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The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 15, 1886.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

—Germany has seized the islands of Samoa in the Pacific ocean.

—A snow storm which lasted fourteen hours visited Vienna on Sunday.

—A severe snow storm in Paris has caused an almost complete cessation of traffic.

—The Australian harvest is over. Ninety thousand tons of wheat will be available for export.

—An explosion occurred on Sunday in a powder magazine in Kieff, which killed four soldiers.

—Prince Bismarck is the first Protestant that has ever received the decoration of the Order of Christ.

—Turkey proposes to issue paper money to pay off the army, the soldiers having become clamorous.

—A party of men left Kingston Monday to make preparations for commencing operations at the iron mines.

—Ina Norton, a beautiful Cleveland belle, daughter of a wealthy citizen, has married her father's colored servant.

—The financial difficulties of the Turkish government are increasing, and the soldiers are clamoring for their pay.

—Earl Carnarvon, lord lieutenant of Ireland, is confined to his bed. Overwork is the principal cause of his illness.

—Trinity church, New York, is credited with being the meanest landlord and owning the worst tenement houses in that city.

—At the municipal elections in Toronto 704 women out of an aggregate of 2,171 entitled to the franchise recorded their votes at the polls.

—Gen. DeCourcy reports that the rebels in Annam destroyed a number of Catholic mission houses and butchered a missionary and five hundred Christians.

—The German government is urging the passage of the Baltic canal bill in the Reichstag, declaring the canal is requisite for the proper defence of the country.

—A special says that notwithstanding the denials in the Vatican organs it is known on high authority that the condition of the pope's health is very alarming.

—The editors of the Rochester Sun spent new year's eve in gaol because the editors of the paper said that a lady of that place was a "conceited, fossilized beauty," and she had them arrested for libel.

—Dennis McGowan, proprietor of a Philadelphia restaurant, and his three brothers, have by the death of their brother in New South Wales become heirs to a fortune running up into the millions.

—Contracts for the construction of the Brockville, Westport and Sault Ste. Marie railway have been closed and the work of construction will be commenced immediately. The first sod was turned Monday last.

—Mr. J. E. Redmond, M.P., for Wexford, objects to the acceptance of a scheme for county government because the energy now devoted to obtaining home rule would be spent in disputes concerning county boards.

—A statement of the exports of grain from New York to Europe during the year 1885 shows the fact that not a single vessel crossed the ocean last year carrying grain, either by sail or steam, under the flag of the United States.

—A babe eighteen months old was sent the other day by express from Cincinnati to Vincennes, a distance of two hundred miles. This is probably the youngest passenger that ever travelled alone. The infant sat up all the way and never cried.

—There is a young negro porter at Atlanta who has a university education. He construes Greek perfectly and often labels his cotton tickets in Greek characters. He can find nothing better to do, and out of his class of thirty all but two have dropped back into just such work as he is doing.

—Two shantymen belonging to Brennan's shanty on the Petewawa river started out for a walk through the woods last Sunday, taking their axes with them. They had not proceeded far when they were attacked by a famished wolf. Retreating with their faces to the ferocious animal they reached the ice on Lake Casty, when they succeeded in despatching it.

—Earl Gray, writing to the London Times, deprecates the concession of local government to Ireland, as he believes such power would be made the means of oppressing all who dissent from the doctrines of the national league. The improvement of the condition of the people of Ireland, he says, must emanate from themselves. It must be brought about by provident habits and greater industry. It is the imperative duty of the government to suppress outrages and violations of law in Ireland. Until that is accomplished all concessions to the Irish people will merely serve, like sweets to children, to stop their crying.

—A sensational story of attempted crime in Colorado recalls the scenes in Daly's play, "Under the gaslight," in which Snorkey is bound to the railroad track. A man named C. M. Gaffert, living at Denver, had committed forgery and embezzlement and was about to fly the state. But he could not persuade his young wife to enter a career of crime with him, and so he resolved to rid himself of her. Taking her for a drive one evening he administered chloroform to her, and with the help of an accomplice lifted her from the buggy and fastened her, gagged and bound, across the railroad track. The Denver express was due in half an hour and the death of the victim seemed certain. But some section men delayed at work were returning in a hand-car a few minutes before the train, and they discovered and released the girl just in time. The alleged perpetrator of this horrible attempt at murder was arrested at Oakland, California, the other day and was taken to Colorado for trial.

