

**SEWERY ROOM**  
OF NEW OPENING WITH  
**First-class Milliner!**  
**GIMSON**  
IS RECEIVING DIRECT  
**100 CASES**  
From London and London,  
**BEAUTIFUL STRAW GOODS,**  
Ladies, Maid's and Infants',  
**AT HALF USUAL PRICES!**  
One Case of Duplex Trail Skirts.  
A decided bargain in  
**BLACK SILKS.**  
Dry Goods and only Dry Goods!  
**TERMS.....CASH.**

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
Court of Revision, Bexley—Michael Henphy, Timken for Sale—C. J. Blomfield, Treasurer's Report, Bexley, Churchman's Family Magazine, Court of Revision for Luttermouth, Anson and Hinden, Cigars, Wall Paper and Window Blinds—Gemsinger, Insolvent Act 1864, in re. John Bishop Carey, S. C. W. and, A very Choice Stock, James Lenihan.

**The Canadian Post.**  
LINDSAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 20th, 1866.  
**Patriotism of the Town of Lindsay.**

To the Editor of the Canadian Post,  
DEAR SIR,—But a few weeks have elapsed since our men of influence, and the public generally felt themselves called upon to express their sentiments of loyalty and patriotism, and to send abroad resolutions containing the same, indicating to the Government and the Country, that the Town of Lindsay was not behind any place in the Provinces in patriotic feeling, and a will and desire to give all the assistance in their power as the juncture of affairs which called upon every loyal man to be ready for their country's call; this is generally expected. A public meeting was convened for that purpose—sentiments of strong patriotism and undoubted loyalty were expressed, and received the applause they merited—enthusiasm ran high and the people felt that "all was not rotten in the State of Denmark"—opinions were spoken of how great shame, and actual disgrace was ours, that Lindsay could not boast of one Volunteer Company to send to the front, when the whole country was sending her sons in thousands. Strong encouragement (in words) was offered for the formation of Volunteer Companies—a Drill Association was to be instituted, and immediate steps taken to place our town on a patriotic footing as other places. A great deal was said, it remains to be seen how much has been done. All this, and much more, was carried abroad through the columns of our local journals, and the people felt that they had maintained their reputation which was so near being lost. A few weeks have brought a more acceptable change over the country—people feel more easy—the country is safe for the present—one can smoke his pipe of contentment and security—gather in the dimes, and let patriotism rest easy. Such seem to be the sentiments of the public at present, or such as their actions imply. Where is the proposed Rifle Company? Where the Drill Association, and all the ecclesiastics that ran to place our loyal town on a par with others. A County Drill Shed was largely dilated upon—an amount of money was granted—plans made—tenders received, and like all other public movements in Lindsay, the fabric was allowed to tumble to the dust. The Drill Association, as was to be expected, consisted of some twenty or thirty people, on the evening memorable in the annals of Lindsay, as the time when our loyalty and patriotism were asserted in such a fitting manner, and in a list, which alone remains as a standing evidence of their patriotism. The only substantial guarantee that we could advance to the public abroad, and the only one they would accept, of such a feeling existing among us would be the existence and support of a Volunteer Corps, and have we such a guarantee? To our shame be it said NO. When we had a respectable, well-drilled and efficient Company here, why was it not kept there? Why did the gentleman, who, allowed to go out back, declare an executive defendant in public spirit? For the reason that, no encouragement was given it—hence cold water was thrown upon it, and the officers found it too great a labour and expense to sustain alone and unaided, and we regret to say that such was the case with the present movement. As far as we can find, the following are the facts, and being such, should be made public. The gentlemen who took the matter in hand, have been endeavoring to induce the formation of a Rifle Corps, using all the influence and persuasion possible, and their success has been so futile that they have almost given up their minds to give up the movement in despair. The respectability and financial position of the gentlemen are unquestioned—that cannot be the cause of the failure. They have personally solicited all the respectable young men enrol themselves, and with the greatest difficulty have succeeded in getting but about thirty reliable men on the list—the average of the country is about twenty. The young men in officers and stores seem to think it lowering their dignity to drill. The married men, especially mechanics, make their wives and children an excuse for not joining, and together they exhibit a total want of spirit that places them in a most incredible light, and shows a sad want of that patriotic ardour which should animate rising young Canadians in the present state of their country. I regret that this degradation should be made public, but unfortunately it is too true; but they alone are not to blame—Merchants and others, who have men in their employ should use their influence in inducing their employees to attend drill. I saw a friend that in some cases it is their employers' credit of gain that hinders some from attending. Fathers should use their influence with their sons—men of standing and influence should take the matter in hand, and by their united efforts and support establish a complete and respectable corps; but they seem to think that their private concerns, and matters of business, demand their sole attention—allowing it to go abroad, that the Town of Lindsay stands isolated from the rest of the country—wanting so much in manly spirit and substantial patriotism that they cannot form and support one, only one, Volunteer Company. We live in the backwoods—any invasion will not reach us—no enemy will wade through the marshes and swamps of Emily and Opp—let the rest of the country take care of itself—let us say public opinion. The facts as above stated stand as a proof of our want of spirit, and to our shame be it said, our disgrace. If there is a remedy, let it be effected. If we have any good in us let us show it more; let us establish a complete and respectable corps; let us show by their exertions for the enrolment of a Company, that they are capable of better things than self-gain and prejudiced feeling.

