Remnants!

at

COST PRICE.

$2

WORTH

$3.

HEAVY SHIPMENTS

ON THE ATLANTIC

FOR

J. F. GIMSON'S

Dry Goods Emporium

New Prints!

New Cottons!

New Hats and Caps!

☞ *Terms Cash.* *Plain Figures.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Remnants—J. F. Gimson.
Wholesale and Retail—Gemejagers.
Great Clearing Sale—D. McDonald.
Insolvent Act of 1864—S. C. Wood.
Lindsay Woollen Factory—G. W. Smith.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1866.

The Interest-Bearing Debentures.

The advertisement for tenders for debentures promised by Mr. Galt, appeared in the *Canada Gazette* of Saturday, and is to the effect that applications will be received up to the 10th prox. by the Receiver-Genl's department for the purpose of provincial debentures, to be issued in denominations of $100, $200, $500, and $1,000, and bear 7 per cent interest, payable half-yearly, and redeemable on the 1st Sept., 1868, at the same office, at par. The application must state the rate and respective denominations required by purchasers. Deposit receipts will be given by the Receiver-General, countersigned by the minister of Finance, to be held by the purchasers until the debentures are ready for delivery, and the money may be paid into any branch of the Bank of Montreal to the credit of the Receiver-General. Interest will be allowed to purchasers from the date of deposit, if the application is accepted.

Lands Sold for Taxes.

Land-owners will do well to examine the title deeds of their lands before the 18th of September. The Registration Act of 1865, contains a clause in the following terms:

"All deeds for lands sold for taxes or under process of law, before the passing of this Act, shall be registered within one year of the passing of the Act, otherwise the parties respectively claiming under any such sales shall not be deemed to have preserved their priority as against a purchaser in good faith who may have acquired priority of registration."

This Act was assented to on September 18th, 1865—and therefore the time for registration under it expires next month.

VICTORIA TEA STORE.—We have received a new advertisement from Mr. Jas. Watson, but too late for insertion in this issue. He has just received his Fall Stock of Teas, and making this a special article in trade, he is enabled to offer inducements for Cash that will satisfy any party that will call; the Teas are all fresh and have been selected with great care. The conections now formed will make this a leading article, and at least ten per cent. cheaper than any other Store in the County of Victoria. Back country merchants wanting to sort up their stocks, are requested to call and examine prices.

GENTLEMEN in search of good Coatings, Tweeds or Cottons, will do well to call with S. & O. Bigelow, as they have a nice assortment, and at very low prices. It is almost unnecessary to say their Cottons and Prints are the cheapest in town. Low prices to Cash buyers. Every sort of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts just received.

LONDON SOCIETY for August.—This magazine still maintains its position as being the *very best* illustrated periodical published. Its contents are extremely interesting—just the kind of light reading most people fancy. Londoners and all who have any acquaintance with England's capital will be delighted with Mark Lemon's "Up and Down the London Streets," which is continued monthly, and illustrated with sketches of the old landmarks. W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto, are the Canadian agents, to whom all orders may be addressed.

MEETING.—We have been requested to say that a meeting of the members of the Lindsay and County Victoria St. Andrew's Society, with be held at the Jewett House, this (Friday) evening, at eight o'clock. Business of importance will be brought up, and a full attendance is desirable.

Third Provincial Sabbath School Convention.

At the Provincial Sabbath School Convention in Hamilton, last year, the "Sabbath School Association of Canada" was organized, with an Executive Committee to manage its affairs. It was also unanimously resolved to hold a similar Convention on the first Tuesday and two following days of September next. Mr. S. J. Lyman, on behalf of Montreal, tendered a warm and pressing invitation to the Convention to make that city the place of meeting, which was heartily accepted. The Executive Committee, in accordance with the above, have great pleasure in inviting Ministers of the Gospel, Delegates from Sabbath School Associations, and from Sabbath Schools, to assemble in the city of Montreal, on Tuesday Wednesday and Thursday, the 4th, 5th and 6th days of September next. It is particularly requested that County Secretaries of the Sabbath School Association of Canada will attend, to afford verbal reports and to otherwise aid in the Convention. While there is no limitation to the number of Delegates, it is hoped that every county, if not every township and Sabbath School, will be represented on this occasion. A prize of $20 will be given to the writer of the best Essay, to be read before the Convention, on "The Sabbath School Teacher, his place and power." The Essay not to exceed the size of an ordinary eight-page tract, and to become the property of the Association. It is requested that the Essays be distinguished by suitable mottoes, and that the real name of the writers be inclosed separately in a sealed envelope, to be opened after the decision of the Judges. The Rev. J. M. Gibson, F. A. Torrance, Esq., and Rev. J. Jenkins, D. D., have been requested to examine the Essays and award the Prize; the Essays to be sent to the Rev. J. M. Gibson, not later than the 28th of August. The several Railway and Steamboat Companies have agreed to convey persons attending the Convention for one fare, with the exception of the Great Western, which charges one-quarter fare on return. Delegates will pay their fare to Montreal, and, on leaving, be furnished with certificates which will entitle them to return free. Delegates and Visitors will please give notice of their intended presence at the Convention to Mr. F. E. Grafton, Bookseller, Montreal, that arrangements may be made for their comfort during the Convention. On arriving in Montreal, they will please go to Zion Church, (Dr. Wilkes') where the Local Committee will attend in the basement to give them introductions to friends, who will kindly receive and entertain them during their stay. Those who purpose attending will please to give the following subjects, proposed for discussion, due consideration:—1st, Teachers' Training and Preparation Class Meetings; 2nd, The gathering in and retaining of neglected Children; 3rd, Infant means of Grace; 4th, Libraries; 5th, Singing; 6th, Retention of Senior Scholars.