—Gen. Pendergast, commander of the British forces in Burmah, contradicts the reports of trouble in Burmah. He reports all quiet there.

—During the last year 3,363,205 dozen of eggs were imported into the United States from Canada through the suspension bridge customs office alone.

—Lord Salisbury has notified King Milan that Great Britain recognises the union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia and that Servia must take the consequences of opposing the union.

—Greece is negotiating with Montenegro for an alliance offensive and defensive against the porte. Bismarck has notified Greece that if she enters upon hostilities it must be entirely at her own risk.

—It is stated that several Scotch and Irish peers, both conservatives and liberals, will support a motion of the Earl of Kilmorrin in favor of the abolition of the office of lord-lieutenant of Ireland.

—A cave-in occurred at Boston run, near Mahoney City, Pa., and a block of houses went down out of sight. The families living in the houses made a narrow escape. The surface is still caving in and five more blocks are expected to go down.

—"Plute Jim," the Indian poker sharp, says a Nevada paper, "lately beat a champion Chinese gamester of Bullionville out of $75 in cash, an ivory handled pistol and a gold ring. During the game it was fun to see the Plute box the cards on the unsuspecting Mongolian."

—Sir Charles Dilke says he is in favor of extending Mr. Trevelyan's Irish scheme to the three kingdoms. The conservatives, he says, ought to propound a scheme first, and if that should be rejected by parliament Mr. Gladstone should speak as the leader of the whole liberal party.

—The practical joker fiend caused a sensation in Hamilton on Sunday night by placing an imitation dynamite bomb in a public building hallway. It caused a scare when found, but on being opened was found to contain only a lump of ice and a few harmless pieces of wire.

—Advices from Warsaw state that forty persons have been arrested there on a charge of being implicated in nihilistic conspiracies. An unsuccessful attempt was made to murder two police spies. A majority of the alleged conspirators are Russians and of good social standing.

—A company has been formed in Amsterdam for the purpose of draining the Zuyder Zee, a gulf of the German ocean 45 miles long and 35 wide, having a superficial area of about 900 square miles, as compared with the 998 square miles which constitute the kingdom of the Netherlands.

—During the performance of the play "A leap for life" at the American theatre at New Haven, Conn., on Monday night, Mlle. Eddy, a trapeze performer, fell from the suspended bar to the seats, a distance of thirty feet, and received internal injuries that may prove fatal. A netting was provided, according to legal requirement, but it was not stout enough to break the fall.

—The London Truth says: "The queen did a kindly act last week when, as she was driving through Windsor, she observed a cab horse fall dead. An outrider was sent to make enquiries, and on learning the nature of the accident her majesty caused an intimation to be conveyed to the lamenting owner that he should be presented with another horse from the royal stables."

—George Hauck, a Kingston (N.Y.) brewer, walking out into the country the other day stopped at a farm house for a glass of milk. He looked but saw no sign of life in the room except a sleeping baby in the cradle, which was being rocked to and fro by some unseen power. A closer examination revealed the fact that a stout cord was fastened to one of the rockers and run through a hole in one side of the room. Hauck, following up the cord, was led to a small barn connected with the house. In it stood three cows, to the tails of which was tied the cord. It being fly-time, the animals kept up a constant switching with their tails, thus accounting for the rocking of the cradle.

—Another remarkable proof of the efficacy of M. Pasteur's discovery is furnished by the case of three children of Tourcoing, near the Belgian frontier. All were bitten by the same dog, and there was a great discussion among the townspeople whether to send the children to M. Pasteur or not. Finally a compromise was reached. The child that been the most severely bitten was sent to M. Pasteur, and the other two, who had been bitten only slightly, remained at home. The wounds of all three had been thoroughly cauterized immediately after the bites were inflicted. The two children that stayed at home died of rabies last week, while the one which was treated by M. Pasteur is alive and well.

—A member of the Zoological society says: "I once had a cat who always sat up to the dinner table with me and had his napkin round his neck and his plate and some fish. He used his paw, of course, but he was very particular and behaved with extraordinary decorum. When he finished his fish I sometimes gave him a piece of mine. One day he was not to be found when the dinner bell rang, so we began without him. Just as the plates were put around for the entree puss came rushing upstairs and sprang into his chair with two mice in his mouth. Before he could be stopped he dropped a mouse on his own plate and one on mine. He divided his dinner with me as I had divided mine with him.

