THE GERRARD-STREET MYSTERY.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

the 9th. I need hardly inform the reader that there was no telegraphic communication at that time. And how could my uncle know that I would take the Boston route? And if he had known, how could he foresee that I would do anything so absurd as to call at the Boston post-office and enquire for letters? "I will meet you at the G. W. R. station." How was he to know by what train I would reach Toronto, unless I notified him by telegraph? And that he expressly stated to be unnecessary.

We did no more sight-seeing. I obeyed the hint contained in the letter, and sent no telegram. My friend accompanied me down to the station, where I waited in feverish excitement for the departure of the train. We talked over the matter until 11 30, in the vain hope of finding some clue to the mystery. Then I started on my journey. Mr. Gridley's curiosity was aroused, and I promised to send him an explanation immediately on my arrival at home.

No sooner had the train glided out of the station than I settled myself in my seat, drew the tantalizing letter once more from my pocket, and proceeded to read and re-read it again and again. A very few perusals sufficed to fix it in my memory, so that I could repeat every word with my eyes shut. Still, I continued to scrutinize the paper, the penmanship, and even the tint of the ink. For what purpose, do you ask? For no purpose, except that I hoped, in some mysterious manner, to obtain more light on the dark subject. No light came, however. The more I scrutinized and pondered, the greater was my mystification. The paper was a simple sheet of white letter-paper, of the kind ordinarily used by my uncle in his correspondence. So far as I could see, there was nothing peculiar about the ink. Any one familiar with my uncle's writing could have sworn that no hand but his had penned the lines. His well known signature, a masterpiece of involved hieroglyphics, was there in all its indistinctness, written as no one but himself could ever have written it. And yet, for some unaccountable reason, I was half-disposed to suspect forgery. Forgery! What nonsense. Any one clever enough to imitate Richard Yardington's hand-writing would have employed his talents more profitably than by indulging in a mischievous and purposeless jest. Not a bank in Toronto but what would have discounted a note with that signature affixed to it.

Desisting from all attempts to solve these problems, I then tried to fathom the meaning of other points in the letter. What misfortune had happened to mar the Christmas festivities at my uncle's house? And what could the reference to my cousin Alice's sorrow mean? She was not ill. That, I thought, might be taken for granted. My uncle would hardly have referred to her illness as "one of the sorrows she had endured lately." Certainly, illness may be regarded in the light of a sorrow; but "sorrow" was not the word which a straightforward man like Uncle Richard would have applied to it. I could conceive no other cause of affliction in her case. My uncle was well, as was evidenced by his having written the letter, and by his avowed intention to meet me at the station. Her father had died long before I had started for Australia. She had no other near relation except myself, and she had no cause for anxiety much less for "sorrow" on my account. I thought it singular, too, that my uncle, having by some strange manner become acquainted with my movements, had withheld the knowledge from Alice. It did not square with my preconceived ideas of him that he would derive any satisfaction from taking his niece by surprise.

All was a muddle together, and as my temples throbbed with the intensity of my thoughts, I was half disposed to believe myself in a troubled dream, from which I should presently awake. Meanwhile, on glided the train.

A heavy snow storm delayed us for several hours, and we reached Hamilton too late for the mid-day express for Toronto. We got there, however, in time for the accommodation leaving Hamilton at 3.15 p. m., and we would reach Toronto at 5.00. I walked from one end of the train to the other in hopes of finding some one I knew, from whom I could make enquiries about home. Not a soul. I saw several persons whom I knew to be residents of Toronto, but none with whom I had ever been personally acquainted, and none of them would be likely to know anything about my uncle's domestic arrangements. All that remained to be done under these circumstances was to restrain my curiosity as well as I could until reaching Toronto. By the by, would my uncle really meet me at the station according to his promise? Surely not. By what means could he possibly know that I would arrive by this train? Still, he seemed to have such accurate information respecting my proceedings that there was no saying where his knowledge began or ended. I tried not to think about the matter, but as the train approached Toronto my impatience became positively feverish in its intensity. We were not more than three minutes behind time, and as we glided in front of the Union Station, I passed out on to the platform of the car, and peered intently through the darkness. Suddenly my heart gave a great bound. There, sure enough, standing in front of the door of the waiting room, was my uncle, plainly discernable by the lifful glare of the overhanging lamps. Before the train came to a stand still I sprang from the car and advanced towards him. He was looking out for me, but his eyes not being as young as mine, he did not recognize me until I grasped him by the hand. He greeted me warmly, seizing me by the waist and almost raising me from the ground. I at once noticed several changes in his appearance; changes for which I was totally unprepared. He had aged very much since I had last seen him, and the lines about his mouth had deepened considerably. The iron grey hair which I remembered so well had disappeared; its place being supplied with a new and rather dandified looking wig. The old fashioned great-coat, which he had worn ever since I could remember, had been supplanted by a modern frock of spence cut, with seal-skin collar and cuffs. All this I noticed in the first hurried greetings that passed between us.

