Miss O'Brien.

Owing to the backwardness of the season I have decided to clear out LLINERY AT a portion of my present large stock of MILLINERY at REDUCED PRICES. The stock consists of Hats, Bonnets, Shapes, Trimming Goods, Plumes, Feathers, etc. A. O'BRIEN.

E. Z. Yerex-Little Britain.

A OREAT WRECK.

IN WHAT? - HIGH PRICES.

The successful circumstances already connected with our wild adventure, as some have described it, leads us to give vent to our gratefulness for the presence and good wishes of the great number that have already deemed it advantageous to call upou us. Don't be misled by hearns, but come and see and be convinced that it is possible for business to be run on smaller profits. Remember your old prices should there be a sudden drop, and though you may not feel disposed to give us your patronage, remember us for the dollar and cents we may save you, which is already quite visible.

See our 12c. Red Flannel; \$1.75 Felt and Leather Boots. In Groceries Canada cannot beat us. We have entered the field with the intention of standing firm in the front rank. Don't be looking in the back reats. Mantle and Dress Department, managed by Miss F. Furlong, is complete. A few pieces of Mantle Goods left which must be cleared out in a few days. Dress and Mantle making done whether purchased here or not. Come and be surprised (agreeably). We shall be pleased to show you our goods and quote prices. Ever your obedient servant.

E. Z. YEREX, Little Britain. Little Britain, Nov. 29, 1888.-25

S. Baker & Co.

TRY OUR 25c. SPECIAL TEA

ECONOM

To be put down as the true unadulterated article must be practised consistently—by the family provider as well as by members of his household.

Is a succint and powerful three-word sentence, that might be on the lips of household providers oftener than it is. Often a dollar saved has proven the foundation of a fortune. At any rate it is pleasing to have a few of them in the family stocking at the end of the year.

Money may be saved in buying Groceries and Supplies. How much depends upon the quantity you buy. In a year's trade we can save you a pretty penny, and the fault will be ours if the goods supplied do not satisfy you.

Our Stock embraces all needful lines, carefully selected for cash, and is kept constantly freshened with new

In Teas, Coffees, Sugars, etc., we are in a position to give you big value for your money. Our Teas, especially, are of rare merit and flavor. Our famous 25 c. Tea is going like hot cakes. Try us and save money.

S. BAKER & CO.,

PANILY GROCERS, Kent-st., Lindsay,

P. S.-Terms strictly cash.

SOLD ELSEWHERE AT 40c.

Lindsay, Nov. 18. 1888.—23.

S. Perrin.

THE CREAT REMEDY



COUGHS AND COLDS, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung
Affections.

TESTIMONIALS. Consider Perrin's Pine Tar Cordial the very remedy in the market for Coughs and Colds. It does the work quick and well, and so nice to take, CHAS. BYERS, Milibrook.

Amusements.

BRADBURN'S OPERA HOUSE. ONE WEEK.

COMMENCING MONDAY, DEC'R 3rd, Ladies' and Children's Matinee Saturday at Two o'clock.

In his Wonderful Illusions or

MISS ADELE GILBERT.

SIGNOB GIOVANNI. ad his Flock of Educated Canary Birds BOYAL MARIONETTES, MME. STRONG'S

100-PRESENTS-100 ELEGANT AND VALUABLE, Given Away Each Evening.

Admission, with One Present Envelope, 25 Cents, Reserved Seats, with Two Present En-velopes, 35 cents.

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

Dundas & Flavelle

BROTHERS.

BIG DRIVES IN DRESS GOODS at 8, 10 and 15 cents.

BIG DRIVES IN FUR COATS, Ladies and Men's,

BIG DRIVES IN MEN'S PERSIAN LAMB CAPS.

BIG VALUES IN HEAVY OVERCOATS Bey's. \$2.75, \$3.50 and \$4. Men's \$6 and \$8.

