Medical.

Your Children

Are constantly exposed to danger from Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, and diseases peculiar to the throat and lungs. For such ailments, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, promptly administered, affords speedy relief and cure.

As a remedy for Whooping Cough, which many of our children were attacked, we used, during the past winter, with much satisfaction, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For this affection, we consider this preparation the most efficacious of all the medicines which have come to our knowledge.—Mary Parkman, Proprietress, Home for Little Wanderers, Doncaster, Md.

My children have been peculiarly subject to attacks of Croup, and I failed to find any effective remedy until I commenced administering Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This preparation relieves the difficulty of breathing and invariably checks the complaint.—David G. Starks, Ashland, Columbia Co., N. Y.

I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for many years, and have found it especially valuable in Whooping Cough. This medicine allays all irritation, prevents inflammation from forming in the lungs, and quickly subdues any tendency to Lung Complaint. B. Wellington, Plainville, Mich.

I find no medicine so effective, for Croup and Whooping Cough, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It was the means of saving the life of my little boy, only six months old, carrying him safely through the paroxysms of Whooping Cough Fever.—Jno. Malone, Piney Flats, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Publisher's Notice.

AGENTS FOR THE POST.

Moneys may be paid to, and subscriptions left with the following gentlemen, who have kindly consented to act as agents for THE POST:

CANNINGTON	R. TALBOT
MANILLA	GEO. DOUGLASS
WOODVILLE	J. C. GILCHRIST
JANETVILLE	D. LAVERY
KIRKFIELD	M. O'NEIL
OMEMEE	J. D. THORNTON
BALDWIN	W. S. DOWSON
MINDEN	R. C. GARRATT
SUNDERLAND	NIEL MCPHADDEN
CANNINGTON	BRANDON BROS
FENELON FALLS	W. E. ELLIS
OAKWOOD	R. P. BUTLER
OAKWOOD	W. H. MCLAUCHLIN
FENELON FALLS	GEO. CUNNINGHAM
BEAVERTON	G. F. BRUCE
UPTERGROVE	F. J. GILLESPIE
GLENARM	COLIN N. MCDONALD
ARGYLE	RODGERS & ROSS
EVANSVALE	D. H. EVANS, P. M.
MOUNT PLEASANT	ALBERT YOUNGER
NORWAY	J. H. VAN VLECK
MARIPOSA FALLS	D. GALLOWAY
FENELON FALLS	WM. MOASE
THORNTON	THOS. FRANCIS, P. M.
OMEMEE	R. J. GRANDY
GEORGETOWN	W. F. RITCHIE, P. M.
VICTORIA ROAD	W. R. CAVANA
ATHERLY	EDWARD LANIGAN
VERULAM	W. SCOTT
CAMBRIDGE	DAVID MCBEAN
GREENBANK	R. J. HARRINGTON
VALENTYNE	S. PURVIS
CANDOR	SAMUEL HILL
LITTLE BRITAIN	S. W. ROACH
WHITRAN	DAVID REEKIE
NORLAND	JOHN HARSHAW
N. E. R. V.	THOS. HARRINGTON
	JOHN JONES

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1887.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

The resident population of Bracebridge is [illegible].

Peaches are so luxuriant in Cookstown that the public school is closed.

Scott's lake man was choked to death the other day while eating a piece of [illegible].

Cases of a malignant type are prevailing in Campbellford and several deaths have occurred.

A Lakewood barber was beaten senseless by rowdies, who mistook him for some other person.

Son of Mr. Hugh Fraser of Cookstown had his thigh bone broken the other day by a barn door falling upon it.

Mr. Moses Clendenning of the 7th of Muskoka had his team broken recently by [illegible] running away and throwing her to the ground.

On Sunday night Mr. M. Vasey, postmaster at Victoria Harbor, was knocked down and severely kicked by a young man recently from Barrie gaol.

Marsh of Franklin township, Muskoka, made a false application for the purchase of a certain lot. He was sent down to Toronto on a charge of perjury.

According to the Free Grant Gazette it is to have a carload of petroleum from Petrolia to Bracebridge. Here should be a matter for the consideration of the railroad commission.

An epidemic of measles accompanied by pneumonia prevails in Oxford, N. S. A number of cases have proved fatal. Adults as well as persons, including some of advanced age, are afflicted.