Meeting of the Church of England Society and Synod.

The quarterly session of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto took place in Toronto on Wednesday the 8th inst. The occasion being on the eve of the annual session of the Diocesian Synod, a large number of the clerical and lay members of the Society were present, and considerable interest was manifested in the proceedings. At ten o'clock the members of the Society, and a number of the congregation of St. James', attended divine service in the cathedral, where a full choral service was performed. Prayers were intoned by the Rev. Dr. Bevan, and the Lessons read by the Rev. Geo. Bull; the Rev. Mr. Allen of Manvers afterwards preaching an able discourse.

At two o'clock the meeting opened in St. George's School House, John Street—the Ven. Archdeacon Bethune in the Chair. The annual report of the financial statement of the Society for the past year was read by the Secretary. The gross amount of receipts was $24,502 51—the amount of expenditure being $17,336 65.

The Synod of this Diocese assembled in St. George's Church, Toronto, on Thursday the 9th inst. Previous to that hour the usual morning service was held in the Church. His Lordship the Bishop of Toronto took the chair amidst applause, at the opening of the Synod. There was a very full attendance. The Clerical Secretary, Rev. J. G. Geddes, having called the roll of clerical delegates, the Lay Secretary, Mr. James Bovell, M.D., then called over the names of the several parishes and their representatives. The Bishop subsequently delivered a most eloquent address, which we regret we cannot make room for in these columns.

A spirited discussion arose regarding the election of a Coadjutor Bishop—a small minority being in favour of placing the nomination in the hands of the English bench of bishops, should the result of the ballot in the Synod show a majority of votes favourable to this course; but this was overruled, as it was held to be ridiculous for the Synod to delegate the powers given it by Parliament, and it was at length resolved that the election of a Coadjutor Bishop should take place on the 19th of September next, in St. George's Church. We may remark that the names of the Rev. Dr. Bethune of Cobourg, Prof. Whittaker of Trinity College, and Rev. Dr. Fuller of Toronto, are mentioned as probable candidates for this responsible office.

Mr. Harman read the bill incorporating the Synod of the Diocese of Toron.., which was agreed to, after which he moved a resolution that the Synod favourably recognize the necessity of the amalgamation of the Synod and Church Society, and make application to Parliament in this behalf. This was carried.

A petition to the Legislature praying that such an amendment will be made to the Common School Act as will enable the children of the lowest classes to obtain their share of the benefit of said act, was adopted.

Votes of thanks were then passed to the Rev. Mr. Allen for his sermon at the opening of the Synod; to the ladies for the luncheons provided at the Orphans' Home; and to Mr. Carter and ladies and gentlemen who assisted in the Choir at the opening service; after which the Synod adjourned.

Meeting of the U. C. Teachers' Association.

This body held is Sixth Annual Meeting at the Temperance Hall, Toronto, commencing on Tuesday, the 7th inst. The Rev. Dr. Ormiston, of Hamilton, President, took the chair and delivered the opening Address. Mr. J. B. McGann read the report of the Committee on Physical Education, which strongly advocated the general adoption of military exercise for a couple hours daily for boys, and of calithenics for the girls,—basing the recommendation on the necessity there existed in the human sysem for the joint development of the powers of mind and body. Messrs. Froude, McCaston, Moorehouse, Scarlett, Nelles, Alexander, and McCallum, supported the report, like sensible men; but it was voted down by the majority, who thought somewhat as did a Mr. Collins, who said "he was a teacher "who had always taught in rural sections, "was of opinion that the school hours should "be nearly all devoted to mental culture, "at least in those sections. The children "had, no doubt, physical training enough "outside. He that thought some gymnastic "training might be given them, but no mili-"tary exercise. Conscientiously, he felt, "with a great many, that he could not in "any way carry out such a system of train-"ing; was, in his view, unchristian work, "and he would promote it in no way."