**Omnes.**  
GOOD TEMPERANCE.—The good work of Temperance continues still to progress. The Temple opened in this village last Friday in connection with the B. A. U. of G. F. is still holding in its roll. Among its officers are the Rev. Mr. Gray, Chief; and the Rev. Mr. Thompson, Chaplain. Both officers and men seem to have their hearts in the work, and if they can thus break upon such bodies often split, they will find abundant opportunity here to accomplish some good. Their efforts should enlist the sympathy and support of the community, for, where such organizations are maintained in existence, there will always be found some united desire and tendency to rise in the virtues of Charity and Fidelity.

**Cricket.**—At a meeting of the Grammar School Cricket Club, (Junior) held last week, the officers were appointed for the ensuing year, and other matters relating to the Club discussed and attended to. Affairs, financially, were in so satisfactory a state that the Treasurer was authorized to procure an entirely new set of Cricket material for the sports of the coming season. As a consequence, the "boys" are jubilant in the anticipation of a "fine time" at their "classic" game. Power and spring to their arm and leg.

**Wheat.**—The publication of the *Omnes* War in this place, it would seem, is soon to be discontinued, and it is proposed to remove the press to Lindsay—and to resume the paper there, some time next month, as the *Victor's* War. The circumstances connected with the proposed change are, in two respects at least, of very peculiar kind, that it will be interesting to note progress.

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**Fishing out of Season, and Sabbath Desecration.**  
To the Editor of the Canadian Post,  
DEAR SIR,—As there was some Mackintoshian dead in the river on Sunday last, it would be well to remind the public that, independent of breaking the Sabbath, the statutes of Canada strictly forbid spearing before spawning time, and there are some who are determined to take the matter in hand, and report to the proper authorities, every infringement of the law. This is a fair warning to those parties, who, regardless of the continuance of our fishing for years to come, and who are not really in need of the fish, destroy millions of spaw for the sake of having a fresh fish sooner than their neighbours.

