THERE IS NO POSSIBLE AGENCY equal to the Cash Principle for supplying Cheap Goods. Our present CASH or SHORT CREDIT SYSTEM enables us to sell our SUITS, our DRESS. ES our, MILLINERY, our MANTLES, our CARPETS, all at Lowest Cash prices.

We expect to meet some opposition to our new plan---possibly from some of our best customers, but we are confident a fair trial will convince every intelligent person we can thus serve thembetter as long credit and long prices must and do go together.

DUNDAS & FLAVELLE BROS.

Lindsay, April 7th, 1886.-87-2

W. A. Goodwin.

HEADQUARTERS Room Paper

LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Feb. 17th, 1886,-79.

New Advertisements This Week.

Local-F. C. Taylor. Local-John Fleury. Local-Mrs. Hopwood. Safe for Sale-Mrs. Bunzl. Four Locals-G. A. Weese. Agent Wanted-A. Wilson. Three Locals-A. B. Terry. Colt for Sale-Robert Oxby. Dressmaking-Miss McInnis. Local--Wm. Carter, Manilla. Fowls-Wm. Reid, Janetville. Auditors' Report -Mun, of Mara Servant Girl Wanted-Dr. Kempt. Mortgage Sale-Henderson & Small. Civic War in Canada-Smith & Lee. "Riverview Farm"-W. McDonnell. Shorthand-Alec: Thomson, Montreal. Floral Guide-James Vick, Rochester. Low Prices-Dundas & Flavelle Bros. Have You a Pretty Foot?-L. Maguire. Ops Spring Show-Jas. Keith, secretary.

Millinery Opening-Sootheran, Cathro

The Canadian Yost.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1886.

LOCAL MATTERS. DOMINION VOTERS' LIST.

Preliminary Revision for South Victoria

- Judge Dean's Statement of the Facts The preliminary revision of the Dominion yoters' list for South Victoria under the attend to get out and serve a writ of attachnew franchise act opened at the court house at Lindsay at 10 a. m., Tuesday, before Judge Dean, revising officer, in accordance with notices published in the papers. Mr. W. H. Dean acted as clerk, and Mr. Geo. McHugh as baliff. Mr D. J. McIntyre appeared for the reform association, and Mr. F. D. Moore and Mr. N. Mc.

abroad as to whathad been done in connection with the voters' lists, he might as well give a true statement of matters as they occurred. At a meeting of revising officers in Toronto it was resolved to require certain proof without which the names of parties would not be put upon the lists. That meeting was attended by a large number owing to the fact that Judge Jones, the senior judge in the province, had appointed Monday for the day of meeting—a day upon which it was not possible for several revising officers to be present. Had the meeting been called for any other day the attendance would so doubt have been larger. However, a large number were present. They unanimously adopted certain resolutions, requiring statutory declarations before they would put on thenames of parties whose names did not appear in the voters' lists or assessment rolls. He (Judge Dean) felt cound by that rule; and any declara-tion made by a party who did not know the fact amounted to no declaration at all. He was therefore compelled to reject a very large number of names that were offered for the preliminary list. Upon this point he might say that his ruling was concurred in and adopted by very nearly if not quite one-half of the county judges in the proene half of the county judges in the province. In some instances the agents of the two political parties met the judge—in one case the bar appointed parties to confer with the judge—and determined what forms should be adopted. In other cases the agent of each political party met together with the judge and agreed upon certain forms. Irrespective of these cases very nearly one-half of the revising officers took the same view of the law that he (Judge Dean) had done. Of those who did not take the same view many were not at the meeting in Toronto, and did not feel bound by the resolutions there adopted. There were ninety-two constituencies in Ontarlo, but, he believed less than fifty revising officers. With the exception of South Victoria and some three or four other constituencies he was not aware that there was my revising officers. With the exception of South Victoria and some three or four other constituencies he was not aware that there was my revising officer in the province who had less than two constituencies to revise, and some of them have three constituencies. He thought Judge McDougail of Toronto had three; Judge Eliott of London had three, and scarcely any had less than two. Having determined the junior judge had one; Judge Casman of Cornwall had three, and scarcely any had less than two. Having determined the points to the best of his ability, and legal matter coming before him, he still way changed his opinion, as at first extendible to receive statutory declarations in the preliminary revision. His even op he founded that opinion very largely spons. The revising officer shall, for the purpose of vicers said of the final revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line of the said preliminary revision of the first line o vince. In some instances the agents of the

ing districts under this act, have all the powers of any court of record in the province, as to compelling the attendance and the examination of witnesses, the production of books and documents, and the taking of evidence under oath before him, at any court or sittings held by him for any such preliminary or final revision, and shall have, generally, all the powers of a court of record.