Suspects alleged to belong to the German army who were carrying plans, etc., have been arrested at Marseilles. Another Prussian has been arrested at Besira. Expulsions from Alsace continue.

An application for the release of Father Quinn, the priest of Youghal, who was imprisoned in Kilmanham for refusing to testify regarding his connection with the Parnell campaign, has been dismissed.

A dealer of poultry says: "Every spring I procure a quantity of cedar boughs and strew them plentifully in and around the hen houses. The odour of the cedar keeps away vermin. The remedy is simple and effective."

On April 26th nihilists set fire to a police station in St. Petersburg and eight policemen perished in the flames. Nineteen others were more or less injured. The day following a timber yard was destroyed by fire and several workmen and firemen were killed.

The British iron steamer "John Knox" was lost with all hands at Channell, Nfld., Sunday morning last. She had a crew of thirty men, was from Liverpool via Greenock bound to Montreal with a cargo of bricks and liquors, and was one month out. She was an iron steamer of 1,350 tons, built in 1875, owned by McLean & Co. of Glasgow, and commanded by Captain Brolly. No man escaped to tell the story of the disaster, but it is believed she struck on the rocks and careened over.

—Mr. Beecher's property is said to amount to about $110,000, most of it being personal property. For the past four years he had received a salary of $15,000 a year from Plymouth church. For years before that $20,000 a year had been allotted him, and during the famous Tilton controversy $100,000 a year was granted him as a mark of confidence in his integrity and to enable him to meet the expenses of his suit. In the lecture field he received never less than $250 a night nor more than $500. The whole net him about $14,000. Then he received a royalty of $4,000 upon some books written in his earlier days. His syndicate newspaper letter, which he continued up to the time of his illness, netted him $75 a week. This income, though almost princely, was spent by Mr. Beecher in ornamenting his household and in charity. His house was a perfect cabinet of curiosities.

—Mr. J. W. Bell, conservative M.P. for Addington, has become violently insane, and has been placed in Rockwood asylum for treatment. The doctors fear his case is almost hopeless.

—When Mr. Patterson of Watt visited his cow stable the other morning he found a monstrosity in the shape of a calf with two heads, four eyes and two ears. The life of the animal was short.

—Jointly with several other friends of home rule in Ottawa, Senator Scott has wired Mr. O'Brien, advising him against coming to Canada, as they feel his proposed visit would prove a mistake.

—A Russian fanatic ran amuck at Odessa the other day and stabbed six Jews, killing two of them. He was arrested in a restaurant, where he was attacked and injured by a Jew waiter. A mob of Jews tried to lynch him.

—A young man named Preston, residing at Frankford, Ont., who had lately returned from Michigan, where he had been placing his brother in a lunatic asylum, cut his throat with a razor on Tuesday whilst laboring under a fit of insanity.

—While Mr. S. Lindsay, a clerk in the Almonte branch of the Bank of Montreal, and Mr. Ernest Stephenson, son of Rev. F. Stephenson, were canoeing at Almonte on Wednesday afternoon their boat capsized at Caldwell's sawmills. Mr. Stephenson was rescued by the men at the mills, but Mr. Lindsay was drowned, his body being recovered about an hour afterwards.

—The queen holds strong opinions on the Colin Campbell case, and it is stated that her majesty declares that Lady Colin has been shamefully treated, and that she will be pleased to receive her at court. Her majesty has very decidedly condemned the conduct of the whole Campbell family in respect to Lady Colin, and particularly blames the Duke of Argyll and Lord Colin.

—Nineteen days ago last Monday Mr. Bell of Bell's Corners, Proton, was in Dundalk and on his way home his team ran away. They got unhitched from the sleigh and disappeared at a rapid rate. Since that time search has been made for them in all directions and they were found on Monday in one of the Proton swamps. The night they escaped considerable snow fell, thus covering their tracks. When found they were still living to get around all right. Seven or eight feet of the lines were frozen hard to the ground and the bit being in their mouth were unable to get loose. They had eaten the bark and small limbs off all the trees within their reach and were in an emaciated condition. They were nineteen days without food.

