Medical.

Don't Wait

Until your hair becomes dry, thin, and gray before giving the attention needed to preserve its beauty and vitality. Keep on your toilet-table a bottle of **Ayer's Hair Vigor**—the only dressing you require for the hair—and use a little, daily, to preserve the natural color and prevent baldness.

Thomas Munday, Sharon Grove, Ky., writes: "Several months ago my hair commenced falling out, and in a few weeks my head was almost bald. I tried many remedies, but they did no good. I finally bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, after using only a part of the contents, my head was covered with a heavy growth of hair. I recommend your preparation as the best hair-restorer in the world."

"My hair was faded and dry," writes Mabel C. Hardy, of Delavan, Ill.; "but after using a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor it became black and glossy."

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

Pimples and Blotches,

So disfiguring to the face, forehead, and neck, may be entirely removed by the use of **Ayer's Sarsaparilla**, the best and safest Alterative and Blood-Purifier ever discovered.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 6, 1888.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A DECISION IMPORTANT TO MUNICIPALITIES.

[By His Honor Judge Dean.]

Edwards v Townships of Ops and Fenelon.

On 24th August last the plaintiff was driving along the town line between Ops and Fenelon, a few rods west of the Fenelon road, when owing to a defect in the bridge across a small creek at that point his buggy was broken and he was himself thrown out and somewhat badly bruised. He now brings this action against the two townships for the damage sustained from the accident. Besides the duty which at common law would be imposed upon the municipal corporation to maintain the roads in repair the statute puts it upon the corporation with the correlative liability. Section 491 of the municipal act is as follows:

"Every public road, street, bridge and highway shall be kept in repair by the corporation, and on default of the corporation so to keep it in repair, the corporation shall, besides being subject to any punishment provided by law, be civilly responsible for all damages sustained by any person by reason of such default, but the action must be brought within three months after the damages have been sustained." Section 546 enacts that "All township boundary lines not assumed by the county council shall be opened, maintained and improved by the township council except where it is necessary to erect or maintain bridges over rivers forming or crossing boundary lines between two municipalities."

This makes it the duty of the two municipalities to maintain this road in a proper state of repair, and makes them jointly liable if they have been guilty of default. O'Connor v. Onaabee and Douro, 35 W. C. R. 73.

It is not pretended that this bridge was not badly out of repair; one log had rotted away and was gone, the one next to it had broken in the middle and had fallen down, leaving the side tilted up; it was entirely unsafe and dangerous to pass at night, and it was only a matter of good fortune that horses crossing it in daylight did not come to grief.

It is contended, however, for the defendants, that the road was little used on account of some bad hills upon it, and that it was in a sufficiently good state for the amount of travel that went over it.

I drove over it yesterday from the Fenelon road to a point west of the bridge, which has been repaired since the accident. The road is fair, when you enter it from the Fenelon road and for some distance beyond the bridge, is nicely built up and gravelled, and would lead a stranger who might be driving upon it to suppose that the waxenter ing upon a good road, and unless he noticed something wrong with the bridge he would naturally drive over it at a quick pace. It is hardly necessary to remark that a bridge such as I have described is not such a bridge as a traveller would expect upon such a road, or one such as the corporation should maintain.

I can hardly think of a municipality, unless it be a very remote and thinly settled one, which could justify a bridge being for a long time in such a state of disrepair. The fact that there may not be much travel along a road does not justify the corporation in maintaining it in a state which makes travelling upon it dangerous to life or property. It may be that the volume of travel upon this road may not justify the cutting down of the hills spoken of, but once that the road is opened the corporations are bound to see that the bridges are at least safe. These populous and wealthy townships cannot shelter themselves under a plea that might be valid for a new township with only a scattered and poor population, "The road that will do because it must do, and is the only road that can be given in a new country, will not answer in an older and better settled place; and the road that will do them may not be sufficient in a wealthier and more travelled section." O'Connor v. Onaabee ante.