—Mr. John Morley, the radical leader, in a speech last night made some important declarations regarding home rule. He said "it was all moonshine to say that the 330 liberal members fresh from their constituencies have no mandate to deal with the Irish question. Liberalism would be all unworthy of its great traditions unless it did the right and courageous thing. Any approach to a satisfactory settlement in Ireland must be through dealing with the land question. The late government, to their great honor, passed an act to prevent landlords confiscating the property of their tenants. That was a noble exploit. I do not think we shall be able to deal satisfactorily with Ireland until we have passed some legislation to prevent tenants from confiscating the property of their landlords. This means, in other words, that the enforcement of contracts must precede home rule." Mr. Morley said further: "I want two things—order in Ireland and power in the house of commons." Treating of the last first, he continued, "Do what you will with your rules of procedure you will not have restored the old British parliament, you will not have made the British people master of its own house until you have devised some scheme or other which will remove the Irish members from the British house of commons." On the first question he said, "The two tory policies of coercion and county government do equally tend towards settling the country." On his own attitude Mr. Morley said: "I have not come to develop a scheme of government for Ireland. That is for our leader. Whatever the Times may say, and whatever his assailants, secret and open, may say, I believe there is no man in this realm who is competent to take this work in hand except this statesman who has devoted the best part of his life to the amelioration of the condition of Ireland, whose great abilities and human sympathy will be found the only means capable of solving the great Irish question. All that I would urge upon you is not to be misled by any idea that we are in a mere parliamentary crisis. We are in a great national crisis." In conclusion he said: "I am in favor of finding new ways of dealing with the problem, of leaving the old rut and of approaching that problem boldly, calling upon our statesmen to give some constructive solution of our difficulties. It is because I am persuaded that in that direction it is that you must look for the strengthening of the empire, that in my other direction you will only weaken the empire, by your own hands, make yourselves powerless for carrying out these great tasks which have been confided to this nation."

—Boycotting is still on the increase in Ireland. The national league is now dictating to the country banks and threatens to boycott them if they do not obey its commands.

—A terrible storm raged along the Atlantic coast on Friday night, from Maine to Maryland, innumerable wrecks being reported, the crews in many cases being lost with their vessels.

—Prince Charles III. has expelled all Jesuits from his dominions because of a dispute over property, the Jesuits demanding 200,000 francs for improvements, to which the prince does not think they are entitled.

—Miss Ah Wook, an almond-eyed lady from China, living in San Francisco, claims that her arrest on a charge of attempting to defraud her creditors and the publication of that fact in the newspapers damaged her reputation for truth and honesty and injured her feelings to the extent of $200, which she seeks to recover from the newspapers.

—A retired newspaper man tells of a pleasing experience with Mr. Vanderbilt. "I went to interview Mr. V.," he says, "and the big man was smilingly silent. 'Surely you wouldn't hinder a newspaper man making a few dollars,' I said to him facetiously. 'A talk from you is worth a great deal; I made a handsome sum out of my first interview with you.' 'Well, by George, I like a man who can make money out of me,' said the railway king. 'It takes a smart man to do it; fire away with your questions.'"

—Moody and Sankey last week closed a short but very successful series of services in Montreal. A certain enterprising bookseller hearing of the visit went quietly around and bought up all the Moody and Sankey hymn books in Montreal and Toronto and in fact wherever he could find them. He secured a corner in them in fact. Afterwards he disposed of part them to his brethren in the trade, and made arrangements to sell others while the services were being held. Altogether he sold between three and four thousand of the books.

—A correspondent at Egansville writing to an Ottawa paper says: Having had occasion to visit some parties on the Oplongo road in Renfrew county I reached Brudnel on Christmas day and was surprised at the proceedings there. The people appeared to be enjoying themselves amazingly, and I saw a good many individuals under the influence of liquor, although it is a county where the Scott act is supposed to be enforced. Upon enquiring how they got it I was informed that there was lots of it sold by pedlars, and that two of the pedlars had taken their abode at one of the hotels and were dispensing their medicine. Advices from Pembroke on the other hand state that under the Scott act Pembroke is one of the most sober and orderly towns in Canada.

