Medical.

Perfect Hair

Indicates a natural and healthy condition of the scalp, and of the glands through which nourishment is obtained. When, in consequence of age and disease, the hair becomes weak, thin, and gray, Ayer's Hair Vigor will strengthen it, restore its original color, promote its rapid and vigorous growth, and impart to it the lustre and freshness of youth.

I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a long time, and am convinced of its value. When I was 17 years of age my hair began to turn gray. I commenced using the Vigor, and was surprised at the good effects it produced. It not only restored the color to my hair, but stimulated its growth that I have now more hair than ever before.—J. W. Edwards, Coldwater, Miss.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING from debility and loss of appetite, if your stomach is out of order, or your mind confused; take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This medicine will restore physical force and elasticity to the system more surely and speedily than any tonic yet discovered.

Fifteen months I suffered from liver and stomach trouble. My food did not nourish me, and I became weak and very much emaciated. I took six bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and was cured.—Julius M. Palmer, Springfield, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists. Price $1, six bottles, $5.

Publisher's Notice.

AGENTS FOR THE POST.

Moneys may be paid to, and subscriptions left with the following gentlemen, who have kindly consented to act as agents for THE POST:

CANNINGTON	R. TALBOT
MANILA	GEO. DOUGLAS
WOODVILLE	J. C. GILCHRIST
JANETVILLE	D. LAVERY
KIRKFIELD	M. O'NEILL
OMEMEE	J. D. THOMPSON
BALDWIN	W. S. DOWSON
MINDEN	R. C. GAGE
SUNDERLAND	NEIL McPHADEN
CANNINGTON	BRANDON BROS
FENELON FALLS	W. K. EVANS
OAKWOOD	R. P. BURNS
OAKWOOD	W. H. McLAUGHLIN
PENELON FALLS	GEO. CUNNINGHAM
BEAVERTON	G. F. BRUCE
UPTERGROVE	F. J. GILLESPIE
GLENARM	COLIN N. McDONALD
ARGYLE	RODGERS & ROSS
EVANSVILLE	D. H. EVANS P.M.
MOUNT PLEASANT	ALBERT YOUNGER
SADOWA	J. H. VAN VLECK
MOORE'S FALLS	D. GALLOWAY
FINGERBOARD	WM. MOORE
THORNTON	THOS. FRANCIS, P.M.
OMEMEE	R. J. GRANDY
OGLEBY	W. F. RITCHIE, P. M.
VICTORIA ROAD	W. R. CAVANA
ATHERLEY	EDWARD LANIGAN
VALERIA	W. SCOTT
CAMERONIAN	DAVID McLEAN
GREENBANK	R. J. HARRINGTON
VALENTIA	S. DAVIS
CAMERON	SAMUEL HILL
LITTLE BRITAIN	S. W. BEACH
WILBERIE	DAVID BECKIE
NORLAND	JOHN HARSHAW
NORTH BOLTON	THOS. HARE NELSON
[illegible]	JOHN JONES

The Canadian Post.

PUBLISHED FRIDAY MARCH 1, 1887.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

Cardinal Leopoldi died in Rome Monday afternoon, aged 55.

A vein of fine petroleum has been discovered in Hautmont, France.

A man named Joseph Miller, employed in a factory at St. John, N.B., recently had his arm torn by a circular saw from wrist to elbow.

A vein measuring over three feet long and which yields twenty three pounds was opened at Avoca in Lambton county a few days ago.

A New Jersey hermit, who died a few days ago, left an old gun, the barrel of which was found to be filled to the muzzle with gold and silver pieces.

A vein of coal in Boone county, Iowa, is on fire and burning for a mile and a half, having had two before the district was [illegible] by floods.

[illegible] that between fifteen [illegible] thousand dollars [illegible] result of the election in Winnipeg.

[illegible] German government [illegible] at the fairs in the [illegible], and are making large purchases of horses suitable for military purposes.

[illegible] Mr. O. W. Bailey of High [illegible], farmer, 350 acres, and [illegible] bushels of grain, which was wheat, on which [illegible]

A strange [illegible] the police of Chicago are [illegible] a murder if they would [illegible] cash, but his offer was [illegible] high for the season and [illegible]

[illegible] Ky., is said to be overrun [illegible] cholera has killed [illegible] are having [illegible] away. Cats are away [illegible]

A Russian silence" says the [illegible] very strong, but [illegible] who think that [illegible] Russia [illegible] to diminish it."