On Wednesday, the Rev. A. Wickson, Rector of the Toronto Grammar School, read a very able Essay, bearing upon the position and duties of the Teacher, and the advantage and necessity of Education.

It was moved by Mr. J. Carlisle, seconded by Mr. Seith, that this Association fully recognizes the importance of regular attendance on our schools, and hope that ere long measures will be adopted to compel the attendance of all children at school for at at least four months a year. Several gentlemen, including Rev. Dr. O'Meara, spoke, when the motion was put and carried by a small majority.

Several Reports of Committees were then received and adopted. The vote of the first day, on military training in Schools, was re-considered on Thursday, when, after an address from Mr. J. G. Hodgins, Deputy Superintendant of Education, who was in favour of military training, it was moved by Mr. Henry Reasin, seconded by Mr. McCabe, that in the opinion of this Convention the Government should afford facilities by which the Grammar and Common School masters may, during their vacations, gain a knowledge of military drill, to enable them to give a course of military instruction to their pupils. The motion was carried unanimously.

The Convention then proceeded to elect the officers of the Association for the ensuing year, and the following gentlemen were elected:—

For President, Rev. Dr. Ormiston, Hamilton; 1st Vice-President, Mr. Wm. McCabe, LL. B., Prin. Grammar School, Ottawa; 2nd do, Mr. Alexander, Prin. Com. School, Newmarket; 3rd do, Mr. Anderson, Prin. Park st. School, Toronto; 4th do, Mr. J. B. Dixon, M.A., Prin. United Gram. and Com. School, Colborne; 5th do, Dr. Carlyle, Prin, Provincial Model School, Toronto; 5th do, Prof. W. W. Nellis, M.A., Prin. Union School, Clinton; Recording Secretary, Mr. A. McMurchy, B.A., Math Manter Secretary Gram. School, Toronto; Corresponding Secretary, Mr. D. Ormiston, B. A., Prin. Gram. School Berlin; Treasurer, M.A., Prin. Central School, Hamilton; Councillors, Rev. Dr. Wickson, Prin. Grammar School, Toronto; Mr. Hunter, Provincial Common School, Stratford; Mr. Campbell, Lancaster: Mr. D. Johnson, Provincial, Central School, Cobourg, and Mr. J. C. Buchanan, Principal, Central School Preston.

Mr. G. Young moved, seconded by Mr. McGann, that the next convention of this Association be held in Toronto, commencing on the first Tuesday in Aug., 1867.—Carried.

The convention adjourned on the following day.

Rowdyism.

Our town has lately been disgraced by the exhibition of conduct more befitting an unwashed vagrant than one from whom honour and at least outward gentlemanly bearing were to be expected; and as report says this is not the first time which the defendant in the trial of the recent disturbance at the house of an unprotected woman, has demonstrated his inability to conduct himself in anything like a proper manner, it is quite time that the law and public opinion should be brought to bear upon this pest of society. The evidence in the case tried at the Police Court on Saturday last is before us, but we deem it unnecessary to publish it, as the main facts are well known in this neighbourhood. Mrs. Helps and three witnesses were examined, and their evidence is clear against Mr. Hawke. He prowled about the streets on the Tuesday night in question till an early hour in the morning, then went to the house of Mr. Helps, who was absent at the time, played the mimic, and when that did not answer his purpose, turned his attention to breaking into the house, at the same time blaspheming in the wildest manner. We understand that this man Hawke—for whom no shadow of apology can be offered—was in his sober senses at the time he made this manly attack on the house of the unprotected woman, so that even this plea will not hold for an instant; but even had he been under the influence of liquor, the crime would have been none the less. What his design was may be conjectured. Thro' Mrs. Helps' intervention, Hawke, instead of being sent to the Assizes, was tried summarily and fined; but like "the dog returning to his vomit again," he—as appears from Mr. Helps' letter in another column—takes to making threats of what he will do, and so on. The man's character crops out plainly. Having been disappointed in getting the woman whom he had wronged to pass over the outrage in silence, he plays the bully, in order to ease his wounded feelings (of the pocket). We trust, however, that Mr. Hawke will learn to behave himself hereafter; but should he not, the law, which he impudently sets at defiance, may make him. It is useless for us to expect any reform amongst the less unpretending rowdy part of our population when a well-dressed ruffian like Hawke sets them the example of grossly insulting respectable ladies.

Auction Sale of Property.

