50,000 each to get their accounts settled.

—The British man-of-war Sultan has been wrecked on the island Comino in the Mediterranean. The captain and crew were saved. The Sultan was an iron-plated vessel of 9,290 tons and carried nineteen guns. She was temporarily attached to the Mediterranean equadron.

—A coroner's jury in Cheshire, England, returned a verdict of temporary insanity in the case of a schoolmaster who had hanged himself. The poor man had married a widow with sixteen children, and, as the coroner justly observed, they wanted no better proof that he had lost his senses.

—A strange accident has befallen a young lady of Cherveux, France. She was playing with a child on her lap, when she suddenly threw back her head and remained motionless. A hairpin had penetrated her skull. She never recovered consciousness and expired a short time afterwards. -Mr. Frank Nichol of the 4th con. of

—Mr. Frank Nichol of the 4th con. of Westminster met with a serious and painful accident the other day, which is likely to leave him a cripple for life. Mr. Nichol was using a drawing-knife for the purpose of cutting some kindling wood, when the knife alipped from the stick and came across the knee of his left leg, splitting the kneecan in two. knee-cap in two.

knee-cap in two.

One of the American girls who was presented at the queen's drawing-room, was so embarraesed that she made quite a until after she had saluted the Princess of mistake. She wholly ignored the queen Wales, when she suddenly turned around and astonished her majesty by saying: "Oh, I beg your pardon, madame," grabbed her royal hand, kissed it, and hurried along the line. The queen, who is a terrible stickler about matters of etiquette, at first looked angry; then, catching sight of the amused smile of the Princess of Wales, she burst into a pleasant laugh and sent the discomfitted debutante away with a few kindly words. few kindly words.

-Who would not remain sober if given \$1 000,000 as a reward thereforf Young Hiram Baker of Dover, N.H., had an estate willed to him by his father on that condition, but he was not contented. He wanted the money without making any product of the money without making and the money without making and the money without making an and her eldest boy put the cat in the stove. It escaped, and its blazing fur set fire to the louse, which was burned, and the three children perished.

—Private Byford of the West Riding regiment stationed at Halifax, was shot in the hand by an unknown man whom he challenged while on guard at the Richmond magazine on Wednesday night. The soldier pursued the intruder and fired three shots, but failed to capture him.

DR. WM. ROBERTS, Professor of Medi-

ed at the time.

T. Granger Stewart, M.D., F.R.S.E.,
Ordinary Physician to H. M. the Queen in
Scotland, Professor of Practice of Physic
in the University of Edinburgh, in an
article on Bright's disease, says: "Dyspncea (difficult breathing) is frequently
met with in the inflammatory and cirrhotic forms of the disease and may be independent of any local lesion, being probably
a result of uræmic poisoning," And it is
well known that uræmic poisoning arises
from kidney disease. So much known, it
remains to recognize the fact that to remedy an effect the cause must be removed,
and it is universally acknowledged that
Warner's Safe Cure is the only reliable
remedy for kidney disease. ed at the time. remedy for kidney disease.

—A London cable says: An extremely amusing incident occurred in the house of commons last Saturday evening furnishing ered. The colored man alone escaped.

Gen. Lord Wolseley was the principal speaker at the dinner given by the volunteer medical staff in London the other evening. His address was chiefly confined to comments upon the condition of the national defences, and his remarks were earnestly endorsed by his hearers. In the course of his speech Lord Wolseley declared that if England should ever be invaded by a foreign foe the issue would be decided within a fortnight. pantomime, indicative of their disgust and desire that the indiscreet home secretary should sit down. Even the tory benches joined in the merriment caused by the discomfiture of the Irish secretary and the first lord of the treasury.

-Montreal Witness: It is just too funny for anything, the way Sir John Macdonald speaks of parliament to the deputations that wait upon him. The deputations know, and Sir John knows, and the deputations know, and Sir John knows that Sir John knows that the house of commons is in his hip pocket, and that the senate is in politican's "Snug Harbor," or Chelsea Hospital. Yet Sir John, with a roll of his eye and a smack of his magnetic lips, invariably informs the deputation that "we are but the servants of parliament," that the senators are the "peers of Canada," beyond his reach and superior to his influence, and, therefore, although by inference he is in perfect accord with his petitioners, he is the powerless instrument of a superior power. To see and hear Sir John go through all the usual program is to see and hear one of the most perfect pieces of high comedy that this century has profor anything, the way Sir John Macdonald and near one or the most perfect pieces of high comedy that this century has pro-