[illegible] a bomb was thrown into a Nihilist [illegible] Boston, and exploded with [illegible] the houses in the vicinity were shaken, and the occupants pushed [illegible] It is not known who [illegible]

A lady suffering from paralysis at the [illegible], Monte Carlo, and who had [illegible] Times has to move jumps [illegible] in a fright when she felt the shock of the late earthquake last week and [illegible] several flights of stairs.

A tramp who was stealing a ride [illegible] Indiana on a freight train the other night was discovered by a brakeman [illegible] He jumped from the train [illegible] was crossing a canal bridge, and [illegible] in the water forty feet below, and then waded ashore unhurt.

At the opening of the present session of parliament Lord Hartington took his seat as usual on the liberal side, and this fact caused the most dramatic scene of the evening. For Mr. Labouchere fiercely scolded him for it. Pointing at and speaking of him, at a distance of a couple of yards, says the Pall Mall Gazette, the member for Northampton declared: "I consider it most extraordinary that the noble lord should take his seat on this side of the house," and beseeched him, instead of superciliously handing over Mr. Goschen to the government, to acknowledge the responsibility of power by moving over himself. The radicals and Parnellites of course vociferously cheered this plain hint; but the noble marquis, who was now attired in evening dress, reclining on the opposition bench, right in front of the leader's box, with head back, hat over eyes and hands in trousers pockets, moved not a muscle, so far as the spectator could perceive. The whole house strained itself to watch him closely, and the whole house saw—a monument of magnificent impertinence.

—Mrs Agnes Fleming, the authoress, died, left about $40,000 to her son, the income to be used for their support and education.

—It is reported in Berlin that three officers implicated in the recently discovered military plot have been hanged at St. Petersburg.

—A man convicted of vagrancy in Augusta, Kentucky, is to be sold by public auction on March 5th to the highest bidder for a period of seventy-five days.

—The Canadian Pacific and Postal Telegraph Co.'s lines have been connected at New Westminster, B.C., and business is now being done with San Francisco.

—Two cars loaded with hogs were thrown down an embankment at Napanee station on Thursday last by a broken rail, fifty of the animals being killed and a number injured.

—In Harborville, N.S., on the Bay of Fundy, there living ninety persons over 70 years old. Of these there are twenty couples who have been married fifty years or more, and of these five of the husbands are brothers.

—The Cunard steamer Etruria has just made the fastest passage on record from Liverpool to New York six days, nineteen hours and forty-seven minutes. She steamed through the whole trip at the rate of twenty knots per hour.

—Two men and a woman, said to be from Canada, are preaching to the blacks in South Carolina, telling them that the end of the world is at hand. The trio are suspected of seeking to cause a rising among the blacks against the whites.

—A man in Edwardsport, Indiana, saw a woman fall down on the street the other day, and he laughed until he ruptured a blood vessel and fell dead. A woman who can fall like that is a dangerous person to be allowed on the public streets.

—Seven boys belonging to Easton, Pa., ranging from twelve to fifteen years old, were caught between a coal train and a passenger train while walking on the track on Saturday afternoon and six of them killed, their bodies being shockingly mangled.

—Much interest is taken in official circles in the attempt of Mr. McArthur of Winnipeg to reach the North Pole. He has been supplied by the Dominion government with a number of scientific instruments, and Dr. Selwyn, director of the geological survey, considers his route and plan of operations one of the most sensible as yet devised by Polar explorers.

—Prof. Fabb of Vienna predicts that earthquake shocks will continue and be accompanied by terrific storms. He mentions 9th and 24th inst., April 7th and 8th, and the middle of September and October as the dates upon which the worst shocks may be expected. Wiggins looks up serenely and claims that he foretold the recent earthquakes.

—The Belleville Ontario of the 20th ult. apologizes for the republication, just prior to polling day, of an article from the Toronto Globe stating that Mr. D. R. Murphy of Trenton and Mr. W. B. Northrup of Belleville had received $4,000 from the Dominion government for purposes of bribery. It says that from what it can learn the money was really the price of a site for a public building in Trenton, and that the cheque was passed to Mr. Northrop, as solicitor for the government, and was by him handed to Mr. Murphy, who owned the land and made the sale. The Ontario regrets the publication of the article.