BIG DRIVES IN LADIES' DOLMANS AND LONG MANTLES. \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

Even our competitors will admit that the reason of our success is good honest reliable goods at reasonable prices. We court comparison of prices:

Dundas & Flavelle BROTHERS.

Lindsay, Nov. 21, 1888.-24.

Teachers Wanted.

TEACHER WANTED.—For s. s. No.

13, Mariposa, male or female. Applications to be addressed to D. A. ANDERSON,
Oakwood. Nov. 27, 1888,—25-4. MEMALE TEACHER WANTED .-An experienced teacher for the Junior Department of the Kirkfield Public School for the year 1899. Apply to ALEX. McKENZIE, Sec. Trees., Kirkfield.—21tf.

TEACHER WANTED .- For s.s. No. Apply by stating salary to JOHN BRANDON, sec.-treasurer, Evansvale P. O., s.s. No. 8, Mara. Nov. 27, 1888.—25-3.

TEACHER WANTED—for school section No. 8, Fenelon. Applicants state qualifications, testimonials and salary. Address JAMES STEPHENS, Fenelon Falls, Ont. Nov. 28th, 1888.—25-3pd.

TEACHER WANTED for S. S. No. 14, Mariposa; male teacher holding first, second er third class certificate. Duties to com-mence 1st January, 1889. Address TRUSTEES of S. S. No. 14, Valentia P. O. Nov. 13, 1888.

TYEACHER WANTED-Male for S.S. No. 2, Fenelon, duties to commence on January 1st, 1889. Applicants state qualifications, testimonials and salary. Address Trustees of S. S. No. 2, Fenelon, Islay P, O. Oct. 30, 1888.—21-4pd.

TEACHER WANTED.—For S. S. No. 8, Mamposa, Little Britain village, for junier department; third-class certificate. Applicants are requested to state salary. Address, SAMUEL METHERELL, secretary, Little Britain. Nov. 22, 1888.—24-4.

MEACHER WANTED. - A male teacher holding a second class certificate, to commence services in January. Must produce good testimonials. Experienced teacher preferred. Apply to Secretary s.s No. 5, Mara, Atherley P.O. Nov. 26, 1888.—25-4.

Estray Cattle.

STRAYED—Into the premises of the madersigned, Lot 7, Gon. 10 Carden, about 1st Sept., THREE YEARLING CATTLE. The owner is requested to prove property, pay costs and take them away. JAS. O'CONNER, Victoria Read, Nov. 21, 1888.—25-3.

ESTRAY HEIFER.—Strayed into the premises of the undersigned, lot 1. con. 5. Fenelon, about six weeks ago, a RED HEIFER, about two years old. Owner can take the animal away on proving property and paying expenses. JOHN ARNOLD. Fenelon, Nov. 28, 1888.—25-3.

STRAYED into the premises of the undersigned, south half lot 13, con. 3, Eldon about the first of October, a TWO YEAR OLD STEER; color, red, with white spots on forehead. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take him away. DUNCAN JAMIESON, Glenarm, Ont. Nov. 22, 1888.—25-3.

CTRAYED HEIFER.—Came into premises of the undersigned about the middle of last August, a YEAR OLD HEIFER, red and white muley. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. C. Mo-RAE, Rirkfield, P.O. Lot 23, con. 3, Eldon, Nov. 24, 1888.—25-3pd.

New Advertisements. GOOD SERVANT GIRLS WANTED at the BENSON HOUSE, Lindsay, High est wages paid. Nov. 28, 1888.—M-tf.

McSWEYN & ANDERSON, Berris-ters, Solicitors, etc. Hamilton's Block, Kent-et., Lindsay. JOHN MOSWEYN. DONALD R. ANDERSON.

I beg to notify the public that having taken a partner, DR. W. H. CLARKE, a thoroughly competent physician, my office is now open to patients, and though not sufficiently recovered to make visits in person I can prescribe at my C. L. COULTER, M.D.

The Canadian Lost.

LOCAL MATTERS.