-A strange story comes from Calaba neighboring settler's children (a little lad)
happened to come along just as a tree was
about to fall. Somehow he got in the way,
the tree fell upon him and crushed him
terribly. The three men were terrified and
chopped the little fellow out as quickly as
possible, but he was so badly hurt that they
thought it impossible for him to live. Between fear of the consequences to themselves and pity for the boy's suffarings
they resolved, like young fools, to put him
out of pain, so each of them struck him
one blow with his axe and the boy died.
They then bound themselves with a solemn
oath that the deed was not to be known
till the last one of three was on his death
bed. They buried the body in the bush
and went on with their work. By-and-bye
the child was missed, a general search was
instituted, and among the keenest of the
searchers were the young men. Of course
they could not find the lad, and the sorrowing parents concluded he had been
eaten by wild beasts. About two years
ago the last of the three emoppers died and

Children Cry for Pitcher's Osetoria.

he told the story. A sister of the little

Advocate.

—A London cable says that in the house of commons the other day Lord George Hamilton, first lord of the admiralty, stated that the government proposed to build eight first-class men-of-war of 14,000 tons each and two of 9,000 tons, nine first-class cruisers, twenty-nine smaller cruisers four of the Pandora type of cruisers and eighteen of the Sharpahooter type of torpedo vessels. The total tonnage of all these vessels will be 318,000, and the total cost £21,500,000. Lord George asked that £10,0000,000 be appropriated from the consolidated fund for the proposed increase of the navy, and that the remainder of the sum be provided for in the ordinary estimates. He promised that the admiralty's program would be executed within four years. Lord George did not think the proposed increase would induce other nations to attempt to rival England in naval strength because England had refrained from military rivalry. He did not believe that any other power was capable of executing such an extensive program in so short a time. Lord Charles Beresford compliained that the government gave no real reason why inst so many ships—no more short a time. Lord Charles Beresford com-plained that the government gave no real reason why just so many ships—no more and no less—should be built. He gave notice of an amendment declaring that England's naval strength ought to be equal to the navies of France and any other great power combined.

Every student knows that in close res soning parallel lines of thought are laid down and deductions educed.

A railroad man to whom we showed them said, "To me those four lines repre-sent a double-track railway."

A doctor replied to the same interrogatory, "The lines are to me the large arteries and veins lying alongside each other in the human body.

As every intelligent man or woman knows, the blood of every living person flows with almost railroad speed through the arteries, forced by that wonderful engine, the heart. From the arteries it is side-tracked through the capillaries and side-tracked through the capillaries and veins, and every drop of blood goes through the kidneys for purification no less than 2500 times every twenty-four hours. If the kidneys be diseased the impurities of the blood containing the wornout tissues, and deleterious acids are not described as nature intended. out tissues, and deleterious acids are not drawn out or excreted as nature intended, but continually pass and repass through every fiber of the system, carrying death and decay with every pulsation. Unless remedied the heart becomes weakened, the lungs trying to do double work break down, the liver becomes congested, the stomach refuses to digest focd and the result is a general break down.

result is a general break down. Why?
Because the kidneys, the sewers of the system, are foul and stopped up, and the entire blood becomes nothing more nor

Now is it not criminal, nay, suicidal, to allow such a state of things to continue when a simple remedy is within your reach, known for a certainty to do as represented, which will open the closed pipes of the kidneys, allow the effets matter to escape, relieve the over-worked heart, lungs and liver, cause a healthy appetite, put the bloom of health in your cheek, the dove of hope in your breast and the light of life in your eye?

Do not allow prejudice to blind you to your best interests, but to-day procure Warner's safe cure and be put on the straight road to rude health and correct living.

Our parallel and closing lines to you are, take our advice and your experience will justify you in thanking us for bringing under your notice a remedy without a

ward county, in the centre of a Quaker community, has a brass band composed exclusively of young ladies. They gave a public concert this week to the delight of a crowded house.

HERE AND THERE.

The ground-hog is a kind of sage, sau-sage,

Mother—Now, Johnny, mamma doesn't like to spank you; it is more painful to her than to you, Johnny—Well, ma, if it makes you feel so bad I'm willing to go without it for your sake.