"Never mind your luggage, my boy," he remarked. "Leave it until to-morrow, when will send down for it. If you are not tired, we will walk home, instead of taking a cab. I have a good deal to say to you before we get there."

I had not slept since we left Boston, but was too much excited to be conscious of fatigue, and as will readily be believed, I was anxious enough to hear what he had to say. We passed from the station, and proceeded up York Street, arm in arm.

"And now, uncle Richard," I said, as soon as we were well clear of the crowd "keep me no longer in suspense. First and foremost, is Alice well?"

"Quite well, but for reasons you will soon understand, she is in deep grief. You must know that——"

"But," I interrupted, "tell me, in the name of all that's wonderful, how you knew I was coming by this train; and how did you come to write to me at Boston?"

Just then we came to the corner of Front Street, where was a lamp-post. As we reached the spot where the light of the lamp was most brilliant he turned half round, looked me full in the face, and smiled a sort of wintry smile. The expression of his countenance was almost ghastly.

"Uncle," I instantly asked, "what's the matter? Are you not well?"

"I am not as strong as I used to be, and have had a good deal to try me of late. Have patience and I will tell you all. Let us walk more slowly, or I shall not have time to finish before we get home. In order that you may clearly understand how matters are, I had better begin at the beginning, and I hope you will not interrupt me with any questions until I have done. Now I know you would call at the Boston post-office with some last in order. By the bye, have you my letter with you?"

"The one you wrote to me at Boston? Yes, here it is," I replied, taking it from my pocket-book.

"Let me have it."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

SOMETHING THAT EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW.

As a rule a sneeze is the warning nature gives that some part of the body is exposed to a cooler temperature than the other parts, and that the sneezer is "catching cold." Next to the warning, what is the use of the sneeze? It throws open the pores of the whole body and induces a gentle perspiration; in a word, it throws off the cold. A child rarely sneezes more than twice—perspiration is readily induced in youth; an old man, on the contrary, sneezes half a dozen to a dozen times, with a loudly explosive "catchoogoo." It is harder to set him perspiring. When one is sitting by an open window and finds himself sneezing, nature tells him he is taking cold. He should get up instantly, walk about and take a full tumbler of cold water to keep up the gentle perspiration that the sneeze has set in motion. If he does this, he will not be telling an hour afterwards that he has a "cold in his head," or chest, or lungs.

IN A BORROWED LIGHT.

A story, aimed at those clergy of the High-church persuasion who make their dress a part of their religion, is told as follows in a letter from London:

The other day the Roman Catholic Bishop of Nottingham, being in London, walked in the cool of the evening in Kensington Gardens, in company with a friend of his, an officer in the army. They met a priest—to all appearance a Roman priest—who had a woman on his arm, who had her hand in his, and who was making fast and furious love to her. The face of the Bishop flushed red; he passed on; but he instantly turned back, and overtaking the priest, begged permission to speak to him.

"May I ask, sir," said he, "if you are a priest?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"A Catholic priest?"

"Yes."

"And may I ask under the jurisdiction of what Bishop are you?"

"Before I answer that question," said the priest, "I should like to know to whom I am talking?"

"I am the Bishop of Nottingham," replied he.

"But we have no such Bishop in the English church," replied the priest.

"O!" exclaimed the Bishop, "then you belong to the English Church; I am delighted to hear it, and I beg your pardon with all my life; but I do wish you would not walk about in our uniform."

Communications.

MR. MOODY AND THE N. Y. LEDGER.

[*To the Editor of* THE CANADIAN POST.]

SIR,—In a recent issue of the New York *Ledger* appeared the following extract in reference to Mr. D. L. Moody:

"One circumstance impressed us very unfavorably with reference to Mr. Moody when he was in this city, namely, that he proposed to return a check which had been sent him by a benevolent old gentleman, in the expectation, as he expressed it, of obtaining one for a larger amount, which seemed to us almost akin to an attempt to extort money."