—A St. Petersburg telegram says: The czar has donated one hundred thousand roubles to General Gressen, prefect of St. Petersburg, in recognition of his services in frustrating the recent plot against the czar's life, and the czar has granted him a pension of six thousand roubles as a reward for his services in arresting nihilists. ....It is reported that the czar has decided that the sentences of death pronounced against the nihilists, convicted of complicity in the recent attempts to assassinate him, shall be commuted to imprisonment at hard labor for life in the cases of all but two of the condemned. Poliakokaky, one of the condemned, said he and his accomplices acted from firm conviction that what they set out to do was their duty to perform. Another of the prisoners is a young student. He had just finished his studies with brilliant success, having taken the gold medal of the university which graduated him. The youth was so ardent in the cause of nihilism that he sold his gold graduation medal to obtain funds to enable an accomplice to leave the empire. All the prisoners pleaded guilty, and every one refused under threat or promise to betray any accomplice. The evidence indicated the existence of four widely ramifying nihilistic organizations, having head centres at St. Petersburg, Kief, Vilna and in Siberia. One of the witnesses was a woman. She admitted that she was the wife of one of the accused, although she said she had never been joined in wedlock to him by "unnecessary religious formalities." She was, on this admittance, arrested and conducted to prison.

—Mr. Gladstone's motion to appoint a committee to enquire into the Times' charges against Mr. Dillon was rejected on Friday night by a vote of 317 to 223, and Sir Edward Clarke's motion that the house decline to treat the Times' publication as a breach of privilege was agreed to. During the course of the debate Friday night Mr. Healy said every possible question seemed worthy of enquiry by the house except a question affecting the character of its members. The Parnellites did not care whether they got this enquiry or not, but if the government majority refused this enquiry, the name of British gentlemen would be placed on a level with that of Indian thugs. The Parnellites challenged the tories to combat at once on this question. They would stand on no technical references, but would meet any charges brought against them. From the decision of the majority of the house the Parnellites would appeal to the people outside and to other nations. The Irish people never sent them there to beg favors but to demand their rights. Major Saunderson said he did not wonder that Mr. Gladstone tried to whitewash his Irish friends who were now supplying his policy. He challenged Mr. Dillon to disprove the Times' evidence. Mr. Dillon—"I have offered to enter into the charges fully before a committee. I shall no longer exchange the lie with members of the house on them." (Cheers.) Henry Fowler (liberal) said the Parnellites did not desire to limit the enquiry. He had a telegram from Mr. Parnell stating that he was quite willing to extend the enquiry so as to include the forged letter published in the Times..... The Montreal Star's London correspondent cables on Saturday: It would be difficult to exaggerate the disgust of the liberals or the great shame and open wrath of the tories upon the whole question of the privileges debate. For weeks past the Times has been hurling the foulest charges against the Irish members. The tories have been repeating them in the house night after night. Both newspaper and politicians made their chief taunt the demand that these charges be met. Now, when Mr. Gladstone himself moves, in a perfectly constitutional method, for a select committee of the house to enquire into these charges; when Mr. Dillon appeals for it, that he may meet the charges against himself; when Mr. Parnell telegraphs asking that its scope be so enlarged as to include the whole question, including the Times' fac simile letter; when Mr. Morley, on Mr. Gladstone's behalf, expresses acquiescence in this view the government and all their followers turn instantly right about face and refuse an enquiry with a majority of 14, being, of course, absolutely certain, as almost every sane man may be said to be, that Mr. Parnell will not subject himself to all the risks and uncertainties of a colossal libel suit. The feeling on this may be judged from the concluding words of the Pall Mall Gazette's editorial to-day: "The country will know that it is idle to say that the Irish members could vindicate themselves if they pleased by taking an action at law against their traducers. The Irish members, rightly or wrongly, do not think they need vindicating. It is not the home rulers who are laying stress upon the importance of the charges in the Times. We would be perfectly willing to treat them with silent contempt. It is the other side that lays such stress upon these accusations. If for any reason it cannot for Irish members to take an action at law, then if there is a spark of chivalry in their profession they are bound to take the only course left open to them, that is to propose by the way of a select committee. Thursday returns, or yet we suppose they are still supposed to be honorable members, let by a right honorable gentleman; as if a coward could be a gentleman, or a politician, who shirks a challenge to make good accusations which he parades in speechless, cue devil disappears in the direction of Dalmeny." Mr. Dillon distinctly declared last night that the Parnellite offer to meet all charges in the articles "Parnellism and Crime" was made then for the last time, and he appealed to the government, as honorable men and gentlemen, in eloquent, almost pathetic language, not to deny them this opportunity.