Matural selection of the theory of evolutions finds a fit compliment in Dr. Cockie's Anti-billious Pills, which for about a century and a quarter stand unexcelled by any other specific. By stagginhaes of liver indigestion, sick headache and bile they set magically. It afflicted do not hesitate to test the validity of this statement, field the world over,—40-1,

A youngster was aided to give his idea of the meaning of "responsibility," so he mid: "Well, supposing I had only two buttons on my trowners and one came of—all the responsibility would rest on the other button.

whether, named Miss. Legree, marrated the abone circumstances.

It is proved that gold has been disposared the fich to the regionals a shething in the fich to the regionals a shething in the fich to the regionals a shething in the sheling of alarm thousands in the last against the sheling people leaving the last agains will it the fich the last the last against a

PARALLEL LINES.

We have drawn the above visible lines simply to bring them prominently before your eye and ask what they represent to

less than sewage.

Now is it not criminal, nay, suicidal, to

parallel.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—"Bright's disease has no symptoms of its own," says Dr. Roberts of the University of New York city. Additional proof why Warner's Safe Cure cures so many disorders which are only symptoms of kidney disease.

—Auna Diamond, about 25 years old, committed suicide at the Waverly house, Rochester, N. Y., last Sunday morning by taking poison. She came there from Belleville, Ont., with Cnarles Macklin, a member of the Shamus O'Brien Co., last week. On Saturday the company left for Syracuse and Macklin told her he was tired of her and would no longdr be bothered with her. This, it appears, caused the woman to take her life.

If you are bilious,
Try Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters.
If you are Dyspeptic,
Try Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters,
If your Liver is sluggish,
Try Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters,—32-tf.

Girls should learn to be useful as well as ornamental, There are times when, instead of going out among men "to make a mash," as the saying goes, they should stay at home and mash the potatoes,

"There is nothing that does me so much good when I am feeling out of sorts as a teaspronful or two of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters," writes a gentleman who has used this remedy in his family for years.—32-tf.

The Survival of the Fitt

COMMUNICATIONS.

The Assessment Company of the Prince of the Party of the

ment law should be changed as under its operation many cases of hardship and injustice crop up from time to time; besides it has a tendency to retard and keep back the erection of good houses, which everyone must know adds a great deal to the appearance of the corporation and would also be calculated to give increased value to the surrounding property, vacant lots or otherwise. And what is true of Lindsay will be applicable to all other places in the province, and that is every dollar a man the full amount of what he could realise for it in each if he or his heirs wanted to dispose of it; and if unfortunately a good house costing the owner \$4,000 or \$5,600 in a village or town becomes vacant either by the death or removal of the owner he or they cannot rent it for more than three or feur per cent on the value, and out of this he is likely to have to pay the taxes, and his chances of ever securing a teaant for a house costing this amount would be only one in ten compared with the man who had a \$1,500 house to rent, and for which he could realize out to a large as income. You will see at a glance the \$5,000 that yields enly to the owner of the \$1,500 house, pays more than three times the amount of taxes; and on the principle that each citizen should pay according to his means you can easily see how unfair the present act operates. The objection to a change being made in this will no doubt be raised on behalf of the poor man gets for his investment ten per cent, on his \$1,500 house, not the rich man only only three or four per cent, on his \$5,000 house. So you see the only true principle to adopt which will be fair to all is to assess all property that is rented at the annual rent capitalized at ten per cent; and houses occupied by the owner should also be assessed at which similar houses in the municipality rent for also capitalized at ten per cent; and houses occupied by the owner should also be assessed at which similar houses in the municipality rent for also capitalized at ten per cent; and houses occupied by the owner should also be assessed at which similar houses in the municipality rent for also capitalized at ten per cent; and houses occupied by the owner should also be assessed at which similar houses in the municipality rent for also capitalized at ten per cent; and otherwise beautifying people's house, because every dollar expended in this way is immediately taken advantage of by the assessor, and everyone must know that this more they spend in this way the more the night good buildings, for it in cash if he or his heirs wanted to dispose of it; and if unfortunately a good

Assessment of Personal Property.—
I might say from my own personal knowledge that there is a very strong feeling throughout the length and bredth of Ontario that a change should be made in the mode of assessing this class of property.

