In England!

J. F. GIMSON

BEING NOW IN THE

English Market,

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

In England—J. F. Gimson.
Mortgage Sale—John Douglas.
Great Show—Dan Castello.
Card—Dr. Whiteside.
Sale of Land in Eldon—A. Leith.
Dye Stuffs—W. J. Thirkell.
Great Reduction in Prices—Robert Spier.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JULY 27TH, 1866.

Enlargement.

Great Inducements to Subscribe!

EIGHTH VOLUME OF THE "CANADIAN POST."

LIBERAL PREMIUMS.

In order to increase our circulation to **Two Thousand,** it was our intention to make a personal canvass of the County; but we find, that to do so properly, more time would be taken up than we could possibly spare from the office. We have now adopted another method to effect the same end. It is as follows: We desire to interest a number of persons in each township of Victoria; the townships of Manvers and Cartwright, in Durham; and the townships of Brock, Thorah, Mara and Rama, in Ontario, in the obtaining subscribers for the CANADIAN POST; and in order to do so, and remunerate them for any trouble they may have in connection with the matter, we offer the following

PREMIUMS.

VICTORIA SEWING MACHINE: Any person forwarding us the names of FORTY Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive one of the Victoria Sewing Machines, valued at $20. This machine is an excellent article, and is warranted by the manufacturers.

REMINGTON'S REVOLVER: Any one forwarding us the names of THIRTY-SIX Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive one of Remington's Revolvers in a beautiful case, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging. This is a splendid article, and any one wishing to see a specimen can do so by calling at the Hardware Store of T. Foley & Co., Lindsay. The Pistol is worth $18.

FAMILY BIBLE: Any person forwarding us the names of TWENTY Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive a magnificently bound Family Bible, profusely illustrated with steel engravings, &c. This work is worth $10.

BOOKS AND ALBUM: Any person forwarding us the names of FIFTEEN Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive a copy of Barrett on the Languages, English, Latin, Greek, German, Spanish and French, 575 pages; 1st volume Saturday Reader, 500 pages; Cyclopedia of Europe, a comprehensive manual of European Geography and History, by F. H. Ungewetter, LL.D., 670 pages; and a beautiful Album for 50 pictures. This premium is worth $8. We trust that many of our school-teachers will enable us to hand them this premium.

BOOKS AND ALBUM: Any person forwarding us the names of TWELVE Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive How to Write; How to Talk; French, German, Spanish, Latin and Italian languages without a master; Godey's Lady's Book, 2 volumes, and an Album to hold 50 pictures; the whole worth $6.

BOOKS AND ALBUM: Any one forwarding us the names of TEN Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive the Atlantic Monthly, 2 volumes; a History of Scandinvia, from the early times of the Northmen and Vikings to the present day, by Prof. Sinding, 446 pages, maps and illustrations, and an Album to hold 25 pictures; the whole worth $5.50.

LADIES' PRIZE: Any person forwarding us the names of TEN Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive London Society, 2 volumes (an elegantly illustrated magazine,) and a splendid Album to hold 50 pictures. This premium is worth $5 50.

BOOKS: Any one forwarding us the names of SEVEN Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive a copy of Captains of the Roman Republic, by W. H. Herbert, 508 pages, and 2 volumes of the Churchman's Family Magazine.

BOOKS FOR THE LADIES: Any person forwarding us the names of FIVE Subscribers, along with the money, at one dollar and a-half each, will receive Godey's Lady's Book, 2 volumes; Weak Lungs, and How to Make them Strong, by Dr. Dio Lewis, 358 pages.

The names and money must be in the hands of the Subscriber on or before the 1st of September next. It is not necessary that all the names be from the same Post Office.

Note this fact: After the 1st of September next, all subscriptions *must be paid in advance,* otherwise Two Dollars will be charged and strictly enforced.

ADVERTISERS

will do well to bear in mind that the CANADIAN POST has a larger circulation within the County than the other two local papers united; while its outside circulation cannot fail to be useful to its patrons.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY

are respectfully informed that Job Printing of all kinds is executed at this office in good style and at low rates. Mercantile and Municipal Printing of all kinds tendered for when required. Printing and Advertising for the various churches within the County, and for all charitable objects, considerably below regular rates.

C. BLACKETT ROBINSON,
Proprietor.

Office "Canadian Post,"
Lindsay, July 25, 1866.

Important Announcement.

In the case of several of our subscribers leniency has ceased to be a virtue; and we intend to be no longer lenient. Unless parties owing us for subscriptions over two years pay by the first day of September next, we will strike their names from our list and place their accounts in suit for collection.