This written by the editor and having such prominence in the columns of Mr. Bonner's paper seemed so much at variance with what we have been in the habit of reading of Mr. Moody's habits, that I felt inclined to try and find out the truth or falsity of the statement made. I accordingly clipped the article and enclosed it in a note to Mr. H. Clay Trumbull, editor of the *Sunday School Times*, asking him to give the necessary information. His answer appears in the last number of that paper in the following words:

"When Mr. Moody cautioned the public against misspending time in reading the New York *Ledger* he braved the determined hostility of that paper; and from that time forward he and his work were sure to be persistently misrepresented in its columns. More than one illustration of this we have already instanced. The *Ledger* refers again to a charge once before made in its columns against Mr. Moody, and then promptly denied in those columns, to the effect that Mr. Moody while in New York proposed "to return a check which had been sent him by a benevolent old gentleman in the expectation, as he expressed it, of obtaining one for a larger amount," and this in such a way as to seem "almost akin to an attempt to extort money." This charge having been copied into several respectable newspapers has reached the eyes of excellent people, who would never have seen it in the New York *Ledger*. And now a correspondent from Canada writes as if it has any basis of truth. We do not hesitate to affirm that the charge is wholly without foundation in fact; indeed it is so utterly at variance with Mr. Moody's well-known record on the money question that no one having the knowledge that would justly him writing on the subject can even have supposed it to be true.

Mr. Moody made no collections for his services or expenses in New York. These were fully provided for there as elsewhere by a local committee. For his entire ten weeks services in that city he consented to receive only three hundred dollars, although more was pressed on him, and had he desired it ten times that amount would have been given him gladly. He never while there returned or proposed to return a check with any purpose or thought of obtaining a larger one, although he had often declined to accept a proffered gift because he did not wish to be put in a false position by receiving money in such a way. In fact the entire article to which we refer is but added proof that Mr. Moody was right in his estimate of the spirit and influence of the New York *Ledger*, for if a paper is there utterly reckless of the truth, it is certainly out of place in a Christian household, or in the hands of any young person who would use time to advantage."

Now, Mr. Editor, as the *Ledger* is widely circulated in this town and county, and but few copies of the *N. Y. Times* is known to come here, perhaps in the cause of truth you will not object to give the above a place in your widely circulated paper. Yours, etc.,

R. S. P.

[We give place to the above with pleasure. Reading the *Ledger* and kindred papers is making a most unpardonable use of time, besides the bad effect it has upon mental improvement and development.—EDS. POST.]

LITERARY NOTES.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY has been received and is an exceedingly attractive number. It has the following list of contents: "Our Familiar Birds" second paper, with seven illustrations; "On the Usk," with twenty-one illustrations; "Lendi," a poem, with seven illustrations; "At the Gateway of the Catskills," with ten illustrations; "An Old Gentleman's Recollections;" with illustrations; "Solomon Poddy's Courtship," a story with two illustrations; "A Woman Hater," part XI; "Florence," with twenty-seven illustrations; Cameron's journey Across Africa," with thirteen illustrations; "Keens, or My Father's Sin," and a host of other well-selected articles.

CATHOLICITY AND METHODISM.—(Montreal: The Burland-Desbarats Co.)—This is an able essay on the Relation of John Wesley to Modern Thought by the Rev. James Roy, of Victoria University, with the object of showing that the Methodist Church, from the character of its origin and the principles of its founder is best fitted to be the leader in a "comprehensive union of Protestant forces against the tide of sacerdotalism" and has the "best opportunity for becoming the nucleus of a reunion of the Church of God." But that church, he contends, must advance a great deal before it can accomplish this object. For sale at Porter's.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.—(New York: The Leonard Scott Pub. Co.) We have received the April number with an attractive list of contents, among them being The French Army in 1877; A Woman Hater XI; Crete; Pauline Part III; In the Hebrides; Harriet Martineau; A Railway journey; Translations from Heine, by Theo. Martin; The Political Situation. The review and criticism of the Autobiography of Harriet Martineau is very unfavorable. The writer thinks she has been much overrated, finds it "difficult to understand on what her great reputation was founded;" and adds, "it will not be increased by her Autobiography, where that good sense which is her strongest point shows less than ever before." Not the least interesting article, in view of European complications, is that on the state of the French army by an able military critic. The writer admits that "France cannot attack Germany," but "if needed she can now, most certainly defend herself," and he explains the results produced by having plenty of money to pay for what is needed, "steady zealous action of regimental officers," and "the influences of opinion, of time, of experience, and of accumulated labor." Subscriptions taken at Porter's.

