#### The Canadian Bost.

LINDSAY, KRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1808, THE LICENSE QUESTION. MI BLAKES SPEECH IN THE

apor law for the purpose of municipa a by this Hellich Vorth America not.

one has been reserved to the local legie no has a suspended our judgment in this comed length of time awaiting the of the privy causell in the case of Run o (tuces, in the hope that we might read authoritatively laid down, which us in adjudicating on this case, and in milton and the township of King-we have been to some extent disthere lordships have remained that the series builted to them, and that the Canada temperance actor not interfere with succeedings, 13 feeting 22 British North America act. of section 32. Desirch North America act;

1. a an act dealing with public wrongs
ban with evil dights, that it is a matter
of and no merely of a local or a private
of any province, and that if it affects the
of a province it is only incidentally,
if hardly say that this is only a very
omany of their lordship's argument, but
issuing will command general assent,
overage to the sparce from which it
overage to the sparce. The indicial
cas here by a down that the Dominian
on here by a down that the Dominian a general prohibitory lieuor law; it has

decount to lay down any culo as fother as from than those submitted and the fall in the Ritchie, and formal has not, either expressly or by impli-i maintening that the Dominion govern an along pass a prohibitory liquor law aryond this case, because this is a deon a lether a local logic stare might pass aw allowing municipal ties absolutely to shibit the sale of liquor; while what we have to deal with is not as to whether the east of Eussell v. the Queen had decided but whether it had decided, what was

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IN CASH

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to prohibit, the sale of alcoholic b Vet you find a manimous judge by the highest court of the neighprovince against the proposition of deliberation and postponement of feion for the express purpose that well & the Queen had decided the laros a forcior, the smaller and narrower bich one partiplar controver-One again, take the highest

offere it, that a local legislature can-

on of the privy council in Russell v. meen is alluded to in the judgment, horst no fassume the ladges had not sion before them; but it was given the decision given in the supreme which dealt with the whole quesyou find, then, that in a judgment con in a case analogous to this the chief Litar a makes statements which chighest consequence in determinher the hon leader of the governis right in the proposition on which for who is secured in that paragraph, the par of local legislatures to make laws

restricting the sale of intoxicating liquors. nd regularing the issue of licenses. Chief the statistics should passess very aple powers in relation to all sub-al and domes a nature. They had a common country controller. Ency nation of plenary powers upon these subjects smitediration, and the general scheme of carion secure to leave to carion secure control of these subjects to plenary control of these subjects to ander the act, legislative in regard ger's in the true and full sense of the therea the more apparent from the use voids exclusive and 'exclusively' (and esset repeatedly) in the imperial act. on upon these classes of subjects No a'te ation, no amendment, no my measure falling within these objects can be made by any author of the picy negal legislature. In the begin outhority of Vattel upon outs. He says, hook 2, chapter 17,

File most important rule in cases is, hat a constitution of govern and rannot from its nature de cany great degree upon verbal criticism e duport of single words. Such criti-not be wholly without use; it may "Hustra cor enfold the appropriate unless it sand well with the context words to assist our enquirges we should right that it is an instrument of govern consine; and as has already trust be the truest expesition harmonizes with the design, its ob-

s o my mind conclusive. This matter using and of regulation of places and per-cused perfacts to municipal institutions, moreover of a local nature. Now, the og of laws a relation to both these objects. nated exclusively to the provincial s and legislation by any other power oby excluded, at follows that the Brit-America act operates to withdraw censons and the regulation of nd persons beensed; powers in regard to less bave theretofore, menestionably ex-fine effect in that case would be more than a distribution of legislative powthe subjects which up to confeduction subjects of provincial legisle

"OW KKK.