**Opis.**  
SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—The public examination of the Ontario School in Bryson's Section, in the Township of Opis, under the direction of Mr. J. C. Campbell (formerly 1st assistant in the Grammar School) took place on Friday the 6th inst. The occasion was honored by the presence of a good number of visitors, male and female, and an over-crowded house of pupils. A few Teachers were also present—amongst them J. Rosell, Esq., Head Master of the Manilla Grammar School, and Mr. B. W. Wood, its assistant do., who took a very interesting part in the examination of the pupils. All the classes acquitted themselves creditably. Particular mention might be made of the History and Geography Classes, the pupils of which gave a very searching examination by Mr. Rosell, and the visitors seemed evidently surprised that one head should contain all they knew. The Arithmetic and other classes did almost equally as well. The success of this examination and the good order evinced by the pupils reflect great credit on Mr. Campbell's skill and efficiency as a teacher, and have unquestionably stamped him in the minds of his patrons as a first-class man. At the close, remarks were made by the Trustees and by Messrs. McHugh, Gibb, and others, all expressing great satisfaction with the efficiency and progress of the school. Speeches were also made by Messrs. Wood, Gouch, and Rosell. The latter took the Trustees to task for the insufficiency of the school accommodation, as contrasted with the rank of the school in the township, and with the wealth of the section. Mr. Gouch's remarks had their usual effect on the visitants of the present. The exercises were pleasantly terminated by some very excellent singing by the older pupils. Some little disappointment was occasioned by the absence of the local Superintendent who was expected to be present. [Communicated.]

**Fall Assizes, County Victoria.**  
The Court of Assize and nisi prius for the County of Victoria, will open this (Friday) afternoon, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Hagarty. The Hon. Sidney Smith, Q. C., will conduct the Crown business. Among the criminal cases are the following:—Hanorah Falley, murder; Wm. Cahill, aggravated assault; John Sheehy, receiving property with intent to defraud creditors; W. Hogan, arson; James Doherty, perjury. In the murder trial, Mr. Dormer is getting up the case on behalf of the unfortunate accused, and we understand that he has retained James O'Reilly, Esq., Q. C., of Kingston, as counsel. The trial, it is expected, will come off on Monday.

**LONDON SOCIETY FOR APRIL.**—The April number of the London Society has reached us from W. C. Hewitt & Co., Toronto, and is full of interesting reading.—"Much about nothing"; "Paris before Easter"; "The International Athletic Games"; "Notes in Rome," an interesting sketch of the life of an important class of the Roman people; "Panzies for the Desert"; "The two Brides"; "Up and Down the London Streets," as usual, highly interesting; "Four hours in London"; "The Crochet"; "Patty's Revenge"; "The Merchant Prince of England," and interesting account of the Baring's; "The Romance of an Evening Party." For sale by Porter Kent street.

**LAKEFIELD GAME PROTECTION SOCIETY.**  
A numerous meeting, says the Peterborough Herald, was held at Blakey's hotel, last Saturday, for the purpose of organizing a Society for the protection of game in the neighborhood of the Village of Lakefield. This step was rendered necessary in consequence of the impurity with which, in years past, game and fish have been recklessly destroyed at all seasons of the year, and which has resulted in their rapid decrease. It need scarcely be intimated that the promoters of this society are far from contemplating an interference with legitimate sportsmen; on the contrary, the establishment of the Society will tend, above all things, to enhance the amusement of those gentlemen who, whether residents in the neighborhood or visitors from a distance, are content to allow the game and the fish a brief respite during which they may increase and multiply.

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**Seven-fold Murder in Pennsylvania.**  
A MAN, HIS WIFE, FOUR CHILDREN AND NINE BROTHERS WITH AN AXE—HORRIBLE DETAILS.  
A dispatch from Philadelphia, dated April 11th, says:—A terrible crime in the lower section of the city was discovered this afternoon. A family of seven persons had been murdered on the Deering's farm, his wife, niece, and four children—on Mr. Deering's farm at Point House road. It is supposed the murders were committed last Friday, by a German laborer on the farm. The crime was discovered this afternoon, by finding the bodies of Deering and his wife in a barn. One of the victims was only ten months old. Plunder seems to have been the sole object.

**Philadelphia, April 13.**  
A man was arrested at the corner of Twenty-third and Market streets, this morning, who confessed to having committed the murder of the Deering family. He stated that he was assisted by a companion who has described very minutely to the authorities. Search is being made for his accomplice. The prisoner is now at the Central Police Station.