VICTORIA COUNTY COUNCIL. Kinmount Bridge-An Appeal to the reme Court.

The November session of the Victoria county council opened last Tuesday afternoon with the warden in the chair and

most of the members present.

The Warden in a brief address alluded to several questions of importance that would require the attention of the council. COMMUNICATIONS.

The WARDEN laid before the council a From Mr. James Graham and Mr. A. G.

Graham, respecting Mud lake narrows bridge, and also a petition from the council

of Carden respecting the same.

From the reeve of Eldon, respecting the bridge at Balsover.

From the reeve of Verulam, respecting Gardiner Hunter.

Regulations regarding the nomination of a student to the Ontario agricultural col-

From the warden of Peterboro county, relative to repairs to Kinmount bridge.

From the secretary of the board of education, Lindsay, informing the council of the resignation of Mr. John Dobson as high

school trustee.

From the clerk of the county of Peterboro, relative to the closing of the Pigeon creek bridge.

Questions submitted by the commission-ers re Trent Valley canal.

From the sanitary inspector, Lindsay, respecting the insanitary condition of the office of Mr. Grace, the local registrar of the high court of justice.

These communications were referred to their respective committees. HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION AT KIRKPIELD.

Mr. McEachren presented a petition from the councils of Carden, Eldon and Bexley and a number of ratepayers, praying that an examination for entrance to the high school be established at the village of Kirkfield.—Referred to the committee on PIGEON CREEK FLOATING BRIDGE.

Mr. McQUADE presented a petition from James C. Leary and 103 other ratepayers of Emily, praying that such assistance be given to the town and county of Peterboro as will assure the immediate opening of the Pigeon creek floating bridge.—Referred to the committee on roads and bridges.

The council adjourned to Wednesday.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS. The council resumed Wednesday morning, the warden in the chair and nearly all the members present. The minutes were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from Dr. De-Grassi, gaoi surgeon, calling attention to a resolution of the council respecting the care of sick persons in gaol.—Referred to the committee on county property. THE BOBCATGEON BRIDGE CASE.

THE BOBCAYGEON BRIDGE CASE.

Mr. HUDSPETH, county solicitor, read the judgments of Judges Burton and Oaler of the court of appeal in the case of the Bobcaygeon bridge between Victoria and Peterboro. Judge Burton decided in favor of Peterboro on the ground that the annexation to Victoria of the strip of Harvey west of the lake made the former boundary road for five or six miles within Victoria, and it could not be properly considered a deviation within the meaning of the act. If it had been intended to accept the old road as a boundary deviation within the meaning of the law he would have expected to have seen a declaration to that effect in the statute regarding the annexation of the strip of Harvey to Victoria.

Mr. WALKER pointed out that according to the judgment the bridges were no longer county bridges and would have to be maintained by the township of Verulam.

Mr. Hudskith admitted that was the case, as a matter of coure.

Mr. HUDSHTH admitted that was the case, as a matter of coure.

Mr. FAIRBAIRN smiled and said it would be Bobcaygeon village, not the township, that would be responsible.

The propriety of taking the case to the supreme court was discussed. The matter was referred to committee and the council adjuncted.

(Remainder next week.)

COMMUNICATIONS.

"Sam, The Ripper."
(To the Editor of THE POST.) SIR,-Why can't all you people leave

the Warder-man alone. The way he is ripping into the Catholics, the Methodists, the grits and the McHugh lowering the dam schemes is simply immense. I pat him on the back. Go on, "Sam, the Ripper." You're all right.

Mr. E. Lytle and the Warder. [To the Editor of THE POST.]

SIR,-From the very lengthy reply the editor of the Warder made to my letter he must feel himself in a very tight place or he would not devote so much of his talent to so trifling a matter. I deny the charge of being owned by Mr. Barron. Mr. Barron is one man and I am another. I control my own affairs independently of Mr. Barron or any other man. As regards my not being the writer of the letter referred to the editor of the Warder has only to call at your office and find my handwriting.