—Some days ago four Germans, two of whom were brothers, Emil and Gustave Steincke, of the township of Thorne, Pontiac, were out for a deer hunt. Gustave, a youth of sixteen, was standing on a log and resting his rifle thereon, when it slipped downward and discharged, the ball passing upwards through his clothes and slightly tearing the skin, then parted the upper lip almost at the right angle of the mouth and disappeared, passing between the flesh and upper jawbone and completely under the cheek bone, curved and made its exit at the extreme right angle of the right eye and bedded in the bony substance immediately above. The shot brought his companions to the spot, who found him stunned and bleeding profusely. They conveyed him home and dressed the wound, and, although the sight is almost gone, he is likely to recover it.

—A London cable says: Mr. John Morley's speech Thursday night tends to confirm the impression that Mr. Gladstone, through his confidants, is endeavoring to push the land question to the front and make it a more important element in the Irish discussion than home rule. Earl Cowper's letter to the Times was the first vindication of this policy. He declared his belief that the mass of the Irish people cared more for concessions in rents than for home rule honors. Mr. Morley's speech goes further and hints at even greater things from the liberals in the coming session of parliament in the way of land reforms than were accomplished when they were last in power. Mr. Morley is now regarded as a sort of mutual friend between Mr. Gladstone and the radical Chamberlain, and his speech is believed to indicate unity of purpose.

—Society at St. Petersburg is just now much occupied with the revival of a curious story. About three years ago there was a spiritualistic seance at the officers' club in that city, at which the spirit of a famous departed general was called up, and prophesied among other things that there would be a great war in 1886, in which Russia would take the leading part. As the ghost of the deceased warrior mentioned amongst the names of officers who would greatly distinguish themselves in the war those of some men who did not even figure in the army list the affair was looked on as a joke and no more was thought of it. But by a strange coincidence amongst recent appointments to the rank of commissioned officers the very names appear which the spirit had foretold the bearers being men of no family, who have risen from the ranks. As there is no country in the world where superstition is carried to such an extent as in Russia the incident has caused quite a sensation. It would be very strange if at the commencement of the year 1886 we would see Russia drawn into war with Austria as a result of the struggle between Servia and Bulgaria. —[London Life.

—A London cable says: A somewhat remarkable letter on home rule in Ireland appeared in to-day's Statist. The writer is supposed to be Robert Giffen, LL.D., statistician to the board of trade. His plan is for the imperial government to first buy out every landlord in Ireland, giving him consols at par equal in nominal amount to twenty years' purchase of the present judicial rents; secondly, to give the land free to the present occupiers, subject only to a rent charge of one-half or two-thirds of the present judicial rent, payable to the new local authorities in Ireland; and, thirdly, to relieve the imperial exchequer of all payments now made out of it in connection with the local government of Ireland. The plan is in fact to throw the cost of the local government in Ireland upon Irish resources exclusively, and to give the Irish people the rest of the country for the purpose of conducting it. The conflict between landlords and people would thus come to an end, and there would no longer be a fear that if England gives Ireland home rule the property of the landlords would be confiscated. Taking the rent of Ireland as settled judicially at about £23,000,000, the consols at par to be given in exchange at twenty years' purchase would be one hundred and sixty million pounds, involving an annual charge of £4,800,000 upon the imperial exchequer. At present the government expends annually upon Ireland for local government close upon four million pounds exclusive altogether of the outlay for the army of occupation, for the collection of revenue and other important matter which would be still imperial. The position as regards the Irish tenants would be that where they now pay £23,000,000 they would have to pay only from £4,000,000 to £5,000,000. The emergency is one, the writer thinks, for which imperial credit should be used. Much of the present Irish difficulty is due to the fact that events have been fatal to the judicial rents fixed a few years ago. A subsequent fall of prices has upset the whole theory of judicial rents. Under the new scheme it would be possible and necessary to let the new local authorities in Ireland have control of the police. The collectors of the imperial government would retain a small police force of their own to enforce the collection of the imperial taxes required for imperial purposes, leaving all else, including the custom of excise, income tax and other matters which would remain imperial as long as these were in abeyance. This proposition will doubtless lead to much important discussion.

—At the Munster assizes on Saturday sentences ranging from six to twenty years were passed upon a number of prisoners convicted of moonlighting, attempting to murder policemen and wounding and shooting other persons.

—A remarkable fight occurred recently on the farm of the Hon. Oscar Turner in Ballard county, Ky., between a large Durham bull belonging to Col. Turner and a buck weighing over 200 pounds. Both were found in the forest dead and only a few feet apart. The bull had been gored three times by the buck, the last thrust entering the animal's heart and must have killed him instantly. The deer was dreadfully bruised, though his skin was not cut through. The ground where the fight occurred was cut up by the feet of the animals.