Since our issue of last week there have been two or three land sales, and the prices realized would seem to indicate that real estate in the County of Victoria is looking up. On Friday, Mr. Wm. L. Russell, Auctioneer, offered for sale, on behalf of the Trust and Loan Company, of which Mr. Dormer is agent in this town, two valuable farms situated within a short distance of Lindsay, in the Township of Ops. The attendance was numerous, the bidding spirited, and the terms cash. The McKenna farm—100 acres—was knocked down for $1700 to J. L. Thompson, Esq., a gentleman lately out from England; and Capt. Deacon, of H. M. 1st Royals, was the fortunate purchaser of the Logie property—100 acres—for the sum of $1680. We are glad to learn that it is the intention of both gentlemen to become permanent residents of the County, and that ere long they will erect, on their respective properties, handsome and commodious dwellings.

Another sale took place on Tuesday,—Mr. John Douglas, Auctioneer,—at which a very eligible piece of property changed hands at a fair price. We did not learn the buyer's name, nor the amount of purchase money.

"Stop my Paper."

Some two weeks since Wm. Thornhill, Esquire, "one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for this County," handed us in a letter referring to matters connected with the Rev. Mr. Cameron and the Baptist church of this place. As the letter bore reference purely to private affairs in relation to the pastor and the church, and were in no way interesting to the general public, we declined to insert Mr. Thornhill's badly written, badly spelt and nonsensical production; whereupon this erudite J.P. stops his paper, which he had paid for in advance, and no doubt imagines he has thereby "scotched the snake," if he has not killed him. This "stop my-paper" habit is an old trick of Mr. Thornhill's; but we fear it will not help his case any, as we are supposed to know our duty, and will perform it, even at the risk of losing fifty subscribers of this touchy individual's stamp.

THE CHURCHMAN'S FAMILY MAGAZINE for August.—From W. C. Chewett & Co., Toronto, the publishers' Canadian agents, we have received the current number of this popular monthly. An article entitled "The Church and the Wesleyans" will be read with interest. The writer endeavours to show why every means should be taken to induce the Wesleyan Methodists to rejoin the Established Church, "as they never separated willingly from her, and in point of doctrine differ very little, if at all, from her." The other articles are: Calvados—Ritualism—Secular Illustrations of Scripture Texts—The Holiday Task—Summer—Reminiscences old Yorkshire Life and Manners—Plain Words on Biblical Criticism—Servants versus Mistresses—A Village Sketch—Our Clerical Club, embracing: Tregelles' New Testament; The Critical English Testament; Essays on the Church and the World; Trollope's Sketches of Clergymen; Mrs. Ellis on the Beautiful; Felix Holt, the Radical; Pamphlet Literature; The New Preface to Ecce Homo; Up the Country.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for August contains portraits of Benj. Franklin, Lewis Cass, C. F. Brydges, Brunell, Mrs. Parkhurst, etc., with articles on Responsibility, Sowing and Reaping, the Servant Question, Getting Married, Writing, The Philosophy of Phonography, How to Live, Air and Sunlight, Summer and its Lessions, Over-eating, Head and Body, Man-monkeys, Insanity and Religious Excitements, Physiognomy, Time, Tune, Veneration, Double Chins, Large Ears, etc. Published by Fowler & Wells, New York, at $2 a year.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.—In order to make room for heavy Fall importations, Mr. D. McDonald—Mr. Lenihan's old stand—announces in another column a clearing sale, at prices which cannot fail to meet the wishes of the closest buyer.

PUBLIC MEETING.—The Mayor has very properly, at the instance of a numerously signed requisition, issued his Proclamation enjoining that Monday next be observed in Lindsay as a public holiday. The shops will be closed, and business suspended.

EXCURSION.—In connection with the holiday on Monday, the steamer Ogemah will carry excursionists to the Oak Orchard, and various points of interest on the lower lakes. The fare is low, and a pleasant trip, should the weather be favourable, may be expected.

LECTURE.—Go to the Temperance Lecture by Mrs. De Geer, in the Town Hall, on Tuesday the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, p. m.

Omemee.