—A trial of interest to merchants and their employees took place at Guelph the other day. A few weeks ago a dry goods merchant ordered one of his employees to take holidays. Accordingly he sued for wages for time lost and got a verdict for one week's wages and costs.

—The Berlin correspondent of the Moscow Gazette says the German military authorities are training mastiffs to hunt the French outposts in case of war; also that falcons and other birds of prey are being trained to chase carrier pigeons should the latter be employed by the French.

—The Ontario government have, it is reported, offered to purchase Trinity college, Queen-st. west, Toronto, for the use of the Upper Canada college, and to provide Trinity with a site in Queen's park on the same terms as were given to Victoria college, in order to induce Trinity to come into the federation.

—A new way of putting it is this, and it is not a bad one by any means. With land at $20 an acre one glass of beer at five cents represents a piece of ground nine feet wide and twelve feet long. Remember this, and when a fellow asks you to have a drink tell him you will take five cents worth of real estate instead.

—While Andrew Buchan was working with Fred. Warning the other day on the farm of Mr. H. Hewitt, sen., near Bright, a peculiar accident happened which resulted in Mr. Buchan's death. The steel face of Mr. Warning's hammer flew off and struck Buchan, breaking his skull. He died on Tuesday without regaining consciousness. Deceased was married two weeks ago.—[Alliston Herald.

—The Dix Nieuveme Siecle newspaper of Paris dismisses as fictitious the ostensible reasons given by the German press for General Waldensee's tour along the frontier of Alsace-Lorraine, and says: "Everything warrants us in thinking and saying that he is solely studying the best points of concentration for German troops in proximity to our Eastern frontier. We are surprised that the German papers should seek to mislead us in regard to the object of his journey."

—A London cable to the New York Tribune says: Mr. O'Brien's visit to Canada is pretty certainly against Mr. Parnell's wish, in obedience to which it was postponed and it was supposed abandoned. Lord Lansdowne's Wiltshire tenants, 504 strong, who have signed a letter certifying to his good character as a landlord, say they have been treated with kindness, courtesy and generosity, and they offer him sympathy in his troubles with his Irish tenants. Mr. Trench's second letter gives a most explicit and circumstantial denial of every charge of bad faith against Lord Lansdowne in the recent negotiations.

—Among the anecdotes which are still being told about Henry Ward Beecher is the following the famous preacher was fond of telling: "Speaking of clever things," said Mr. Beecher, "did you ever hear that good poem written twenty years ago on my name? Here, Ma (he always called Mrs. Beecher Ma), you read it to Perkins. I've forgotten the words." Mrs. Beecher smilingly put on her glasses, went to a drawer, took out a bit of paper and smilingly read:

Said a great Congregational preacher
To a hen, You're a beautiful creature;
The hen, just for that,
Laid three eggs in his hat,
And thus did the hen reward Beecher.

—A London cable says: Mr. O'Brien's charge of bad faith against Lord Lansdowne in repudiating his agreement with his tenants is met by a letter to the Times from Lord Lansdowne's agent, Mr. Trench. The terms were suggested by the subagent, Mr. Denning, and forwarded to Mr. Trench in London, who at once telegraphed his dissent. They were never communicated to Lord Lansdowne. They were practically as follows: First, judicial leaseholders, who asked 20 off to get 15, and non-judicial ones, who asked 30 off to get 20; second, all evicted tenants to be reinstated on the payment of half a year's rent minus the abatement; third, no costs to be borne by the tenants; fourth, all leases to be broken so as to allow tenants to enter the land court.