s again he thief Justice Spragge) says s uportant o bear in mind that the Iment in committing (othe provincial r legisla on that which was, as it then it had about for a number of years, beet of delegated power from the ma e terms in relation to. ly imported ex vi termini power to be aware relation to the subject; and the hanges made were changes only put instructions may were within the rovince of 1 pper Canada stron, ownship councils, corneils, and boards of 's were all parts of the ma theb a skeas an instance the county onsecuted a minimpal institution, ages might be made in all these pieces. Their powers and duties might be parts might be left out, e.g., per some participant in test only one of permission of some only one less or boards assumers, as making the machinery too essention complicated, or for any other and he powers and duties exercised by and the powers and duties exercised by of he powers and dimes exercised by one might be committed to those re-re a some new boards or other pieces ery substituted for them. I cannot would be altro vires the provincial esto make all these changes, provided

m, in he other case which was decided

same time, the same learned judge e on viction in this case is for the keeping idetendant of manufactured liquors at his name to vin of Chatham, for the purpose legist, sulfing, or trading therein, in that each of appearing that the defendant had prever as viconvicted of the like offence, the cent was adjudged for his second offence upprisoned at hard labor for three months, with the ander which the defendant was each wire into the conviction and the seneral process of the conviction and the seneral process. As a color which the defendant was a color with the conviction and the sense. The sense disputed, but it is objected of was alter vices the legislature of Ontario assemble are under which the defendant was account, it being as is alleged, an act which is with trade and commerce; and further, asseming the act not to be objectionable on 3 count it is alleged as a constant. start ground, it is ultra vires in so far as it intoses hard labor with imprisonment as the punshiment for the offence committed.

In the court appealed from the case was
as good whelly on the point as to the power of the
desistators to impose hard labor, and in the
Figure at mappeal the other point was so faintity touched upon by Dr. McMichael that I took

of order.

"My interpretation of clause 9 is that it is cumulative to clause 8, and that it was intended to endouse provincial legislation for at least to settle any doubt that might exist upon the point in relation to the licenses enumerated, for the purpose of raising revenue, as well as for the regulation of matters of police. I have hesitated in placing this construction upon clause 9, because so far as I am aware, the more limited construction placed upon it in the earlier cases after confederation has been generally accepted at the correct interpretation of the clause; but I am unable myself to concur in that construction."

And here, sir, Mr. Justice Burton, the only other judge who has delivered judgment in this case, concurring, points qut;—
The powers claimed to be exercised by the
provincial legislature, in the present case, must
depend upon the construction to be placed on
subsections 8, 12 and to, of section 22, for I agree
with the learned chief justice, that a right to
filenesse as employment does not largely a right to
filenesse as employment does not largely a right to
filenesse as employment does not largely a right to
filenesse as employment does not largely a right
for under the sections 1 have referred 1, and not
the purpose of the power. The right to contrict
parties by requiring a license must be sough,
for under the sections 1 have referred 1, and not
the purpose of conferrag the power to issue
filenesse, but to enable the provinces by that
means to raise a revenue for provincial, local,
for municipal purposes. The only power of taxation, which section was intended to allow them
to this particular mode to raise a revenue by
miliest favation. The other sections year
in them the power to make laws in relation to
other monicipal institutions, property, and
civil rights, the imposition of punishment in the
meanure specified for enforcing any law of the
province, made in reference to any of the classes
of subjects under section 2, and the
general methations act of 1886 was in force, and under
if the municipal economits were empowered to
a power formerly vested in the council to pass
by laws and is fix the punishment within
teetain defined limits for their infraction. To
the police commissioners had been transferred
a power formerly vested in the council to pass
by laws regulating taverus, and to
province the performance of these by laws by
fine or otherwise, and to probinit the
select fluore commissioners to
offer the province of Canada, as coming
within what were known as municipal limits.