—The use of the disestablishment scare in the English campaign has incidentally served a useful purpose. It has stimulated the friends of the church to renew their efforts for reform "within the party." The initiative is not taken by Oxford, where so many religious movements have started, but by the more conservative Cambridge. An address signed by the leading members of the university has recently been sent out favoring a thorough house-cleaning, and the mere statement of the abuses is the justification of the address at this time. In the list of objectionable practices in the administration of the church are noted the "sale of patronage, excessive inequalities or anomalies in the distribution of revenues, and the difficulties in the way of the removal of criminous and incompetent clerks." The principal advance suggested by way of government is "the admission of laymen of all classes who are bona fide churchmen, to a substantial share of the control of church affairs." This, of course, implies a scheme of self-government, possibly like the established church of Scotland. The London Times says that there is no constitutional reason why this right of self-government should not be conceded to the church.

A Profitable Life.

Few men have accomplished the same amount of work and good in this world as the celebrated Dr. Chase. Over 500,000 of his works have been sold in Canada alone. We want every person troubled with Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Headache, Kidney or Urinary Troubles, to call in at S. PERRIN'S, Lindsay, or R. P. BUTLER'S, Oakwood, and buy a bottle of Dr. Chase's Liver Cure. It will cure you. Medicine and Recipe Book, $1 00.—72-4.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Being south ½ 7, con. 6, Eldon, having 40 acres cleared and a log house, being only 4 miles from Woodville. Terms reasonable. Apply to CATHARINE MCCUAIG, Woodville P. O., or to J. C. GILCHRIST. Jan. 2, 1886.—74-3.

FIRST-CLASS FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—In Mariposa, near Woodville, 100 acres, 85 cleared; good house and buildings; plowing all done. Possession given any time within a month. For further particulars apply at the office of THE POST, Lindsay, Dec. 30, 1885.—73-4pd.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot number 11, in the 5th con., Bexley, containing 200 acres, about 120 acres cleared, the balance chiefly standing timber. Soil good. Would make a good grain and stock farm. This valuable farm, the property of the Rev. Robt. Johnston, will be sold at a bargain and on easy terms of payment. For particulars apply to GEO. STAPLES, Bexley, or to R. J. MCLAUCHLAN, at John McSweyn's Office, Lindsay. Nov. 13, 1885.—67-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being composed of the WEST HALF OF LOT No. 21, in the 10th CONCESSION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OPS, in the County of Victoria, containing 100 acres more or less, of which about 65 acres are cleared and under cultivation. The balance is easy to clear. The property is situate about four miles from Lindsay, on a good road. Soil clay, in a good state of cultivation. Well watered by living stream of good water and good well. Terms, easy. Apply to O'LEARY & O'LEARY, Barristers, or PATRICK MCCABE, at Daly House, Lindsay. Lindsay, June 17th, 1885.—45-tf.

FIRST-CLASS FARM FOR SALE.—South half of lot No. 4, con. 4, Mariposa, containing 100 acres; 40 acres cleared and free from stumps and stones, good fences and under good state of cultivation. There is on the farm a good frame dwelling house, frame stable and driving house with another small stable attached; two good log barns; two good wells and pumps. The farm is situated convenient to schools and churches and good grain market; about 3 miles from Manilla Station on the Whitby, Port Perry & Lindsay R. R., now Grand Trunk; about two miles from Sonya Station. Fall ploughing about finished. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to T. W. DODD, Sonya P. O. Nov. 4, 1885.—65-tf.

For Sale or to Let.

TO RENT.—That commodious house and premises on the corner of Cambridge and Melbourne-sts, Lindsay. Apply to JOHN BARNARD. Lindsay, Dec. 22, 1885.—72-tf.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—Lot No. 62, Front Range, township of Somerville, 96 acres. A good title. Apply to Mrs. WHATMOUGH, 427 Church-st., Toronto. Oct. 27, 1885.—64-12.

GRIST MILL FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale or to rent, in the village of Brechin, a grist mill. This is a very good investment, as the mill is situated in the midst of a very fine agricultural district, and is several miles distant from any other mill. Good reason for selling. Address MRS. SAGER, Brechin, Jan 6, 1886.—74-4.

DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS IN LINDSAY FOR SALE.—Being Park Lot No. 20, East Ward, 4½ acres, well fenced; frame house, 5 rooms and summer kitchen; good well.

Four Good Building Lots, on Melborne-st., South Ward, east of Lindsay-st., one-qr. acre each, in one block. On one of the lots is a frame house, ten rooms, kitchen, woodshed, stable, wells, cistern, etc.

Also 50 acres of land in township of Otonabee, within three miles of Peterboro. All cleared, well fenced and cultivated. Will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy time. For further particulars apply to J. W. DIAMENT, Lindsay. Nov. 26, 1884.—16-tf.

FOR SALE.—That desirable property situated on lot number 10, south of Pottinger-st., Lindsay. The house is brick veneered, one and a half storey, fine large parlor and parlor bedroom, dining room and kitchen, with four bedrooms and study up-stairs. Fine high ceilings and well-finished, also an excellent cellar, first-class well and cistern, good stable, wood-shed, and closets,—the whole in good repair. The garden is supplied with choice fruit trees, also a large quantity of currants, red, white, and black; gooseberries strawberries and rhubarb in abundance. This is one of the cleanest, healthiest, and most pleasant situations in town, being beautifully situated on the west bank of the river. Will be sold on easy terms of payment. Only small payment required down. Or will be exchanged for a few acres of good land conveniently situated. For terms apply to JOHN PEARCE, on the premises, or to Box 283, Lindsay. Also other houses and lots will be sold on easy terms of payment. Lindsay, Sept. 17, 1885.—58-tf.

FOR SALE.

THE ISLAND IN BALSAM LAKE,

In the County of Victoria, known as "Grand" or "Hoey's Island," containing 1,600 acres,

Of which over 200 are cleared, partially fenced and fit for cultivation, with a good barn. The remainder of the land is heavily wooded with cedar, spruce, maple, basswood, poplar and pine. No better location for a stock or dairy farm can be found. It is within six miles of Coboconk, on the Nipissing railway, and Fenelon Falls on the Victoria railway.

Also two and a half acres beautifully situated on Balsam Lake, in the village of Rosedale, upon which there is a storey and a half dwelling house, containing nine rooms, pantry, closet and cellar, in excellent repair; also a good barn and outbuildings.

It is all well fenced, and stocked with grape vines and fruit trees, and in every way suited for a market garden or summer resort.

For Terms apply by letter to Mrs. HOOEY, Rosedale P. O., county of Victoria, Ont., or to Messrs. HUDSPETH & JACKSON, Solicitors, Lindsay. Rosedale, Oct. 22, 1885.—68-6mos.

Hotels.

BENSON HOUSE, LINDSAY, ONT., R. BENSON, Proprietor. Only first-class house in town.

BENNET HOUSE, CANNINGTON.—Everything first-class. Convenient sample rooms. Free bus to and from all trains. Terms, One dollar per day. Good sheds and stabling. WM. MCINTYRE, Proprietor, Cannington. Feb. 6, 1885.—26-ly.

GAMEBRIDGE HOTEL, GAMEBRIDGE, MRS. BRECHLAM, Proprietress. This house has lately undergone a complete overhauling. Everything first-class. The bar supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling and attentive hostlers.—1303-ly.

BAY HORSE INN, Cambray.—WM. BRANDCOCK, Proprietor. This well-known hotel since its change of proprietorship has been completely refurnished. Everything first-class. The best of liquors and cigars. Good stables and attentive hostlers. Cambray, Feb'y 5, 1885.—26-ly.

DOMINION HOTEL, KIRKFIELD, A. GUSTY, Proprietor. The subscriber having leased the above hotel, has given it a complete overhauling, and travellers will find everything first-class. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling and attentive hostlers.—69-ly.

VICTORIA TEMPERANCE HOTEL, William st., Lindsay, J. TESKY, Proprietor. Having leased the late Victoria House, better known as Bell's Hotel, and having refitted and refurnished it for a Boarding and Temperance Hotel, the proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. May 29, 1885.—48-13-pd.

NORTHERN HOTEL, KINMOUNT, Ontario, W. S. SCOTT, Proprietor. This hotel has lately undergone a thorough overhauling, and can now be well rated as the best hotel in the village. Excellent accommodation. Bar always supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Good stabling, attentive hostler. May 18, 1880.—36-ly.