—The London correspondent of the Montreal Star cables as follows on Friday: The Salisbury government are at last in a ludicrous hole, and for their life they do not see how to get out, while poor Sir Charles Lewis is the most execrated man in the tory party. The suggestion that the attorney-general should prosecute the Times on behalf of Mr. Dillon may safely be described as the most demented which ever issued from the brains of muzzled and unscrupulous politicians. When Mr. Smith offered it the house was silent for a minute, not being able to believe that he was serious. Then the liberals and Parnellites alike broke into roars of laughter, again and again repeated, in which, after a while, the conservatives were compelled to join. First, the government thus invite the Parnellites to a collusive action at law, in which the plaintiff and defendant should be of the same opinion; secondly, and madder still, they invite the Parnellites to place the whole of their case in the hands of the attorney-general, and therefore within the knowledge of the government, their bitterest and most unscrupulous enemies. It is difficult to see how any one outside of Bedlam can have conceived such a plan. The Parnellites, however, are making splendid capital out of the folly and vacillation of the government. As for the question of breach of privilege, there can be no doubt the Times was guilty, according to all precedent. The ten precedents of the government, as Mr. Gladstone said Thursday night, are so irrelevant as not to be worth ten brass farthings. Take only one real precedent. In 1863 Sir Edward, then Mr. Reid, chief constructor to the navy, wrote to Sir Frederick Smith a letter accusing him of having made false and libellous statements concerning him in his place in parliament. Mr. Reed was summoned to the bar and the letter decided unanimously to be a breach of privilege. If this case, with a private letter, was a breach of privilege, how much more so must it be with the columns and columns of the Times. The only course now to pursue will be for Mr. Parnell himself to request the appointment of a select committee of enquiry. I know this is the wish of his chief lieutenants, as he would be supported by the liberals and the government could hardly escape granting it. What Mr. Parnell will do nobody knows. He is still at Avondale, said to be suffering from a severe cold. Probably, however, he is taking advantage of this cloudy May weather to keep his cruel filled..... The convulsiest cause has received its severest final rebuff in the heart of the Birmingham caucus. In the newly elected liberal council a resolution was moved condemning coercion. The unionist section abjured the council, in the sacred name of John Bright, not to pass what practically would be a vote of censure on their honored representative. The appeal was in vain, and the resolution was carried by a vote of 97 to 61. The full import of this can hardly be appreciated outside of Birmingham.

Architects and Surveyors.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the C.R., Conveyancer, etc., Residence and address, FENELON FALLS, Ontario.

JOHN VICARS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Office, A. J. Sinclair's law office, Kinmount. Jan. 21, 1887.—29-y.

A. G. STEVENS, P. L. S., Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman and Valuator, Office, Kent-st., Lindsay, next door to Post office. Orders by post or telegraph will receive prompt attention. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest current rates. Office, March 4, 1887.—35-1y.

VARIETIES.

Thompson—Suppose a man should call you a liar, what would you do? Jones (hesitatingly)—Where would man?

Don't use any more nauseous purgatives such as Pills, Salts, &c., when you can get in Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters, a medicine that moves the Bowels gently, cleansing all impurities from the system and rendering the Blood pure and cool. Sold by all druggists.—41-1yr.

Now is the time when asses who keep hens begin to bewilder with intense anxiety by his neighbors who have gardens.

If the Sufferer from Consumption, Scrofula and General Debility, will try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with hypophites, they will find immediate relief and a permanent benefit. Dr. H. V. Mott, Brentwood, Cal., writes: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with great advantage in cases of Phthisis, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases. It is very palatable. Put up in 50c. and $1 size.—43 4.

A dog is property when it has been stolen; but it is not property when the tax assessor comes round.

Right now is the time to use a good Blood Purifying Medicine. Loose no time in getting a bottle of Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It will do you good. Sold by all druggists 50 cents.—41-1yr.

Head winds—Long speeches.

No matter, fair maiden, how lovely your dimples
If your face is disfigured with blotches and pimples,
You may spend all the money there is in your purse
For washes and paints, they'll but make matters worse.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla's the one thing you need;
'T will remove every moth-spot and blemish indeed;
After using a while, if you look in the glass,
You will scarcely believe you behold the same lass.—44-4.

Mr. Bascomb kicked a young man off the front stoop with slippers on last night, and by the way he limps to-day you may be sure he has come to the conclusion that it was a bootless victory.

In the spring, hundreds of persons who suffer from boils, carbuncles, and other eruptive diseases. These are evidences that the system is trying to purge itself of impurities, and that it needs the powerful aid which is afforded by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.—44-1.

An observing New York reporter says "Gen. Sheridan supports himself with an umbrella." He didn't. He couldn't. If he tried, it would be bad for the umbrella.

Have you seen the new Perfume, "Lotus of the Nile?" It is perfectly lovely.—44-1.