The subject the respective of the reference of the province of the province of Canada, as coming
within what were known as municipal limits. only other judge who has delivered judg- to decide it this session at all. It is clear to me

And once again the same learned judge

"I was somewhat surprised that we were again possed with the argument that the liquor license set was ultra vires as dealing with trade and commerce, an argument which, if pressed to its logical conclusion, would effectually preclude the local legislature from dealing with any particular trade or business within the province; and the privy council have decided that the words are not to be regarded in any such contracted sense, but to refer to political arrangements in research to trade requiring the sensetion. ments in regard to trade, requiring the sanction of parliament regulation, of trade in matters of inter-provincial concern, and possibly general regulations of trade affecting the whole Domin-

OPINION OF SUPREME COURT OF CANADA

Now, sir, I have read the language, the lates. anguage which is given in the the two courts of he highest authority in the provinces, and we learn that while sitting here, while we were dehberating on the passage in the speech from the
throng, which declares the interpretation of his
excellency's advisers as to the true meaning,
effect, and extent of the decision in Russell v.
the Queen—and we hear that the body composing the judicial department of this government,
that the body authorized finally within this
country at any rate to decide on this subject has
had the same question before it, and that the
expressions of the judges in the course of the
argument have been altogether opposed to the
view that the decision Russell v—the Queen
bears any such construction as has been piaced
upon it by the government. We have, of course,
no decision in that case, and we know not what
it may be. As I said the other day, what a judge
says in the course of an argument does not give
an inevitable clue to his ultimate judgment; but
so far in reading the detached utterances of the
judges I am told that their utterances the other
day were wholly opposed to the view taken by arn that while sitting here, while we were deby were wholly opposed to the view taken by the government on the question of the judgment in Russell v. the Queen. So, as I have said, sir, it may be decided as the hon, gentleman sugne government on the question of the judgment in Russell v. the Queen. So, as I have said, sir, it may be decided as the hon, gentleman suggests; but the hon, gentleman comes not to parliament upon his own interpretation of the law, if the comes to parliament basing his whole defence for laying his hand upon this subject of legislation upon the proposition that it has already been decided finally, conclusively, and irrevocably, upon full argument, and after full consideration of all the points by the judicial committee of the privy council in the case of Russell v. the Queen. Are we to take the hon, gentleman's word, or the word of the court of appeal of the province of Quebeof. Are we to take the hon, gentleman's word for that, with out a word of argument, without a statement? without giving his reasons? Are we to take his ipse dixit against the regular and deliberate judgment of the judges of the law; of those to whom is specially designed the interpretation of legal documents? Their function in interpreting the constitution is one which I do not regard myself with quite as high respect as their discharge of their other functions, just because a written constitution is an instrument which is to be construed in a peculiar manner and with peculiar considerations; but if you come and ask me—where shall I point you to the fittest source of information as to the effect and meaning of judgments of the court, and what they had decided by a judgment, then I would say go to the courts and judges and obtain what you want to find through themy what they meant by their judgment. In these countries in which the law is based on decisions reached in the past, and by comparing former decisions, we go to the authorized exponents of judgments that we lind out the reasons on which their decisions are based.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD'S INCONSISTENT

SIR JOHN MACDONALD'S INCONSISTENT COURSE. But the hon, first minister in reference to this matter of policy, when asked by what authority he has seized upon this question and brought it here, tells us: "No: I was not willing: I was unwilling to do this; but I am forced to take this step; it is the force of necessity which has compelled me to do so; I am driven to it in the judgment of Russell v, the Queen. But he does not argue about he does not tell—he does not prove to you how Russell v, the Queen says this. Which way will an intelligent and candid member of parliament, who is going to give his vote on the merms of the question, decide? Will he decide as the judges of the courts have decided in these cases, or will be say: "Well, I give great weight and credit to the statement of the hon. first minister, unsupported by argument—I am prepared to vote with him, though he does not give a word to show why I should support his view of the case." But as it has not been actually decided, will he not rather hold his judgment in suspense until we have a decision in which this great vital question—this question of the true interpretation of the clause of the constitution with reference to our municipal institutions has been decided in the court of last resort. villing to do this; but I am forced to take this

him to be rather suggesting whether the provision for breach of which defendant was convicted of might not be ultra vires the scontending that it was so. I think it quite clearly a matter intravires the provincial legislature. It is, I think, clearly so as a metter of police regulation, and being so, falls within one of the enumerated classes. Its "surficipal institutions."