It was contended that the townships had no notice of the defect in the bridge; the evidence was that it had been in a bad state for more than a year. "Notice may be inferred from the notoriety of the defect and from its continuance for such a length of time as to lead to the presumption that the proper officer of the municipality did in fact know, or with proper care and care might have known the fact. The latter is sufficient, *because this degree of care and vigilance they are bound to exercise*, and therefore, if in point of fact they do not know of such defect, when by ordinary and due vigilance they would have known it, they must be responsible, as if they had actual notice." (See cases collected in Harrison's Manual, p. 486.)

But there is no necessity to infer notice in this case; the pathmaster knew that the bridge needed repair, and notice to him as their officer is notice to the corporation. He directed statute labor to be put upon it; he did not examine the work after it was done to see if it was properly done, as was his duty.

On the whole I can hardly imagine a case where a corporation could be more clearly guilty of negligence, and the only remaining question is whether there was contributary negligence on the part of the plaintiff.

The test as to whether there was contributory negligence or not is well laid down in Tuff v. Warman, 5 C. B. Rep. N. S., 585, and in Walton v. The London, Brighton & South Coast Railway Co., H. and R., 424, in these words. The question is:—"Whether the damage was occasioned entirely by the negligence or improper conduct of the defendant, or whether the plaintiff himself so far contributed to the misfortune by his own negligence or want of ordinary and common care and caution, that, but for such negligence or want of ordinary care and caution on his part, the misfortune would not have happened."

Apply this question to the case before us. The plaintiff was not taken by surprise; if he had been driving along and came suddenly upon the hole it might have been too late for him to stop before he noticed it, or in the sudden emergency he might not take in the extent of the danger, but here he had crossed it from the other side with some difficulty, and gone into a farm yard through a gate only some twenty yards beyond the bridge. He was there told that the bridge was in a dangerous state and that he must be careful; as he came out of the gate the opening in the bridge was in plain view, and he says it looked much worse from that side than it had done from the other side. It is not in evidence whether he opened the gate on the way out or some one did it for him, but he either got into or remained in the buggy and drove onto the bridge, when the horse, refusing to cross the hole and backing up, he struck it with the whip; the horse leaped the hole and when the forward wheels struck the log on the opposite side the mischief was done; it was a young, high-spirited horse.

Now, what would a man who exercises ordinary and common care and caution do under such circumstances? Pretty much all he knew about the horse was that it was young and high-spirited but gentle in ordinary circumstances. It is true it had crossed the same place an hour before, but the opening did not look nearly so serious from that side; he had been warned of the danger, his mind was full, or ought to have been, of the question as to how he was to cross that bad place in the bridge; at starting he was not more than three or four times the length of his horse and buggy from the dangerous spot. Would not ordinary and common care and caution have suggested to him to take the horse by the head and lead him over?

Or another way of escape was open to him. It was perfectly safe to drive through the creek at the north end of the bridge, though not very much used there were several wagon tracks there. He says he did not see them. I think it very likely he did not, but a man exercising ordinary and common care and caution would have seen them, for he would have tried to find some other way out before he would have attempted to drive across that bridge. He is not to blame for striking the horse when he began to back, for he might have thrown them off the side of the bridge, but he is to blame for risking the chance of a young animal refusing to cross the dangerous looking chasm when there was no necessity of running the risk.

I should come to the conclusion that from his contributing negligence the plaintiff has disentitled himself to recover even in the absence of express authority, but there is abundance of authority; in Castor v. Corporation of Uxbridge, 39 W. C. R. 113, a lot of poles were strung along the highway preparatory to the erection of a telegraph line; two men riding in a sulkey had passed several of them; as they continued to drive on they both looked over into a neighboring field at some object, when the horse shied the sulkey struck one of the poles and was upset, and one of the men badly injured; it was held that the corporation was guilty of negligence in allowing the poles to lie upon the road, but that the people in the sulkey were guilty of contributory negligence in as much as they knew that the poles were strung along and did not watch out for them, and so were not entitled to recover damages.

It is true that the accident could not have happened but for the misconduct of the township, yet the plaintiff could not recover because he was also in fault.

