

PRO BONO PUBLICO!

MORE NEW GOODS THIS WEEK AT GIMSON'S Dry Goods Emporium.

NEW HOOP SKIRTS, (latest improvements), NEW PARASOLS, great Bargains.

NEW SHAWLS, great Bargains. NEW PRINTS, cheap and good. NEW HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, & FIXINGS.

NEW BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed. FACTORY COTTONS, very low in price.

NEW FANCY COATINGS, Tweeds, &c. NEW HATS & CAPS, TIES & COLLARS.

In fact every article required, will be found cheap and good, with

J. F. GIMSON, Bigelow's Block, Lindsay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Pro Bono Publico."—John F. Gimson. Grand Display—Gillies & Lancashire.

Manilla List of Letters—M. Douglas. Wanted—Thomas White. Investment Act of 1864—S. C. Wood.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, JUNE 16th, 1865

County Court and Quarter Sessions.

The Quarter Sessions for the County of Victoria opened on Tuesday last, at 12 o'clock, His Honour Judge Smith presiding.

In addition to the members of the Lindsay Bar there were present Thomas Benson, Esq., Port Hope, and Hector Cameron, Esq., Toronto.

The following gentlemen answered to their names, and were sworn in as Grand Jurors.

John Hunter, Esquire, J. P. Foreman; John Alder, Wm. Blackwell, John Butler, James Burton, G. Balfour, Henry Best, John Davidson, Wm. Davidson, Thomas Dohney, Daniel Day, James Davidson, John Douglas, Thomas Evans, Alex. Gillanders, Thomas Jackson, Joseph Keele, John M. Michael, Colin McKee, James McConnell, Duncan McRae, Benjamin Woodward, Richard Wood and Samuel Walker.

Wood vs. Caldwell.—Action on promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff for \$167.96. M. Dunsford for Plf.; A. Lacourse for Df.

Bank of Upper Canada vs. Chichester et al.—Action on promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff. Thomas Benson and Martin Dunsford for plf.

His Honour Judge Smith took his seat at 9.30 a.m.; J. Holmes Hopkins, Esq., J.P., and Wm. Cottingham, Esq., J.P., associates.

Glenny vs. Hopkins.—This action was brought to recover the sum of \$110, being \$95 for a quantity of hay, and \$15 for 100 bushels of turnips.

It appeared in evidence that Mr. Hopkins, in December last, purchased, 100 bushels of turnips for which he was to pay the sum of \$15.

On the first day of January a bargain was made for a quantity of hay for which defendant agreed to pay \$95. It also came out that the hay in now was not the same throughout, there being about a ton and a half of excellent timothy on top, the remainder being made up of clover, timothy, chaff and oat-straw.

The defendant therefore declined carrying out the arrangement, and tendered the sum of \$42 in payment of the hay, and \$15 for turnips. A number of witnesses testified to the indifferent quality of the greater portion of the hay—one witness saying that what he saw was not fit to feed to horses.

Notwithstanding all this the jury thought differently, and brought in a verdict for the full amount claimed and found that there was only one bargain. A. Lacourse for plf.; O. J. McKay and G. J. Weller for dft.

Sharp vs. Campbell.—Action on promissory note. Original amount \$117. Credits claimed and allowed. Verdict for plaintiff for \$47.3. O. J. McKay and C. C. Keller for plf.; A. Lacourse for dft.

Rodden vs. Anderson.—This action was brought to recover the balance of purchase-money due for "Rodden's van," sold to Mr. James Anderson, formerly of Port Hope.

County Council Proceedings.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, Lindsay, 8th June, 1865. THIRD DAY.

The various Standing Committees were busily engaged to-day, so that the members did not go into Council.

FOURTH DAY. The Warden took the chair at 3 o'clock p.m. All the members present. Minutes of the previous meeting read and confirmed.

EQUALIZATION. On motion of Mr. Staples, seconded by Mr. Duck, the report of the special committee appointed to revise and equalize the assessment rolls was received, and the Council went into committee of the whole thereon.

Mr. Brown in the chair. The committee rose and reported the report without amendment, and on motion of Mr. Duck the report was adopted.