The present law having been found to work very unsatisfactorily and discriminates largely against real property. The act says that a merchant having a stock of merchandise in his store which will average the year round, say \$20,000; the assessor goes into his store to assess him, and believing from the appearance of his stock there is \$20,000 worth of goods propeses to put him down for that amount. The merchant demurs and says I owe \$15,000 on this stock and you can only assess for the balance, \$5,000. Then if the assessor puts him down for \$8,000 or \$10,000 he appeals to the court of revision, where he makes the same statement he made to the assessor. They swear him if necessary, in case they are not satisfied with his statements, and he may of course over the amount and Assessment of Personal Property.

to the court of revision, where he makes the same statement he made to the assessor. They swear him if necessary, in case they are not satisfied with his statements, and he may of course owe the amount and will take the cath required and get his assessment reduced to the \$5,000; but I don't know that the law as it now stands will oblige the merchant to produce his stockbooks and balance sheet at the time of his last stock-taking, by which it could be readily discovered how much he had due to him in good accounts in his books which he could collect, and which under the present law cannot be assessed, and the amount of his customers notes and mortgages from which he could realize and pay for his stock; and even if the present law would force him to show this statement is would be considered an inquisitorial sort of proceeding and prying into a man's private business, and in 90 cases out of every 100 it is not resorted to under these circumstances. You can easily perceive how this handicaps the real estate in the same municipality. Take for example a poor man, let him be mechanic or laborer, who works hard and gets together \$300 or \$400; he sommences to build a house for himself and family, and in addition is obliged to mortgage it for as much more before it is ready for occupation; the assessor comes around and assesses this poor man a property for the full amount of what it cost without paying the slightest attention to the amount of incumbrance upon it. Here is where the poor man, as well as the rich man owning real estate, is defrauded. I think the amended act, if you are going to pass one, should provide for getting at every man's interest in the stocks of merchandise he has in his establishment. As regards the assessment of other personal property such as household furniture, horses, carriages, stocks, bonds, interest on investments, etc., etc., the same rule should apply.

The present sasessment act will be applicable to all vacant lots in the municipality. A certain number of the community are

able to all vacant lots in the municip cable to all vacant lots in the municipality. A certain number of the community are in favor of having all church property assessed. This I think would be a mistake and very little to be gained by doing so; but if an act be passed it should be limited to the value of the land only; and not the value of the church, otherwise you will be removing the laudible incentive now existing amongst the different religious congregations in rivaling each other by the erection of fine buildings, which everyone must ad mit add largely to the appearance of the municipality as well as being an ornament to the particular locality in which they stand and also an evidence of a Christian community.—Yours truly,

and and also an evicency, mmunity.—Yours truly, Ww. GRACE.

G. A. Metherell. TEST TEXT BOOKS CAN BE PROCURED AT

HOOL BOOK AND MUSIC EMPORIUM PUBLISHERS' PRICES.

School Requisites

of every kind kept constantly on hand and sold at the lowest figures.

The Largest 5c. Scribbler known to the trade is handed over his counter. School Bags, Music Portfolios, etc. puts into a building he is assessed for it to | Inks, Pencils, Erasers, etc., a large stock. For these and other supplies call on

C. A. METHERELL,

Oup. New Post office. Agent for the celebrated Uzbridge Organ and other instruments; also the famous Singer Sewing Machine. Lindsay, Jan. 18, 1889.-31.

Physicians.

DR. DEGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SUR-GEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lind-say.—73-17. W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 8, 1898.—98-ly

W GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.;
o Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Roache's Hotel,
Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1888.—1206-17. DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSI-CIANS, SURGEONS& ACCOUCHEURS. DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont. E. S. WILSON, M. B., M. D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont.

R. BURROWS, PHYSICIAN, SUR-GEON, Etc. Office and Residence, op-posite Carr's Hotel, William-st. P. PALMER BURROWS, M. D. C. M., Graduate Mogili College, 1866. Lindsay, Oct. 25, 1886.—16.

C. HOOD, PHYSICIAN AND University, L.R.C.P., England. Graduate Trinity University, L.R.C.P., England. Grand Trunk surgeon. Office: corner of York and Russellstz. Hours: 9 to 10 a.m., 2 to 4, and 7 to 8 p.m. Lindsay, June 26, 1888.—3-lyr.