"With regard to the point made in argument is take 9 authorizes legislation in relation to shop, saloon, favorn, auctioneer and other licenses only in order to the raising of a revenue, I observe that in several of the reported cases it has been assumed that the power to legislate in regard to licenses is limited by the purpose indicated in clause 9, it does not appear to me that the purpose of cleases is limited by the purpose indicated in clause 9, it does not appear to me that the propose of clause 1. The power of flexibing shop, saloons, favorn, and indicated in clause 9, it does not appear to me that the purpose of clause 2. It does not appear to me that the purpose of clause 3, it does not appear to me that the power passed of the provincial legislations which they were necessary such legislation might be, in the cases of houses of public entertainment, to the prevention of intemperance and the preservation of order."

"My interpretation of clause 9 is that it is cumulative to clause 3, and that it was intended to

ed it—though its interpretation differs from the practices we have been pursuing under it for the past sixteen years! Are we to arrogate this power, or should we now rather propose that the constitution shall be amended and made conformable to the original understanding with which it was adopted, and according to which we have been practising under it since it was first passed in the different legislatures! Now, sir, it is very clear to me that this great question of what is THE TRUE INTERPRETATION OF OUR CONand the great political question upon which we are to decide during this session in a very important brench has not been settled for us. It is very clear to me that we have to decide it for ourselves now, upon argument, if we are going

in force entil repealed or altered by the appropriate legislation."

"It was at that time dealt with by the parliament of the province of Canada, as coming within what were known as municipal institutions, the power of dealing with which is now within the exclusive jurisdiction of the provinces, and it would certainly come within the general clause, which confers exclusive powers on the provincial legislature to deal with matters of a mereig local or private nature, and does not fall within any of the subjects with which the Dominion parliament has power to deal in the local legislature at the provincial legislature at the provi not in him one who has identified himself zeal-ously and ardently with that question for many years, to point out in the privy council what the interests of morality, and temperance require? Have we not a postmaster-general, a member of a benevolent association, a member of the licensed victuallers association, to see fair play between the conflicting interests, from his side of the question? Cannot he point out to the gight hon contleman who sits above him all the arguments that go to support his side of the case, so that he may see every side of it; and have we not got others in the cabinet able to take a large and impartial view of thequestion? We have every shade of opinion in the cabinet; we have all sorts of law, of windom, of conesinguishmal resources, and we have the power to declare dogmatically and emphatically what the meaning of Russell v. the queen is, and yet they can do nothing. What are we to go to a committee for? I say that a select committee appointed to enquire into the facts in a matter which was not in this shape at all might so metimes be admissable.

It being six o'clock the speaker left the chair. [Remainder next week.]

[Remainder next week.]

OMEMEE. BAND-MASTER.—Mr. H. W. Sherwood has accepted the position of band master to the Bethany and Ballyduff brass bands. PRESENTATION. - Rev. J. Ewing has been presented with \$140, and a valuable fur overcoat and cap by his three congregations of Lakefield, Mount Pleasant and Ome-mee. He has been in charge of these churches 34 years.

A FINE SPAN. On Saturday last Mr. R.

E. Ford of Emily sold to Mr. John Junkin of Verulam a splendid span of colts 1½ years old, sired by Hobbie Noble, for the sum of \$220.

GOODERHAM. SUDDEN DEATH. - The death of the Rev. Mr. Gander, which took place at his son's residence in Monmouth, a few days ago quite suddenly, has taken every one by surprise. Since the relinquishment of the Rev. Mr. Toque of the spiritual wellfare of this part some five years ago, Mr. Gander has at sundry intervals visited Gooderham. A consolation is still left after his name and actions. His son Jaber is now at the college preparing to enter the ministry, and it is expected the bishop will assign him to this part after he has matriculated. MEASLES. - A great deal of sickness has visited us in this part of late in the shape of measles. Young and old have been at-