He thought that section pointed out most distinctly that at the preliminary revision evidence was to be taken on oath from competent witnesses. But in corresponding with a number of his brother judges he had come to the conclusion that the following words in the 20th section head. lowing words in the 20th section should

"On the day and at the time and place appointed, the revising officer shall publicly proceed to the preliminary revision of the lists, basing such revision on the evidence and information before him in support of any claims for addition to the list of voters, or of any proposed amendments or corrections."

been held to warrant the revising officers in taking declarations and that it was not necessary to restrict evidence to viva voce testimony. After giving the matter very careful consideration and correspondence, and consulting with the learned revising officer for North Victoria (Mr. Hudspeth) he had come to the conclusion that the statute might bear the construction put upon it by several of the learned judges, for whose judgment and opinions in such matters he had the profoundest respect. He had come to the conclusion that it would be safe to adopt the practice and to receive statutory declarations at the preliminary revision. He was satisfied that no harm could come from it for the reason that before the session was over no doubt an act of indemnification would be passed, making good the proceedings of each revising officer, for where there was so much diversity of opinion it would be necessary that something of that kind should be done. His honor stated that he had from the first adhered continuously to his determination in accordance with the views of other revising officers, as to the form of declarations to be received; and he pointed out that the forms and conditions of the declarations now received were exactly the same as he had insisted upon in the first in. rations now received were exactly the same as he had insisted upon in the first in-stance, and not like those that had been

stance, and not like those that had been rejected, as some might suppose or contend. It had been said in some quarters as a kind of maxim that "it was better that one hundred improper names should be put on than that one legal name should be left off." He could not see any distinction between a revising officer improperly putting a name on and improperly leaving or putting a name off. If a name was improperly left off such person whose name was left off could come himself and and have it put on. There was no expense beyond his personal attendance. But if a name was improperly put on it was neces-sary to take out a subpceus, which would cost something, and to go to the expense of having the subprena served, to pay conduct money to compel the attendance of the person, and if he declined to ment to compel him to attend. It would be very inconvenient, expensive and troublesome to get a name off. It was therefore a matter of very great importance that a name should not be improperly put on. He did not understand that this was an omnibus act, giving universal suffrage to every-body. There had been expensive and tedi-ous election trials in which the main ques-Murchy for the conservative association of the riding.

His Honor after some remarks as to the procedure that would be followed said that

with him.
Mr. Moore and Mr. McIntyre handed in declarations for names of which notice had been given. Mr. Moore's names this time were not in the "I-verily-believe" style rejected at the first list, but were proper statutory declarations. It was arranged statutory declarations. It was arranged that the legal gentleman should examine each other's lists with the clerk in order to note objections, if any, and to give them time for that purpose the court adjourned until Wednesday at noon.

The court met Wednesday and again adjourned to Thursday to allow the legal gentlemen to continue their work. It is expected the conservatives will put on about three hundred names and the reformers about the same number counting the names received for the first list.

-466 Names Added to the List.