ACCIDENT.—We regret very much to learn that an accident of a very serious nature befel a son of Mr. Malloch, a well-known "section boss" of the P. H. L. & B. R. R., one day last week, of which the following are the circumstances: A tame robin having escaped to the top of a tree near the house, the young lad, Thomas, put on a pair of scalers, such as are used in stringing telegraph lines, and proceeded to climb the tree, but when about 30 feet high he slipped and fell upon a log underneath, breaking a leg, severely injuring an arm, and receiving other injuries of a very painful kind. Under the careful attention of Dr. Black, he is progressing as favourably as could yet be expected.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—An accident of a very painful kind occurred in this village on Saturday afternoon last, by which a little boy, 4 years old, son of Mr. Wm. Matchett, may possibly lose his life. While the father and a man named Wilkinson were engaged in unloading a load of barley in the barn, Wilkinson, who was in the mow, allowed his fork, a four-pronged one, to slide down to the floor, where unfortunately the little boy was at the time, unperceived. The fork struck him obliquely in its fall on the head, and one of the middle teeth penetrated the top of the back part of the head to the depth of about two inches. The little fellow is still living and under the skillful attention of Dr. Black.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—A very large and interesting Temperance meeting was held in the Town Hall on Monday evening last, under the auspices of the Order of Templars established here some time ago.—The chair was taken at 8 o'clock by Wm. Wood, Esq., who in a neat little speech introduced himself and the several speakers. The Rev. Messrs. Pomroy, McClung, McDermaid, Barker, Norris, Scott, Gundy and Williams spoke, each in his turn, and "short and sweet" being necessarily the order of the evening, the addresses delivered were short and pithy, and at their close applauded. Of course where so many found opportunity to "spurge" it would be invidious, if not difficult, to particularize a tithe of what was said. We must content ourselves therefore with remarking simply that the speaking throughout was good, and that the arguments were with one exception of the *example* and expediency caste. We shall be happy to see these Temperance meetings continued, which we believe is the intention, throughout the Fall and Winter, for it is such meetings, and such alone, when interesting, that will throw life into "dry bones" and revive our Temperance "fossils."

THE LATE DR. IRONS.—The monument in memory of the late Dr. Irons was set up in the burial ground of Christ Church, Omemee, a few days ago by Mr. Farquharson of Port Hope. It consists of four pieces of white marble, and stands nine feet high upon a plinth of freestone at the head of the grave. The spire is of prismatic form and stands 6f. 6in. upon a base one foot square. The striking feature of the whole column is the remarkable plainness and simplicity of its design, which is decidedly pleasing and appropriate. The inscriptions are as follows: On the east side, in basso-relievo: "In memory of Dr. John Irons, born Jan. 7th, 1822, died March 10th, 1862. He was a native of the County Fermanagh, Ireland, and emigrated to this country in the year 1842." "In memory of William Wallace Irons, son of Dr. J. Irons, born in New Brunswick July 1st, 1844, died Dec. 18th, 1863." On the west side: "This monument was erected by the Orangemen of the District of Emily in memory of the late Bro. Dr. John Irons, who at various times held prominent offices in the Grand Lodge of B. N.A., and who, during a period of 11 years, filled the office of County Master with credit to himself and to the Orange Body, which office he held at the time of his death. In him every Bro. lost a true friend, and the Institution one of its warmest and strongest supporters." Dr. Irons was a man who was decidedly popular in this Township, as a cheerful, amiable and sociable member of society. He was a man of generosity and enterprise; and although his manner and language may, at times, perhaps, have been open to question, yet his kindness of heart was admitted by all. Many an old settler here to-day takes pleasure and pride in recounting the numberous acts of kindness and liberality that invariably marked the intercourse of Dr. Irons with him, and in speaking of the many sacrifices he made, and the many days and nights he spent without fee or reward in the shanty of the backwoodsman, when prostrated with sickness. The erection of the monument, therefore, is looked upon best as a simple act of justice to the memory of a man who was worthy of remembrance, while it stands as a lasting testimony of the devotion and gratitude of Orangemen to a departed Brother, and a no less gratifying evidence of the vital energy existing in the Lodges of the District of Emily.

A WANT.—Some regret has been felt and expressed here by persons, during the past few days, at the want of a suggestion as to some mode by which a rather *short* man, with some short-*comings*, could be transmogrified into a rather *tall* man, for purposes of conspicuity and for other *tall* purposes of "minor importance." They should advertise.

Muskoka.