An official test of the new steam heating apparatus has been made on the Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad short line train between St. Paul and Minneapolis. The device consists of the use of exhaust steam from the dome of the engine, which is carried through pipes underneath the engine and cars, with a patent flexible coupling between each car. This pipe connects in the centre of each car with a radiating pipe on each side, with a branch under each seat. The test seemed perfectly satisfactory, the thermometer registering eighty degrees within the car while outside it stood at zero, with a pressure of six pounds to the square inch inside the car. The engineer declared he saw no perceptible difference in the amount of coal used.

The oldest Protestant church in Canada is St. Paul's, Halifax; the next oldest is the Mohawk church, near Brantford; and the next is St. Gabriel's Presbyterian church, Montreal. Of the last mentioned church, now a venerable edifice, but a very insignificant one compared with the modern churches of the commercial metropolis, Rev. Mr. Campbell is writing the history. There are many interesting points connected with the old building, but one that stands out prominently is the fact that the congregation enjoyed in early times unusually friendly relations with other religious bodies. When an Episcopal church was burned the Episcopalians worshipped in this Presbyterian church, and when the Presbyterian church was undergoing repairs the neighboring Roman Catholic priest lent the congregation a Roman Catholic building to worship in.

Inland Revenue Officer Shanley and Detective Greer of Barrie succeeded in making seizure of an illicit still last Thursday in the vicinity of Noisy river, Nottawasaga, about 18 miles from Collingwood. From the information they had received they located it still without much trouble, was in good working order but no one was found on the premises. They seized the still and worm and brought them to Barrie, together with five gallons of liquor and a quantity of malt. They judged the still to be capable of making from 40 to 50 gallons of liquor per day. On their way to the place they met the man who is reported to run the affair, named Jonathan Manton, but after they had made the seizure he could not be traced, although they returned at night to await his return he didn't put in an appearance. He no doubt suspected what the officers were about and made away.

—A London cable says: The report of the royal commissioner on the Irish land question has been laid before the house of commons. Great difficulty was experienced, it will be remembered, in the constitution of this commission. From the first it has been boycotted by the national league. Indeed no members of the latter have even been invited to give evidence. Following is a summary of the commissioners' recommendations: 1. The term for judicial rents, which is fixed by the land act at fifteen years, should be reduced to the statutory term of five years, all those whose rents were fixed five years ago to be given the right to go into court at once for the revision of their rents. In all future judicial rents the term for which they will be fixed will be five not fifteen years. 2. All leaseholders are to be permitted to go into court to have their judicial rents fixed by the land commissioners. Their exclusion from the benefits of the act have been the source of bitter complaint, especially in Ulster, ever since the act was passed. 3. Holders of town parks are also to be allowed to share in the benefits of the land act. They were specifically excluded by the land act of 1880 and 1881. 4. As to purchase, the commissioners are in favor of what might be called legislation simplification rather than legislation compulsion. They would remove the legal technical difficulties which at present stand in the way of the operation of the Ashbourne act, but they strongly deprecate compulsory expropriation of landlords or compulsory creation of peasant proprietors. 5. They report that intimidation in the shape of boycotting prevails extensively, but they abstain from making any recommendations on the subject. 6. As to the congested districts, they recommend that the excessive population on the western seaboards should be reduced by migration or emigration. Upon this subject the commissioners have taken a good deal of very interesting evidence, some of which goes to show that the peasants in the congested districts are by no means opposed to emigration. If they are compelled to quit their native glens they would as soon go to Canada as outside of Connemara.

—Nine of the principal business houses in Mitchelstown, Ireland, were destroyed by fire with their contents on Saturday.

—The Dominion government have decided to establish three new cattle quarantine stations, two in the Northwest territories and one in British Columbia.

—Many of the Canadian cattle ranges in the west and north-west are reported to have suffered severely by the recent severe storms. In Alberta, however, the losses have been insignificant.

—Gedeon Pash, the special agent of the Porte in Bulgaria, it is said has informed the grand vizier that the only solution of the problem is in a Russian occupation of Eastern Roumelia.

—At March Essex on Post, in Belgium, two immense fly wheels in the Brieson rolling mills flew into fragments, totally wrecking the works. Thirty-five workmen were injured, three of whom have since died.

—Provisions are being perfected by the public analysts' branch of the inland revenue department for a more ready and widespread detection of adulterated food and drugs. Especial attention will first be directed to milk and coffee.

—A young woman at Burslem, England, who has been married for only five months, has applied for a judicial separation because her husband will not cut his toe nails, which are of abnormal length, and complains that she is scarred from head to foot by them. This is certainly as strange a ground for separation as ever heard of.