DRS. COULTER & CLARKE, Physicians and Surgeons. Office and residence, Russell-st., second door west of York-st. Office hours: 9 to 10.30 a.m.; 1 30 to 3 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m. C. H. COWLTER, M.D., W. H. CLARKE, M.D., Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1888.—23-1yr.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C. M., MEDICAL Referee to the Standard Insurance Cem-pany, Surgeon to the Grand Trunk Railway. Office and residence Ridout-st., first door east of Lindsay-st. Office hours from 8 to 16 a. m., and 12 to 2.30 p.m. and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone

RS. HART & BINGHAM Physicians, Surgeons and Accencheurs, Cannington, Ont.

J. M. Hart, M.D., M.C.P.S.
H. S. BINGHAM, M.D., C.M., F. T. M. S., M.C.
Cannington, June 22nd, 1887.—50-1y.

DYE, EAR AND THROAT.

DR. G. S. RYERSON, Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Consulting Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Consulting Surgeon (exception) to the institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Meorefields, and Central London Threat, Eye and Ear Hospital. May be sonsulted at his residence, 66 College-avenue Toronto.

Torento, Oct. 1, 1888. Architects and Surveyors.

Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Office and residence, Lindsayet., Lindsay, Lindsay, Sept. 1, 1887.—60-17.

AMES DICKSON P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, etc., Residence and address, FENELON FALLS,

G. CAVANA, P. L. S., Dominion A. G. CAVANA, P. L. S., Dominion Land Surveyor, Draughtsman and Valuator, Orillia, Ont. Orders for surveying, levelling, etc., left with Thos. Roach, Brechin or addressed to box 46, Orillia, will receive prompt attention. MONEY TO LOAN at a low rate of inetriest. Orillia, March 2, 1887.—83-1y

G. SMITH, C. E., — PROVINCIAL Land Surveyor, Lindsay, Ont. Levelling done for Drains, Cellars, Water Courses, &c. Boundary Lines run. Measurements of any description accurately made. Enquire at office of Mr. Duffus, Architect. Branch effice at Beaverton.

Lindsay, July 3, 1888.

BOWMAN BROS

BOWMAN BROS.
Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyers and Civil Engineers.
Mining, Municipal and Town Plat Surveys,
Water Works, Sewerage, Plans and Grade Systems for Cities and Towns. Plans, Estimates
and Specifications for public and other Engineering Works furnished. All work promptly
and skillfully attended to at reasonable rates.
Offices: Old Town Clerk's Office, over White's
shoe store, Kennedy's Block. Lindsay, Dec.
13, 1836. —37-38.

Veterinary Surgeons.

W. KENNY, G. M. V C. P., Graduate Ontarie Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of the Ont. Veterinary Medical Association. Office and Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1886.

F. LAVERY, VETERINARY SURGEON. Successor to M. W. Plank, Cannington Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto-All diseases of domesticated animals skilfully entreated in the latest and best system. All calls personally or by telegraph promptly attended to. Office at old stand, Laidiaw street north of Dobeon's stere. Oct. 19, 1897.—67.—lyr WILLIAM JOYCE, V. S. - Honor

William JOYCE, V. S. — Honor graduate f Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Treat all diseases of the domesticated animals by the latest scientific and most approved methods. Office, McKinnen's drug store, Beaverton, Ontario. Orders by telegram or mail promptly attended to by day or night, Will visit Brechin every Tuesday. April 1st, 1886.—85-1y. W. F. BROAD, M. O. V. BROAD, M. O. V. M. A.—Veterinary Surgeon, graduate of Ontario Veterinary Cellege, Toronto. Office and residence, Little Britain, Ont. Prempt attention given to the college of the part of the college of the col

Little Britain, July 28th, 1888.—8-172. A. GUNN, VETERINA. ARY SURGEON, Gradmate of Ontario Veterinary Colmate of Ontario Veterinary College, By appointment VETERINALY INSPECTOR for
the county of Victoria. Office in Morrison's
Jewelry Store, Beaverion, Orders last at Feed a
drug store, Woodville, or by integraph will have
prompt attention. Aug. 4th 185,—1846.

Please inform your readers that I have a positive remark for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hepolese cases have been permanently cured. I shall be giet to send two bottles of any remarky runn to any or your readers who have consumnation if they will say their Experient and P. O. address. Respectfully Do. T. A. ELOUTHE.

2. O. address. Respectfully Do. T. A. ELOUTHE.

3. F. Tongustreet, Toronto, Out.

Farms for Sale or to Rent. MARM FOR SALE IN THE TOWN. SHIPOF SNOWDON. 100 acre. 30 cleared, 5 acres under fall wheat. Good frame barn 30 r 60, also good dwelling house. One and a half miles from School, R. R. Station and Stores. Must be sold by 1st April. Price \$600 cash. Apply to THOS. SEDGWICK, Gelert P. O., Ont.—Jan. 21, 1889.—33 tf.