It is gratifying to be able to say that we have few men on our list who are so far unmindful of what is due to themselves as to take a paper for two years without paying for it; but there are a baker's dozen of never-pay-their-paper-until-they-are-made-to-pay customers whom we are determined shall become decent members of society or cease to hold any intercourse whatever with the Post. Pay up then, or—.

News of the Week.

The arrival of the Great Eastern at Heart's Content, Newfoundland, is now almost hourly expected. Next week we will be in a position to give the result of the third attempt to lay the Atlantic cable.

The latest news from the seat of war in Europe does not indicate an early cessation of hostilities. Indeed the circle seems to be enlarging. Russia seems uneasy. The Czar deems "the submission of Austria to France not advantageous, but dangerous to the equilibrium of Europe," and thinks that the "dictatorship of France in Italy and Germany cannot meet with the support of England." Meanwhile, all soldiers on furlough have been recalled, and military trains start every day from Warsaw to the frontier of Selisia and Galicia. London papers of the 13th are of opinion that the Prussian troops will be in Vienna in a week or ten days; and the London *Globe* believes the continent on the eve of a general European war.

The battle of Sadova, which took place on the 2nd inst., between the Prussians under Prince Frederick Charles, and the Austrian army of the north commanded by Marshal Benedek; the former had 250,000 men engaged, and the latter 195,000. The fight commenced at half-past 7 o'clock, a. m., and the troops on both sides fought with the most determined bravery. At 1 o'clock the Prussians were in a somewhat critical position; but the attack of the Crown Prince on the Austrian left, at three o'clock, which turned the position, and the Austrians were forced to retreat. The carnage was dreadful, but no details have yet been received of the numbers dead and wounded.

It is expected that the Canadian Parliament will adjourn in about two weeks.

Red River Mission News.

The following remarks with regard to the intended departure of the Rev. Mr. Nisbet, Presbyterian Minister in the Red River region, for missionary labours among the Cree Indians, are from the *Nor'-Wester* of June 16th. The rev. gentleman is a brother of our fellow-towneman, Mr. Thos. Nisbet:

On Monday afternoon, 4th June, at farewell prayer-meeting was held at Kildonan Church in connection with the departure of the Rev. Mr. Nisbet and party for the field of their future Christian labours among the Crees of the Saskatchewan. Appropriate addresses were made by Mr. Nisbet and Mr. Black, and the missionaries and their work heartily commended to God by the prayers of the brethren. In the course of the meeting Mr. Nisbet made a statement of the contributions collected in money and kind in the congregations of the Settlement, towards the outfit of the Mission, which, together with the collection taken up on the previous Sabbath, amounted to about £100 stg., a sum which speaks well for the diligence of the collecting committee and for the missionary liberality of the people. An address to Mr. Nisbet was moved by Mr. John Fraser, seconded by Mr. Angus Polson and cordially concurred in by all present.

The missionary party consists of Mr. and Mrs. Nisbet and child, Mr. and Mrs. McKay with two children, Alex. Polson and Wm. McBeth. These, under charge of Mr. McKay, are to be employed in erecting buildings and other necessary work. Mr. Geo. Flett, James Green also accompanies them as far as Carlton to help on the way. Miss Rowland and Miss Tait also join the party on a visit to their relations on the Saskatchewan. The carts left on Wednesday (6th), Mr. Nisbet and family the day following. They left Headingley on Monday on their long and tedious journey, and expect to reach their destination in 40 or 45 days. The mission will probably be located somewhere near Fort Pitt. They take with them all the various tools and implements necessary for their undertaking—for building—farming—fishing, &c., besides a good stock of provisions and other necessaries, so that with a liberal outfit and a staff of good steady assistants, Mr. Nisbet's mission promises to be as well equipped as any in the country.

Visitors

Coming or preparing to see the great Show next week, will find unusual inducements at the Emporium of J. F. Gimson, where in order that a clearance may be made of Bonnets, Hats, Parasols, Shawls & Mantles, those goods are offered at cost. A superior Cotton Yarn now on hand; two threads swing the bundle.

Honourably Discharged.