ONTARIO HOUSE, BEAVERTON.—The subscriber would intimate to the public that he has purchased that well-known hotel, the Ontario House, and that he intends running it equal to any hotel in the county. Convenient sample rooms. Free 'bus to all trains. He will also keep his first-class livery. Excellent stabling. JOHN KENNEDY, Proprietor. Beaverton, April 19, 1882.—38-ly.

THE LEARY HOUSE.—William-st., Lindsay, ANDREW O'LEARY of Downeyville, proprietor. The hotel has been thoroughly renovated, and everything is in first-class style. Best brands of Liquors and cigars. Good stable and shed room, and attentive hostler. Andrew hopes his old friends will give him a call. A free 'bus to all trains and boats. Lindsay, April 14, 1885.—38-ly.

MCARTHUR HOUSE, FENELON FALLS, Ontario. This hotel has been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, with new furniture added, making it second to none in the county. The sample rooms are of the first order. First-class accommodation for tourists and visitors. Rooms large and well ventilated. Good livery stable attached. NOBLE INGRAM, proprietor.

ORIENTAL HOTEL, (Late Thompson House) Port Perry, J. J. RISDON, Proprietor.—The house has been renovated and furnished with fine furniture. The tables and bar supplied with the best the market affords. Every attention given to the convenience and comfort of guests. The stable and shed accomodation is very extensive and of the best quality. Good sample rooms. J. J. RISDON, Port Perry, July 10, 1885.—48-1y.

ORILLIA HOUSE, ORILLIA, JAS. HAW, Proprietor. This very popular hotel, since the new management, has undergone a thorough renovation and been completely refurnished. The proprietor having had years of experience at the business feels confident of being able to attend to the comfort of guests equal to any hotel in Ontario. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars. Free 'bus to all trains. Orillia, March 23, 1884.—81-ly.

DALY HOUSE, KENT-ST., LINDSAY, E. DALY, Proprietor, the nobbiest, jelliest, most comfortable house in town. This house has been thoroughly overhauled and improved, and is undoubtedly one of the leading hotels of the county. The premises have been equipped with new and handsome furniture. Rooms all large and well ventilated. Every attention given to travellers. The bar is a daisy, and everything of the best kept in stock. Free 'bus to and from all trains and boats. Lindsay, June 1st, 1884.—92-1y.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, CANNINGTON. The undersigned desires to intimate to the public that he has again leased the above hotel and has thoroughly renovated, fitted and furnished in first-class style, second to none in the province. He is prepared to offer every accommodation to the travelling public in general. This large and very commodious house affords good and convenient accommodation for travellers, to whom special attention will be given. Large and well lighted sample rooms. The bar is also well supplied with the choicest selection of liquors and cigars at all times. There is also in connection first-class stabling, good box stalls and newly planked yard and sheds. Attentive hostler always on hand. Free 'bus to and from all trains. J. R. SMITH, Proprietor. Cannington Jan. 19th, 1884.—72.

Veterinary Surgeons.

FRED. W. O'BRIEN, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. Treats all diseases of domesticated animals by the most scientific and approved methods. All calls by telegraph promptly attended to. Office and Infirmary, "Hamilton House," Beaverton, Ont. Feb. 23, 1885.—29-1y.

W. KENNY, G. M. V. C. P., Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of the Ont. Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, Bond-st., east of Methodist church, Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1885.

O. GRAHAM, V. S., graduate of Ontario veterinary college, having commenced practice in this place, is now prepared to treat all diseases of animals in the latest and best system known. Office opposite Mr. J. Rolph's harness shop, on Queen street, Port Perry. All calls by telegraph or otherwise promptly attended to. Port Perry, March 7, 1885.—31-ly.

M. W. PLANK, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Registered by the Ontario Veterinary Association. Diseases of all Domestic animals treated by latest and best approved system. All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly attended to. Cannington, Ont., Nov. 12, 1884.—38-ly.

A. GUNN, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. By appointment VETERINARY INSPECTOR for the county of Victoria. Office in Medical Hall, Woodville, Ont. WILL VISIT BEAVERTON EVERY TUESDAY until further notice. Orders left at McKinnon's drugstore or by telegraph will have prompt attention. Aug. 4th, 1883.—13-tf.

F. FISHER, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, begs to inform the inhabitants of Lindsay and surrounding country that he has commenced the practice of his profession, treating all diseases of the domestic animals. Office and residence on Kent-st., next door east of O'Halloran's butcher shop. Charges moderate. For reference apply to A. Smith, principal of Ontario Veterinary College; J. S. Cosser, V. S., Port Hope; J. D. Duncan, M. D. and V. S., Toronto; J. Thorburne, M. D., Toronto. At Fenelon Falls every Tuesday morning.—49-ly.