APPLETON'S JOURNAL FOR MAY (D. Appleton & Co., New York) gives the second paper on the "Austrian Arctic Expedition," the interest of which greatly exceeds that of the first paper. It is indeed one of the most entertaining and thrilling records of arctic adventure that have appeared for a long time. The article is fully illustrated. Miss Woolson has a story of early Virginia colonial life, that is strikingly original in its incidents and method. Another short story entitled "The Walking-Path" is of American village life; it has some good characterization and unexpected incidents. Julian Hawthorne, under the title of "The Great White Way," describes in effective style, features of the English south coast. There is a paper by Mr. Bagehot on the peculiar religious sects in Russia, derived from Walpole's and Prescott Dixon's recent books on that country. Mr. George E. Ellis gleans some of the best points in Harriet Martineau's autobiography; Mary Hooper contains the intricate laws of Parisian etiquette; and Mrs. Church discusses seasonably the making of country and city gardens. There are poems by Stedman, John Brent, and Norris Ferry, the one by the latter being accompanied by admirable illustrations from the pencil of Alfred Fredricks. The serial "Cherry Ripe" increases in dramatic interest. The editorial departments are as full as usual.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack whenever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, 1lb. and ½lb. by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

A. G. CAMPBELL, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE MUNICIPALITY OF ELDON.

RECEIPTS.

1876. Jan'y 1	To balance on hand of surplus fund	$ 75 62	
" 1	" bal. on hand of Municipal Funds, as per last audit	35 28	
			$ 110 90
April 1	" Cash from Collector, (taxes of 1875)		9872 43
June 15	" Fine of Allan Quinn, per J. P. Clarke, Esq., J. P.	1 00	
" 29	" do Richard Kelley, per E. R. Peck, J.P.	2 00	
March 7	" do D. McMillan, per P. McAlpine, J.P.	5 00	
Sept. 9	" do Wright & Wright, per A. Rogers, J. P.	2 76	
			11 54
Feb'y 29	" Tavern license, John McKay	4 17	
March 6	" do John Cumming	4 17	
" 9	" do Henry Thompson	4 17	
" 15	" do D. McCarthy	4 17	
			16 68
Aug. 7	" Licensing fund, per Inspector, less postage		273 15
April 15	" W. A. McCutcheon, (bal. of taxes of 1874)		347 78
Mar. 10	" Cheque for balance of Surplus Fund, due S.S. No. 7	500 00	
Dec. 14	" do do do S.S. No. 4	650 00	
			1150 00
	" Municipal School Grant of 1875		500 00
	" Non-resident tax, per County Treasurer		468 18
May 18	" Percentages, from do		117 24
" 18	" Interest, Boxley Debenture Nos. 1 and 2		60 00
" 18	" do Somerville Debenture Nos. 8 and 9		60 00
June 15	" Ontario Bank, balance of deposit		4 05
Aug. 15	" Cash from Merchant's Bank		812 64
July 6	" Land Improvement Fund		7 05
Oct. 21	" Clergy Reserve Fund		41 16
" 28	" Proceeds of Note discounted in Merchant's Bank		627 00
Dec. 14	" Cheque from Provincial Treasurer		1066 07
" 29	" A. MacArthur, Collector, (part taxes of 1876)		700 00
			$13578 37

EXPENDITURES.

ROAD JOBS.