One day last week, Richard Lenihan, a young man employed in a Grocery Store in this town, was arrested under a warrant issued by the Police Magistrate of Toronto, upon a charge of being an accomplice of certain burglars, who had "weeded out" the store of Messrs Page & Sons, of Yonge Street. He was brought by Detective Spence, the officer sent from Toronto, before the Mayor, who after hearing the evidence, did not consider it sufficient to put him on his trial, the facts deposed to being merely that a few pieces of cloth had been found in his possession, which he acknowledged he had received from his brother, a former clerk of Messrs. Page & Sons, who is accused of having obtained them improperly. Notwithstanding the dismissal of the case by the Mayor, the detective in obedience to instructions brought young Lenihan to Toronto, to be disposed of by the authorities there. His employer, Mr. C. L. Baker, who had always found him an honest, industrious and faithful clerk, very generously retained a lawyer, Geo. Dormer, Esq., and at his own expense sent him to Toronto to look after the young man's case. Lenihan was brought up before the Police Magistrate, and was defended by Mr. Dormer, and, after a full investigation, was honourably discharged. For several days before the hearing of the case, sensational paragraphs appeared in the leading Toronto daily papers of felons arrested and large quantities of goods found, and, indeed, the young man was made to appear a very great scoundrel; but we are very much surprised to find that no reference whatever is made by these papers in their Police Reports of his honourable discharge. This is wrong and ungenerous.

Cholera in New York.

The official reports show that cholera is making rapid headway in New York. It appears to be spreading over the whole metropolitian district. It broke out among the troops on Hart's Island, on the 22nd inst., Nine deaths occured at that place during the day, and ten deaths on Govenor's Island. Two cases proved fatal, in the city, out of seven, and ten cases in Brooklyn out of seventeen.

S. & O. Bigelow are Never

Above the market, for any description of Dry Goods. Their stock of Cottons, Prints, White Shirtings, Striped Shirtings, Tickings, Cotton and Linen Drills, are the best value in the trade. The Ladies will do well to examine their stock of Dress Goods, embracing the latest styles, at less prices than anywhere else. Cash buyers should call at S. & O. Bigelow's. Every size Children's and Ladies' Hoop-skirts daily expected.

GODEY' LADY'S BOOK.---The August number of this excellent Magazine has been received. The embellishments are, as usual, varied and excellent. There is, besides, the usual quantity of interesting readingmatter by numerous authors of greater or less note.

Oakwood.

OUR VILLAGE presents some marks of improvement; hotels are being enlarged and embelished, adding to the good appearance of the "corners." A pretty Cottage, now in course of erection for Mr. Barnard—a gentleman who has lately come to reside among us—helps very much the make-up on the north side of King street east.

THE TWELFTH was celebrated for the first time, I believe, in Oakwood, this year, by the Orangemen of a large district. There was the usual variety of style, many wearing hugh red cloaks, notwithstanding our being in the torid zone, for the present. A large number were in the procession, each Lodge having a band of music, creating quite a din; the large drums could be heard a long way off. Officers with drawn swords, and such expensive flags, &c., as they had, would, if in deploy line, give quite a martial appearance to the host, that would strike terror, unless that feeling would give way in the presence of the out-skirting of beautiful young ladies that formed the borders of procession. After sumptuous dinners had been partaken of in the Hotels, a friendly wood was sought, where a halt, and order was called. The appointed speakers did not attend, but good substitutes were found. Messrs. Weldan, Gouch, Foster, and J. C. Irwin made capital speeches, although obliged to extemporize. It is a pity that Orangemen cannot disconnect themselves from the scenes that follow their celebrations. After the regular business of the day was over, drinking by swaying heroes, fighting by couples on the streets, dancing in sitting rooms to dreadful music, with ladies in soiled dresses, took up the time from about four o'clock, p. m., until next morning. Such were some of the scenes.

A MAGISTRATE'S COURT CASE, arising from a fracas which took place on the 12th, was up on the 14th. It seems that a chap of some order of genius, fancying that some mixture in the colors would give variety to the gala appearance of things in general, thought he would "try on" a little *green,* after investing five cents in that hue; but no sooner had he joined the throng with a gallant tread, than a genius of another stamp—Muscular Christianity—made a dash for the offensive mixture, and after tearing the ribbon to strings, destroyed the castor or whatever it was attached to. The wearer of the green, not liking the style, applied to one of our sages, who, having an eye to the main chance, at once issued a process. It turned out harmless though. The parties not appearing when time was called, were ruled out of Court by the Bench. So the man in green, it is supposed, had to foot the bill. A good many say he got off well with a whole skin.

DIVISION COURT.—In the Division Court here a couple of interpleader issues were tried that might have been spoken of in connection with the Tort cases that were given in a late number of your paper. The two cases were somewhat similar, inasmuch as the property levied on was claimed by the sons of the execution debtor. In both cases the old man, from being fast or some other reason, had to transfer the reins to the sons; and in both cases this was necessary in order to keep the family together. In one case the sons had done the business for years. The Judge gave adverse decisions to the claimants in both suits, apparently assuming much of the testimony to be false. The chattles in one case was a quantity of stove wood gotten out by the sons. The decision in this case is hard, for if the law is always administered so, the sons of an insolvent parent must either leave home or the proceeds of their labor continually be exposed to seizure for their father's liability. It is also hard from the fact that the debt was one in which the old man was induced, for some potent reason, to endorse for a man that afterwards left the country.