PRINTING. Mr. Cockburn brought up the report of the standing committee on Printing, and the Council went into committee thereon—Mr. Staples in the chair. Committee rose and reported the report without amendment, and it was accordingly adopted.

The report recommended the Co. Clerk to subscribe for a copy of the Law Journal for the use of the Council; that the Treasurer purchase the Registry Book from W. C. Chetwilt & Co., Toronto, their being the lowest tender; and that the following accounts be paid, viz.:

Robt. Romaine, printing and binding, \$53.14. C.B. Robinson, advertising and printing, 66.95. Jos. Cooper, balance on printing, 108.90.

USURY LAW. Mr. Brown moved the Council into committee on the second reading of a petition to the Legislative Assembly of Canada praying for the passage of an Act to regulate the interest to be charged for the use of money.

Mr. Cockburn in the chair. Messrs. Cottingham, Adair and Brown addressed the Council; but the demand on our space this week prevents us reporting their remarks. The petition as adopted by the Council read as follows:—

"The Petition of the Municipal Council of the County of Victoria Humbly Sheweth: That the granting to Companies the privilege of loaning money at high rates of interest, and to private individuals the right to loan money at any rate which may be agreed upon, is very prejudicial to the interests of the country, and has been the cause of the ruin of many thousands of the best men in the country.

"That when lands are mortgaged to Companies, they are in a majority of cases not redeemed—not from the amount of money borrowed, but from the high rate of interest charged.

"That private parties are charging from ten to fifty per cent, and when even the best security is given, twenty per cent. is not an uncommon interest.

"That Companies, who, in addition to a high rate of interest, charge large fees, and your petitioners therefore humbly pray that your Honourable Body will pass an Act restricting the rate of interest at Seven per cent, and that a direct or indirect violation of the same be punished by forfeiture of the money loaned or used in purchases.

"And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray."

EDUCATION. Mr. Fell brought up the report of the Standing Committee on Education and the Council went into Committee thereon, Mr. Fell in the chair. The report recommended the appointment of the Rev. Mr. Paterson, of Verulam, as Superintendent of Schools for the township of Fenelon, and the report was adopted. A By-Law founded on the report was subsequently introduced, read three times and passed.

Mr. Jackson brought up the report of the Standing Committee on County Property, and the Council went into Committee thereon, Mr. Stephenson in the chair. Reported without amendment. The report recommended the Warden, Treasurer, and Deputy Reeve of Lindsay, as a special committee to have certain repairs made to the Court House and Gaol, and alterations in the Sheriff's and Treasurer's office; and further recommended the Council to memorialize the Government for aid to assist in repairing the Gaol.

ROADS AND BRIDGES. Mr. Lucas brought up the Report of the Standing Committee on Roads and Bridges, and the Council went into Committee thereon, Mr. Lucas in the Chair. Committee rose and reported the Report with amendments. The Report when amended, recommended the appropriation of \$150 for the County Roads in Carden and Dalton; \$150 for Laxton and Digby, and \$150 for Lutterworth and Anson, for the purpose of giving work to indigent settlers. The Committee also recommended that the Reeves of the various municipalities be commissioners for expending the same.

FINANCIAL. Mr. Hodgson brought up the Report of the Standing Committee on Finance and Assessment. The report states the Committee examined the various accounts and claims against the County, and recommended payment of the following, viz.:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Amount. Includes Cobocook Bridge, \$35.00; Head Lake Road, \$60.01; McRae's Bridge, \$29.50; H. Hicks, Book and Stationery, \$4.88; J. Lenihan, sundries for Court House, \$5.83; Thomas Newman, sawing wood, \$7.62; J. Staples, Com. Cobocook Bridge, \$12.00; T. Brady, sawing wood, \$5.75; James Terry, sawing wood, \$2.00; Mark Morrison, work on Bob. Road, \$8.25; H. Hall, 8 1/2 cords wood for C. House, \$11.80; Drake & Foley, Oil, &c., for do, \$11.80; H. J. Sutton, counter for Deputy H. Clerk's Office, \$20.00; J. Fee, bridge at Falls, \$75.00; D. Mulehey, repairs on boundary line of Ops and Emily, \$6.75; W. H. Deane, going to Bobocoygon to value bridge, \$5.00.