Victoria Road, Nov. 26, 1883. Coun, Ray's Open Letter—An Explan

(To the Editor of THE POST.) SIR,-Will you allow me the use of your columns to remove several misapprehensions under which "Ratepayer" writes in his week's Watchman.

I did not in that "open letter" or else where make the statement that my business premises were exempt from taxes, or or that I made any effort to have them exempted, nor did I say that I did not own

empted, nor did I say that I did not own the goods on the premises.

This year I have paid \$116.15 taxes on my premises, and at the time of the assessment I owned all the goods in the store—not as trustee but as owner—and I owed for them as well. There are no individuals covered by the "Co.," I am the sole and stilly member of the firm. It is a fact that the trustees of the firm another citizen who endormed Ray & Co.'s notes for a large amount. None of the parties are trustees or do they appear as such.

Previous to the formal transfer of the cetate to Ray & Co. by the creditors I was in charge of the business and signed as "trustee." Immediately on the transfer of the cetate being made my trusteeship ceased.

There not been intermediately the law in

I have not been interpreting the law in my own case or Cowan's (Carter has no case in law), nor have I been championing

while representing the north or any other ward at the council board I shall under all circumstances endeavor to discharge my duties concientously.—Yours, etc.,

D. RAY.

DEAR SIR, -For the future I want you to stop sending your paper to me. You are either writing or giving your columns to some one else for such personal abuse as has lately appeared in your paper, that I am prompted to this action. Your scurrilous abuse of Mr. Geo. McHugh, a gentleman whom I know well, and who is too well known in this community for you or your correspondents to injure, is so low that I will not allow your paper to be sent to me, and I mistake the people of Manvers if they are going to pay one dollar a year in order to support a channel through which you can retail your scurrility. While I have no personal interest in this discussion, I do know it would be a benefit to my neighbors to have the swamps and marshes and the diseases that follow them removed from their doors. They bore with it patiently while the river was useful; but now that it is useless, why not give them their land. I may further add that in the discussion which brought on his head this abuse, Mr. McHugh has dealt so fairly with the question that he has won to his side many who had but little interest in it.

Janetville, Nov. 26, 1888. are either writing or giving your columns Jos. MAGILL. Janetville, Nov. 26, 1888.

The McHugh Letters—A Second Letter from a Mariposa Farmer, [To the Editor of THE POST.]

good would be obtained by the removal of the dam.) This is exactly what those of us who are asking to have the dam removed have been saying from the first, and it appears "Crux" is almost persuaded to join with us. Then evidently rememberjoin with us. Then evidently remembering that he was opposed to the scheme he adds "at the expense of a tremendous evil." Well, I think, it would have been clearer to the mind of the public if we had been told what the dire calamity is that would befall the community if the waters were returned to their natural level. "The public care very little natural level. "The were returned to their natural level. "The public care very little about it only to keep the water where it is." A person would suppose that "Crux" wishes to convey the idea that the water is kept up at full head during the summer. Now, it is a well-known fact, from several causes pointed out by Mr. McHugh, that the waters of the river and lake fall considerably every summer, and it is impossible to keep the waters back without additional injuries to the farmers by putting on flash boards to keep the water in the spring. It is also a well known fact that the lowering of the water say from twenty inches to two feet lower than the top of the dam at Lindsay exposes hundred of acres of marsh and decomposing matter to the hot sun of the midsummer, sending forth odors which undoubtedly carry the germs of diseases which our friend so much dreads.

Now, sir, the person who would advocate

edly carry the germs of diseases which our friend so much dreads.

Now, sir, the person who would advocate the retention of such a pest-hole, injuring the health of the community, depriving people of their just rights, certainly in my opinion to use his own words, "ahows a moral depravity compared with which the Indian ghoul is a civilized man."