So in Nicholls v. Great Western railway, 27 W. C. R., 396, the railway were guilty of negligence in not having a fence and gate and an attendant to watch it and keep the gate shut when trains were approaching, as they were required by the statute to do at that particular point, yet as the plaintiff who was driving in a cab and had been struck by a train and badly injured, had not kept a careful look-out and so escaped the train, as he might have done, he was held guilty of contributory negligence and could not succeed in his action. It is true that if the railway company had done their duty and put up the fence and gate and left an attendant the accident could not have happened, but on the other hand if the plaintiff had not contributed by his want of ordinary and common care and caution to the circumstances it could not have happened.

This doctrine of contributory negligence, which is a most salutary one, is little understood by the public. It may be laid down for one's practical guidance as follows: No matter how much the other party may be to blame, yet if the party injured has not exercised ordinary and common care and caution in trying to escape the misfortune he cannot maintain an action against the wrong-doer.

The judgment will be for the defendants, not because they are right, but because the plaintiff is wrong, and in such a case I can give neither party costs. Judgment for defendants without costs.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—Thomas Morrow, a farmer residing on the 3rd con. of Brighton, was killed last Friday evening by No. 2 express passing west between Brighton and Trenton, while crossing the track with his team. Both horses were killed.

—Edward McGowan of Ernestown was accidentally killed while hauling a heavy stick of timber. The binding chain snapped, letting the reach fly backwards, giving the unfortunate man a stunning blow on the head, killing him instantly.

—Sarah Fitzsimmons, a domestic in the Wickett house, Thorndale, had a narrow escape from choking to death the other day. She was eating a fried cake when Mrs. Wickett made a remark which caused the young woman to laugh very heartily, and the pastry caught in her throat. Mr. Wickett succeeded in removing the obstacle.

—On last Wednesday evening a family reunion took place at Hampton, Ont., in which there were present both parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ruse, hale and hearty, and their thirteen sons and daughters, the youngest of whom is 22. These gathered for the occasion—two from St. Paul, Minn., two from Friendship, N. Y., one from Exeter, Ont., two from Bowmanville, one from Toronto, and the remainder still residing in and around Hampton. All are prosperous and the family reunion was a happy one indeed, there being not a vacant chair in the whole circle.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

—Miss Story, the daughter of a clergyman in the North of Ireland, has won the literature scholarship of £100 a year for five years, awarded by the Royal university of Ireland.

—A Dublin cable states that Mr. Sheehy, M.P., who was recently imprisoned under the crimes act, was forcibly dressed in the prison garb by the warders, but as soon as they left the cell he discarded the clothes.

—Mr. Begg, who has been visiting the Scottish crofters in connection with the proposed colony in British Columbia, has sailed for Canada. It is expected that no difficulty will be experienced in inducing some six thousand persons to settle in the Pacific province.

—A shark following a Rockland lime vessel recently and eating up the garbage thrown overboard gulped down a big lump of lime thrown over by one of the crew. The lime at once began to slake, and the shark thrashed about in terrible agony and finally died.

—San Francisco is in great danger of a smallpox epidemic. The Chinese quarter is infected and cases there are reached with difficulty. The disease has made its appearance in nearly every part of the city. The sewers are in a horrible condition and no capable system of sanitary measures exists.

—Mr. J. Roup's little boy of Roupville, Ga., had been deaf for several years and a physician who treated him was unable to afford relief. The other day, while Mrs. Roup was washing the boy's face she pulled out from his ear a blade of straw two inches long. His deafness has since disappeared.

—The Irish land commissioners have prescribed reductions of judicial rents throughout practically the whole of Ireland, ranging from 6 to 22 per cent., the average being 14 per cent. The aggregate reduction is estimated at $2,000,000. The reduction is permanent and applies to arrears since 1881. Judge O'Hagan attaches a note dissenting from the decision of his colleagues.

—A tailor named Sweeney, about fifty years of age, was found on the 7th con. of Aldeboro one day last week lying on the road almost frozen to death. He lingered a few hours, when he breathed his last. He had hired a horse and buggy at Newbury and started out for a Christmas spree. He drank too freely and fell out of the buggy, dying from exposure. The rig was found in Glencoe the same day.

—There resides on the 5th con. of Mornington, near Milverton, an old gentleman over eighty years of age whose career is a remarkable one. He planted trees about his farm after he was fifty years of age, and after thirty years' growth this fellow cut them down and makes them into cordwood. In addition to this he has cut about twenty cords of stove wood for his own use. His aged wife, who is only some few years his junior, is as hale and hearty as her husband.