By paid Wm. McMillan, (surplus)	$ 40 00
" Colin Campbell	3 40
" John Birmingham	45 00
" Arch'd McTaggart	20 00
" Carlton Moore	25 00
" G. W. Millar, for Isaac Truax	9 20
" Arch'd Carmichael, jr	14 21
" John McArthur	40 00
" A. Carmichael, for bridge west of Argyle	3 00
" Wm. McMillan	12 20
" James Stuart, for culverts on boundary	10 00
" Robert Dalgleish, for bridge at Bolsover	135 00
" A. Carmichael, for John McLellan	10 00
" Duncan Campbell, Portage road	3 75
" Donald McRae, Portage road	44 00
" McArthur and McCuaig, 8th con	30 00
" Dan Davis, 3 qr road	30 00
" Duncan McFadyen, 4 qr road	27 80
" Wm. McMillan, 2 con	16 40
" Wm. Grant	12 00
" Kenneth Ure, 4 qr road	76 00
" Duncan McNeill, 8 con	42 00
" Joseph Bailey, 4 qr road	48 50
" Allan McInnes, 2 qr road	8 40
" James Kennedy, Portage road	30 00
" Duncan McFadyen, 2 con	28 00
" Donald McEachern, 3 qr road	8 00
" Samuel Luke, 8 con	30 00
" Kenneth Ure, 5 con	74 00
" Roderick Grant, 4 qr road	6 00
" Neil McMillan, 8 con	16 00
" A. Carmichael, for the Glover job, Woodville	9 00
" Peter McCormodale, 3 qr road	23 94
" John McGillivray, 7 con	13 50
" Eachern McEachern, 2qr road	11 59
" Wm. Grant, 10 con	42 90
" Donald McLean, 6 con	30 00
" Arch'd Mitchell, 4 con	31 00
" Alex. Munro, 10 con	85 75
" Kenneth Ure, 4 qr road	18 00
" do do	92 00
" Robert Dalgleish, 2 con	79 18
" D. McArthur, 2 qr road	25 00
" Angus McCormick, 8 con	92 00
" George Tamlin, 8 con	10 00
" Peter McCormodale	29 50
" Alex Spence, 11 con	10 00
" John McDonald, 4 con	41 97
" Robert Wright, 3 qr road	139 11
" Roderick Grant, 4 qr road	8 50
" John Sanderson, 8 con	11 00
" Townie & McArthur, 1 qr road	22 50
" John Baxter, 2 qr road	1 50
" Allan McInnes, 2 qr road	2 00
" Malcolm McMillan, 4 qr road	49 35
" Duncan McFadyen, Portage road	9 00
" Malcolm McMillan, 2 con	8 00
" Allan McInnis, 8 con	13 80
" John McDonald, 7 con	20 00
" G. C. Smith, 1 W qr road	9 00
" Wm. Grant	44 00
" John McFadyen, 8 con	40 00
" Samuel Staples, 10 con	10 00
" Angus McPherson, 4 con	31 00
" Donald Swainson, Portage road	37 00
" John McFadyen	7 00
" Edward Farrell, 2 con	8 00
" Dan Davis, $63.00 and $15.00	78 00
" Wm. Grant, 4 con	25
" Malcolm McMillan, 1 qr road	30 00
" Robert Wright	1 00
" John McArthur, 1 qr road	8 80
" Kenneth Ure, 3 qr road	30 00
" John Evens, Portage road	25 00
" Robert Wright	5 70
" Chas. Yule, Portage road	5 00
	$2297 30

INDIGENTS.

By paid Mrs. Newcombe	$ 30 00
" A. McPherson, for Mrs. Morrisey	15 00
" John Birmingham, for Mrs. McCallum	10 00
" W. Ashman, for Donald Carmichael	10 00
" W. McKenzie, for Mrs. Forbes	10 00
" A. Carmichael, for Alex Chisholm	10 00
" Peter Gunn, for Miss McInnes	17 00
" Mrs. McQuarrie	15 00
" W. McKenzie, for Mrs. Sickles	25 00
" Rev. J. L. Murray, for Barbara Graham	
	$152 00

SALARIES AND COMMISSIONS.

By paid A. MacArthur, Collector	$ 82 76
" Angus McEachern, Assessor	90 00
" do for selecting jurors	4 00
" G. W. Millar, part salary for 1876	60 00
" A. Carmichael, Reeve for 1876	38 00
" W. Ashman, Deputy-Reeve for 1876	19 20
" E. H. McEachern, Councillor for 1876	15 84
" Wm. McKenzie do	53 12
" Hector McEachern do	52 76
" John McTaggart, Auditor for 1876	8 00
" Duncan Campbell do	5 00
" G. W. Millar, Clerk	90 00
" A. C. Campbell, Treasurer	50 00
" Rev. J. L. Murray, Sub-Treasurer for schools	10 00
	$636 68

SCHOOLS.

By paid Union S. S. No. 1, Local Assessment	$ 568 00
" do No. 2, do	250 00
" do No. 9, do	170 62
" S. S. No. 1, Local Assessment	100 00
" do 2, do	210 00
" do 3, do	320 00
" do 5, do	200 00
" do 6, do	300 00
" do 7, do	90 00
" do 8, N. R. Tax $38.46, $200.00	238 46
" do 2, error in over assessment	51 64
" do 2, Non-resident tax	13 28
" do 3, excess of assessment in 1875	10 98
" do 3, Non-resident tax	7 50
" do 5, do	22 40
" do 7, do	3 40
" do 7, Surplus fund	1 16
" do 3, do	3 67
" do 4, do	697 08
" do 6, do	888 40
" do 7, do	321 18
" Union S. S. No. 9 do	3 40
	$4634 13

MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNTS.