The Committee have examined the auditor's estimate of expenses for the current year, and find it will be necessary to raise by assessment the sum of \$19,000 to meet ordinary expenses, sinking fund, and interest on

debentures of this County for the present year. The committee have examined the correspondence between the Treasurer of this County and the Treasurer of Peterborough, relative to the expenditure for the Lancaster and Bobocoygon Bridges, and think it strange that there should be any misunderstanding with the Committee of the Council of Peterborough about the expenses of the bridge, as the matter was settled by this Council last fall in the presence of the late Warden of the County of Peterborough, who expressed himself entirely satisfied.

The committee have considered the claim of W. H. Deane, Esq., P. L. S., against this County for survey made on the western boundary of Mariposa, and recommend that he be paid the sum of \$450 for said survey, in full of his claim.

The committee would recommend the Treasurer not to pay premiums on any wolf scalp sent in from Draper and Macaulay until they elect a council and send a Reeve to this Council.

The committee have had under their consideration the collection of the arrears of taxes found to be occupied under the late amended assessment act, and recommend the Councils of the different municipalities to make a return of all taxes received by the collectors on account of lands that are in arrears for taxes.

Mr. Farrell moved the Council into Committee on the second reading of a By-Law to confirm By-Law No. 148 of the township of Ops.

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Town Council Proceedings.

Monday evening, June 5, 1865. The Council met—present the Mayor and all the councillors except Mr. Mitchell.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. Moved by Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Bell, that the Town survey, or make a sectional plan of Wellington St. Bridge, showing the height required to allow Mr. Crandell's boat to pass.—Carried.

Mr. Mitchell appeared and took his seat. Moved by Mr. Doheny, seconded by Mr. Bell, that the Market By-Law, as prepared by Mr. Harrison, be now read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Grace, that the Council go into Committee of the whole on said By-Law.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Doheny, seconded by Mr. Moloney, that the motion of D. Brown, to read the Market By-Law in Committee, be reconsidered.

Moved by Mr. Deane, seconded by Mr. Stephenson, that the privilege of the Mayor to choose a chairman of Committee of the whole is one of the oldest and most common rights of Council, and that this Council bear him out in the course he has taken.—Lost.

Mr. Doheny's motion was then put and carried. The Council then adjourned.

S. & O. BIGELOW still continue to show at their Store, Kent Street, the most elegant lot of new Mantles and Jackets ever brought to Lindsay, as well as beautiful Bonnets, Hats and Dress Goods in great variety. They have also Hoop Skirts from the best makers, Parasols, Feathers, Flowers, &c. Gentlemen's Cloths and Tweeds always on hand. They have besides some very fine Cotton Tweeds—made of the genuine article and warranted to wear well—to which they would call particular attention.

IMPORTANT TO TOWNSHIP CLERKS.—It is of importance that the Clerks of the various municipalities throughout the County should make returns, without delay, to the County Treasurer, "of the lands occupied on which arrears of taxes are due," so that he may place the warrant for the sale of lands for taxes in the hands of the Sheriff as early a date as possible. Members of the Council urged prompt action in this matter and we hope it will claim immediate attention.

A QUICK RETURN.—A muffled tumbler pigeon was brought by a party to Toronto a few weeks ago from Montreal, and on arrival here was kept in a pigeon-house, confined for a fortnight. At 9 o'clock, one morning, the owner, supposing it was thoroughly domesticated to its new home, let it out, and at six o'clock the same evening it was at its former master's dove-cot in Montreal, having flown a distance of over 300 miles in less than nine hours.

KICKED TO DEATH BY A HORSE.—We regret to learn that Mr. Jesse Amidge, of Mariposa, on Tuesday last, received a kick from a horse, from the effects of which he died on the following day. We learn from Dr. Martin, who attended deceased, that the force of the blow broke the skull behind the ear, rendering the unfortunate man's recovery nearly hopeless from the first.

MEMORIAL. Mr. Cockburn introduced a memorial to His Excellency the Governor General praying for a grant to improve the Victoria and Portage Colonization Roads, and the Council went into committee thereon, Mr. Downer in the chair. Committee rose and reported the memorial without amendment.