tacked, but so far all have fairly recovered. VERULAM. Council Proceedings. - The council of Vernlam met at Bobcaygeon on the 24th March, at the call of the reeve. Members all present, the reeve in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed. The petition of John Brien, sr., and twentytive others praving that a road be opened on the line between the west halves of lots 5 and 6 in the 7th con. was laid before the council, and on motion of Mr. Braden, seconded by Wm. Thurston, the perition was not entertained. Moved by John Junkin, seconded by Wm. Thurston, that the taxes of n. e. \ 22, con. 1, and w. \ 28, con. 6, be abated to the collector.—Carried. Moved by John Junkin, seconded by John Braden, that by-law No. 237, appointing pathmasters, pound keepers and fence viewers be passed.—Carried. Moved by John Braden, seconded by James Lithgow, that two dollars be refunded to Wm. Kelso, statute labor to farmer's son in error.—Carried. Moved by Wm. Thurston, seconded by John Junkin, that John A. Barron be appointed solicitor for the township at a salary of twenty dollars per annum, and that a by-law be introduced to that effect.—Carried. Yess: Junkin, Thurston, Braden; nays, Lithgow, Fairbairn. Moved by John Braden, seconded by Wm. Thurston, that the auditors' report be received and adopted, and the clerk be instructed to have it printed in detail and also get the tive others praying that a road be opened and adopted, and the clerk be instructed to have it printed in detail, and also get two hundred and fifty copies printed in pamphlet form for circulation among ratepayers.

—Carried. Moved by Wm. Thurston, seconded by John Junkin, that the foilo «seconded by John Junkin, that the foilo ving accounts be paid and orders drawn on the treasurer for the same: John Kennedy, repairing Dunsford whart, \$15.00; Phil. Barker, refund of statute labor, \$2.00; the reeve, one day sessional allowance, 1882, \$1.50; John Junkin, inspecting, \$3.00; John Braden, ditto, \$3.00; Will. Kelso, refund statute labor farmer's son, \$2.00; William Thurston, one day sessional allowance, 1882, \$1.50; John Kellev. \$1.50; the clerk, quarter's salary, \$25.00; John Johns'on, auditor, \$10.00; David Murdoch, \$10.00.—Carried. On motion of Mr. Lithgow, the council adjourned to meet at the call of the reeve.

HUMOROUS.

Shileh's Catarra Remedy.

We have a speedy and positive cure for estern, apartheria, canker menth and headnesse. In Shiloh's Catarra Remedy. A masal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. S. Perrin, wholesale and retail agent.—14-cow-26. Fish are so plentiful in California that the only lie a fisherman can tell is to say that he didn't catch anything.

A Life Saving Present. Mr. M. E. Allison. Hutchison. Kan., saved his life by a simple trial bottles of Dr. King New Discovery, for consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him. when doctor's, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, severe coughs, and all throat and lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trialbottles free at Higinbotham's drug store. Large size \$1.06.—244.

- By what means do spirits materialized Echo answers: "Material lies." The Great German Invigorator

is the marvel of the medical world. It never fails to completely cure nervous debility, impotency, mental depression, and all diseases caused from excesses. The testimony of thousands can be had by writing to F. J. Cheney, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for the United States. Price \$1 per box; six boxes for \$5. If your druggist does not keep the remedy send to headquarters and get the medicine by mail. Circulars and testimonials on application.—28-13.

When a girl travels on her good looks shesses for her face value.

Street Talk.

"How much better you look, Mr. S." "Yes, I have gained 32 pounds on Hall's Catarrh Cure. Have not felt so well in twenty years. It has made a complete cure, and is worth \$50 a bottle to any one that has the catarrh."—28-13. -Why do pioneers march at the head of the regiment? To "ax" the way.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75c. to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints. If you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shi oh's Vita izer. Every not and get a bottle of Shi oh's Vita izer. bottle has a printed guarantee on it; use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. S. PERRIN. wholesale and retail agent.

-Motto for a young man starting a moustache 'Down in front.'

Oh. What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal per-haps of the approach that more terrible disease consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50c. to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, -11-eow-20.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

-You can never expect a blacksmith to give

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure burns, bruises, cuts, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, cancers, piles, chilblains, corns, tetter, chapped hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. Higinbotham, Lindsay.