By paid James Stuart for sidewalks	$ 20 00
" Sub-Treasurer, school grant for 1875	500 00
" Thos. Matchett, County Rate for 1875	3431 00
" Express charges on monies deposited	2 10
" A. C. Campbell, refunds of as 5th con. survey	13 10
" Joseph Cooper, printing	58 40
" Neil Gilchrist, repairing scraper	1 00
" A. Carmichael, over-charge of taxes of 1874, to Arch'd Campbell, lot 6, con. 5	2 05
" N. F. Patterson, *re* Morison *vs.* Eldon	5 00
" Angus McEachern, mending scraper	3 50
" Dougald Brown, land purchase	31 84
" G. W. Millar, *re* McKay *vs.* McLellan (1876)	16 47
" C. D. Barr, printing	56 30
" Joseph Cooper, printing	49 55
" Jas. Currie, printing	21 00
" Cash deposited in Bank of Toronto	2925 17
" Cash deposited in Merchant's Bank, Lindsay	800 00
" S. & O. Bigelow's purchase of pt lot 17, S. P. R.	24 87
" Exchange and postage on draft	1 07
" Alex. McLean, for polling booth	4 00
" Jas. Stuart, do	4 00
" Wm. Ashman do	4 00
" Robert Armstrong do	4 00
" W. Young, license refund, 1874	20 00
" A. Morison, plank for culvert	2 25
" Wm. Ashman, for Neil McMillan	1 00
	$7602 67
Total expenditures	$15413 08
Dec. 31 By cash in hands of Treasurer	165 29
	$15578 37

SUMMARY.

To total amount of Receipts, as per detailed statement above	$15578 37
By paid for road jobs	$ 2297 30
" To indigents	152 00
" For salaries and commissions	636 68
" For schools	4634 13
" For Miscellaneous accounts	7692 67
	$15413 08
To cash on hand	165 29
	$15578 37

WE certify that we have carefully examined the above accounts, compared the same with the vouchers produced, and found them correct.

JOHN McTAGGART, DAVID SIDEY, } Auditors.

Arnprior, 28th March, 1877.

Dominion Organ Company.

COPY OF OFFICIAL REPORT OF AWARD TO DOMINION ORGAN COMPANY, BOWMANVILLE, FOR ORGANS EXHIBITED AT THE CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,

PHILADELPHIA, 1876.

The United States Centennial Commission has examined the report of the Judges, and accepted the following reasons, and decreed an award in conformity therewith.

PHILADELPHIA, December 5th, 1876.

REPORT OF AWARDS.

Product, Reed Organs. Name and address of Exhibitor, Dominion Organ Co., Bowmanville, Ont.

The undersigned, having examined the product herein described, respectfully recommends the same to the United States Centennial Commission for Award, for the following reasons, viz:

"The reed tones they have produced in their instruments are pure and satisfying, combining great richness of volume, and have a sympathetic and delicate expression, with musical combinations, an elastic touch, and good general workmanship."

E. K. OLIVER, Signature of the Judge.

APPROVAL OF GROUP JUDGES.

J. SCHUMACHER, F. A. RIPKA, J. E. HILGARD, E. LEVASSEUR, WILLIAM THOMSON, F. A. P. BARNARD, ED. FAVRE PERRET, JAMES C. WATSON, GEO. F. BRIDGE, JOSEPH HENRY.

A true copy of the record.

FRANCIS A. WALKER, Chief of the Bureau of Awards.

Given by authority of the United States Centennial Commission.

A. T. GOODRICH, *Director-General.*

J. L. CAMPBELL, *Secretary.* J. R. HAWLEY, *President.*

AWARD FOR FIRST PRIZE.

DOMINION ORGAN Co., Bowmanville Ont.

Hussey & Smilley.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SAVE MONEY.

JAS. HAISLEY,

Of the New Harness Depot, Kent Street, opposite the Mansion House, Lindsay, offers to all

HARNESS

Collars, Horse Blankets, Circingles, Whips, Rein, Curry Combs, and Brushes of every description. Trunks and Valises of all sizes. From 5 to 10 per cent. allowed on former prices off all the above named articles to those who bring the "Money Cause Down;" or short credit will be given those hard times. All work warranted to give good satisfaction, or your money will be refunded. As I pay the highest price to get the best leather in the market, I am not afraid to recommend my stock or workmanship to the public without misrepresentation nor too often the case. Remember the place, sign of the Mammoth Collar.

JAS. HAISLEY.

Printing.

STEAM JOB PRINTING.