Somerville Council.

The Municipal Council of the Township of Somerville met in the Bury Green School House, pursuant to a call by the Reeve.

Present,—Messrs. Fell, O'Brien, Orvis, and Hunter. MacKinstry absent.

The Reeve took to chair, and the minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. O'Brien, seconded by Mr. Orvis, it was resolved that the following accounts be payed, and that an order be granted on the Treasurer for the same:—W. C. Chewett & Co., stationery, $5.30; C. Tidey, for 100 copies of Canada Thistle Act, $3.50; T. Howe, Returning Officer for 1866, $3.00; T. Robson, do., $3.00; John Wilkinson, do., $3.00; Ralph Switzer, do., $3.00; Jas. Humphrey, Aditor, 1865, $4.00; Thomas Plott, do., $1.50; Clerk, salary for half year ending June, 1866, $18.00.

Moved by Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Orvis, and resolved, that $1000 be expended on the different roads in the Township, according to the Divisions hereafter specified, that is to say:—On the road from Lot 14, front range, to Coboconk, $100; on the side line opposite Thomas Downs, $60; line between the 2nd and 3rd concession on Lot 20, $60; 8th concession line to Mr. Ferguson's, $50; north of Mr. White's to James Humphrey's, $70; above Coboconk to White's, $40; side line between lots 9 and 10, 2nd concession, $60; side line near John Healy's, $20; side line near Robert Moffatt's, $20; concession line between 6 and 7, east of the river, $60; concession line between 10 and 11, east of river, $40; new line on the 14th concession, $40; new line near James Gibson's, $40; south boundary, $25; new road near burnt river, south of bridge on 5th concession, 225; new line north of bridge on 5th concession, $75; road to Alexander MacGgregor, $15; and that the Reeve and the Councillor of each Ward be commissioners jointly to let the work by tender or otherwise, at their discretion, with as little delay as possible, and give orders on the Treasurer for payment of the same, provided that the Road Commissioners be not able to attend to such letting.

Moved by Mr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. O'Brien,—That the Council do now adjourn, to meet subject to a call of the Reeve.

Lindsay Baptist Church.

At a special Meeting of the regular Baptist Church, in the Town of Lindsay, held on the 11th inst., the following resolutions, with preamble, were ananimously passed by said Church:

Moved by Bro. John Calvert, seconded by Bro. William Garnett,—Whereas, we, the members of the Lindsay Baptist Church, having carefully examined into certain slanderous reports concerning the character of the Rev. A. A. Cameron, B. A., our Pastor, and having found the said reports to be utterly false, groundless and malicious; Therefore, resolved, that we most sincerely sympatize with our beloved Pastor in his sufferings, from the persecutions of his heartless and vicious enemies, and that we pledge ourselves to do our utmost to vindicate his character, and to assist him in arresting and punishing according to law, any person or persons who may be found guilty of giving currency to said reports, or any report calculated to injure his character as a man, a Christian, or a minister.

Moved by Mr. L. Scriver, seconded by Bro. J. Leary, and Resolved,—That a copy of the above be sent to the *Canadian Post* for publication.

PETER FISHER,
Church Clerk.

Fenelon.