The plan submitted in a recent issue of The Post—that is the lowering of the water a couple of feet in the fall, followed by another lowering the following fall, completely answers the arguments of "Crux" is also somewhat anxious to know who are the authors by saying the letters are evidently the work of one person, who is without doubt the writer of the original McHugh letters. This, so far as I am concerned is a mistake, and I am willing to test; "Crux's" metal by offering to write over my own signature provided "Crux" does the same. With reference to the deprecating remarks that "Crux" made use of regarding two writers, and the reference made to the note, the matter was fully tested in the courts and the gentleman aquitted by judge and jury, so I am informed. The other was an officer of the law, and if he carried out the law enacted by the town fathers, and if this law was oppressive to the farmers it was the fault of the law makers and not the person whose duty it was to see it enforced.

Mariposa, Nev. 27th, 1888.

A Lively Pieterial Electien Campaign.

A Lively Pictorial Election Campaign. LONDON, November 25.-Great interest centres in the coming election in the Holl born district of London, where the candidates for parliamentary honors are Lord Compton, Gladstonian, and Mr. Bruce, tory. The latter is posting pictorial pla-cards throughout the constituency, of the size of 9x6 feet, representing the reign of terror in Ireland caused by the present leniency of the government towards the leaguers, while the liberals are plastering every available wall with posters showing the horrors of eviction, accurate representations of recent scenes on estates in Kerry, Galway and other parts of Ireland being graphically depicted. The liberals confidently expect to reduce the majority in the district by half, and should they achieve this it would be an enormous victory, since the last election resulted in the return of the conservative candidate by a vote of \$,651 to 1,350 for the Gladstonian contestant. Mrs. Gladstone presided at a meeting Saturday afternoon in support of Lord Compton's candidacy for the vacant parliamentary seat for Holborn district of Finsbury. In the course of a speech announcing that she was working to achieve Lord Compton's election, Mrs. Gladstone said: "In working for the election of Lord Compton, you are furthering the cause of justice and right in Ireland, and also in the rest of the kingdom." Lady Compton followed Mrs. Gladstone, making her maiden speech. She was exceedingly nervous at the start, and remarked at the close: "The next time I hope I shan's be so terrified." iency of the government towards the leaguA CRISIS IN FRANCE.

ed-What Will Ber tion Expected—What Will Boulanger Do ?-Germany Fears Another Great

dence of New York Times.] LONDON, Nov. 24.-All Europe is watch ng with excited anxiety for further develnents in French politics, which have addenly tumbled into anarchic confusion Such a jumble of personal rivalries, personal feuds, and personal treacheries go to make up this threatening situation that it is impossible for even well-informed Parisians to pretend to explain it. How much less, then, can we hope to comprehend it who are ignorant of why M. Nums Gilly's hatred of M. Raynal should be important, or who M. Veil Picard is that M. Daniel Wilson's attack on him should shake the foundations of France. It is this momentary obtrusion of a host of minor factors in the political company, all for the instant playing leading roles according to their own fancy, which rendars the situation at once so perplexing and dangerous. The supers have seized possession of the stage and are holding a riotous carnival on it to the destruction of order and the humiliation of the audience. The engrossing question is, Can the police stop them before they set fire to the theatre?

de Janetville, Nov. 25, 1282.

The McMay Letters—A Second Letter from a Marjoean Farmer, ITO the Editor of The Post.]