Snug Little Fortunes
may be had by all who are sufficiently intelligent and enterprising to embrace the opportunities which occasionally are offered them. Hallett & Co., Portland Maine, have something new to offer in the line of work which you can do for them, and live at home, wherever you are located. Profits immense and every worker is sure of over $5 a day; several have made over $50 in a single day. All ages; both sexes. Capital not required; you are started free; all particulars free. You had better write to them at once.—44-1.

A newly-made benedict, while lazily strolling along one day last week, was met by a friend, who, in bachelor days had been a boon companion. "Hello, old fellow, glad to see you once more," was the salutation; and in the same breath, accompanying a hearty hand-shake, came the natural query: "How do you like married life?" "Well, you know," drawled the benedict, with a limp smile, "I never get enthusiastic about anything."

"Petroline" Peroused Plasters
are the best external remedy ever devised. They afford instant relief, and are not exhibited at county fairs like "prize turnips," but are recommended by physicians and sold by first-class druggists and A. Higinbotham, Lindsay.—44-1.

Tirade—A lynching party.

Corn Sowing
Is a process conducted by the agency of tight boots all the year round. Corn reaping is best conducted through the agency of Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, the only safe and sure-pop corn cure. Putnam's Extractor is now widely imitated. Beware of all poisonous and sore producing substitutes.—44-1.

Never boast to your wife about the value of your past experiences. Your mother-in-law may settle herself down on you next week.

Good Flavoring Extracts are cheaper than poor ones, because they go further. Try the "Royal" and be convinced.—44 1.

A bark without a bite—Tan bark.

Many ladies admire gray hair—on some other person—but few care to try its effects on their own charms. They need not, since Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray hair to its original color. Sold by druggists and perfumers.—44-1.

Better off—A wen.

To Be Settled Later.
"Doctor," said the sick man "the other physicians who have been in consultation over my case seem to differ with you in the diagnosis."
"I know they do," replied the doctor, who has great confidence in himself, "but the autopsy will show who was right."

Tamarac.
For Hoarseness and all Bronchial Troubles that usually effect public speakers, Tamarac Elixir will give speedy relief. Try it.—44-1.

His Future Career.
"And what do you expect to be when you grow up, Bobby," asked the minister; "a lawyer like your father?"
"No," Bobby replied. "Ma says I'm too much like pa to make a successful lawyer. I did think I'd would be a drum major, but I guess I'll be a lion tamer."

Dr. Jug.

GET ON TO

DR. JUG'S MEDICINE AND PILLS

—FOR—

Asthma, Bronchitis, Sick Head-Ache and Biliousness,

—ALSO FOR—

Sore-throat, Coughs, Colds and for the Lungs and Blood.

FOR SALE BY

A. HIGINBOTHAM,

DRUGGIST, LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Sept 2, 1886.—3-1y.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—E. DALY offers for sale or rent, or would exchange for town property, that very desirable farm, west half of lot No 4, Con. 6, EMILY, situated eight miles from Lindsay; there are sixty acres of balance. Soil is clay loam; good buildings. For particulars apply to E. DALY, Lindsay, April 20th, 1887.—41-4.

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Conveniently situated, within a mile of Cambray and eight miles from Lindsay. Large clear acres and good buildings. Will be leased for a term of years if not sold. For further particulars apply to NORMAN GILLIS or to H. J. LYTLE, Cambray P. O. April 2, 1887.—39-tf.

FARM TO RENT.—Composed of south half of lot 15 in 7th con. of Eldon, 100 acres, over 50 acres cleared; a considerable portion under grass and about 5 acres fall ploughed. There is on the farm a log dwelling house and log stable. The farm is fairly well fenced. Possession given immediately. Yearly rent expected $60.00 and taxes. Apply to JOHN A. JACKSON, Lorneville P. O. April 20th, 1887.—41-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—Four and one-half miles north of Lindsay; lot 23, con. 3, Ops, on the Lindsay road, with three fronts; and south half of same front, lot 22, in rear of Ops, 100 acres of land, 72 of which are cleared, the balance in good timber. On the farm are a frame house and stable, a frame house, frame and stone stable. The land is clear of encumbrance. Will be sold very cheap. Apply to EDWARD BALCOM on the premises or to Lindsay P. O. April 20, 1887.—41-4.

Architects and Surveyors.