—The board of railroad commissioners, in their report upon the recent terrible railway disaster at White river junction, Vermont, state that there were seventy-seven passengers on the ill-fated train, and exonerate the train hands from blame. They attribute the accident to the breaking of a defective rail, and condemn the use of stoves and coal oil lamps in railway cars.

—On Wednesday afternoon Mr. Arthur Hunter, a young married man residing on Burlington Heights, while greasing a wagon wheel saw what he thought to be a cap box on the ground. He endeavored to open it by striking it with a wrench. There was an explosion, and Hunter's face and hands were terribly injured. He will probably recover.

—About eight weeks ago a family named Baldwin, living about two miles from South Butler, New York, ate some pieces of raw ham. Within a day or two they were taken sick with terrible pains. On Monday a daughter, aged 28, died. A post mortem examination revealed the fact that her body was full of trichinae and her stomach had the appearance of a honeycomb. The second daughter, aged 19, died next day, and the third daughter, aged 11, is just alive.

—Cora Stickney, a young girl of Minneapolis, was supposed to have died three weeks ago and her body was placed in a vault. It was subsequently removed to her mother's house and an attempt was made to restore her to life by prayer. Dr. Palmer, a reputable physician of that city, says in speaking of the case: "Though the body was kept in that warm room for two weeks there was no signs of decomposition. A peculiarity was that anywhere on the body the skin might be pitted by pressure. The place where the finger left a mark would fill up red. On the advice of two other physicians I built up a warm fire and kept the body warm. There was no change until yesterday morning, when sounds were heard in the throat of the girl, and soon afterwards it was noticed that the body was decaying rapidly. I believe that up to that time the girl had been in a trance state. When the girl was first thought to have died there was water about the heart, and when she was in the vault it froze. When the body was warmed up and signs of returning life were perceived this water interfered with the action of the heart, and it had to stop although it had commenced beating."

—Lord Doneraile, of Doneraile Court, Co. Cork, Ireland, has met with an exceedingly unfortunate mishap. It appears that for some half-dozen years his lordship has been in possession of a tame fox, which he domesticated as a pet and used to take out in his walks and drives like a favorite dog. A little while ago the creature was attacked with rabies; and while accompanying his master as usual during a drive it made a spring towards him and snapped at his hand. The teeth went sharply through glove and flesh, inflicting a severe wound; and the furious animal turned next upon the coachman and bit him also in the hand and foot. Only a few days after the brute died, and an examination of the body proved it to be a case of acute rabies. Lord Doneraile then decided to apply to M. Pasteur for inoculation with preventative virus, and he and his coachman have repaired to Paris, where Pasteur's assistant, Dr. Grandier, is at present operating during M. Pasteur's stay at Bordighers. This shows a courageous faith in his inoculation system, for Paris is still ablaze with angry criticism of M. Pasteur's treatment, many people alleging it kills as many cases as it cures. On the other hand, the "Pasteurians" are numerous and enthusiastic in their conviction that a real preventative measure has been discovered against hydrophobia, and this case, with an Irish peer as patient, will be watched with great interest.

—A Dublin cable says: Sir Thomas Esmonde, who was recently removed from the office of high sheriff of Waterford for taking part in the nationalist demonstrations, refuses to surrender the books of the office. The government will take legal proceedings for their recovery..... A riot occurred at Newross last Saturday. During the disturbance a body of over one hundred policemen charged with batons and bayonets upon the mob, which numbered fully five hundred. The crowd used stones for missiles and many persons on both sides were injured..... Mr. T. P. Gill, M.P., cables as follows to the New York Tribune: "The breakdown of the plan of campaign prosecution is a great nationalist victory. The prosecution has failed in spite of the open efforts of the crown to pack a jury, in spite of the bold defence of the same jury packing which the government ventured to make in the house of commons. This is a proof that the public opinion aroused by the debates on the jury packing in parliament has begun to work in Ireland, and I think the breakdown may be taken as the death knell of the jury-packing system. The government, however, will seek to turn it to advantage. They will pretend it is a proof that the ordinary law has broken down in Ireland and that consequently it must be strengthened by coercion; for to this the government are now hopelessly committed. They have embarked upon a policy whose final phase will be to exasperate Ireland and plunge her into a state of disorder which they will allege as an excuse for coercion. They will then ask the house of commons for a coercion act. Meantime they are passing the new rules of procedure in order that when the time for asking for coercion arrives discussion may be choked off..... Events in Ireland show that a troublesome time is ahead of us. The government have shown by the despatch of troops and police that they will give the reactionary landlords every help in carrying out evictions. A sort of eviction campaign headquarters has been established at Loughrea, Galway County, has been sent round to Dingle in county Kerry with troops and supplies to co-operate with the crowbar brigade in the wholesale extermination Lord Cork threatens on his property in Bedyke, County Clare, all of which points are on the Atlantic coast. .....There is, I fear, likely to be bloody work. The people have armed themselves with pikes and Snider rifles, of which they became possessed two years ago, and they have barricaded their houses, thrown obstacles across the roads, broken down the bridges and are, in fact, in every way preparing for a defence of their homes against the large force that is being concentrated in the country. Tenants everywhere are also preparing for resistance, though nowhere so extensive a scale as at Bedyke.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—A number of Peterboro farmers have been invited by a New York firm of secondrels to invest in "green goods."