—The other morning John Flanigan, employed in rock-cutting in the waterworks mains, Brockville, attempted to thaw out five pounds of dynamite over a forge in a shanty beside the cut. The shanty was demolished, fences in the vicinity destroyed and windows broken for a considerable distance about. Strange to say, the foolhardy operator, although hurled a considerable distance, was not killed. His nose was almost obliterated and his back ripped open, but he will likely recover.

—W. Smalley, the "tory squire" who cables from London to the N. Y. Tribune, says the Echo is fast being converted to home rule. Every night for the last week or more it has had an article denouncing coercion and I will end this despatch by quoting a few passages from its leader of this evening. Here they are: "Some liberal unionists are out of touch with the rank and file; others silently chafe at the recent proceedings of the government; but among liberal unionists who have no seats to lose there is a growing feeling of shame and disgust at the miserable acts of petty persecution which are now repeated almost daily. The time has come to speak plainly and sternly. Men like Sir Thomas Grove, Mr. Warner, Rev. G. O. Evans of Bristol and other active liberal unionists, who within the last few days have indignantly repudiated any sympathy with Mr. Balfour's proceedings, are but representative of a multitude of obscure men whose moral fibre has not deteriorated, and who, therefore, disown Mr. Balfour and all his works. Even in the tory ranks there are not a few who feel the misgivings which Mr. Evelyn so recently expressed."

VARIETIES.

Fortune telling by cards is almost impossible; but it is easy enough to lose a fortune playing cards.

The elevators of some Western hotels are operated by women. Yet female suffragists continued to complain that their sex is not elevated.

Pain Killer has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years' standing.—76-4.

"Oh, mother, what do you think!" remarked the high school girl; our minister has an amanuensis." "You don't say!" replied the old lady, with much concern. "Is he doctorin' for it?"

"I do not say," remarked Mr. Brown, "that Jones is a thief! but I do say that if his farm joined mine I would not try to keep sheep."

"Pectoria" loosens the phlegm.
"Pectoria" soothes inflamed bronchial tubes.
"Pectoria" never fails to cure a Cough or Cold.
"Pectoria" 25 cents a bottle.—78-3.

"I want $10," said the facetious police judge to the prisoner, who was up for being drunk. "So do I," replied the prisoner, "but I don't suppose either of our faces is good for it."

C-h-o-o! C-h-o-o! C-h-o-o!!!

Don't sneeze, sneeze, hawk, hawk, spit, blow, and disgust everybody with your offensive breath. If you have acrid, watery discharges from the nose and eyes, throat disease, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head, splitting headache and other symptoms of nasal catarrh, remember that the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy offer, in good faith, $500 reward for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists at only 50 cents.—78-1.

Bootblacks must have originated on the Plain of Shinar.

A Barrel Full of Money

is a good thing to have, but health is better than wealth. Preserve your health by eating cookery made with Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder.—78-1.

The obscure Arab who invented alcoholic stimulants died more than 900 years ago, but his "spirit" still lives.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is recommended by eminent physicians on both sides of the Atlantic, as the most reliable remedy for colds, coughs, and all pulmonary disorders. Inquire of your druggist for Ayer's Almanac.—78-1.

A deceitful woman is like a counterfeit postal card—a fraud on the males.

Customer (getting measured)—How much are these trousers going to cost me? Tailor—Twenty-two dollars, sir. How many many pockets do you want in them? Customer—None. I won't need any pockets after I've paid for the trousers."

The world may owe a man a living, but it is best to go out and collect it by a little work.

J. G. Edwards.

WHOLESALE.

CARRIAGE-MAKERS AND BLACKSMITHS.

I have now on hand for the Fall and Winter Trade a full and well-assorted Stock of

Sleigh and Cutter Shoe Steel, Bar, Hoop and Band Iron in all the different sizes.

Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Rasps and Files of all kinds.

Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, etc., etc.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

Sleigh and Cutter Runners, Shafts Poles, Neckyokes, Whiffletrees,

And everything in the Carriage-maker's and Blacksmith's line of business.