JAMES DICKSON, P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the C.R., Conveyancer, etc., Residence and address, FENELON FALLS, Ontario.

JOHN VICARS, Provincial Land Surveyor, Office, A. J. Sinclair's law office, Kinmount. Jan. 21, 1887.—29-y.

A. G. STEVENS, P. L. S., Provincial Land Surveyor, Draughtsman and Valuator, Office, Kent-st., Lindsay, next door to Post office. Orders by post or telegraph will receive prompt attention. MONEY TO LOAN at lowest current rates. Office, March 4, 1887.—35-1y.

For Sale or to Let.

GOOD BARGAIN.—House and lot for sale cheap. Apply at G. T. R. station, Lindsay. April 21, 1887.—41-5pd.

HOUSE TO RENT.—A good warm house, situate convenient to Kent-st. For particulars apply to A. D. MALLON, Lindsay, Dec. 16, 1886.—22-tf.

FOR SALE.—South-east quarter lot 14, con. 7, Mara, containing 50 acres, 30 acres partly cleared and under cultivation; soil choice clay loam. This excellent fifty acres is situated one mile from Schapler, 3 from Brechin, and convenient to schools, churches, etc. Title indisputable. Apply to MRS. H. McINTAGGART, Millington, or to F. J. GILLESPIE, Uptergrove. Feb. 9, 1887.—31-tf.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale four very desirable building lots consisting of lots 54, 55, 56, and 57 south of Queen-st., Lindsay, delightfully situate for a private residence, high and dry. There is a number of thrifty fruit trees in bearing, a small house and good dry cellar, good stable and well on the premises. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to MARGARET O'CONNOR on the premises, or to O'LEARY & O'LEARY, barristers, Lindsay. Jan. 27, 1887.—20-tf.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS IN LINDSAY FOR SALE.—Being Park Lot No. 20, East Ward, 4½ acres, well fenced; frame house, 5 rooms and summer kitchen; good well. Four Good Building Lots, on Melborne-st., South Ward, east of Lindsay-st., one-qr. acre each, in one block. On one of the lots is a frame house, ten rooms, kitchen, woodshed, stable, wells, cistern, etc.
Also 50 acres of land in township of Otonabee, within three miles of Peterboro. All cleared, well fenced and cultivated. Will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy time. For further particulars apply to J. W. DIAMENT Lindsay. Nov. 26, 1886.—16-tf.

Hotels.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 13, 1886.—93-1y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, MANILLA.—The subscriber has leased this well-known hotel and has given the premises a complete overhauling and added new furniture throughout. Every attention paid to the comfort of the travelling public. Convenient sample rooms; good stabling. JOHN HICKINGBOTHAM, proprietor. April 6th, 1887.—39-1y.

MANSION HOUSE, SUTTON, JAS. B. SHARP, proprietor. This well-known house has changed hands. The proprietor intends giving the premises a complete overhauling and furnishing the house in a comfortable and stylish manner. The best brands of liquors and cigars always in stock. Excellent stabling; good sample rooms for commercial men. Sutton, April 2, 1887.—39-1y.

ONTARIO HOUSE, BEAVERTON.—The subscriber would intimate to the public that he has purchased that well-known hotel, the Ontario House, and that he intends running it equal to any hotel in the county. Convenient sample rooms. Free 'bus to all trains. He will also keep his first-class livery. Excellent stabling. JOHN KENNEDY, Proprietor. Beaverton, April 19, 1883.—32-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

SLUMAN HOUSE, MINDEN.—H. SLUMAN, Proprietor. Having rented the house known as the Buck hotel and secured a license, I beg to inform the public that I am prepared to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favor me with a call. The house has undergone a thorough overhauling, having placed therein an entirely new set of furniture. The dining room will be found to be that of a first-class house. The bar is supplied with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars; oysters in season. Stage to and from all trains at Minden station. Good stabling and attentive hostler. HENRY SLUMAN, Minden, February 8th 1886.—79-tf.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan 19th, 1884. 72.

Physicians.

ED. FURRER, B.A., M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng., OMEMEE. Aug. 3, 1886.—104-tf.

DR. DEGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—72-1y.

DRS. McDERMOTT & FIERHELLER, Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs. Sunderland, Ont. Dec. 2, 1886.—21-1yr.