The Canadian Post

JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT

has been furnished with steam power, and having received large additions to its already large stock of fancy type, scripts, ornaments, wood and metal poster type, is prepared to execute promptly and at low rates orders for any kind of printing, such as

PAMPHLETS,	STEAMBOAT BILLS,
POSTERS,	RAILWAY BILLS,
CREDIT SALE BILLS,	FUNERAL CARDS,
AUCTION SALE BILLS,	BILL HEADINGS,
CONCERT BILLS,	SHOW BILLS,
BUSINESS CARDS,	PROGRAMMES,
CHEQUE BOOKS,	STAGE BILLS,
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PRINTING IN COLOURS from the finest card to the largest poster at reasonable rates.

Masson Manufacturing Co.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

Any person requiring a sulky rake for the coming season will do well to see the

GALLOWAY

HORSE DUMPING SULKY RAKE,

Now being manufactured by the

MASSON MANUFACTURING CO., OSHAWA,

Before closing with any other firm.

The device for dumping on this Rake is both positive and durable, and is an entirely new idea, originating in the Masson Manufacturing Company's Works, every part of which is fully covered by letters patent.

It has solid wrought iron axles, and every other part is made strong and durable, having no clutches, ratchets or spring to get out of order like those formerly built by them.

Some parties have endeavored to mislead the public by circulating reports that the Masson Manufacturing Company were not intending to build any rake this year; and again that the Galloway Rake is an infringement on the Barclay & Kennedy patent—in neither of which reports is there one particle of truth. To the first they would say that they have now **Two Thousand** in course of construction, and fully three-fourths of them are already ordered for different parts of the country, and to the second they would say that the Galloway Rake was out in competition with nearly every other Rake manufactured in Canada at the fairs held last fall in Hamilton, London, Guelph, Cobourg, Port Hope, Whitby and other places, and was awarded the **First Prize** at the Western Fair in London, (where 13 rakes competed, including the Barclay & Kennedy) over the rakes that took the first prize at the Provincial Exhibition, and was admitted by all who saw it at the different fairs to be the best rake ever introduced, combining simplicity with durability, and as different in mechanical ingenuity and construction as daylight is from darkness.

The Galloway Rake is fully warranted to do what it is represented to do or no sale, and the teeth used on this Rake are made exclusively for the Masson Manufacturing Company by an entirely new process, by which it is almost impossible for them to break or fail in any way, and as **Every Tooth is Warranted** to them, they undertake to replace any defective one free of charge if returned to their works or agents before the first of September of the year in which the rake was bought.

They have a quantity of Rakes on hand, such as they made last year and by the Joseph Hall Company in 1875, of the Barclay & Kennedy pattern, and known as the "Oshawa Rake No. 1," which they will sell at a very great reduction, therefore be sure not to close with any other maker before examining them.

PRICE OF RAKE FOR 1877.—The Galloway Horse Dump, $35; Oshawa No. 1, $30 to $35, with a liberal discount off for Cash.

THE MASSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

GEO. A. MASSON, Managing Director.

We also manufacture the Celebrated

SUPERIOR SPRING HOE DRILL

AND BROAD-CAST SEEDER,

With Grass Seed Attachment, front or rear, at $85 each.

The "Superior" took the highest award at the Centennial Exhibition, being the only drill that was awarded two medals.

Every Seeder and Drill fully warranted to work as represented.

JAMES FLUREY, Agent Lindsay District. N. B. CAMPBELL, Agent Woodville District. 919.

Peterboro Foundry.

PETERBOROUGH FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS.

The undersigned has got up some of the NEWEST DESIGNS of

CAST IRON FRONTS AND COLUMNS, WINDOW SILLS, CAPS, GRATINGS, &c., For Stores and Buildings.

Cast Iron Railings, of different patterns	Ends for Church Seats,
Crresting for Buildings,	Draw Seat Handles,
Cast Iron Chairs and Vases, for Lawns and Verandas,	Book Rack Brackets,
Gallery Columns,	Ends for School Desks and Seats,
	Potash Kettles,

HAND FIRE ENGINES, FOR GARDEN PURPOSES, ETC.,

CASTINGS AND FORGINGS, MILL MACHINERY,

ENGINES AND BOILERS FOR CHEESE FACTORIES, ETC., ETC.,

CHEAP, AND OF THE BEST QUALITY.

WM. HAMILTON, Peterborough.

P. S.—I am also prepared to get up any new design for Buildings, to suit the Architect.—909-13.

Bartlett.