Please call or send for Prices.

J. G. EDWARDS,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL.

Lindsay, Oct. 3rd, 1887.—65.

Geo. Drake.

BRICK AND TILE YARD BEAVERTON.

GEO. DRAKE

would intimate to farmers and the public generally that he is going into the manufacture of

BRICK AND TILE

extensively. He has put in the latest improved apparatus for the manufacture of tile. Having had years of experience in the manufacture of both Brick and Tile, and being so well known the public may rest assured they will receive the best of satisfaction both as to price and quality. Brick and tile works one mile east of Beaverton. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

GEO. DRAKE.

Imperial Baking Powder.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,

CONTAINS NO ALUM, AMMONIA, LIME, PHOSPHATES, or any injurious materials.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.

Miscellaneous.

TAYLOR SAFE FOR SALE. Large size. In first-class condition. Apply to MRS. KEENAN, Lindsay. Dec. 13, 1887. 75-5.

COUGHS, COLDS, Croup and Consumption CURED BY ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM 25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

NEW MARBLE WORKS CANNINGTON.

Lloyd & Simpson

take much pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened the above business NEXT DOOR TO THE BENNETT HOUSE, and are prepared to manufacture all kinds of MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, MANTLE IRONS and MARBLE FENCING. Monuments and Headstones in Scotch, Italian and Canadian Granite at the lowest prices. GIVE US A CALL.

LLOYD & SIMPSON.

Cannington, June 22, 1887.—50-26.

PAY YOUR DEBTS.

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE AND COLLECTING ASSOCIATION,

Doing business in Canada and the United States, was established in 1884; having for its object to collect from all that it is possible to collect from, then publish the names of all that cannot or will not pay, which list is supplied to every member of the Association throughout Canada and the United States, the membership now numbering many thousands; and is acknowledged by all to be the most powerful organization in existence for the COLLECTION of DEBTS, having over 200 established agencies.

Membership fee: 1st year, $10; 2nd year, $7.50; 3rd year, $5 if renewed within one month after membership expires, and upon receipt of which Certificate of Membership, delinquent book, full supply of notices, with complete instructions for using Association, will be sent. Send for testimonials.

J. BIDWELL MILLS & CO., Managers, Hamilton, Ont.

56-1y.

DR HODDER'S BURDOCK AND SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND

CURES LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, KIDNEY TROUBLES, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES AND ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING

Female Weaknesses and General Debility.

Purely Vegetable. Highly Concentrated. Pleasant Effectual Safe.

ASK FOR DR. HODDER'S COMPOUND.

Take no other. Sold everywhere. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

DR. HODDER'S COUGH AND LUNG CURE

Sold everywhere. Price, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle. Proprietors and manufacturers,

THE ONION MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

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ELIAS BOWES, AUCTIONEER FOR the Counties of Victoria and Brock. Charges moderate. Address Manilla P. O., Ont.

D. LAVERY, Auctioneer for Manvers. Sales promptly attended to. Prices moderate. Address, Janetville, P.O.—61-1yr.

W. R. McPHEE, Clerk of the Municipality of Mara, Atherley postoffice. Money to loan on farm and town property at 6 per cent.—79-1y.

F. J. GILLESPIE, Clerk of the 7th Division Court. Commissioner in B. R. Conveyancer, Valuator. Money to loan on most favorable terms, and in any sums to suit borrowers. Give us a call. Residence, Uptergrove, Co. Ontario.—79-1y.

JAMES H. LENNON, AUCTIONEER, REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENT. Agent for the following Co's:—Canadian Pacific Railway; Dominion and Beaver Line Steamships; Trust & Loan Company; B. A. Fire Insurance Company; Mercantile Fire Insurance Company. Office opposite the Benson House, Lindsay, Ont. July 12th, 1886.—101.

W. A. SILVERWOOD, LICENSED AUCTIONEER for the County of Victoria. Farm and other Sales promptly and cheaply attended to. Any amount of MONEY TO LOAN on Good Real Estate security. LAND SALES or Valuations made in any part of the County of Victoria. Several FARMS FOR SALE. Residence and address, OAKWOOD, Ont. Nov. 17th, 1883.—63-1y.