DR. KIDD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.—Office and residence: Simcoe Street, Beaverton, Ontario. Will visit Brechin every Monday. May, 18, 1886.—93-1y.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Eg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 9, 1886.—96-1y

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Roache's Hotel, Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1882.—1206-1y.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., GRADUATE of McGill University, Medical Referee to the Standard Insurance Company. Office and residence Ridout-st., first door west of Lindsay-st.

C. E. COCHRANE, M. D., L. M. & R. C.P., Edinburgh; physician, surgeon, etc. Office, Dr. Norris's old stand, King-st., Omemee. Residence at the Bradburn House. Jan. 22, 1887.—29-26.

DR. McALPINE.—Office and residence: William-st. north, corner of Colborne-st., Lindsay. Office hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION. Lindsay, Sept. 29, 1884.—130-8-1y.

N. C. McKINNON, M. D., C. M., Victoria University; L. R. C. S. Edinburgh; Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario; Licentiate Royal College Surgeons, Edinburgh. Office, Manilla. Sept. 21, 1886.—11-26.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS. Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr.
DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont.
R. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont.

DR. C. L. COULTER, Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence on Russell-st., opposite York-st. Office hours: 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m.; 1.30 p. m. to 3.00 p. m. Telephone communication. Lindsay, March 15th, 1886.—54.

W. V. LYNCH, M. D., C. M., Graduate of University of Trinity College, Toronto. Fellow of Trinity Medical School. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office and residence, corner of Russell and Lindsay-sts., Lindsay.—42-1y.

DR. BURROWS, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Etc. Office and Residence, opposite Carr's Hotel, Williams-st. P. PALMER BURROWS, M.D., C. M., Graduate McGill College, 1883.
Lindsay, Oct. 25, 1883.—16.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.

DR. G. S. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E.

Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Manchester Eye and Ear Infirmary; Consulting Surgeon (oculist) to the Institution for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Moorfields Central Ophthalmic Hospital, London, Eng.; and Central Ophthalmic Hospital, Paris, Eng. May be consulted at Lindsay, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, at Rossin House, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Toronto, Jan. 17, 1883.—48.

Barristers, Etc.

JOHN McSWEYN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office in Hamilton's Block, north side Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont.

F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, Solicitor and Notary Public MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

BARRON & SMITH, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Etc. JOHN A. BARRON, Q.C. J. B. SMITH, B. A. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

LOUIS M. HAYES, BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc., MONEY TO LOAN Office: Cameron's New Block, Beaverton. Feby. 22, 1884.—30-1y.

MARTIN & HOPKINS, BARRISTERS, Etc. Office, Thirkell's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ontario. P. S. MARTIN. G. H. HOPKINS.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office William-st., Lindsay, ADAM HUDSPETH, Q.C. ALEX. JACKSON.

H. B. DEAN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc. Office, Bigelow's block, Kent-st., over R. Smyth's Dry Goods store. $10,000 to loan at 6 per cent.—97-1y.

McINTYRE & STEWART, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., etc. Offices ever Ontario Bank, Kent-st., Lindsay. D. J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART.

A. P. DEVLIN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., County Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace, Lindsay, Ont. Office over Howe's store, Kent-st.

STEPHENSON & DICKSON.—Barristers, etc. Toronto: Manning's arcade, King-st.; Lindsay: Baker's Block. G. H. STEPHENSON, R. A. DICKSON. R. J. McLAUGHLIN, Manager Lindsay office. 103-1y.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRISTERS, Attorney at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, etc. Office, Dohneny Block, Kent-st., Lindsay. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

J. C. GRACE, Barrister, etc. Office, Kennedy's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont. Private and Company's funds loaned at lowest rates. J. C. GRACE.
Lindsay, Nov. 4, 1885.—65-1yr.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Private, Trust and Company funds at lowest rates and on terms to suit borrower. Mortgages and debentures purchased. JOHN McSWEYN, Barrister, Lindsay. March 22, 1886.—85.

5 PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 5 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security.
O'LEARY & O'LEARY.
Lindsay, Sept. 22, 1886.—11.

MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST on Good Farm Property or other good security. Charges reasonable. No commission. Apply to Wm. CAMERON, Woodville P. O., Ont. Nov. 13th, 1885.—67-1y.

MONEY.—Messrs. Barron & Smith are now lending at 6 per cent.,