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**Advertising.**  
The merchant, the mechanic, the wholesaler, and retailer, are forming new plans, or perfecting old ones with the same aim in view—increased business, and thereby increased profits. It is a well-known fact that the best mode of obtaining and conducting a profitable business. One will economize too much, fearing the outlay will overwhelm the incoming profits; another will hazard too extensively, not sanguine of large returns. Expenses are likely to eat up the small profits of the former, and the virtues and usefulness become part and parcel of human knowledge. A judicious advertiser, with a good and useful article to present, cannot fail to reap his reward. How many instances can be brought to mind of great fortunes made where the possessor admits the foundation of his wealth to advertising. There is an art and skill in using the agents that form a lever to move the whole business world. It is also true that few fortunes are made in business who do not advertise. The great fault is in supposing that elaborate advertising will conduct the business; it will not, unless it brings the advertiser to the proper care of his goods, and it will seek more congenial fields. Many times has fortune favored the skilful advertiser, whose wares, though good, have been equalled by half-a-dozen, not bankrupt, in the same business and in the immediate neighborhood.

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**THE SITUATION AT WASHINGTON.**  
Col. Forney says in his last "Occasional" letter:—"There is evidently a more hopeful feeling among our common friends, and another week appears to have passed since the anniversary of Mr. Lincoln's second inauguration. One cause of this is the disappointment of the President with the response of the South to what is called his 'policy.' Instead of meeting it with obedience to his very faint commands and suggestions, they have answered him by abusing the radicals and by shouting over his birthday harangue rather coolly and unwelcome exultations. He complained bitterly of their conduct to a friend from Tennessee, a few days ago; and I learn from fair authority that Mr. Seward is not much better pleased with these injured and intemperate 'Chivalry.' The ungrateful course of the South, alluded to above, must have struck every one, whether friendly or not to President Johnson's policy. It was perfectly apparent to the Southern leaders that the President, in order to be so lenient to them, was taking the risk of the great party which had elected him and could still neutralize or effectually sustain his administration, and yet they showed no alacrity, no heartiness in espousing his policy. In nearly every Southern State pressure had to be brought to bear from Washington to get the candidate of the President's policy adopted, and in many cases men were elected to office against the known wishes of President Johnson and his Cabinet.

**SAVE THE HEIFER CALVES.**  
For some time past there has been a regular export of cattle from Canada to the United States. They have had more than enough for our good, of one kind, namely—milk cows. The expansion of the cheese business in the United States has created a brisk demand for dairy stock, and anything in the shape of a cow has been quickly bought up. Considering the prices that have been offered, it is perhaps no wonder that our farmers have been tempted to sell more than the country could well spare. The prospect is, that cows will be scarce and high. Slowly but surely the cheese factory system is making its way amongst us. We are a conservative people, and rather suspicious of innovations. But once convinced that a thing is really good, we take hold of it very tenaciously. There is little doubt that factories will spring up in all favorable localities. In view of the present depleted stock of milk cows, and the demand for them which the future is almost sure to bring, it is the duty of wise farmers and every body who keeps a cow, to save the heifer calves. Do not let the butcher have a single one. It will pay to raise them; the country needs them. To butcher one the present season ought to be regarded as evidence of larceny, or else an offence worthy of indictment and punishment.—*Canada Farmer.*

**THE PUBLIC ENDOWMENT OF MCGILL COLLEGE.**—The demand made recently to the Governor-General, of an endowment for the McGill College University, in a document signed by the Hon. Chas. D. Day, has called forth energetic protests from the *Journal de Quebec* and *Courier du Canada*. They contend that the endowment of McGill College was a matter originally from private donations, and that therefore Protestant Colleges in Lower Canada have no claim whatever to endowments from public funds. They tar the proposal with being not only unfair, but a ridiculous pretention, and the *Courier* concludes in these words:—"If Protestants reckon in earnest upon the ultimate success of the attempt which McGill University has initiated, they had better unhesitatingly themselves. Never shall such a measure obtain the honor of a Legislative sanction, at least not as long as Catholics preserve their share of influence in the affairs of the country, nor as long as a single Catholic Member of Parliament will retain a seat in the Council of the Crown."