EXCURSION AND PIC-NIC ON MUSKOKA LAKE.—We are informed that on the 8th inst. the Temperance Organization known as the "Band of Friends," Lodges Nos. 1 and 2, had one of the most numerously attended Excursions of the season on board the "Wenonah." This Society has only been in existence a few months, and during that short space of time has had unprecedented success as regards additions to their numbers. Our old friend, Capt. McKay, was in waiting at Bracebridge with his stout craft, the "Wenonah," at an early hour to take the excursionists on board. About 9 o'clock along they came, with their wives and sweethearts, some of them with baskets laden with the good things of life in the shape of cakes, etc., to supply the wants of the Picnickers. The musical department was well represented by a fife and drum band, bagpipes and a melodeon—the last-named instrument being presided over by Mrs. Wm. Holdritch and Mr Wray, the son of the Church of England clergyman located at the North Falls. The Wenonah steered for the Indian river, the outlet of Lake Rousseau. Arrived at this point the Friends availed themselves of the grateful shade afforded by a neighbouring grove, where the wants of the inner man were amply satisfied. Afterwards some of the Friends, with prying curiosity; examined the site of the prospective Lock which is to connect the waters of Lakes Rousseau and Muskoka. Others walked about the Indian village and purchased various curiosities from one or two old Indians in BREECH-CLOUTS. Before leaving the Indian village the Friends were joined by Col. Cameron, Supt. of the Nipissing Colonization Road. If one were to judge of the popularity of an individual by the numerous greetings he receives from his acquaintances, this gentleman stands in high estimation amongst the inhabitants of Muskoka and vicinity. After all were safely ensconced on board the boat, the President of the Band of Friends, Mr. Gilman Wilson, requested Mr. Jacob Spence to take the chair, after which the Rev. Mr. Hiscock and Thos. McMurray, Esq., J.P.—the talented and popular lecturer and agent of the "United Canadian Alliance for the Total Suppression of the Liquor Traffic," spoke on the cause of Temperance, and the Rev. Messrs. Thornley and Edwards on behalf of Sabbath Schools. Some recitations followed from the children, and between the speeches, etc., the choir sang some beautiful glees, etc.—some of them being the composition of a local bard. Mrs. Holdritch played the accompaniments in splendid style. On arriving at Gravenhurst, where there is a wharf 300 feet long, Wm. Holdritch, Esq., seconded by Gilman Wilson, Esq., moved a vote of thanks to A. P. Cockburn, Esq., for his polite attentions to the excursionists during their very pleasant trip. Mr. McMurray then moved that this Party, feeling the deep and lasting obligations they were under to Mr. A. P. Cockburn, do pledge themselves to advance his interests and support that gentleman in carrying out his designs for the advancement of the Northern section of the country, which was carried unanimously. Mr. Cockburn, who, *en passant* we may remark is very popular with the inhabitants, replied in a neat impromptu speech, acknowledging the compliment paid to his enterprise. Mr. Davis, the steward, prepared an excellent lunch for those who required it after the day's amusement.

BRYAN'S WAFERS.

The great public remedy have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts per box.

Ops Council.

Saturday, August 4th.

The Council met this day, the members all present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by Mr. Duck, seconded by Mr. Read,—That an order be given Messrs. Needler & Saddler for $34.65, for plank for Dwyer's bridge; B. Mowry, $24, for the three scrayers; and E. D. Hand, $20, for printing and binding 200 copies of By-law No. 156.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Connolly, seconded by Mr. Collins,—That a resolution passed the 23rd of June last, granting W. Fagan $7.50 in payment for sheep killed by dogs, claimed to belong to said Fagan, be rescinded, as it is the opinion of this Council that said Fagan had no sheep killed by dogs.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Duck,—That the following sums be paid for road work in Ward No. 5, viz: Jno. Walker, mending a culvert on the middle line, $1; Samuel Brown, work on the line between the 10th and 11th concessions, $10; John Stenson, work on the first quarter line, 10th concession, $21.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Connolly, seconded by Mr. Duck,—That $10 be granted for the improvement of the Bond Head road on Lot No. 2, in the 5th concession, when the residents interested in said road pay an aqual amount to the Treasurer of this Township, to be expended on said road, and that Mr. Peter Shannon be a commissioner to expend the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Connolly, seconded by Mr. Collins,—That Michael Teevin get an order for $6 for work done on the road in the 10th concession, between lots 20 and 21—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Connolly, seconded by Mr. Reid,—That in accordance with the provisions of the Act 29 Victoria, Chapter 40, for the purpose of preventing the growth of Canada thistles, Patrick Connor get an order for $176.92, being for cutting thistles on the following lots, viz:—

Lot No.	21	in the	7th concession,		$112 12
S½	22	"	8th	"	10 70
N½	22	"	8th	"	6 25
W½	21	"	8th	"	43 80
SW¼	23	"	9th	"	4 00
—Carried.					$178 92

Moved by Mr. Connolly, seconded by Mr. Duck,—That J. McCarthy get an order for $10 for a coffin ordered by the Reeve for the late Matthew Farrell, an indigent person.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Duck, seconded by Mr. Collins,—That Wm. Maher get an order for $14, for work in No. 3, $7, and for work and gravel on Dyer's bridge, $7, general fund.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned until the third Saturday in September.

VISIT TO A CHEESE FACTORY.