Sir,—The question of the removal of the mill-dam at Lindsay and allowing the waters to return to their natural level is a question of vast importance to the community at large as well as to the injured farmers whose lands have been taken from them. So it will be easily seen that no person who is a well-wisher of the people, or has the wel-fare of the community at large at well-wisher of the people, or has the wel-fare of the community at heart, would, in discussing this matter, be actuated by any other motive than that which would dojustice to all parties interested and advocate such measures as would be most apt to produce the greatest possible measure of prosperity and happiness to the community. "The public welfare, the substitution of the dam is one who signs his communications "Crux." In the Warder to her injured and abused farmers dare to ask that they should receive justices at the injured and abused farmers dare to also the thought of the dam is one who signs his communications "Crux." In the Warder to her injured and abused farmers dare to also the thought of the dam is one who signs his communications "Crux." In the Warder to her injured and abused farmers dare to also the thought of the dam is one who signs his communications "Crux." In the Warder to her injured and abused farmers dare to also the condition of the present of the dam is one who signs his communications "Crux." In the Warder to her injured and abused farmers dare to also the condition of the present and to give employment to the injured and abused farmers dare to accommodate the public is worked up to excitement be accommodated by the removal of the dam.) This is exactly when a little good was to be obtained by the removal of the dam.) This is exactly what those of the dam.) This is exactly what those of the dam. This is exactly what those of the dam.) This is exactly what those of the dam. This is exactly what those o the republic, these two latter ought to be friends, and so Floquet's persecution of the church, consistent as it undoubtedly is with all radical precedents, has suddenly become unpopular. These things were enough to write a death mark on the brow of the Floquet ministry; but to them has been added in the past fortnight a great upheaval of scandalous revelations and charges hurled right and left with the ut-

charges hurled right and left with the utmost virulence, smirching whole squads
of deputies on the one side and the other,
with the inevitable result of impressing
the minds of the masses with an idea that
the whole crowd of existing politicians are
corrupt and venal. The obvious corollary
to this idea is a notion that Boulanger is e brave homme who would chase out these le brave homme who would chase out these swindlers and provide an honest government, and there we touch the real issue.

M. Carnot is weak. A very strong man—the strongest in France for that matter—was needed in M. Grevy's place. Almost the weakest was chosen. He is quite likeable personally, and his wife gives elegant receptions in admirably draped gowns. They spend a good deal of money to the delectation of the jewelers of the Rue de la Paix and the costumers of the Boulevard: but they have made no mark whatever on but they have made no mark whatever on public affairs. If there is to be a president public affairs. If there is to be a president at all he must be a man who not only can make a mark, but can dominate the whole situation. This was not true two years ago; even twelve months back it was not necessarily true; but it is gravely true now. At present it looks as if there would be a contest for the mastership between Boulanger and Jules Ferry, who is the only other actual political personalty in France, and I must say the odds seem to be in favor of the military pretender. This, howeve, may in fact be apparent and yet not real, for in a great emergency like this close at hand the anti-Boulangists might waive their Tonquin prejudice against M. close at hand the anti-Boulangists might waive their Tonquin prejudice against M. Ferry, which is practically the only obstacle in his path. This is the situation as it stands to-day. To-morrow it may wear a different aspect, but its essential conditions will remain unchanged until some gigantic event smashes the existing combinations and compels a new start upon new lines.

Young William's speech from the throne to the Reichstag is waste paper, unless it be read in the light of what is happening to the Reichstag is waste paper, unless it be read in the light of what is happening in France. His assurances about peace mean simply that Germany, having taken two provinces away from France, would prefer to keep them quietly without any fuss. No doubt this is true. Nobody has ever supposed that Germany wanted to embark in another war, or had any other desire than to be left in peace to consolidate her resources and extend her commerce; but so long as France believes that her defeat and the loss of Strasburg and Metz were the empire's fault and not hers, so long as Russia feels she was cozened out of the legitimate fruits of her victory over Turkey, Germany can preserve the European peace only by overwhelming forces posted on the these two frontiers and by keeping up the triple alliance. The moment anything snaps in this delicate and extended mechanism the Germans have got to fight. The rise of Boulanger to power in France would be regarded in Berlin as a practical notification that that time had arrived. So when William said he hoped to be able to preserve peace, his exact phrase of "I with my allies and God's help" shows the relative importance he attaches to the respective parties in the combination, he meant only that he hoped the alliance was powerful enough to frighten France and Russia into continued quietude. But there is evidently a good deal of doubt in his mind on the subject, and this doubt is very generally shared in Berlin.