**COME TO GRIEF AT LAST.**—Mr. Alderman Patterson, of Hamilton, who figured so disgracefully in connection with the store-thefts in that city last winter, was indicted for robbery last Monday, but the Grand Jury threw out the bill. He was subsequently proceeded on for robbery, and a grand jury returned a bill against him, to which he pleaded guilty, and was at once sentenced to 2 months imprisonment in goal at hard labor, and to pay a fine of \$400—continence to continue till the fine is paid. This humiliating position all comes from keeping bad company and an unscrupulous greed for money. Verily, the way of the transgressor is hard.

**THE "ENGLAND" AND THE CHOLERA.**—Halifax papers of the 10th inst., gives a few additional particulars of the cholera on board the "England." Up to that date there had been 52 deaths, and some 25 or 30 were upon the sick list. The engineers and medical officers of the ship were taken sick, and the two captains, Mr. Garvie, of Halifax, volunteered to go on board and act as physician during the voyage to New York. The same gentleman also volunteered to go to Bermuda during the pestilence there a couple of years ago. The Executive Council have noticed in complimentary terms the humanity and courage of Dr. Garvie in this emergency.

**GENERAL LINDSAY.**—A late English paper says:—"General Lindsay, who holds a military command in Canada, has resigned his seat for Wigan. The gallant officer thinks it his duty to remain at his post now that the Fenians in the United States have threatened an attack on British territory, although probably nothing more than a marauding raid may take place. Two candidates for the vacant seat have appeared—Mr. N. Eckerley, a local banker, and Mr. John Lancaster, who must be known throughout the country as the owner of the yacht Deerhound, in which Capt. Semmes escaped after the destruction of the Alabama by the United States war steamer Kearsage. Mr. Eckerley is a Conservative, and Mr. Lancaster a Liberal.

**DIED.**  
At his father's residence, Township of Mariposa, on Saturday 14th inst., GEORGE PARKER, son, M. D., aged 27 years.

**COURT OF REVISION.**  
**NOTICE.**

**THE COURT OF REVISION FOR THE TOWNSHIP OF BEXLEY** will be held on SATURDAY the 19th day of MAY, 1866, at School House No. 3, Bexley. Parties interested will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.  
MICHAEL HEAPHY, Township Clerk.  
Bexley, April 18, 1866. 346-4 in.

**TIMBER FOR SALE.**  
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the TIMBER (Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20) in the Township of DYSERT in the County of Peterborough. Sale to be subject to the existing rights of settlers, and the usual conditions contained in a Crown Timber License.  
Outlet for Timber by the North branch of the Burnt River.  
CHAS. JAS. BLOMFIELD, Secy.,  
Canadian Land & Emigration Comp., Toronto.  
April 14, 1866. 346-4 in.

**At the recent terrible fire at Ocean Well, at Pithole, Mr. Frank McKenzie, who was at work on a new tank, jumped out and started through the burning oil to the hill-side, which he reached on his hands and knees, with his face and hair all on fire. One of his wrists and a piece of cloth about his ankle. When he got off of the oil he rolled over senseless. Both eyes were burned out and his body crisp black. He lived but three hours.**

**THE CANADIAN COLORS.**—It appears from *Le Canada*, that to the Minister of Finance and to the Commissioner of Customs is due the credit of having designed the new flag of the Province, Mr. Eugene Tache having only executed their design. The maple leaves of the garland will exhibit the several distinct shades through which they are known to pass. The crown on the top is continuous with the ends of the garland, the lower portion of which is tied by a ribbon. The banner in the center rests on a shield of silver.

**THE RAT HOLE FLEET.**—The Yankees have such a lot of 20 vessels loaded with lumber at the mouth of Charleston harbour, which will doubtless prevent any vessels drawing over a few feet of water, entering that port for all time to come. This must prove a serious loss to the property owners there, but it will not at all interfere with the supplies of the "Canadian Destroyer" for the cure of rheumatism, Tiodolereux, neuralgia, tooth-ache, and all complaints of that nature. Sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere, price 25cts. per bottle.