MR. EDITOR,—On happening to state to you, when I met you on Saturday last at Manvers, that I was just on my return from visiting the new Cheese Factory of Mr. A. Garnett, of Cavan, you expressed a wish that I would furnish, for insertion in the *Canadian Post*, a description of the establishment, with some particulars as to the manner in which it is conducted, and under the impulse of the moment I partially concluded that I would endeavour to give a short account of what I saw, and the information regarding its management which I obtained, and the system on which it has been commenced, as well as some statistics connected with the process of converting the milk into cheese; but, as all I had gleaned had been merely committed to memory, and that rather a treacherous one, I find myself under the necessity of asking you to allow me at this time to decline entering into the details and minutiæ of routine which Mr. Garnett so readily communicated and explained, for my recollection has entirely failed me on many important points—many items which, if I had not forgotten, would, I feel sure, have interested not only such of our farmers as may be entertaining an idea of entering upon a similar branch of industry, but I think the public generally. My intention is to pay Mr. Garnett another visit shortly, when I hope to secure all the items of information I get from him in such a way that a plain intelligible communication can be made for your paper. I may add that the concern is only on a small scale at present, with a view no doubt to its extension ere long, being managed nearly altogether by the members of his own family. He only commenced it in the beginning of May last, and from the milk of 67 cows has averaged about 149 pounds of cheese daily, for six days of each week, and from all that I can hear the quality has been pronounced A 1 by quite a number of dealers in the article—some of our Lindsay Grocers among the rest. Mr. Garnett seems very sanguine that it will eventually become a paying business. He told me that scarcely a day passed without his having three or four visitors from different parts of the country, whose curiosity has been excited for seeing his little establishment. The whole process of the manufacture was quite novel to me, who had never before witnessed any but the antiquated method of making cheese, as practiced by our grandmothers. Mr. Garnett's farm consists of 200 acres, including a portion still in bush, and I think he rents 50 or 60 of an adjoining farm. The greater part of his own farm seems well adapted to dairy purposes. His location is on the 9th concession of Cavan, two miles east of the middle or gravel road, being about six miles north of Millbrook, and a drive of twenty-one miles from Lindsay.

Yours truly,

J. KNOWLSON.

OUR TAVERN INSPECTOR.—WHERE IS HE?

To the Editor of the Canadian Post:

SIR,—It must be evident to you and to every one who has the interest of the town at heart, that the official above alluded to is very dilatory in the discharge of his duties.

If, as events prove, evil is in stronger force in our town than good, a great deal of it is to be attributed to his neglect. People living in the suburbs of the Corporation, and perhaps Mr. Inspector himself, may see no just cause for complaint. The streets in their vicinity may be peaceful and quiet; the shouts of men intoxicated with liquor, and the obscene language used by such individuals may never disturb their repose. But residents on Kent and William streets enjoy no such quietness. It was only a few days ago I heard the very ominous remark, "Lindsay is getting to be a dreadful place Saturday nights."

The fact is, Mr. Editor, a few young men of our town known by the appellation of "bloods," and a few older ones who ought to know better, allured by the brilliant lights of tavern, and in connection with the same billiard and gambling rooms, wile away the hours of night, drinking, smoking, gambling, billiard playing, &c., and ever and anon making the night hideous by their defiant shouts and wild exclamations. Now, Mr. Editor, Saturday nights especially this programme is carried out in our town, and I can but think that our Inspector would render a good service to all peace-loving citizens, as well as the more religious portion of the community, if he would exercise the full extent of his authority.

If I mistake not, the Statutes provide that "in all places where by law intoxicating liquors are allowed to be sold by retail, no sale or other disposal of such liquors shall take place therein or on the premises thereof or out of, or from the same to any person whomsoever, from the hour of nine on Saturday evening until the hour of six on the Monday morning thereafter." How is it then that our Hotel and Saloon keepers are allowed to break the law, and stride across the command, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy?" as though it was worthy of no more notice than is the thread the spider throws across your path on a summer's morning. How is it that these places remain open, and the practice of selling liquor, billiard playing, &c., carried on until the hour of one or two o'clock Sunday morning?

Hoping, Sir, that these remarks, backed by the influence of your well-conducted journal, will be the means of bringing about the reform needed, I am, &c.,

APEX.

NOVELTIES IN

GENTS' HATS.

Two Cases of the following styles have been received this week:

Ridgeway,
Fort Erie,
Queen's Own,
& Gladstone.

An immense Stock of

HOOP SKIRTS,

which will be sold cheap.

D. THOMAS.

Keenan's Block,
Kent Street. 3400

A SCANDALOUS AND BRUTAL OUTRAGE.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post:

MR. EDITOR,—Please insert in your widely-circulated paper the following, which I feel due to myself, my wife and society at large, to write.

We left England three years ago next November, with $1500 in cash in my pocket, beside other valuable property; and I with the intention of settling in Canada we lived one year on a rented farm in the front near Toronto. Being a dry summer, and a very poor farm, we lost a good deal, and determined to remove to the back townships. We settled in Minden, where we were robbed of all we had in the country by the most scandalous injustice, as some of the lawyers of this town very well know, and the affair is still in the hands of Hector Cameron, Esq., of Toronto, as our Solicitor. Being robbed and starved out, as you may call it in Minden, we removed to Lindsay last January, where I have been working our days' work to obtain an honest living, until such time as I could get back my property. We are now living in a house opposite the Mayor's, owned by Mr. Peter McPhee. We have lived there now nearly three months.