The reason why hoopskirts are no longer worn in the city of New York is bee use the fair sex helieves that Jay fould would mistake the wires for telegraph lines and want to consolidate them.

A Suggestion.

A day's pleasure at your disposal, instead of a day's agony. Every one who has come can testify to the constant discomfort they produce. "I could have enjoyed the ball, or the picnic, or some other social pastime; but, ohthow my corns ached." No necessity now for such complaints. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor renoves the cause specific. Try it. Rewarse of mother actions. cause speedily. Try it. Beware of another arti-cle "just as good." Take only Putnards. Sold everywhere. N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, proprietors.—30-1.

-There is no one article in the line of medi-cines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Barkache

-Mrs. Bodman of Bothwell says: My daughter was very sick with billions fever; used Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters with wonderful results. One bottle entirely studded the fever and thoroughly restored her to health and view. 28.4

Miscellaneous.

SPRING CIRCULARS.—New styles of Fancy Papers, admirably adapted Spring Circulars, with envelopes to match. THE POST PRINTING OFFICE.

THOROUGHBRED DURHAM BULI FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a thorough-bred DURHAM BULL 2 years old and of good color. Address, S. BARCLAY. Lindsay. March 12, 1883.—27-4pd.



Positively cures nervousness, in all its stages

weak memory, loss of brain power, sexual pros-tration, night sweats, spermatorrhesa, barren-ness, seminal weaknes and general loss of power. It repairs nervous waste, rejuvenates the jaded intellect, strengthens the enfecched brain and restores surprisingtone and vigor to the exhausted generative organs in either sex. With each order for twelve packages, accompanied with five dollars, we will send our written Guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is the CHEAPEST and BEST Medicine in the market. Pamphlet sent free

gists at 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of money by addressing Mack's Magnetic Medicine Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada, Guarantees issued by A. HIGINBOTHAM, Lindsay.—23-1y.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles inci-dent to a bilious state of the system, such as Diz-ziness, Nansea, Drowniness, Distress after eating. Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remark-able success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also carred ail disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodnessadoes not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

chers do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly very table and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents: five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO.

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-OFINE WORK IN O-PHÆTONS, BUGGIES.

> CARRIAGES. **DEMOCRATS** And light work generally.

Strong Farm Waggons

-Comparison Invited.—

Ordered Work guaranteed perfect Finish and best Workmanship.

A SPECIALTY.

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# Upright and Square Pianofortes,

...... 169 Chuurch Street, Toronto. The best materials are used in the NEWCOMBE PIANOS and their general construction are

d tone, and the appreciation of purchasers is shown by their constantly increasing sale. Prices as Low as Consistent with First-Class Work. Terms Easy Should these instruments not be represented or kept in your locality, address the undersigned, OCTAVIUS NEWCOMRE & Co..
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Iron Founder and Machinist MANUFACTURER OF

Saws and Shingle Mill Machinery, Flour and Mill, Steam Engines and Steam Pumps.

Have a large assortment of General Patterns for the above description of works.

James Keith.

SEEDS! SEEDS! PLOUGHS! PLOUGHS! SOUTH BEND SULKY & PLOW JAMES KEITH

has on hand the very best Seeds of all de-scriptions, both for Fleid and Garden of the Best and Newest Varieties and at LOWEST PRICES. H has also the Celebrated

WILKINSON PLOUGH

Repairs for Ploughs and Reaping

kept always on hand. Call and see for your-self at the

SIGN OF THE PLOUGH Kent-st., Lindsay. Lindsay, April 3, 1882.



Scuth Bend Chilled Plow Co., South Bend, Ind. SOLE AGENT FOR THE COUNTY OF VIC TORIA. Call for Circular.

E. Woods.

### PAY UP! PAY UP!

All parties indebted to E. WOODS are notified to pay up before the 15th March. Money is wanted and those who are owing should settle promptly.

E. WOODS,

James Wetherup.