The first meeting under the electoral franchise act for the north riding of Victoria was held by Mr. Adam Hudspeth, Q.C., the revising officer in Fencion Falls, on Tuesday, the 6th April, instant. Mr. John A. Barron and Mr. Dickson appeared on behalf of the reform and Mr. Delamere on behalf of the conservative electors. The Revising Officer in opening the proceed ings stated that he would require the notice to

be given as prescribed by the statute but would not reject any name upon mere technical grounds. If the notice was given and a statutory declaration made by the applicant or some other persons cognizant of the facts entitling the elector to have his name placed on the list, he would add the name to the list of the voters. At six o'clock p.m. the business was completed and over 400 names added to the voter's lists, besides correcting a number of errors in names and descriptions of lands in the lists as printed.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

DRILLING THE BOYS-INCREASED SCHOOL ACCOMMODATION - SUNDRY SCHOOL

The school board met on Tuesday night 6th inst., in the council chamber. In the absence of Mr. A. Hudspeth, chairman Col. Deacon took the chair. The secretary. Mr. R. Spier, read the minutes of the meet. ing of February, which were agreed to as, being correct. There was present as well as the chairman pro-tem, Mesers. McNeillie, O'Leary, DeGrassi, Pilkie, Wray, Dobson, Cornell, Bradburn and Taylor.

HIGH AND PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORTS. Mich and Public school Reports,
Mr Principal O'Cownon handed in his report of attendance at the high school for the month of March showing a total on the roll of 144 pupils, the average attendance being 121. Head master Hallett of the public schools, laid his report before the band. The number of pupils on the register month of pupils, with an average attendance of 500. These reports were read and received.

REPORT OF FINANCE COSCHEPTER. the preliminary revision. His own opsion was that we should not receive them.
Is founded that opinion very largely upon
section 20 of the act, which read as follows:

The revising officer shall, for the purposes of
the said preliminary revision of the first lists of
voters for polling districts, as well as for the
sevision of any subsequent lists of voters in sail.

The revision of the first lists of
voters for polling districts, as well as for the
sevision of any subsequent lists of voters in sail. From Mr. S. Hughes, referring to the provisions of the school act providing for drill and calisthenics, and offering to drill the boys of the high and public schools for two hours each week, should the board agree that such drill would be advisable and beneficial. The communication was referred to the managing committee, it being understood that Mr. Hughes's kind offer would be accepted, and the committee to decide on a suitable day and heur for drill.

Col. DEACON left the chair, which was taken by Mr. Dobsen, and introduced a resolution which referred to a scheme to be taken up looking towards providing increased school accommedation. Col. Deacon at the close of his remarks, moved the following resolution:

"That Messrs, Hudspeth, Wray, Taylor, McNelllie, O'Leary and Cel. Deacon be and are hereby appointed a special committee to make enquiry and report at a special meeting of the board to be called at an early date for that pur-

unable to recommend satisfactory arrangements in the matter of clauses 1, 2 and 3 of this resolution to make such suggestions and recommendations as they may deem expedient in the matter of increased school accommendation in order that the matter may be brought to the notice of the council of the corporation of Lindontice of the council of the corporation of the second control of the council of the corporation of the council of the council

Col. DEACON added that the only reason we did not have more school accommodation was owing to the financial position of the town. He said that the committee would do well to accertain such facts as would be brought out by enquiry. He was informed that a building could be bought for a small amount that could be fitted up at a modering the idea of purchasing such a building or renting one lay with the board, but the committee could ascertain the facts. Mr. Pilkie said, as a member of the advisory committee, he had got mechanics to prepare an estimate of the cost of enlarging the East and South Ward schools, both of which schemes were feasible. The East Ward school could be taken down and rebuilt, and with other material raised to one storey higher, and fitted up with sexts for \$1,200. The South Ward school enlargement would cost either \$400, or if gone into more extensively about \$1,200. This project if carried out would give very much increased accommodation. He urged that the scheme as outlined above was the most feasible one that could be prepared. Col. Descon said that it was no use going before the retensive to said for a large support. Descon said that it was no use going before the ratepayers to sek for a large sum of money, and as something must be done it must be done economically. Mr. Corneil opposed the resolution saying it was beginning at the wrong end of affairs. It was perfectly useless to prepare a scheme thatwould call for any extensive outlay, as the ratepayers would refuse to vote the money required. He said that our school buildings had cost us enough to have given accommodation for several generations. accommodation for several generations. We should be satisfied with nothing less than new buildings when we were about it. The refusal the of people some years ago to vote money for the board to expend was justified by a want of confidence by the peo-

justified by a want of confidence by the people in the integrity of the then school board. The money would not be voted by the people until they had confidence in the board. Col. Dhacon denied the truth of Mr. Cornell's reference to past affairs, and said that the reason the money was not voted was because of our financial position. A sharp passage at arms here took place between Mr. Corneil and Col. Deacon referring to past history of the board, after which the resolution was on a vote being taken, declared carried.