About five weeks ago my wife, who is the grand daughter of Major General Y——, of the Royal Artillery, now long since dead, who served his country bravely under the Duke of York and Sir Ralph Abercrombie in Holland, Egypt and other places, and is also the daughter of a Solicitor of high standing in England, and withal a lady of great personal accomplishments and education, opened a school for the instruction of young ladies and small boys, also teaching them music and singing, and the school is progressing much to the satisfaction of her pupils' parents, as I was told personally by one of them—a highly respectable gentleman of this town—who sympathizes very much with us under the present brutal and undeserved outrage.

Being away four miles from Lindsay at work at the new house that is being finished for Mr. Thos. Hutton of Ops, I came home on Monday evening the 6th inst., and felt very tired after a long day's work and walking home, and having to start at four o'clock next morning to work again, I told my wife that I should not come home every night, as it was too long a walk; and as she had a respectable girl with her in the house, to learn her education, I thought she would be safe, but in this I was sadly disappointed. On the Tuesday night I did not come home. My wife and the girl tired about 9 o'clock Tuesday evening and were disturbed about 10 o'clock by someone opening the gate and knocking at the door, who then enquired for some person who he said lived near Judge Smith, and asked was not that Judge Smith's house opposite. My wife did not look out of the window, but directed him in a civil manner as well as she could where to find Judge Smith's house. He then closed the gate and went away. No doubt this was done to ascertain if I was at home or not, either by the fellow himself or one in league with him. The next morning Mr. Bryan Gungall did not know I was at home that night. My wife is of a nervous disposition, being subject to spasmodic affection of the heart, but being tired with waiting, she rather better these last few days, and was awakened about half-past 12 as near as she could judge afterwards by Bryan Gungall's clock, by a few knocks at our door, and a little dog came and scratched the bedclothes to let her know there was some one about. On hearing my wife talk to the dog the man made a heavy knock at the door and said, in an assumed voice, after being asked who was there, "Come down quickly and let me in, I am very tired after walking so far," thinking no doubt to make her believe it was myself. It was at the door and wanted admission at that late hour.

It is now unnecessary for me to repeat all the evidence as given at the Police Court before His Worship the Mayor and Mr. Thornhill on Saturday last, when the Defendant, Geo. W. Hawke, Dentist, of Lindsay, was convicted on unmistakable evidence, and fined in the sum of Twenty Dollars, including costs, to be forthwith, or the fine to be levied by distress on his goods and chattels, and if not sufficient goods and chattels be found to pay the fine, the defendant to be imprisoned in the County Gaol for Twenty Days. I must ask what was the meaning of the threats he used, "that my wife *should not have a minute's peace in town, as she remained in the town, and that she should not remain in her house two days longer.*

Mr. Editor, considering from the threats that my wife is still in danger of appealing to the Mayor, and to every good and law-loving man in the Town of Lindsay and neighbourhood, for your advice and sympathy under the present painful circumstances, as Geo. W. Hawke, Dentist, has said that *he and the Church of England to boot, had him up, and he did not care a d——n for anyone.* Under these circumstances it is well to enquire if the Church has said this, and if he still continues a member of the Church and gathers the sacred offerings in the house of God for its poor. It is, I think, quite time that the Revd. gentleman who officiates in the English Church of this town should be informed of the character of this black sheep of his flock, that he may not be allowed to disturb, insult, and annoy other members of the Church of England who have been members and Sunday School teachers from their childhood in their native land, and who would like to live useful and respectable in this their adopted country.

Mr. Editor, I must take this opportunity to thank those persons with whom we have conversed on the present painful occasion, for one so totally undeserving of such brutality, and must also beg to inform you that, in a truly Christian spirit, Mrs. Helps begged privately of the Mayor for a man who did not deserve clemency; but if the public are not satisfied, I wish to be informed if there is not yet a course to be adopted to punish more severely such villainy.

I remain, Mr. Editor,

Yours truly,

GEO. B. HELPS.

Lindsay, 14th August, 1866.

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER.—The "Canadian Pain Destroyer" instantly and permanently removes all pain from the system, and is decidedly the best medicine known for the cure of rheumatism, pleurisy, neuralgia, tic douloureux, toothache, cholic, burns, frost bites &c., and is so cheap that all can afford to buy it. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

A return signed by the Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands shows that Judge Lafontaine is a defaulter in his late capacity as a Crown Land Agent to the amount of $6,413,92.