—An old, helpless, one-legged Franchman at Belleville refused a load of hay for his vote for the conservative candidate.

—An eccentric individual, by pretending to be very religious, managed to get two weeks board out of an Uxbridge boarding house.

—A petition has been filed in Cobourg hall against the return of Mr. J. R. Stratton in West Peterboro on the ground of corrupt practices.

—The Uxbridge mechanics' institute received the returns of the election in a hall in the village, to which they charged fifteen cents admission.

—A Bowmanville merchant recently received an envelope containing $150 and the following letter: "I owe this much to you. Better for me to pay it in this world than in the next."

—The Presbyterians of Sunderland have given a call to Mr. Mills, a student, who is not quite through his term in college. If he does not accept the call, the Sunderland church will likely be reduced to a mission station.

—There are over 400 dogs in Uxbridge township. Dog tags are sold at fifty cents each, and the annual receipts from this source are $215. The amount expended for sheep killed by dogs was $58 last year. It pays to tax dogs.

—Adam Hood, a farmer of the township of Markham, was arrested on Saturday week on a charge of exciting James F. Malcolm and Samuel Lapp to bribe in the coming elections. The arrest was made on the strength of a declaration made by Lapp who declares that Hood told himself and Malcolm to get as many votes as he could for Boultbee at five and ten dollars apiece.

—The Uxbridge Journal says it is requested to note that the reason Scott act fines are not paid is that the convictions have been appealed against in all cases that have come up in town with the exception of one, and in that case the fine of $50 was paid. Another Scott act trial came off on Saturday. Mr. Bennett of the Revere house being charged with a contravention of the Scott act.

—The other evening a young street urchin entered a dentist's rooms and shouted, "Say, boss, will you yank a grinder and trust me till mornin'?" The youngster was suffering from toothache, and the kind-hearted dentist agreed to the proposition. The grinder was duly "yanked," when the lad, with a thoughtful look and gesture of surprise, cried, "Holy smoke! I guess I'll paint." And he painted—for the door, and hasn't shown up since. The dentist has entered the transaction in his profit and loss account.—[Examiner.

—Among a number of fowl owned by Mr. W. H. Clark, who resides in the south-western portion of the village of Campbellford, is a small hen that has the appearance of a rooster, and might readily be taken for one. She has a large, double rose comb, and some fine, long, drooping feathers, resembling those which make up the plumage of the cock bird, and is one of the best layers of the feathered group. She will "steal away her nest," as the saying goes, and it is no unusual thing to find twelve or fourteen eggs, all of the same size and color. This dandy little hen-rooster may be seen on Mr. Clark's premises.

A. Higinbotham.

LAMPS, LAMPS.

The Cheapest in town by long odds.

Library Lamps, Glass Lamps and Hand Lamps,

VERY CHEAP.

Chimneys, all sizes, also the Unbreakable, both sizes.

LANTERNS, LANTERN GLOBES, BURNERS, WICKS, Etc., Etc.

—AT—

Higinbotham's Drug Store.

Lindsay, Nov. 16, 1886.—19.

Dr. Jug.

GET ON TO

DR. JUG'S

MEDICINE AND PILLS

—FOR—

Asthma, Bronchitis, Sick Head-Ache and Biliousness.

—ALSO FOR—

Sore-throat, Coughs, Colds and for the Lungs and Blood.