VILLANY EXPOSED.—The Scotch settlement in Fenelon and the adjoining part of Eldon have not hitherto been noted for an unusual amount of rowdyism, and it is not without a strong feeling of indignation that the inhabitants thereof view the attempt lately made to mar the good name of one of the most respectable families among them. It sometimes happens that, without any premeditation, a man commits a dishonourable action at the instigation of wicked associates; but it requires a thorough villain to sit down and camly arrange a plot to work out his own wicked ends, by injuring the good name of his benefactor—a benefactor whose house has always been open for his reception when out of employment elsewhere, and whose hospitality has been extended to him as to a son, when suffering under a protracted illness. To circulate slanders against such a friend would be mean enough; but, through malice, to slander the fair name of a young woman, a member of that family, makes the case doubly worse. Some time ago, a widower by the name of John Gilchrist served Mr. Duncan Graham, of Fenelon, as a farm labourer, for three years; and being so long a time in one place, he very naturally made it a home, so that during the two years which have elapsed since, he has been in the habit of remaining there whenever he chanced to be unwell or out of employment. He returned last fall from the States, very ill with fever and ague, and remained with Mr. Graham during the whole winter, most of the time unable to do any manner of work. He made repeated offers of marriage to Mary, a daughter of Mr. Graham's, but, we are assured, was as repeatedly refused, whereupon the gentleman displays himself in his true colors. For some weeks past he has been circulating certain vile charges against the fair fame of the young lady referred to, at the same time accusing himself of the same improprieties in common with her; and lastly, as it were, fearing that the Graham's family might not hear these infamous reports, he threw aside all sense of shame and decency, and, going straight to their habitation, openly avowed these charges in presence of the young lady's parents. Miss Graham was at the time at service some twenty miles from her father's, but was speedily informed of the matter; she immediately upon oath vindicated her character against such lying accusations, and proceeded to deal with the slanderer according to the rigour of the law. No doubt his friends were indignant at his conduct, and urged him to solve the difficulty, both for his own sake, for the sake of Miss Graham, and especially for the sake of his own two motherless children, to whose face posterity might cast up their father's vallany. He signified his wish to settle the matter in any way it could be done; but it seems that there was one way in particular in which he was anxious to settle it, for, "at the heel of the hunt," he sent one of his friends to ask her hand for him in marriage. The reply was such as might be expected, accompanied with an assurance that the Court of Queen's Bench would settle the balance. But, behold! on the morning of the day appointed for giving the case fully into the hands of proper legal authorities, this lying defamer sent his friend a second time on a message to Mr. Graham's. It was requesting Mr. Graham to meet Gilchrist at one of the J. Ps. in the neighbourhood, and there he changed the slander into a confession, and acknowledged upon oath that he did circulate such reports, and, to use the words of his affidavit, "that such reports are false in every particular, that he circulated the through malice and to injure the character of the said Mary Graham." We are not aware that legal proceedings will yet be stopped on account of his acknowledgement of being in the wrong, but it is certain that such ingratitude and villany should not be allowed tu pass unnoticed. In the meantime let us drop this unpleasant subject, by dusting a little irony over the words of the poet, and then applying them to the ungrateful wretch whose character is pictured out in this article:

"We'll carve not a line, and we'll raise not a stone,
But we'll leave him alone in his glory."

—*Communicated.*

FIRE.—On Wednesday morning, the 10th inst., the house of Mr. James Hodgson, Bailiff, Fenelon Falls, caught fire and in a very short time was consumed, with everything in it. The loss is estimated at $500, and there was no insurance. The fire originated from the contents of a coal-pan, which the hired girl had used the previous evening to keep the musquitoes from the house, falling on the floor of the cook-house, where the pan had been carelessly left, and, of course, igniting the wood.

Omemee.

VOLUNTEER INSPECTION.—On Friday last, Brigade-Major Patterson inspected the Omemee Company, and expressed his entire satisfaction with the appearance of the men. This locality has turned out as fine a set of men as can be found in the Province. The village presented quite a military appearance on the afternoon of the inspection. The men met on their parade ground for drill, and after going through several evolutions before the Brigade-Major, the Company then marched through the principal streets to the music of a fife and drum. The Officers are as follows: William H. Cottingham, Captain; John J. English, Lieutenat; Thomas Stephenson, Ensign. We are informed by a gentleman just returned from Ottawa, that it is most likely that a Batallion of Volunteers will be formed in Victoria. Government will supply half the money to put up a drill shed.

Bobcaygeon.

L. O. L. No. 121.—On the Twelfth of July the members of this Lodge assembled in their Hall, at five o'clock, a. m., for the transaction of business necessary to the celebration of the day. Worshipful Master McFeeters having delivered an excellent charge to the brethren, they were instructed to fall into marching order, and, preceded by fife and drum, they walked around the village, and thence to the wharf, where the steamer "Novelty" was in waiting to convey them to Bridgenorth. After a delightful sail this point was reached at nine o'clock, and stages being in readiness, the company took their seats and reached Peterborough at half past ten o'clock. After partaking of a very excellent dinner at McGregor's Hotel, and joining with their Peterborough brethren in procession to the Court House Green, they returned to Bridgenorth, and having embarked once more on the steamboat they reached Bobcaygeon in the best of spirits, and highly pleased with their trip.

OBSERVER UNMASKED.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post:

SIR,—As I have made the discovery of the identity of your "fantastic and eccentric" correspondent "Observer," and as he persists for reasons that I can merely guess at in continuing to rejoice in his assumed cognomen, I consider it a duty to give the public the benefit of my discovery by informing them that this "Observer"—the conserver of the moral and political rectitude of our County officials, is no greater or less a personage than James Roy, of the town of Lindsay. I consider Mr. Roy a man quite beneath my notice, nevertheless as he is a ratepayer of the Cambray Ward, and as such has made very serious charges against my conduct as Councilman, I deem it a duty, in justice to myself, to give your readers interested a sketch of this "fantastic and eccentric road" business.