BOBCA YGEON.

BOBCA YGEON.

[Correspondence of The Post.

NEEDLER'S GREET MILL.—The grist mill commenced running Tuesday afternoon, the new machinery being all in place. It is a great improvement and will do a fine business. Mr. Needler's enterprise is heartily appreciated and the farmers will no doubt call upon him in full force.

PRINCETTERIAN TRA.—The Presbyterians intend holding a tes meeting on new year's day and are busy making preparations for it.

SKATING RINK.—The skating rink is being floeded in preparation for the winter's sport.

MAVIGATION.—The local fleet of boats are all laid and the winter.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS

REABORO.

[Correspondence of The Post.]
FINE YIELD.—Mr. Thos. Hickson of this section on sixty acres raised 3,200 bushels f grain, 2,000 bushels being bariey and he balance cats.

WOODVILLE.

[Correspondence of The Poet.]
LEGAL.—One of the firm of Barron & Campbell, barristers of Lindsay, will be at Woodwille to do business on the first and third Thursday in every month. Money To Loan at lowest current rates.—70-eow-tf.

ONTARIO COUNTY. A STRANGE ACCIDENT. - On Saturday as the carpenters were hauling timber up to the second storey of the piano factory at Oshawa, with a horse, one of the tugs broke, turning the waggon around and throwing the horse off the platform and breaking his neck. It was owned by Mr. W. T. Dingle, and valued at \$150.

KINMOUNT.

[Correspondence of The Post.] CLERICAL.—Rev. J. G. Dean of Fenelon Falls on Tuesday i st accompanied Rev. Mr. Scott of Cavan to his new pastorate at Minden and introduced that gentleman to many of the members of St. Paul's church.....Mr. Dean was formerly stationed at Minden.

OAKWOOD.

[Correspondence of The Post.]

PERSONAL. -Miss Ida McLauchlin of
Port Huron, Michigan, youngest daughter
of A. A. McLauchlin, is visiting in Ontaria and staying at her uncle's, Mr. W. H. McLaughliu's.

BASKET SOCIAL.—The basket social held in the basement of the Methodist church was an enjoyable time on Friday evening last. Miss Katie Curts made her debut there as a soloist in several numbers and was much appreciated. The entertainment was first-class and a new arrangement for disposing of the baskets has a great improvement on the old system of knocking down to the highest bidder. Proceeds satisfactory.

SALEM-OPS.

SALEM—OPS.
[Correspondence of The Post.]

SCHOOL REPORT.—The standing of the pupils of s. s. No. 10, Ops, for the month of Nevember is as follows—names inserted in order of merit, marks based upon perfect recitations and written tests:—Fourth class senior: Sarah Zealand. Fourth class junior: Willis Farrell, 127; Jennie Moore, 122. Annie Bradley and Dora McIllhargey (equal) 122; Christopher McIllhargey (equal) 122; Christopher McIllhargey, Charles Brooks, Norman Wannamaker, Geo. Downey, John Delehay, John Zealand, Orwell Zealand, Nellie Elliott, Mary Tracey, Hamilton Pogue, Second class senior: Minnie Hall, 100; Charlie Hall, 98; Mabel Peel, 88; Rueben Bradley, 99; Robert McCallum, 68: Lawrence McCallum, 55; Geo. McGinnis, 49. Second class junior: Ormie Hall, Albert Downey, Benj, Sanderson, Andrew Collins, Joe Tracey, Lizzie McGinnis, Part second senior: Mabel McIllhargey, George McCallum, Joe Delehay, Part second junior: Herb. McCallum, Vincent McIllhargey, Mary McGinnis, Mand Tamlin, Part first: Gladys Zealand, Minnie Tamlin, Sidney McGinnis.