On motion of Mr. Fell, seconded by Mr. Thurston, it was resolved that the claim of McCaul and Shoukles for compensation for road allowance on boundary line between this County and Peterborough cannot be entertained by this Council.

THE TRAVELS OF A LETTER.—On the 18th of January last a letter was mailed in London, England, addressed to J. C. Rodden, Esq., Lindsay, Canada West Co., Victoria. This letter, which should have reached Mr. Rodden in ten days thereafter, arrived at Lindsay, Province of Victoria, at the Antipodes, on the 22nd day of March following. The Postmaster not finding the party for whom the letter was intended, and perhaps seeing the effect that placing the comma after Canada West instead of the Co. had, wrote across the face of the envelope, "try British America." On its way back the letter again passed through the London P.O. on the 19th of May, and on the 2nd of June Mr. Rodden received his letter, which had travelled thousands of miles, and which had crossed and re-crossed the greater portion of three zones in quest of the party to whom it was addressed. The envelope bore eleven postmarks.

PROFESSOR MILLAR.—This gentleman was advertised to make his appearance in the Town Hall of this place on the 29th ult., but failed to do so. His agent contracted two or three debts here, which the Professor has not had the honesty to settle. We see by our exchanges that he is now up west giving his musical entertainments; and we would advise those newspaper proprietors who may receive advertising or printing from him to get payment therefor in advance, or they will stand a very good chance of losing it altogether.

THE DERBY RACES.—The last arrival brings intelligence that the race for the Derby was won by the French horse "Gladiator," in a career by two lengths. The London papers warmly congratulate France on the triumph achieved. It is said that Count Lagrange, the owner of "Gladiator," wins from £70,000 to £80,000. We have made arrangements whereby we hope to obtain for our readers a full report of the proceedings at the Derby, written by a spectator of the affair.

GRAND ORANGE EXCURSION.—The members of L. O. L. No. 121 intend giving an Excursion from Bobocoygon to Fenelon Falls on the Twelfth of next month—the anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne. The steamer "Novelty" will leave the Queen's wharf, Bobocoygon, at half-past 7 a.m. for the Falls, and return early in the evening. Tickets 50 cents each; ladies free.

ALDERMAN ROBERT MOODIE died at his residence, Toronto, on the 8th inst. He was a member of the City Council for a number of years, and was a leading man among the Orangemen. He was only 37 years of age at the time of his death.

MORE ABOUT THE PIC-NICS.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post: Sir,—In your last issue, Mr. George Young, "Principal Oakwood Grammar School, Marshall? &c.," makes a splendid attack on the Manilla Grammar School under cover of finding fault with the meeting of teachers, held at Bank's Hotel on the 27th inst., and in a rather inferior style of English. I think it my duty, as chairman of said meeting, to make a statement of the facts.

The teachers of Manilla and vicinity had considered the propriety of holding a school picnic this year, and had about concluded to have one on the 1st Friday in June. But on hearing of the Oakwood meeting, and on invitation, agreed to attend with a view of uniting forces, and getting up a picnic on a large scale, the place of holding it to be left to the meeting. No secret was made of our object, previous notice being given to Mr. Brown, Mr. Young, &c. in a very arbitrary manner, questioned our right to take part in the proceedings, and "did not see what business we had coming there." Mr. Reazin's amendment to have a union picnic was not lost, as was stated in their secretary's report. It was very absurdly declared out of order by Mr. Young and the chairman, and of course withdrawn.

Had it been put to the meeting, it would have been carried by a two-thirds majority. We then stated to the meeting, that as we had failed in our friendly object, the only alternative was to retire and proceed to get up a picnic on our own account. On retiring Mr. Young and others requested us to hold our picnic on the same day as theirs, and therefore changed the day of holding ours from Friday to Thursday, Thursday, Friday or Saturday of that week being the only time suitable, as the Manilla schools close for holidays at that time. And this is what Mr. Young calls "contemptible conduct" and "wholly unbecoming in the conduct of youth." He must have gained an acquaintance of penetration which enables him to see further into the depths of morality than other mortals! If he had penetrated as deeply into the mysteries of Webster, Lennie, and Sangster, he would not have called the same thing a "contemptible" and an "advertisement," or a "secret" and "padding," neither would he have committed the names of the following teachers who attended the meeting, viz.—I. Allen, D. McGregor, M. McLean, John McLean, I. Harvey, H. Reazin, J. C. Campbell, A. Kirkland, W. Mallet, D. McIntyre, John Whyte, Thomas Whyte, Ronald Ferguson, Laughlin McLean, (and others whose names I forget), and called the number eight.