FOR SALE BY

A. HIGINBOTHAM,

DRUGGIST, LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Sept 2, 1886.—3-1y.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.—North-east half of lot 11 in the 8th concession of Mariposa; 4½ miles from the thriving village of Oakwood; 50 acres, about 7 acres cleared, with log house. For further particulars apply to E. KVANS, Cresswell. Jan. 24, 1887.—29-tf.

FARM FOR SALE on easy terms or to rent for a term of years, being the north half of lot 28, in the 11th con. of Mara, 100 acres more or less; about 50 acres cleared, with a good log dwelling house, frame barn and stabling for horses and cattle. The soil is choice quality, and is situate within half a mile of the Midland and Northern railroads and the village of Atherley. For further intelligence enquire of the proprietor, on the premises, or of MAURICE O'CONNELL, Atherley P.O., Tp of Mara. Feb. 16, 1887.—32-4.

FOR SALE.—An improved and desirable farm of excellent land, within half a mile of the corporation of Lindsay; the south 150 acres of lot number 25 in the 6th con. of the Township of Ops; 120 acres under cultivation, 30 of which is newly seeded down; the remaining 30 acres being good pasture land, bordering on the shore of the Scugog river, with dry, grassy banks to the water's edge. There are good comfortable buildings thereon, viz.: a brick house, frame barn and stable, with a spring well of water thereat. Possession will be given after harvest. Terms of sale made easy. For particulars apply to D. HUNTER on the premises, or to MARTIN & HOPKINS, Barristers, Lindsay. June 25th, 1886.—98-tf.

FIRST-CLASS FARM IN MARIPOSA FOR SALE.—Lot 13 in 5th con. of Mariposa, 200 acres, about 170 acres cleared, well fenced and in a good state of cultivation; fair buildings. This farm is one mile west of Little Britain and two miles from Mariposa Station. It is known as the "Obadiah Rogers" farm, and is one of the best and oldest settled in Mariposa. Possession fall of 1887 for ploughing; full possession in March, 1888. Terms to suit purchasers. Also the old OBADIAH ROGER'S HOMESTEAD in Little Britain village, 2½ acres land. Also half-acre lot in the same village, on which are shoe-shop and dwelling. For particulars apply to SAMUEL METHERELL or S. ROGERS, Little Britain. Jan. 25, 1887.—29-12pd-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—One of the choicest farms in the township of Ops, being composed of the west half of lot 22 in the 7th concession, on the edge of the corporation of Lindsay, one mile from Kent-st; 100 acres, all cleared, free from stumps and stones, and in a good state of cultivation; well fenced; good frame house with back kitchen and wood-shed, good well, and young orchard. Two frame barns, one 30x50, the other 30x60, with horse stable 18x40, threshing floor 16x18; cow stable and granary 16x40, open shed 16x40, with other out-buildings complete. Title perfect. Possession to suit purchaser. For further particulars apply to MICHAEL GUINY, on the premises, or to Messrs. O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers, Lindsay. Jan. 21, 1887.—27-tf.

For Sale or to Let.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Situated on Francis-st., opposite Registry Office, a comfortable frame house, containing six rooms, good kitchen and cellar. On the premises are a good stable and outbuildings and a never-failing well of good water. Apply to W. AYERS, on the premises, or by mail to Lindsay P.O. Lindsay, Dec. 30, 1886.—85-tf.

FOR SALE.—South-east quarter lot 16, con. 7, Mara, containing 50 acres, 30 acres partly cleared and under cultivation; soil choice clay loam. This excellent fifty acres is situated one mile from Sebright, 3 from Brechin, and convenient to schools, churches, etc. Title indisputable. Apply to MRS. H. McINTAGGART, Millington, or to F. J. GILLESPIE, Uptergrove. Feb. 9 1887.—31-tf.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS IN LINDSAY FOR SALE.—Being Park Lot No. 20, East Ward, ¼ acres, well fenced; frame house, 5 rooms and summer kitchen; good well. Four Good Building Lots, on Melborne-st., South Ward, east of Lindsay-st., one-qr. acre each, in one block. On one of the lots is a frame house, ten rooms, kitchen, woodshed, stable, wells, cistern, etc.

Also 50 acres of land in township of Otonabee, within three miles of Peterboro. All cleared, well fenced and cultivated. Will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy time. For further particulars apply to J. W. DIAMENT Lindsay. Nov. 26, 1884.—16-tf.

Hotels.