UPTERGROVE. [Correspondence of The Post.]
FUR CAPS AND GLOVES AT HALF-PRICE. Store, Orillia, offer the following bargains in Fur Caps and Gloves. These goods are Al in quality and at less than balf the usual price:

23 300 Men's and Boy's Imitation Persian Lamb Caps, sizes from 61 to 73, all guaranteed to be well made and first quality. Our price

be well made and first quality. Our price will be 37 c.

55 Men's Coney Fur Caps, light bands with black top A special bargain, only 75 cents, worth at least twice the price.

57 Men's Genuine Persian Lamb Caps, guaranteed perfect, for \$1.75. The skins in these goods are equal to first quality, only in smaller pieces.

57 100 Men's first quality Persian Lamb Caps, guaranteed perfect, and whole skius. These goods are sold by other stores at from \$5 te \$7; our price will be \$2 50. A great chance.

57 A big lot of Men's Fancy Wool Knit Gloves for 25c a pair. Also ten dozen Men's Kid Gloves, fur top, plush lined, from 50c to 65c a pair, worth from \$1 to \$1.25.

These goods will not last long at the prices

These goods will not last long at the prices quoted above, and those in want of a fur cap or a pair of gloves should inspect our stock at once. J. T. PORTER & Co., next door to Crockett's hotel, Orillia. - 25-1.

TORONTO. POLLY BREDIN'S CASE. - Polly Briden of Niagara tragedy notoriety, was brought up Tuesday charged with bigamy in marrying the late Fred Barber. Her father-in-law, Rev. John Bredin, appeared in court to testify as to the first marriage and Polly gave way to tears during his evidence. The marriage was clearly proven and evidence as to the American law give. The magistrate remanded the prisoner to the 4th of December, it being understood that when the question of bail arises before a superior court she is to all intents and purposee committed for trial.

The prisoner was then removed to the cells in an hysterical condition. Frequently during the hearing of the evidence, more particularly when Fred. Barber's name was mentioned, she gave way to tears, and while being escorted to a cell by a detective she burst out: "Oh, if Freddy only knew what trouble I would get into he would never have committed suicide, would he?" Polly Bredin was bailed Tuesday evening. She put up the \$1,000 required in solid cash.

FRANKLIN.

[Correspondence of The Post.]
OBITUARY - DEATH OF A PIONEER. -It becomes our painful duty to chronicle the death of Mr. James Copeland of this place who passed away from this life on Tuesday, the 20th inst., about 3 a.m. at the ripe age of 83 years, after a very painful illness age of 83 years, after a very painful illness of several weeks. Deceased was possessed of very strong physical powers which enabled him to resist the effects of the fatal disease far beyond the expectations of both friends and medical attendant. He was born in county Down, I reland, in 1805, from which he emigrated in 1831 with his wife and small family and settled in the township of Hope. He afterwards removed to the township of Emily where he remained for several years, and in 1858 he purchased a farm a short distance from the village of Franklin where he remained till last spring, when he leased his farm purchased a farm a short distance from the viliage of Franklin where he remained till last spring, when he leased his farm and removed to the viliage with his wife and daughter where he remained until his death. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, but for the last few years he has been unable to attend public service owing to the infirmities of old age. He was married in June, 1836, to Ellen, third daughter of Mr. John Green of county Down, Ireland, who survives him, having passed her eighty-first birthday, having enjoyed together over sixty-two years of married life. Before his death he gave to his family strong evidence of his preparation for death, and that he was going to enjoy the reward of the faithful. On Wednesday after an appropriate service by Rev. Mr. Bell his remains were followed to their last resting place in the Presbyterian cemetery at the middle line of Emily by a large number of sorrowing friends and acquaintances. A widow, four sons and three daughters remain to mourn the lose and share in the sympathy of the entire community.

Another Old Settler Gone.—Wednesday last Mrs. McMaster died suddenly after an illness of about two days, aged 70 years. The funeral took place on Friday. Rev. Mr. Bell gave a ver instructive address, after which the remains, followed by friends and neighbors, were taken to Graham's cemetery and interred. The bereaved family have the sympathy of the entire neighborhood.