CHARLES BARTLETT,

BUTCHER,

Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of

BEEF AND MUTTON, AND ALL MEATS IN SEASON,

Which he sells at the lowest living profits. A call respectfully solicited. Remember the place,

Haslam's Old Stand, near the Post Office Corner, Kent Street.

P. J. Hurley.

P. J. HURLEY

Is now offering his

FIFTY CT. TEA FOR FORTY CTS.

SALT, PLASTER, COAL OIL, FISH, FLOUR AND FEED, PORK, AND GENERAL GROCERIES.

Are also selling very low for Cash.

P. J. HURLEY.

Jewellery.

IF YOU WANT A NICE PRESENT

GO TO

J. A. PORTE'S.

Just received a new assortment of

Watches, Chains, Rings, Brooches, Ear Rings, Sets, &c., Cheap for the "Hard Times."

J. A. PORTE.

FOR FINE WATCHES AND JEWELLERY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, Rich Vases and Motto Cups, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Bronzes, Statuettes, &c., Parlour Games, Albums, Concertinas, Violins, &c.

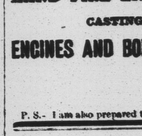
SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY

With an endless variety of novelties, all suitable for the season, personally selected in the best market

J. P. JOHNSTON, LINDSAY.

Stephenson & Thompson.

NEW FIRM.



STEPHENSON & THOMPSON,

(Successors to John Doyell, late Stephenson & Doyell)

Have in stock a large variety of

STOVES AND TINWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Sole manufacturers of the Celebrated

Stephenson Patent Furnace,

For dwellings and public buildings—the best and cheapest in use.

Special attention of the country trade is solicited.

Tinsmithing, Roofing, and all Outside Work promptly attended to.

KENT STREET, LINDSAY.

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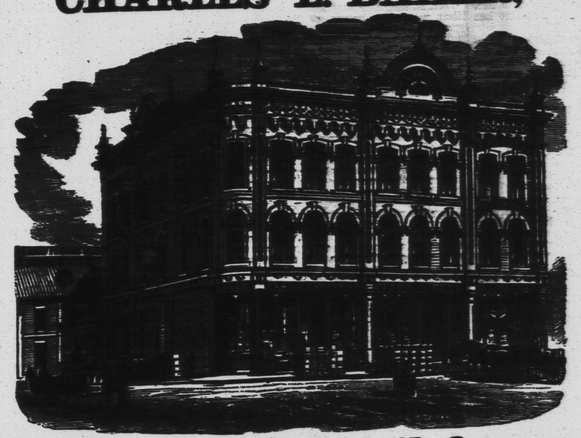

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

CORNER KENT AND CAMBRIDGE STS.

LINDSAY - - ONTARIO.

CHARLES L. BAKER,

DEALER IN GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

AND PROPRIETOR OF

LINDSAY PACKING HOUSE,

CAMBRIDGE STREET, LINDSAY.

Philip Nicolle.

THE CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE STORE will, on the 1st of May, 1877, Remove on the West Side of William Street, Next Store to Markham's old stand, where the subscriber will be pleased to see his friends and customers. Having just returned from the best markets, and selected a very large stock of goods at low prices for William Street Store, will enable him to sell cheaper than elsewhere after that date for reasons easily explained, rent, low rent, no taxes. Any person in need of goods from this date will secure bargains rather than moving goods, by calling at the old stand, Kent Street. And also have as in the past, and will in future, keep the largest stock, best assorted, and greatest variety of goods in Lindsay. The public will find his stock in future double to what it ever was on Kent St., consisting of China, Glass, Earthenware, Cutlery, Silver-Plated Ware, Lamps, Fancy Goods, Bird Cages and Teas. PHILIP NICOLLE. Remember the stand, west side of William Street, after 1st of May. Lindsay, March 29th, 1877.—916.

Dobson & Niblock.

DOBSON & NIBLOCK,

KENT STREET, LINDSAY

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fresh Teas	General Groceries
Tobaccos,	Wines,
Coffees	Liquors
Sugars,	And Cigars.

Keep constantly in stock a large assortment of the above goods, which being bought in the best markets and on the most advantageous terms, they are enabled to give the very best value to their customers and the public.

Seeds.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

CLOVER, TIMOTHY,

And all kinds of

FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS,

Warranted fresh, and at the lowest price. Also

Seeders, Drills and Reapers.

Remember the Sign of the Plow, Kent Street, Lindsay.

JAMES KEITH.

John Pyne.

NEW HARDWARE AND GROCERY STORE.

JOHN PYNE,