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LIFE, FIRE, ACCIDENT AND PLATE GLASS INSURANCES.

Money to Loan. Rents and Debts Collected. Ocean and Lake Steamship Agency.

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E. T. WILLIAMS, Veterinary Surgeon, honor graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. All diseases of domesticated animals skillfully treated in the latest and best system. All calls, personally by telephone or telegraph, promptly attended to night or day. Office at Brock House, Sunderland. Charges moderate.—86-1y.

J. F. LAVERY, VETERINARY SURGEON. Successor to M. W. Plank, Cannington. Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. All diseases of domesticated animals skilfully entreated in the latest and best system. All calls personally or by telegraph promptly attended to. Office at old stand, Laidlaw street, north of Dobson's store. Oct. 19, 1887.—67.—1yr.

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F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, Solicitor and Notary Public. MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

ALEX. SKINNER, Barrister, Solicitor, etc.—MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Cameron's new block, Beaverton, Ont. Sept. 6, 1887.—61-1yr.

MARTIN & HOPKINS, BARRISTERS, Etc. Office, Thirkell's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ontario. P. S. MARTIN. G. H. HOPKINS.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office William-st., Lindsay. ADAM HUDSPETH, Q.C. ALEX. JACKSON.

H. B. DEAN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc. Office, Bigelow's block, Kent-st., over R. Smyth's Dry Goods store. $10,000 to loan at 6 per cent.—87-1y.

McINTYRE & STEWART, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., etc. Offices over Ontario Bank, Kent-st., Lindsay. D. J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART.

A. P. DEVLIN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., County Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace, Lindsay, Ont. Office over Howe's store, Kent-st.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRISTERS, Attorney at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, etc. Office, Dohaney Block, Kent-st., Lindsay. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

J. C. GRACE, Barrister, etc. Office, Kennedy's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont. Private and Company's funds loaned at lowest rates. J. C. GRACE.

Lindsay, Nov. 4, 1885.—65-1yr.

Architects and Surveyors.

M. DEANE, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. Office and residence, Lindsay-st., Lindsay. Lindsay, Sept. 1, 1887.—60-1y.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, etc., Residence and address, FENELON FALLS, Ontario.

JOHN VICARS, Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor. Office, A. J. Sinclair's law office, Cannington. Jan. 21, 1887.—39-1y.

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GEORGE SMITH, Provincial Land Surveyor Drainage Engineer, etc., BEAVERTON and LINDSAY. All orders left with David Walker, Esq., of Lindsay, for Surveying, Levelling or Drainage work will be promptly attended to. N. B.—Private Funds to Loan.

Miscellaneous.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Conveniently situated. Apply to J. L. DUNSFORD. Oct. 28, 1887.—88-tf.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—In North Ward, Lindsay. Frame house, 7 rooms, good stable, three quarters of an acre, north of the Court House. For further particulars apply to RICHARD CORLEY, Lindsay, P. O., Nov. 21, 1887.—72-tf

100 CORDS OF BUILDING STONE FOR SALE.—The undersigned has the sale at lower steamboat wharf 100 cords of large flat building stone. Parties starting to build should see this stone before making contracts, as small cut to lord, cheap in quantities to suit purchaser. F. ORANDELL. Lindsay, Nov. 7, 1887.—70-10.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 21, con. 13, one mile from Cannington; fifty acres with brick dwelling. Apply to ROBT. SHARP, Cannington. Sept. 10, 1887.—69-tf.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—Lot 29 in the 7th con. of Ops. 108 acres. A bargain. Apply to G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, &c., Lindsay. Lindsay, Oct. 19th, 1887.—67-tf.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT. Being south half of lot 22, in 4th con. of Fenelon, 100 acres more or less 75 cleared and in good state of cultivation, with good log house barn and stable. For further particulars apply to JOHN MURCHISON, on the premises, Glenarm P. O. Dec. 12, 1887.—75-4pd.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being the east half lot 7, con 5, Ops; 97 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation and free from stumps and stones; well fenced with cedar rails and most of it staked and wired; two never-failing wells, small orchard, comfortable buildings, etc. For further particulars apply to JAMES POWERS, on the premises, if by letter to Lindsay P. O. Oct. 5, 1887.—65-tf.