BENNET HOUSE, CANNINGTON.—Everything first-class. Convenient sample rooms. Terms, one dollar per day. Good sheds and stabling. WM. McINTYRE, Proprietor. Cannington, Feb. 6, 1885.—26-1y.

GAMEBRIDGE HOTEL, GAMEBRIDGE, Mrs. MICHIAM, Proprietress. This house has lately undergone a complete overhauling. Everything first-class. The bar supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling and attentive hostlers.—1365-1y.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1886.—32-1y.

ONTARIO HOUSE, BEAVERTON.—The subscriber would intimate to the public that he has purchased that well-known hotel, the Ontario House, and that he intends running it equal to any hotel in the county. Convenient sample rooms. Free 'bus to all trains. He will also keep his first-class livery. Excellent stabling. JOHN KENNEDY, Proprietor. Beaverton, April 19, 1883.—32-1y.

McARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

SLUMAN HOUSE, MINDEN.—H. SLUMAN, Proprietor. Having rented the house known as the Buck hotel and secured a license, I beg to inform the public that I am prepared to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favor me with a call. The house has undergone a thorough overhauling, having placed therein an entirely new set of furniture. The dining room will be found to be that of a first-class house. The bar is supplied with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars; oysters in season. Stage to and from all trains at Minden station. Good stabling and attentive hostler. HENRY SLUMAN. Minden, February 8th 1886.—79-tf.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. J. E. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington, Jan 19th, 1886. 72.

Physicians.

ED. FURRER, B.A., M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng., OMEMEE. Aug. 3, 1886.—104-tf.

DR. DeGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—72-1y.

DRS. McDERMOTT & FIERHELLER, Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs. Sunderland, Ont. Dec. 2, 1886.—21-1yr.

DR. KIDD, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.—Office and residence: Simcoe Street, Beaverton, Ontario. Will visit Brechin every Monday. May, 18, 1886.—93-1y.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church. Lindsay, June 5, 1886.—96-1y

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Roache's Hotel, Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1882.—1206-1y.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., GRADUATE of McGill University. Medical Referee to the Standard Insurance Company. Office and residence Ridout-st., first door west of Lindsay-st.

C. E. COCHRANE, M. D., L. M. & R. C.P., Edinburgh; physician, surgeon, etc. Office, Dr. Norris's old stand, King-st., Omemee. Residence at the Bradburn House. Jan. 22, 1887.—29-26.

DR. McALPINE.—Office and residence: William-st. north, corner of Colborne-st., Lindsay. Office hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION. Lindsay, Sept. 29, 1884.—1308-1y.

N. C. McKINNON, M. D., C. M., Victoria University; L. R. C. S. Edinburgh; Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario; Licentiate Royal College Surgeons, Edinburgh. Office, Manilla. Sept. 21, 1883.—11-26.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS. Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr.
DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont.
E. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., L.C.P. & S. Ont.

DR. C. L. COULTER, Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence on Russell-st., opposite York-st. Office hours: 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m.; 1.30 p. m. to 3.00 p. m. Telephone communication. Lindsay, March 15th, 1886.—84.

W. V. LYNCH, M. D., C M., Graduate of University of Trinity College, Toronto. Fellow of Trinity Medical School. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office and residence, corner of Russell and Lindsay-sts., Lindsay.—48-1y.

DR. BURROWS, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, Etc. Office and Residence, opposite Carr's Hotel, William-st. P. PALMER BURROWS, M. D., C. M., Graduate McGill College, 1868.
Lindsay, Oct. 25, 1886.—16.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.

DR. G. S. RYERSON, L.R.C.P.S.E.

Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Consulting Surgeon (ex officio) to the institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorefields, and Central London Throat, Eye and Ear Hospital. May be consulted at his residence, 317 Church-st., Toronto. Hours: 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 2 to 4 p.m., with regard to all diseases of the eye, ear and throat

Toronto, Jan. 17, 1886.—28.

Livery Stables.

GUNIGAL'S LIVERY STABLES, York Street Lindsay. Comfortable conveyances and good horses on hire at reasonable rates BRIAN GUNIGAL.

THE CITY LIVERY STABLES.—I have purchased the stock of this establishment and respectfully collect a share of public patronage. First-class horses and good stylish and comfortable conveyances. Charges reasonable. Stables one door east of Victoria hotel, in rear of O'Hallorem's butcher shop. C. W. SILVER. Lindsay, Aug. 5, 1886.—5-1y

Barristers, Etc.