DARM FOR SALE .- South hf. 15. Con, 8, in the Township of Mars. Eighty sores cleared. It is situated about four miles from Brechin and one and a half from Schepeler Station. Good log house and frame barn. The soil is clay loam in a good state of cultivation. Liberal terms will be given. Apply to THOS BOACH, Brechin. Feb. 22, 1888.—35-tf.

PARM FOR SALE.—Being the east half lot 7, con 5, Ope; 97 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation and free from stumps and stones; well fenced with cedar rails and most of it staked and wired; two never-failing wells, small orchard, comfortable buildings, etc. For further particulars apply to JAMES POWERS, on the premises, if by letter to Lindsay P. O. Oct. 5, 1887.—65-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being composed of west half of lot 25, concession 7, Fenelon, property of the late H. H. Sharpe. This farm contains 100 acres, 80 of which are cleared, house, barn, stable and other outbuildings. It is situated four miles from the thriving village of Fenelon Falls and 15 miles from Lindsay. Apply on premises or by letter to HUGH SHARPE, Cameron. July 7, 1888.—5-tf. BLACKWATER LANDS FOR SALE

D-Lots \$25 each. Blocks of 1 acre at \$30 (6 and 5 lets); 5 acres \$70 per acre; 10 acres, \$50 per acre; 100 acres, \$50 per acres, \$50 per

MARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT. The N. hf. of lot 18, con. 10, Emily, 100 acres; eighty acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation; 17 acres in fall wheat, and 30 acres of fall plowing done ready for spring crop; balance hardwood bush. Never-failing spring of pure water. Geod log house with large kitchen; frame barn; good stable and outbuilding. One-half mile from a good school and ten miles from Lindsay. For further particulars apply to THOMAS PERDUE, Downeyville, Feb. 18, 1880.—37-4pd.

FIRST-CLASS FARM
IN MARIPOSA FOR
SALE,—Being N. hf. and S.
E. qr. Lot No. 4 in the 14th
Con. Mariposa. 150 acres; 137
cleared, well-fenced and cultivated; frame
house, 1; storey; a barn 96x32ft., stone foundation, affording stabling for cattle and horses;
two never-failing wells; good milk-house; good
orchard. A mile and a half from Woodville,
four miles from Cannington, school within a
mile. For further particulars apply to ROBT.
ADAM, Woodville P. O. June 5, 1888.—100-tf. DIRST-CLASS FARM

DESIRABLE FARM
FOR SALE.—The undersigned offer for sale on advantageous terms the south half of the from stumps. The land is clay loam in a high state of cultivation, very conveniently situate adjoining the Corporation of the Town of Lindsay, where there is always a good market for all kinds of farm produce. Goed farm buildings. This is a rare chance to buy a good farm cheap. Terms of purchase, &c., made known on application. Apply to O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers; or to JAS, LENHAN, Lindsay, Lindsay, May 29, 1888.—99tf.

Cloud FARM FOR SALE CHEAP.—227 acres, being composed of lot No. 7 in the 5th concession of the Township of Mara, 30 acres cleared and in geod state for cultivation; 60 acres more is chopped and pretty well cleared, can be put in shape to run a binder on for about \$2.00 There is erected thereon a good frame house and log barn. The land is clay loam, and a never-failing stream runs across the lot. This farm is situated within 1½ miles of the flourishing village of Brechin and within two miles of Brechin Station. Every convexience for market, churches and schools. This farm is situated in a first class agricultural district and is a rare chance for to secure a good farm en easy terms. Apply to SYLVESTER BROS. Manufacturers, Lindsay, Ont. Feb. 12, 1889.—36-tf.

Barristers, Etc. H. HOPKINS, (successor to MAR. TIN & HOPKINS) Barrister, Solicitor, Offices, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont. -24-1y. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

A. MACMURCHY, BARRISTER. N. SOLICITOR, etc., Kennedy's Block, Kent-st. Lindsay. MONEY loaned at lowest rates, Lindsay, March 15, 1888.—88-ly. HUDSPETH & JACKSON, BARRIS-TERS, Solicitors, etc. Office William-st.,

ADAM HUDSPETH, Q.C. ALEX.JACKSON, McSWEYN & ANDERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Hamilton's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay.