Livery Stables.

GUNIGAL'S LIVERY STABLES, York Street Lindsay, Comfortable conveyances and good horses on hire at reasonable rates. BRIAN GUNIGAL.

THE CITY LIVERY STABLES.—First-class horses and good stylish and comfortable conveyances. Charges reasonable. Stables one door east of Adams's hotel, in rear of O'Halloran's butcher shop. EUGENE FEE. Lindsay June 17, 1885.—45-ly.

Miscellaneous.

TRIAL TRIP.—THE POST for three months for 25c.; for six months for 50c. one year for $1.00. Send on names.

C. BUCKNER & SONS, PLASTERERS AND STONEMASONS. Having had years of experience, solicit a share of patronage in all kinds of Plastering and Stonework at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. C. BUCKNER & SONS, Kirkfield. July 14, 1882.—49-1yr.

Physicians.

DR. DEGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—71-ly.

W. GILPIN, M.D., C.M., L.C.P.S.O.; Graduate of Victoria and Toronto Universities. Office, rear of Reache's Hotel, Brechin, Ont. Oct. 18, 1882.—1206-1y.

DR. WM. KEMPT, C.M., GRADUATE of McGill University. Medical Referee to the Standard Insurance Company. Office and residence Bidout-st., first door west of Lindsay-st.

L. W. THOMPSON, M. D., C. M., Trinity University, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.; late of N. Y. Polyclinic. Office, Porritt's Block, Sunderland. Aug. 4, 1885.—32-ly.

DR. MCALPINE, late of Janetville, has REMOVED TO LINDSAY. Office and residence: William-st. north, corner of Colborne-st. Office hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION. Lindsay, Sept. 29, 1884.—1308-1y.

DR. C. L. COULTER, Medical Referee to the Ætna of Hartford, Sun Mutual of Montreal and Canada Life Assurance Companies. Office and residence on Russell-st., opposite York-st, Lindsay, May 2, 1883.

DRS. WILSON & WILSON, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS & ACCOUCHEURS. Office, Francis-st., Fenelon Falls.—85-1yr. DR. A. WILSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ont. B. S. WILSON, M.B., M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S. Ont.

W. H. JOHNSON, M. D. C. M., L. C. P. & S., Graduate of Toronto University, Member of College Physicions and Surgeons, Ont., Examiner of Sun Life and Confederation Life Co's. Office, VICTORIA ROAD.—48-1y.

W. V. LYNCH, M. D., C M., Graduate of University of Trinity College, Toronto. Fellow of Trinity Medical School. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office and residence, corner of Russell and Lindsay-sts., Lindsay.—43-1y.

DRS. BURROWS & GRAHAM, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, Etc. Office and Residence, opposite Carr's Hotel, William-st. P. PALMER BURROWS, M. D., C. M., Graduate McGill College, 1866. H. B. GRAHAM, M. D., C. M., F. T. M. S. & M. R. C. S., England. Lindsay, Aug. 25, 1884.—1303.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.

DR. G. S. RYERSON,

L. R. C. P. S., E.,

Lecturer on the Eye, Ear and Throat, Trinity Medical College, Toronto; Surgeon to the Mercer Eye and Ear Infirmary, Consulting Surgeon (ex officio) to the institutions for the Blind, Brantford, and for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville Ontario; late Clinical Assistant, Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorefields, and Central London Throat, Eye and Ear Hospital. May be consulted at his residence, 317 Church-st., Toronto. Hours: 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 2 to 4 p.m., with regard to all diseases of the eye, ear and throat. Toronto, Nov. 2, 1885.

Barristers, Etc.

JOHN MCSWEYN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office in Hamilton's Block, north side Kent-st., Lindsay, Ont.

F. D. MOORE, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, Solicitor and Notary Public MONEY TO LOAN. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

ALEX. SKINNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Cannington, Ont. Office, Cameron-st., opposite the Standard bank. Dec. 17, 1885.—71-1y.

BARRON & SMITH, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Etc., Etc. JOHN A. BARRON. J. B. SMITH, B. A. Office, Kent-st., Lindsay.

LOUIS M. HAYES, BARRISTER, Solic