JOHN McSWEYN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office in Hamilton's Block, north side Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont.

F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, Solicitor and Notary Public MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

BARRON & SMITH, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Etc. JOHN A. BARRON, Q.C. J. R. SMITH, B. A. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

LOUIS M. HAYES, BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc., MONEY TO LOAN Office: Cameron's New Block, Beaverton. Feby. 23, 1885.—30-1y.

MARTIN & HOPKINS, BARRISTERS, Etc. Office, Thirkell's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ontario. P. S. MARTIN. G. H. HOPKINS.

HUDSPETH & JACKSON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc. Office William-st., Lindsay. ADAM HUDSPETH, Q.C. ALEX. JACKSON.

H. B. DEAN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc. Office, Bigelow's block, Kent-st., over R. Smyth's Dry Goods store. $10,000 to loan at 6 per cent.—87-1y.

McINTYRE & STEWART, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., etc. Offices over Ontario Bank, Kent-st., Lindsay. D. J. McINTYRE. T. STEWART.

A. P. DEVLIN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., County Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace, Lindsay, Ont. Office over Howe's store, Kent-st.

STEPHENSON & DICKSON.—Barristers, etc. Toronto: Manning's arcade, King-st.; Lindsay: Baker's Block. G. H. STEPHENSON, R. A. DICKSON. R. J. McLAUGHLIN, Manager Lindsay office. 103-1y.

O'LEARY & O'LEARY, BARRISTERS, Attorney at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, etc. Office, Dohoney Block, Kent-st., Lindsay. ARTHUR O'LEARY. HUGH O'LEARY.

J. C. GRACE, Barrister, etc. Office, Kennedy's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont. Private and Company's funds loaned at lowest rates. J. C. GRACE.
Lindsay, Nov. 4, 1885.—65-1yr.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Private, Trust and Company funds at lowest rates and on terms to suit borrower. Mortgages and debentures purchased. JOHN McSWEYN, Barrister, Lindsay March 22, 1886.—85.

5 PER CENT.—We are now loaning money at from 5 to 7 per cent., according to amount and security.
O'LEARY & O'LEARY.
Lindsay, Sept. 22, 1886.—11.

MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST on Good Farm Property or other good security. Charges reasonable. No commission. Apply to Wm. CAMERON, Woodville P. O., Ont. Nov. 13th, 1885.—67-1y.

5½ PER CENT.—Money to loan on first-class security. No additional charge for transmitting moneys to Toronto. STEPHENSON & DICKSON, Baker's Block, Lindsay. Aug. 17, 1886.—6.

5 PER CENT.—Money at 5 per cent. —J. C. Grace, barrister-at-law is prepared to loan large amounts at 5 per cent. Smaller sums at the lowest current rates. Office, Kennedy's Block, Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont. Aug. 19, 1886.—6 tf.

MONEY.—Messrs. Barron & Smith are now lending at 6 per cent., straight loans on the security of real estate. Office, Kent-st., entrance, next upstairs west of Ontario bank. BARRON & SMITH. Lindsay, March 25, 1886.—85.

MONEY LENT ON FIRST MORTGAGES, on Improved Farms.
Straight Loans at 6 Per Cent.
HUDSPETH & JACKSON,
Office, William-st., Lindsay.

5 PER CENT MONEY.—$50,000 private funds to loan at 5 per cent. Interest yearly. Privilege to borrower of paying off any sum at any time without notice. H. B. DEAN, barrister. Office in Bigelow's block, corner Kent and York-sts., Lindsay. Dec. 7, 1886.—81-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.
$25,000
Private Funds to Loan at reasonable rates of interest and on terms to suit borrower.
JOHN McSWEYN, barrister, Lindsay.
Lindsay, Dec. 4, 1884.—17-tf.

6 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN 6
on favorable terms, repayable in instalments to suit the borrower, or
STRAIGHT LOANS AT 6 PER CENT.
Private funds on easy terms. Mortgages purchased. MARTIN & HOPKINS. Barristers, Lindsay.

CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS of $200 to $20,000, at 6 to 7 per cent. interest. STRAIGHT LOAN. Payments also on the Sinking Fund System from two to twenty years. Amount required to repay a loan of $1,000 in 10 years, is only $143.20; 20 years $95.30. No commission, no fines, expenses reduced.
J. C. GILCHRIST, P. M., Woodville
J. C. GILCHRIST is also agent for several FIRST-CLASS INS