JOHN McSWEYN. DONALD R. ANDERSON. H. B. DEAN, BARRISTER, SOLICI-tor, Etc. Office, Bigelow's block, Kent-te loan at 6 per cent.—87-ly.

McINTYRE & STEWART, BARRIS-TERS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc. Offices ever Ontario Bank, Kent-st., Lindsay. D, J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART P. DEVLIN, BARRISTER, SOLI-

A. CITOR, etc., County Crown Attorney, Berk of the Peace, Lindsay, Ont. Office over Howe's store, Kent-st. McCOSH & GUNN, ORILLIA.

Barristers, Selicitors in Chancery.
Cenveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office

Over Dominion Bank. Orillia, Aug. 6, 1888.

9 lyr.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRIS-TERS, Attorney at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, etc. Office, Dohneny Block, Kent-st, Lindsay. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY QARRON, CAMPBELL & Mc-LAUGHLIN.

FFICES, BAKER'S BLOCK, KENT-ST., Lindsay, opposite the market. OHN A. BARRON, JOHN R. J. MCLAUGHLIN. JOHN CAMPBELL es Private and Company's Funds TO LOAN. at the Lowest Current Rates. Lindsay, Sept. 12, 1888.-14-tf.

Money to Loan

Barristers, Etc

PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 6 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY.

Lindsay, Nov. 14, 1887. 6 PER CENT.—MONEY TO LOAN
6 AT SIX PE CENT on Good Farm Property or other good security. 27 Charges
reasonable. No commission. Apply to Wm.
CAMERON, Woodville P. O. Ont. Nov. 13th,

MONKY LENT ON FIRST MORT-GAGES, on Improved Farms. Straight Loans at 6 Per Cent.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON. Office, William-st., Linds O PER CENT MONEY,—\$50,000 private funds to loan at 6 per cent. Interest yearly. Privilege te borrower of paying off any sum at any time without notice. H. B. DEAN, barrister. Office in Bigelow's; tok, corner Kent and York-sta, Lindsay. Dec 7, 1888.—\$1-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN,

VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES, repayable on tarms to suit berrower. Also a sarge amount of trust funds to loan on advangeous terms.

Barrister, etc., Lindsay, Ont.

Lindsay, Nov. 12, 1888.—24. CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS
of 2500 to 250,000, at 5 to 7 per cent, interest, ETRAIGHT LOAN. Payments also on the Sinking Fund System from two to twenty years. Amount required to repay a loan of \$1,000 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, is only \$148.25; 20 years, \$61,00 in 16 years, \$6

R. F. MORROW, SUCCESSOR TO J. PENTLAND GOLD MEDALLIST and Honor Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons. Tronto. All branches of Dentistry attended a with the greatest care. Charges moderate.

Office over China Hall, Peterboro. Nov. 4, 1886.—17-ly.

Dentistry.

F. TAYLOR, D.D.S., L.D.S., (sue F. TAYLOR, D.D.S., L.D.S., (sueoccor to Patterson & Fenton, Uxbridge.)
Doctor of Dental Surgery and graduate of the
Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
Fifteen years established practice. Teeth extracted without pain. Teeth inserted without
plates. Teeth inserted in gold, alluminum or
rubber plates. Crooked teeth regulated and
made straight. Especial attention paid to the
preservation of natural teeth. Gold fillings
neatly done and warranted for 10 years. Office
Patterson's old stand, Uxbridge. Will viett
CANNINGTON EVERY WEDNESDAY
-17-lyr.

W. H. GROSS 1140000 DENTIST LINDSAY. Nearly 26 years' Experience

VULCANIZABLE GOLD, the latest improvement, and a valuable jaddition to all rubber dental plates; makes a beautiful and durable gold surface next the roof of the mouth, prevents irritation and is easily kept clean. Wherever used people are delighted with it.

ed with it.

Mr. Gross is also using the new cohesive surface forms for holding plates securely in place, the best and most comfortable retainer yet in vented for all kinds of mouths. Artificial teeth inserted on pure English Black Rubber (with or without the gold lining), also on Gold. Silver and Celluloid, and on red rubber if desired. sired.