In February last, Mr. Robert Irwin presented a petition to the Fenelon Council, (which petition I give below), signed by 35 ratepayers of the Ward, amongst whom were the leading men of the Irwin settlement, praying the Council to purchase the right of way from Mr. Sinclair, of a road round the rocky precipice on the 3rd concession. The Council unanimously supported the prayer of the petition. Mr. Sinclair agreed to sell the land for $120, on condition that the parties would guarantee the fencing of the road; and on this condition I agreed to pay him said amount. But the parties concerned failing to guarantee the fencing, Mr. Sinclair refused to sell the land, and thus the whole matter dropped. Mr. Roy himself suggested to me the propriety of purchasing said road, only he wished it to be paid by a special rate, in order, as I believe, that I might have public funds enough to carry out his request that I would *dig a ditch past Mr. Roy's farm.*

For thus endeavouring to carry out the wishes of the ratepayers of the Ward, I have been single'd out by Mr. Roy for a full blast of his eloquent abuse. This "paragon of purity and consistency" who, in your issue of the 29th December last, speaks of Mr. Clendenon as "an honest man, an opponent of corruption, and most energetic in the discharge of his public duties," now sees fit on account of my action in the above matter to belabour me with such epithets as "dishonest," "mean and degenerate," &c. Mr. Roy again complains that nothing was ever done until last year towards opening up the road to the Irwin settlement. This is about as false as his other accusations. The road to the Irwin settlement is about 2½ miles long, through a dense swamp. Various sums of money *have* been spent on this road during the past eight or nine years. When I entered the Council in 1865, money enough had been spent on it to chop and log over 2 miles of said swamp and to crossway about 70 rods of it. Since that time I have spent $178, and still Mr. Roy has the audacity to say that nothing has been done in this matter!

He also accuses me of vilifying the character of two gentlemen whom he vulgarly terms "Dick and Downer," which is entirely false, I believe them both to be upright, honest men, although I may possibly have differed somewhat from them in what Mr. Roy in his wisdom is pleased to call "general legislation."

* * * * * * *

Mr. Roy in his last epistle states that I am engaged in "dirty work holding a correspondence with him," and insinuates that I engage some pedagogue to do said work for me. To the first accusation I plead guilty, Mr. Roy is correct for once in his life. It is certainly "dirty work" to have anything to do with so unscrupulous a correspondent as "Observer" has shown himself to be. To his latter insinuation I would reply that even if it were true, is it not more respectable to hire dirty work done than to do it one's self? And I would respectfully inform Mr. Roy that if he had employed some pedagogue or somebody else to correct his former letters, (as he has evidently done with regard to his last), he would have saved his reputation of having in his youth received a liberal common school education, and her Britannic Majesty's English language would certainly have suffered much less.

Now, Mr. Editor, having shown the public who this "fantastic and eccentric" Observer is, and having refuted his false accusations, and as I do not wish to gain the reputation of "wasting ammunition over dead ducks," I beg to close my part of this "dirty correspondence" by signing myself,

Your Ob't Servant,
E. CLENDENON.

Cambray, July 23, 1866.

To the Municipal Council of the Township of Fenelon:

GENTLEMEN,—We the undersigned Petitioners beg that your honourable body will be pleased to take into consideration the propriety of making a road round Campbell's Hill, situated in the 3rd Con., Lot No. 6, as the said petitioners consider the said hill not passable, neither can it be made so without being far more expensive than making a road around it. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c.

Robert Douglas, Robert Irwin, Evan Jones, James Burn, Wm. Hall, Amos B. Coats, Colin McFadyen, Wm Douglas, Robert Oxby, Arthur Jarvis, John Douglas, Angus McFagen, Wm. Burton, Adam Sharp, D. D. Alger, Geo. Armstrong, Denis Tomkins, Wm. Richardson, T. Jarvis, G. Henderson, J. Moffat, John Clendenon, T. Daniel, ALEXANDER DANIEL, Jr., Isaac Tripp, Jonas Warder, S. Burgess, John Moffat, Thomas Gordon, Joseph Wilkinson, E. H. Hilborn, Ammon Powell, W. R. Young, M. H. Berkley, James Rodgers.

Presented to the Council Feb. 28th, 1866, by Mr. Robert Irwin.

THE POST OFFICE.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post.

SIR,—I quite agree with your correspondent of last week that some reform in our Post Office is highly necessary—nay, imperatively demanded—on grounds of safety as well as convenience. Mr. Adam probably receives from the Government a large amount as rent for the miserable building designated with the appellation of "Post Office." Considering these things, Mr. Adam might (had he the interest of the public at heart) remove to one of his brick shops, in every way better fitted for a Post office, both as regards safety and location. Something ought certainly to be done; but I think a Petition to the Postmaster General would be the more likely way to affect the object contemplated, than that suggested by your correspondent.