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MIXED PAINTS Any desired Color, ready for use prepared by a Practical Painter. Only the best White Lead. Oil and Colors used. Cans and Brushes supplied. Also a full stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE & Reduced Prices. JAMES WETHERUP.

McLennan & Co. COAL DEPOT AND GENERAL HARDWARE.

Stove, Grate, Foundry and Blacksmith Coal At lowest prices. We have in stock and to arrive a large stock of

PLASTER OF PARIS AND BLASTING POWDER. Also a full line of

Fine Steeland Shelf Hardware, Bought Strictly for Cash. We would solicit inspection of goods and comparison of prices. McLENNAN & CO

Miscellaneous.

TINTED BLOCK ENVELOPES.-Ten different patterns, very stylish and neat. Prices reasonable. A direct importation from a celebrated American firm at THE POST PRINTING OFFICE. Call and see them.

ENTIRE HORSE FOR SALE.—The property of B. DOWNEY. Downeyville, the fine draught horse. "French Netherber." Syears old and weighing about 1,300 lbs. The horse is known to be a good sure foal getter and his stock sells for good prices. Terms liberal, and made known on application to the owner, Downeyville P. O. Feb. 14, 1883,—25-8.

HERLIHEY'S

CARRIAGE AND BLACKSMITH SHOP.

I am at the old place, Kent-st., east, next to Needler & Sadler's Mill, prepared to fill orders for general jobbing of all kinds. Waggons, Car-riages and Sleighs, of my own make and of first-class material for sale. The cheapest ever offer-ed in Lindsay.

Axes! Axes!!

On hand and made to order. Give me me a call. Lindsay, Nov. 2, 1781, -56. W. HERLIHEY. DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

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A guaranteed Cure for Gonorrhora and Gleer, Safe, pleasant, and reliable. No bad effects from its use. Does not interfere with business or diet. Price \$2 per box or three boxes for \$5. Written guarantees issued by every duly nuthorized agent to refund the money if three boxes fail to cure. Sont hostage preparition receipt of fail to cure. Sont hostage preparition receipt of fail to cure. Sent postage prepaid on receipt of price. Address, Dr. FELIX LE BRUN & Co SI & SI King st east, Toronto, Sole Proprietors, A. HIGINBOTHAM, authorized agent for Lind

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will self-cheap. I have till a large min Buggies and Carriages which I will

would intimate to the public that he has now o hand a large number of CUTTERS, BOBSLEIGHS, and HEAVY LUMBER SLEIGHS. made out of the best seasoned timber which he

reasonable terms in order to make room for m winter stock.

As all work is done independency own supervision Remember the place, opposite the Gas Works, William-St., Lindsay.

W. R. SKITCH. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to His Honor the Judge of the Surrogate Court of the County of Victoria, at his chambers, in the Fowner Lindsay, in the said County, on

Saturday, the ith day of April wext.

after as the application can be made, on behalf of Till MAS WYLIE, of the Virlage of Stayner, in the Country of Sincose, Doctor of Medicine, for letters of guardianship of EUPHEMIA FERGUSON, CATHERINE FERGUSON, HUGHENA FERGUSON, MALCOM FERGUSON, NORMAN HUGH FERGUSON, and ANNIGHOUSE FERGUSON, infant children of

Date Sis 15th day of March, A.D., 1883. M-INTYRE & STEWART Solicitors for said Applica:



DR. L. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREA r inteed specific for Hysteria vilsions. Fits, Nervous Net Nervous Prostration caused holor tobacco, Wakefulness, Menta Softening of the Bulin, resulting and leading to misery, decay and mature Old Age, Barreiness, Loss of

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Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity-Chronic or Ulcerative Catarrh of the Eye. Ear or Throat. It is taken INTERNALLY. and acts DIRECTLY upon the Blood and Mucous Surfaces of the System. It is the best Blood Purifier in the World, and is worth ALL that is

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My little laughter was troubled with Catarrh rtwo foars and was very much benefitted by suse of "Hani's Catarrh Cure." She is now out cared. W. T. HOUSE.

WELLAND, ONE, MARCH 20, 1882.

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