Mr. Gross keeps a stock of from 10,006 to 13,000 artificial teeth, many of them from the celebrated makers, White and Justi, enabling him to select, as to size, shape, shade, etc., to said the young, the middle aged and the old. An upper or under set of teeth for from \$9 to \$65.

VITALIZED AIR. the safest anæsthetic in use for extracting teeth without pain, always ready for use at Mr. Gross' dental rooms. Tiffine, Coccains and other local preparations for painless tooth extracting. The naturel teeth filled with the best materials and permanently preserved, irregular teeth straightened, and all other dental work properly done.

Mr. Gross has in successful operation the ELECTRIC LIGHTS, for filling and extracting teeth on dark days and evenings, and will de this work after hours for those who cannot attend to it during business hours.

Remember name and place, W. H. GROSS. over Kennedy's store, Kent-st., Lindsay.

Lindsay, Feb. 9th, 1888.

L. D. S:

The Oldest Established Dentist in this part of Canada, Gas, Vitalized Air (so called). Mr. Neelands has had almost unparelleled success in the use of this angesthetic in Canada. Administered by him constantly for about 18 years. He has extracted as many as 23 teeth with one dose, and the patient leaving quits well and strong.

Mr. Neelands made a special study of this angesthetic under Dr. Colton, of New York, the first person who gave it for extracting teeth and who has administered it to 146,000 persons without an accident. Tiffine and Coccaine used for those who do not wish to take gas.

Electric Light for operations after dark.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Inserted on English Black, Imperial, Red and Pink Rubber; also on Gold Alloy, Gold, Silver and Celluloid. Prices ranging from \$10 to \$65 for an upper or under set. Mr. Neelands carries a stock of about 10,000 teeth to select from, Best of material used. Teeth filled to last a life time. Many have been inserted for over 20 years.

Children's Teeth Extracted for Half-Price Persons from a distance will please send postal card before coming. Office next door to R. Smyth's store. Private residence, Mill-st., near Kent. Lindsay, Nov. 25th, 1887.

Hotels. ORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT Ontario. W. S. SCOTT. Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1888.—32-ly.

MANSION HOUSE, FENELON
Falls. J. TWOMEY, proprietor. This
well-known hotel has been taken possession of
by J. Twomey, jun., who has made extensive
improvements in the premises and completely
re-furnished it. Good and airy sample rooms.
Every attention given to guests. July 6, 1887.—
52-iy.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM. proprietor.

RANKLIN HOUSE, MAIN-ST.,
MARKHAM.—John Kennedy, late of
Beaverton, Proprietor. Dealer in Clydesdale
Horses and Short-Horn Cattle, Heated throughout with steam and hot air. Bedrooms and dining rooms refurnished. First-class stable ac
commodation, good stallion yard and a number
of bex stalls, and the stable generally has been
made warm and comfortable. Feb. 22, 1888-85-ly. BORELAND HOUSE, COLDWATER,
—The undersigned begs to intimate to the
travelling public that they will find it to their
comfort and benefit to call at the new briek
hotel, which since its erection has been elegantly furnished in the modern style. The house
is heated throughout with hot air. Fine sample rooms; good stabling and attentive hostlers.
MRS. WILLIAM BORELAND. Coldwater,
March 13, 1888.—88y.

UEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON.

The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general This large and very commodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan. 19th, 1884.—72.

Business Cards.

TLIAS BOWES, AUCTIONEER FOR the Counties of Victoria and Brock, Charges moderate. Address Manilla P. G., Ont. D. LAVERY, Auctioneer for Manvers.
Sales promptly attended to. Prices
moderate. Address, Janetville P.O.-61-lyr. W R. McPHEE, Clerk of the Muni-Money to loan on farm and town property at 5 per cent.—79-ly.

T. J. GILLESPIE, Clerk of the 7th of the 7th of the Conveyancer, Valuator. Money to loan on most favorable terms, and in any sums to suit borrowers. Give us a call. Residence, Uptergrove, Co. Ontarie.—79-ly.

TAMES H. LENNON, AUCTIONEER. REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT. Farm and town preperty for sale monies to loan on real estate securities; advances made on consignments of goods. Office and store opposite the Daly House, Lindsay. and store opposition of the control of the control

G. EYRES.

REAL ESTATE AGENT AND VALUATOR.

Some choice timber farms to select from eavery easy terms. Burnt River P.Q., Oct. 26, 1888.—20-lyr. ORGAN, PIANO, VOCAL MUSIC and Plane Tuning.