**DROWNED.**—On Thursday, 5th inst., a little girl of Anthony Jackson's, Merchant, Eden Mills, aged 5 years, was drowned in the river that passes through that place. She went out at noon to school, and not returning in the evening, her mother, Mrs. Herby, was found next morning under the bridge which crosses the river wedged among the ice. How she met with the accident is not known; but it is supposed that she had attempted to walk on the ice above the bridge and that gave way, causing her to fall into the water.—*Canadian Chameleon.*

**ANOTHER WOOLLEN FACTORY.**—The Cornwall *Fredericton* says that, in accordance with our statement last week, we may be assured that those who felt an interest in this matter, that Mr. Stephen has just completed arrangements by which he becomes proprietor of the entire water power derivable from the Cornwall canal in front of the town. Mr. Stephens will proceed at once with the erection of the contemplated factory, which is to be on a very large scale. We believe all the water at present available will be required. That new life and very great benefit will accrue to the town no one can doubt.

**MR. PEABODY'S GIFT.**—The graceful acknowledgment by the Queen of Mr. Peabody's magnificent donation to the London poor is a timely in keeping with the character of a Royal Lady, that it will simply be cited among us as justifying the regard which is entertained for Her Majesty by the American people, without distinction of class or party. A kindly and graceful act of this sort need not provoke a political banner. But kindly and graceful acts are not thrown away, be their source lofty or lowly. Mr. Peabody performed a deed of charity, which, as the Queen says, has probably no parallel in the annals of the British Sovereigns. He acknowledged the gift in terms befitting the nobility of the giver.—*N. Y. Times.*

**ABOMINABLE PRICES.**—Butter of good quality is now held at 70 cents per pound. A gentleman showed us to-day a cabbage not larger than a good-sized orange, for which he paid twelve cents; four very small turnip beets, six cents; and two turnips, five cents. At these prices, the business of raising "garden sauce" would make the owner of five acres rich in five years. It is at the rate of five thousand dollars an acre for vegetables. Four thousand head of cabbage large as that, is an average yield, and six hundred bushels of turnips and beets. At the price charged for butter, a cow's milk is better than an oil, a coal mine, and gold digging combined in one ownership.—*Boston Courier.*

**THE AFTERNOON PROMENADE.**—Among other old fashions which may be noticed at any time after four o'clock on the King Street promenade, when the beau monde are in the ascendant, is the affectionate manner of "wearing a dog" which some of our "blood" exhibit. The left arm is placed in a certain position to the right arm, resting place for the interesting puppy, whose cordal appendage peers out picturesquely behind, and forms a fancy loop around the arm at once suggestive and amusing. "Love me, love my dog" is an old saying, and so far as it goes is well enough; but the gentlemen who indulge in this exhibition are not so careful in their choice of dogs, as they are in their choice of the tender, but sublime words of the "poets."  
"No dog to love, learn to kiss.  
How can I ever miss sadness express?  
'Chunk is defunct, dead as a nail,  
Lead me his barque and the wag of his tail."  
—*Lead.*

**FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE G. T. RAILWAY.**  
A MAN DECAPITATED BY THE CARS.  
Bowmanville, April 14, 1866.  
This morning the body of a man named James Gamble was found lying on the track of the Grand Trunk Railway, with the head from the body, and lying several feet therefrom. It would appear from the facts elicited that the man had been drinking during the evening, at Hobbs' hotel, at the station, when becoming intoxicated, he had left for his house at about half-past ten. After crossing the bridge over the station, he must have lain down, and having placed his head upon the rail, fell off to sleep, when he was run over by the Express train from Montreal which arrived here about 12 o'clock last night.  
An inquest is being held upon the remains, which are lying in the G. T. Railway cars. He leaves a wife and four children.