I am sir, your obedient servant. J. B. CAMPBELL, 1st Assistant, Manilla Grammar School, Manilla, June 12th, 1865.

THE SCHOOL PIC-NICS.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post: Sir,—The Oakwood Marshall is getting too big for his boots on the same day as he takes delight in insulting anybody who may cross his path, particularly his fellow-teachers who happen to be doing better these times. In his letter to your paper of last week, he is at his old tricks again, and it is time to have the check rein applied. Mr. Reazin is too much of a gentleman to reply to his trash, but I believe in long, long, no matter what kind of coin he deals in. The Oakwood Marshall is great at the game of grab. He grabs at every little honorarium. Mr. Meredith, Mr. McIntyre and a few others, got up the Oakwood Pic-nics in the first place. He has not succeeded to succeed he rushes in to grab the credit of it out of their hands. He denied this at the meeting, but his falsehood was proved there and then by half a dozen. He is a pretty man to call other teachers names and talk about their conduct. He has not got a Pic-Nic, because he wanted all the credit to himself. We changed the day of holding our Pic-Nic from Friday to Thursday by Mr. Young's request, out of courtesy to them, and now he calls us mean for doing it. The truth is he is jealous of Manilla Grammar School, because it has over forty classical pupils and he has none.

Mr. Young pretends to be a great mathematician. His counting the number who attended our meeting at Bank's was a good example of it, as well as his trying, in your last issue, to cheat Mr. Webster out of the credit of doing his problem, after Mr. Webster showed him how to do it. This is about as true as the story I heard of a school-master, who borrowed newspapers about the village, pretending to read them, and then selling them to the merchants at 10 cents a pound for wrapping paper.

It is time the teachers and trustees of the Lindsay and Onemee Grammar Schools looked after him, for he has been evading the law and pocketing their money for the past two years.

Yours truly, RONALD FERGUSON. One of the "contemptible teachers." Manilla, June 12th, 1865.

THE ARITHMETICAL PROBLEM.

To the Editor of the Canadian Post: Sir,—I was not a little surprised when looking over the columns of your paper at observing another solution of your mathematical problem, as I supposed that two weeks would be quite a sufficient length of time for anyone to solve the really simple problem. Moreover, I have my own key to a point to allow Mr. Young to see his name attached to such a wonderful problem, and that too after his having seen a correct solution. Mr. Young speaks of his attention not having been called to the problem till the solution was late for publication; but I have been credibly informed that his attention was called to the problem, and that he attempted a solution, but failed. He declined sending in his answer for reasons best understood by himself. He speaks of my solution being so confused, offering this as a reason for the publication of his method, doubtless thinking that when he had got a friend to aid his obtuse mind in understanding it, other people would be equally at a loss for comprehension. How very easy it is for Mr. Young, or any other person with the least degree of mathematical knowledge, after looking over a correct solution and observing an answer, to modify the solution to a certain extent and bring out the same result. There are several methods by which this may be accomplished, without the aid of an intelligent friend to be able to comprehend it.

W. J. WEBSTER. Lindsay, June 12, 1865.

So great is the rush of visitors to see the tomb of Mr. Lincoln, near Springfield, that a line of omnibuses has been started from the city to accommodate them.

The New York Custom House receipts last Saturday were over \$500,000.

TO MR. VICARS, LINDSAY.