Yours, &c.,
P. M.

London, July 16th, 1866.

NOTE.—It would, perhaps, be as well if correspondents, before rushing into print, would inform themselves of the facts. The Lindsay Postmaster receives no rent—large or small—for the premises he now occupies for Post Office business. He has never received any allowance for rent since his appointment. Looking at it from this point of view, it is hardly to be expected that the Postmaster will remove the Office into one of his brick buildings, or into any other brick building. We have no doubt that in the event of the Government furnishing an office, the Postmaster will be ready to move into it without any unnecessary delay.—ED.

UNSTAMPED LETTERS.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post:

SIR,—As Editors are supposed to know a great deal, can you oblige a working man by informing him through the medium of your columns, whether a Postmaster is compelled by law to stamp the letters passing through his hands? I am led to make this enquiry because I receive a great many letters having no Lindsay post-mark stamped on them.

I am, Mr. Editor, yours trully,
ENQUIRER.

Lindsay, July 24, 1866.

NOTE.—We are not certain; but our opinion is that the rules of the Post Office Department require Postmasters to stamp all letters for delivery as well as those which are passing thro'.—ED.

"CITIZEN" AGAIN.

SIR,—It would be a great want of etiquette to remain silent on the very modest and unexpected reply of T. R. Adam, to the communication of "Citizen," in your issue of the 13th inst. The people would be treating his recommendation with marked disrespect if they do not call a public meeting, or get a memorial to the Post Office Department, embodying the complaints so frequently urged, viz: want of accommodation, locality, &c., which that functionary is not disposed to provide, nor interest himself to get authority to do so. The condescension of the Postmaster in tendering advice, now that the people are about taking the matter into their own hands, can be taken for what it is worth; but, at the present time, it is very opportune, inasmuch as it gives a half admission that the complaints are well grounded, and if they only pursue the course intended, prompt action will be taken by the department, and in all likelihood the grievances will be repressed. Mr. Adam is in error if he thinks I want to create a discussion on Post Office business. There are others who feel acutely on that point. What I touched on was the accommodation and the locality; and I still maintain that the Post Office should be on Kent Street, and in a brick building instead of a frame one. This functionary has raised a fresh issue by saying he best discharges his duty by obeying his superiors. This pure devotion to the interests of the department, if true, is very commendable; but many in town and country believe that his superiors never authorised him to treat people with incivility and want of courtesy—nor do they think the Postmaster General enjoins him to give a shake of the head as equal to examining the pigeon-holes for letters. Many serious results have arisen from this lazy and selfish trusting to memory; and if not abandoned, many more are likely to arise. Hoping the people will take action in the premises, and carry out the suggestions of the Postmaster, is the wish of

CITIZEN.

Lindsay, July 25th, 1866.

OUR TOWN FATHERS.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post:

SIR,—In looking over the columns of your newspaper I was much surprised at seeing the silly remarks of some unfortunate being who pretends to know something about the duty of the City Fathers, and who would go so far as to suggest that Parliament should be petitioned to allow females to form a municipal corporation. Now, Sir, I think that the above gentleman must be a great lover of the fair sex, and so are some of our City Fathers; and in reference to the sidewalks, our municipal friend says that he has been led to make his suggestions in consequence of the following facts, and goes on to show that the City Fathers had met a short time ago and passed a resolution to build a sidewalk from the Market to Albert street, and says at a subsequent meeting they manifested their good judgment in rescinding their former motion, in order to make an appropriation for another sidewalk to some where or other which will only accommodate some few persons sometimes, but very seldom.

Now, is it possible that a man having brains will, through the columns of a newspaper, dictate to our City Fathers, knowing so little about the town, the wharf, the navigation of the back lakes and its trade. He does not tell you that there are five steamboats plying daily to the wharf, and that there is shipping on or at the wharf for the present year some 30 odd millions of sawed lumber, destined for Port Hope, which gives employment to the greater part of our labouring class of people and imparts life and vitality to the whole town. He does not tell the people that the north riding of Victoria comprising over 9,000 population, have to land at the wharf and do their municipal and mercantile business, in all the people of 14 townships and a portion of East Peterborough riding do their trading in our town. Yet our supposed all-wise "T.A." tells us that our City Fathers rescinded their first motion that they might make an appropriation for another sidewalk to some wharf or other, as if of no importance. He does not tell us that the Lindsay river, which is the natural canal of the town, and contributes so largely to the interests of our county town, but that latterly it has become filled up with sawdust and rubbish, which ought to be denounced by every ratepayer of our town. He does not say one word of what the Board of Works has done in making our lakes and river navigable to that wharf; yet he tells us that the Reeve did object to this outrageous scheme on account of the heavy taxes. He does not tell us that this august member was in a great measure the cause of the heavy tax to be levied on the ratepayers of the town.