THE BEHAVIOR OF OUR BOYS Mr. PILKIE brought up the matter of be. havior of children at the public schools, and spoke of a rudeness and incivility shown by children-no matter who-which shown by children—no matter who—which they seemed to acquire almost immediately after they began to attend school. This fact had been impressed on him very forcibly during the winter, as he often came in contact with scholars on the streets. He wished that the board would seriously consider taking some steps to give the children some moral training at the public schools. As a suggestion he would say that the ten commandments should be printed in a tablet form and hung up in the school rooms.

printed in a tablet form and hung up in the school rooms.

Mr.Cornell took up the subject and read from the school act—the regulations. He said he regretted that during the last few mouths, the custom of opening the high school with prayer had been discontinued, and he hoped the board would take action and direct that the service should be carried out. He differed with Mr. Pilkie in that he thought the incivility complained of as being shown by children and by school pupils was largely superficial, and and grew out of our democratic institutions.

and grew out of our democratic institutions.

Mr. O'LEARY followed in a brief speech
and said that certainly some steps should
be taken to change the manners of many of
the male pupils attending the high schools.
He instanced one or two particulars, and
said that he did not consider these faults
an outgrowth of any system or that of the
system pursued at the schools, but deportment was something that should be taught
and insisted on, and was a necessary part
of education. He knew that there were
boys now attending the high school who
would joke at, mock, and speak disrespectfully of their teachers, and who showed
no respect whatever for their mentors.
To a certain extent the pupils had almost
insensibly had a poor example set them by
the first actions of the school board, in that
personal likes and dislikes expressed at the
beard had been conveyed to the boys, who,
is turn expressed to their teachers the sentiments which had been uttored at the
board meeting. We were a democratic
people, but he hoped that we were not to
be so democratic that beyeshould have me

respect for their teachers. He hoped that the teachers of both high and public schools would understand that such a matter had came up before the board, and had been commented on.

The board passed a resolution authorizing the secretary to pay to members of a deputation, expenses incurred on a trip to Toronto to interview the minister of education re Liudsay collegiate institute, after which the board adjourned.

in hard and soft Felt Hats, at bettem prices, a S. S. RITCHTR'S. - SA-2.

New Spring Bats.

rushing up street to Hamilton's block just after

heid in the town of Peterborough on the agricultural show grounds on Saturday, May 1st, 1886, under th auspices of the West Riding Agricultural Society of Peterborough, when prizes will be offered for Imported, Canadian, Roadster and Carriage Stallions; also for Durhams and all other thoroughbred bulls, three years, two years and yearlings. The annual show of Peterborough Central Exhibition will be held at Peterborough on 5th, 6th and 7th October, 1886. For posters and full particulars of both exhibitions write to D. D. GALLETLY, Esq., secretary, Peterborough.—86-2.

-The annual university boat race between the Oxford and Cambridge, Eng., crews came of on Oxford and Cambridge, Eng., crews came of on Saturday, April 3rd, over the Thames course. The excitement at the close was thrilling. At no period during the entire race had it been possible for either crew to get more than a length shead of its rival. Up to almost the finish the race belonged to either side, and the excitement among the partisans along the river banks was increased from minute to minute from the start by the continuous evenness of the rowing and the equalization of advantage until the splendid finish relieved the excitement, which broke and diseipated in a thunder of amplane. Near the dissipated in a thunder of applause. Near the finish the Cambridge men were able to add one more spurt to their long sustained pull, and it moved their craft at 12 strokes to the minute a few feet ahead, and they passed the line almost a half a length in advance, winning one of the greatest races ever rowed over the course.

-The three days rain of last week caused a reshet on the streams in Campbellford section. freshet on the streams in Campbellford section, and a general washout on the Belleville district of the Midland division of the Grand Trunk railway was the result. In the immediate vicinity of Campbellford the washouts were very bad. About two miles west the track for about a half a mile was submerged some two feet. The railway crossed Trout creek, a crooked stream, about fifteen times in ten miles, and at each crossing there was a general washout. All trains were cancelled until the road-bed could be repaired.

be repaired.