I see the time for examination is drawing near it is with feeling and sympathy I now take my pen to write seeing so many Schools in trouble concerning their teachers half the children is sent to school is sent more to be out of the way of a mother than for learning who are we to blame we cannot blame any one only those that sit at the board of examination of School Teachers. It would consist of a highway Robber to have more principle than such people in office large money paid to our schools but no benefit received how easy it is to get authority for Teaching a father or friend has nothing to do but to come with his daughter if she does not pass in the time she will pass her time at night. Not only do delinquent savages sit in darkness but in those cities and persons that are most renowned for civilization and science are often enveloped in the deepest ignorance Mr. Lincoln died pleading for the rights of his Country I plead for the rights of children to have them educated and to have teachers that is able to teach them as a minister ought to agree with me there is much said about sending bibles to Foreign lands while hundreds of children in this our enlightened Country is raised without being able to read their own good teacher is able to learn a child more in one year than a bad one is to learn him in ten how many girls are taken out of a common School and made teachers of put in schools and read averages from 60 to 100 scholars if there was a good teacher by having a bad one about 25 or 30 it is a shame Children is robbed of their learning school sections is kept in utter darkness why these things is carried on if we could have good teachers what a blessing it would be to Parents and children no more at present Yours Obt

COLONIES NOT LEGAL TENDER.

(From the Detroit Tribune.) The Chicago Tribune recommends that if the British Government refuse to pay the claims of the United States for damages upon the American commerce by the Alabama, and other British pirates sailing under the rebel flag, our Government should proceed to take the "pay in colonies." This is simply phoney. We have already vastly more territory than we shall be able to people before the middle of next century. A war with England would cost us infinitely more than ten British North American are worth, even if it should last half as long as the war from which we have just emerged. We believe it to be altogether contrary to the spirit of the age to make war upon any nation upon a question of dollars and cents. But leaving such considerations out of sight, even if we should annex the Canadas, and otherwise inflict great injury upon England, that we should do upon us, the result would not be worth the cost. We must have some man who we could carry on a war with England without adding immensely to a national debt already enormous? Our true policy is peace. Nay, more, our true revenge upon England is peace. By peace we shall draw from her hundreds of thousands of her crowded population. The money which would be employed by her to shed the blood of our American soldiers in a war with the United States, will, by peace, be made citizens of the United States and will add immensely to her wealth and aid power.

The most effective way to reach the British treasury is through the hands of the British manufacturers. When the last rebel flag flew from the ocean, let our claim for damages arising from England's negligent or violated neutrality, be presented to her Government with the distinct intimation that a material increase in our duties upon such foreign goods as are imported from England, will be the consequence of her refusal to pay the bill. We have very little doubt that she will resist. Then let us keep our word and tighten the tariff. We must have heavy direct or indirect taxation for many years to come, and perhaps here is not the best time, that as large as possible a portion of this tax should be imposed upon the products of a country which will have refused to make amends for the injuries done us through her neglect or violation of neutrality? In this way we can punish England without injury to ourselves, but rather with the greatest benefit. We can build up in this country a rather checkered list which will be no longer dependent on England, and we can transplant to this country multitudes of British working men and women who now carry on war.

AN EXTENSIVE FIRE.

At about one o'clock on Wednesday morning, the 7th inst., a fire broke out in the rear of the brick buildings belonging to Mr. Hutton. When discovered, it had made such headway as to render the destruction of Mr. Hutton's building a certainty. The fire was not long in communicating itself to the adjoining brick building on the north side, belonging to Mr. F. Whitehead, and also to the double brick building on the south side, belonging to the late J. Magit, and now the property of Mrs. Kells and Mr. S. Mignat. These buildings were also destroyed. If the town was properly provided with fire engines and companies, &c., the block belonging to the estate of the late John M. Hutton could have been saved, without any difficulty. Mr. Hutton's business, as well as Mrs. Hutton's grocery, insured, part of Mr. S. Mignat's grocery, insured, part of Mr. S. Mignat's saved; Mr. Gibson's grocery, no insurance, stock nearly all saved; the British Canadian Printing Office, insured, the greater part destroyed; Mr. Delamere's residence, the furniture insured, most of it destroyed. Mr. Whitehead's building was partly occupied by the Custom House. The office furniture was mostly all saved. Mr. Whitehead was partially insured. The block belonging to the late John M. Hutton was occupied by Mr. Dickson as a Saddlery Shop, no insurance, the large stock of saddles and materials were saved; Mrs. Kells as a residence, part of the furniture being saved; and by Mr. Robinson, as a residence, part of the furniture being saved. The block was insured.—Port Hope Guide.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—While Mr. George Copeland, of Yarmouth, was engaged washing sheep