There is much that could be said in regard to the rash procedure of former Councils, and we ought to feel pleased that a majority of our City Fathers were so wisely chosen.

I remain, yours truly,
F. C.

Lindsay, July 18, 1866.

Sir E. B. Lytton is gazetted as Lord Lytton.

BRYAN'S WAFERS.

The great public remedy have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts per box.

Great Reduction

IN

STAPLE GOODS!

The following goods have been reduced in price from

3 to 5 cents per yard:

Factory Cottons,
Stripe Shirtings,
Steamlooms,
Prints & Ginghams.

A further supply of the

Empress Emil Skirt.

D. THOMAS.

Keenan's Block,
Kent Street. 349tf

ASS-UMING LEO.

A donkey, public praise to win,
Deck'd himself in a lion's skin,
Then 'gan to make a great uproar.
An old ass, passing by the way,
Soon heard this would-be lion bray,
And listen'd till his ears grew sore.

Quoth he, 'beast of mongrel race,
Your discord here is out of place,
For sure it hath no sense nor sound,
Your notes are bare and false, I find,
Your wit, oh, witless fool! is wind,
That doth in every vain thing bound.

Off with the hide that hides your hide,—
Such self-conceit of sin and pride,—
For nought save donkey you can pass.
If brain you have, then learn you may
Why Leo shakes as asses bray,
Why he's number'd 'mong the great,
Who never yet was neard to prate
Like Baalam's old and faithful ass.'

MORAL.—He who assumes to be what he is not, should not appear to be what he is.—*Com.*

DIED.

At Toronto, on the 23rd inst., of congestion of the lungs, George Brooke, Esq., barrister, aged 45 years.

On Thursday the 19th instant, at his residence, Cobourg, Thomas Scott, Esq., Post Master, in the 61st year of his age.

New Advertisements.

LAND IN ELDON FOR SALE.

THE East half of Lot 18, in Concession 3 of the Township of Eldon, containing 100 acres more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared. There is a good log house erected thereon. This desirable land, which was formerly owned by Donald McInnis, will be sold

By Public Auction,

at the Rooms of Messrs. Wakefield & Co.,

Auctioneers, King Street East, Toronto,

On Thursday, 23rd of August, 1866,

at Noon. Information as to title and otherwise may be had on and prior to the day of sale from

A. LEITH,
Barrister, Bay Street, Toronto.

Toronto, 23rd July, 1866. 360-4

Mortgage Sale.

THE following Parcel or Tract of Land, that is to say, the North half of Lot Number Eighteen, in the Sixth Concession of the Township of Ops, in the County of Victoria, (except certain portions thereof sold and conveyed to Messrs. Kempt, LaCourse, Grace and Coulter,) containing 35 acres, and being part of the farm lately occupied by Mr. Charles Logie, will be

SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage (which will be produced at the time of sale)

On Tuesday, the 14th day of August

next, at **Jewett's Hotel,**

In the TOWN of LINDSAY,

at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

The land is of first-rate quality, and its close proximity to the flourishing Town of Lindsay renders it a desirable property for any person wanting to purchase a small homestead; while the land could be turned to a profitable account either as a Market Garden or Brick Yard.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. HUDSPETH & MARTIN, Vendor's Solicitors, Lindsay.

Terms of Sale CASH.

JOHN DOUGLAS,
Auctioneer.

Lindsay, July 24th, 1866. 360-3

DYE STUFFS!

The "Medical Hall"

HAS long been noted for keeping good Dye Stuffs; and in order to keep up the reputation, the Subscriber has purchased with great care a large Stock, consisting as follows:

MADDER, COCHINEAL,
REDWOOD, CUDBEAR,
EXTRACT LOGWOOD,
COMWOOD, FUSTIC,
BLUE VITRIOL, ALUM,
MADDER COMPOUND,
CHIP LOGWOOD,
SOLUTION OF TIN,
INDIGO, &c. &c.

As the season for colouring is coming on, parties requiring Colouring Stuffs will please

Call at the Medical Hall,

and examine Quality and Prices before purchasing elsewhere, as goods will be sold at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES

for Cash.

☞ *Receipts for Colouring given gratis,* and every information given with regard to colouring.

W. J. THIRKELL.

Lindsay, 27th July, 1866.

MANILLA

liquor store

The Subscriber offers for Sale a large Stock of

WINES AND LIQUORS.

OLD RYE WHISKEY

by the quart or barrel. Produce taken in exchange. No Cre it.

MACPHERSON.

Manilla, July 14, 1866. 359-4