—The mixed train from Toronto to Peterboro was thrown from the track about seven miles from Peterboro on Tuesday, and the engine, tender and three flat cars ditched. A large elm tree had been blown down and lay across the track. In the blinding snow storm at the time the obstruction was not noticed in time to stop the train. The engineer, Mr. Hagerman, and his fireman were both caried down a twenty foot embankment with the engine. Mr. Hagerman was badly injured. A special train was dispatched from Peterboro during the afternoon and the line cleared and wires repaired.

Royal Baking Powder.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinda and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., New York.—82-48.

New Advertisements. IVE AGENT WANTED, AT LIND-J SAY—to represent a first-class Life Assur-ance Company. Apply by letter to A. WILSON, Special Agent, Peterboro, Box 159, April 8th, 1806.—57-1 pd.

DLYMOUTH ROCKS .- MR. WM REED, Lorneville, importer and breeder of Piymouth Rocks. Birds and Eggs for sale. Eggs per seiting of 13, \$2.00. Eggs carefully sacked and expressed. WM. REED, LORNE-VILLE. April 7th, 1888.—57-8.

TO RENT or FOR SALE.

POR SALE.—A NEW SAFE, Tay-lors make. Latest style, ready new, not two years in the Williams very chang. Ap-ply of Mills BURNIA, Little British.

SPRING MATTERS OF INTEREST.

TO LADIES.

We wish to assure the ladies of Lindsay and all who favor us with their custom that we are prepared to supply everything that is desirable in SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY.

It must be plain to ladies that no one is able to select a stock of millinery goods so judiciously—such a stock as is required to maintain the prestige of our room as the one who is brought most closely into contact with our customers and patrons; and is therefore most conversant with tastes their and requirements.

Our stock has been selected by Mrs Grace Lee and we feel assured that her well known taste and skill will enable us to show the very latest goods and the newest styles so that our customers shall not be nearly a season behind in the fashions. Our goods are arriving daily and we invite an inspection of Designs, Shapes and Styles for spring

SOME TRADE FACTS! TRADE FACTS!



WE BUY STAPLE GOODS. WE BUY LARGELY. WE SELL CHEAPLY.

We have received this week NINE CAR-LOADS of Staple Goods, confident that even if times are close the people will buy and must be supplied. Confident of our ability to buy well and sell cheaply we are now unloading

Car Sugars.

General Groceries.

Our celebrated American Coal Oil. Land Plaster.

4 Cars Salt.

Car Crockery to arrive next week.

Now is the time to buy. Come to our store and you will find that every dollar will do its work to the best advantage. You'll get nothing better, cheaper nor more satisfactory.

Land Salt by Sack or Barrel. Lindsay, Feb. 24, 1885.-81.

A. CAMPBELL

New Advertisements. TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE BY

TENDER. In the matter of the estate of ANNA. BELLA M. WRIGHT, a lunatic.

The Toronto General Trusts Company are instructed by William Teirs O'Reilly, Esq., Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities of Ontario and Statutery Committee of the person and estate of the said Annabella M. Wright, to receive tenders for the purchase of the following lands, situate, lying and being in the Town of Lindsay and County of Victoria, being composed of park lots numbers one and two on the west side of Victoria-st., in subdivision of Park S, town of Lindsay, as same as laid down on a plan of lots number 22, the east half of 23 in the 5th concession, and lots 22 and 23 on the 6th concession of the township of Ops, containing 1 acres and 3 roods, more or less. Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned not later than the

17th Day of April, 1886, and to state cash offer or one-half cash and the balance payable in four equal successive an-nual payments with interest on amount unpaid at 6 per cent per annum, secured by mortgage on said property. J. W. LANGMUIR,

fanager the Toronto General Trusts Company, Toronto. Dated March 26th. 1886.—86-2. A UCTION SALE OF A

VALUABLE FARM.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale con tained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale

Thursday, April 22, 1886, at one o'clock p.m., 11 and the Restern Three of a of Let Ro. 10 in the Pourth Concession of the Township of Beniey,

in the County of Victoria, containing 350 acres of land. This property is situated about six miles from Victoria Road Station. 100 acres are cleared and under cultivation and the bal-ance is heavily timbered with beech, maple and pine. Timber very valuable. A capital grazing have.

TREMS.—Ten percent of the purchase money at the time of sale, thirty per cent in 30 days thereafter; and the balance in five years, with interest at six per cent, psyable helf-yearly.

For further perticulars and conditions of sale apply to JOHS PENSON, S Duke Street, Tensons, RECHARD PENSON, Charley, and to McLARKS, MACDONALD, MERRITT & SHEPLAN, Vanders Solicitors, 28 & 30 Toronto Street, Turnic.

New Advertisements. CERVANT-GIRL WANTED-Liberal wages given. Apply to DR. KEMPT.

CANADIAN-BRED ENTIRE COLT. JANADIAN-BRED ENTIRE COLIT,
3 years old, dappled-brown, for sale, sired
by Lofty III, Imported Clyde, dam by Old
Wonderful Lad, Imported Clyde. Grand-dam,
by Robin Hood, Imported Clyde. To be sold at
a bargain on easy terms of payment. Would
take a good, sound working horse in part payment. Address

ROBT. ONBY,
E. 1 Lot 7, Con. 3, Fenelon,
Cambray, April 7, 1886.—87-3. Cambray, April 7, 1886.-87-3.

MORTGAGE SALE OF THAT-

EXCELLENT FARM West Half and the South-west half-acre of the East Half of Lot 15, Conces-sion 1, RAMA.

in the County of Ontario, by Public Auction, at McKENZIE'S HOTEL, UPTERGROVE, SATURDAY, APRIL 17th, 1886, grove and eight miles of Orillia: large house and barns; soil, good clay loam; is acres under cultivation, remainder fine hardwood bush. Easy terms of payment. For further particulars apply to F. J. GILLESPIE, Uptergrove, or to

Dated April 2nd, 1886.—87-1. TOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to the revised statutes of Ontario Pursuant to the revised statutes of Ontario, Chapter 107, Section 34, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of NEIL McDONALD, late of the Township of Mariposa, in the County of Victoria, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the ninth day of February. A. D. 1886, are required to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to George Douglas of the village of Manilla, in the County of Victoria, one of the exceutors of the estate of the said Neil McDonald, deceased, on or before

BICYCLES! **BICYCLES!**

To Cash

GALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW CATALOGUES AND LEARN PRICES OF BICYCLES.

J. RIGGS Lindsay April 6. 1886.-87.

New Advertisements. DUPTURE.

THE LAST AND BEST, WITH A SPI-RAL SPRING, EVER INVENTED. Never tips or moves from position even the sixteenth of an inch. Cures every child and eight out of every ten of adults. Guaranteed to hold the werst forms of Hernia during the hardest work or severest strain. Worn day and night with comfort even by an infant. Enclose stamp and read cures for yourself. We will send pricelist and questions for you to answer, (by which means we can fit any case); also the testimony from respectable people in your own neighborhood, from P. E. Island in the East to the N.W. Territories in the West. For full information call or address EGAN IMPERIAL TRUSS CO., 23 Adelaide-st. Kast, TORONTO, Ont.

The First Day of May, A. D. 1886, as a statement of their names and addresses, and the full particulars of their claims and of the said date the executors of the said Neil McDonald will preceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled therete, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have notice; and the said executors will not be liable for said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by the said executors as aforesaid.

McINTYRE & STEWART, Selicitors for Executors.

Selicitors for Executors.

Brinstons Corners, Ont., Sept. 24, 1885.

Ruan Imperial Truss Co.

I have now worn your truss three months and find myself cured as sound as I ever was. It did its work with ease and comfort, and I never had to lay off for one day, but wore it all the time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping, pitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging, stumping. Bitching, digging ditches and little time at my work, which consists of logging. Stumping stone. The success in my case should be a been received by the said executors will not have been received by the said executors as aforesaid.

All the said date the executors of the said date the received on the said date the claims of the said days.

Brinstons Corners, Ont., Sept. 24, 1885.