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Conveniently situated, within a mile of Cambray and eight miles from Lindsay. Large clearance and good buildings. Will be leased for a term of years if not sold. For further particulars apply to NORMAN GILLIS or to H. J. LYTLE, Cambray P. O. April 2, 1887.—39-tf.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT—That desirable farm containing 200 acres, more or less, being Lot No 2, in the 10th Concession of the Township of Fenelon, south of Sturgeon Lake, known as the "Crawford Farm," for sale on easy terms. Title perfect. Immediate possession. If not sold this fall will be rented. Apply to H. B. DEAN, Barrister, &c., Lindsay. Lindsay, Sept 28th, 1887.—64 tf.

FARM TO SELL OR TO RENT.—Being the north half of lot 23, in the 12th con. Manvers; 65 acres cleared, the remainder in good hardwood and cedar bush; soil clay loam, well watered, and comfortable log house; cedar barns and stables. The above is located about one mile from Franklin station. Possession given after harvest. For particulars apply to the proprietor, JAS COPLAND, Franklin, Ont., July 25, 1887.—55-tf.

Physicians.

DR. DeGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—72-1y.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 9, 1886.—96-1y

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Rosche's Hotel, Brechin, Ont. Oct. 13, 1882.—120-1y.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., GRADUATE of McGill University, Medical Referee to the Standard Insurance Company. Office and residence Ridout-st., first door west of Lindsay-st.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS. Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr. DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont. E. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont.

W. V. LYNCH, M. D., C. M., Graduate of University of Trinity College, Toronto. Fellow of Trinity Medical School. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office and residence, corner of Russell and Lindsay-sts., Lindsay.—48-1y.

DR. BURROWS, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Etc. Office and Residence, opposite Carr's Hotel, William-st. P. PALMER BURROWS, M. D., C. M., Graduate McGill College, 1866. Lindsay, Oct. 25, 1886.—16.

DRS. HART & BINGHAM, Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs, Cannington, Ont. J. M. HART, M.D., M.C.P.S. H. S. BINGHAM, M.D., C.M., F.T.M.S., M.C.P.S., F.K. & Q., Dublin. Cannington, June 22nd, 1887.—50-1y.

DRS. COULTER & HOOD, Physicians and Surgeons. Office and residence corner of Russell and York-sts. Office hours: 9 30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m.; 1.30 p. m. to 3.00 p. m. Telephone communication. C. L. COULTER, M. D. F. C. HOOD, M. D., L. R. C. P., Eng. Lindsay, June 9, 1887.—48.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT. DR. G. S. RYERSON, L. R. C. P. S. E. Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Consulting Surgeon (ex officio) to the Institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorefields, and Central London Throat, Eye and Ear Hospital. May be consulted at his residence, 60 College-avenue, Toronto.

Hotels.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1880.—32-1y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, MANILLA.—The subscriber has leased this well-known hotel and has given the premises a complete overhauling and added new furniture throughout. Every attention paid to the comfort of the travelling public. Convenient sample rooms; good stabling. JOHN HICKINGBOTHAM, proprietor. April 6th, 1887.—39-1y.

MANSION HOUSE, FENELON Falls. J. TWOMEY, proprietor. This well-known hotel has been taken possession of by J. Twomey, jun., who has made extensive improvements in the premises and completely re-furnished it. Good and airy sample rooms. Every attention given to guests. July 6, 1887.—52-1yr.

ONTARIO HOUSE, BEAVERTON.—The subscriber would intimate to the public that he has purchased that well-known hotel, the Ontario House, and that he intends running it equal to any hotel in the county. Convenient sample rooms. Free 'bus to all trains. He will also keep his first-class livery. Excellent stabling. JOHN KENNEDY, Proprietor. Beaverton, April 19, 1883.—32-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan 19th, 1884. 72.

Lumber.

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S. CORNELL, Agent.

Lindsay, July 20, 1886.—2.

Dentistry.

R. F. MORROW, SUCCESSOR TO J. PENTLAND.

GOLD MEDALLIST and Honor Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons,