

The Canadian Post
EVERY THURSDAY MORNING
OFFICE—LINDSAY STREET, LINDSAY, C.W.
And contains Notices of the Parliament, Royal, and
Local Questions of the Day; Agricultural, and
Commercial Notices; an Estimate of the General
and Local News of the week, together with care-
fully selected Miscellaneous.
In sending money, or desiring a change of
address, Subscribers should not neglect to give the
name of the Post-office where they have been re-
ceiving the paper, & if they correspond simply
give the name of the Town to which they wish
sent, forgetting to state the Post-office, thus causing
trouble and loss of time. Letters containing
money, if paid and registered, will be at our risk.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
\$1.50 in advance; \$2.00 if paid within the year;
\$2.50 if not paid.
G. CRITCHFIELD & CO.
Publishers and Proprietors.
Office—"Canadian Post," LINDSAY STREET,
LINDSAY, C.W.

The Canadian Post.

A LITERARY, POLITICAL, EDUCATIONAL, AND FAMILY JOURNAL.

LINDSAY, C.W. THURSDAY, NOV. 5, 1863. [Terms: \$1.50, in Advance.]

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
Ten lines and under, 75 Cents.
Above Ten lines, first insertion, per line, 8
Each subsequent insertion, 5
Professional and Business Cards, six lines
and under, \$5 per annum, \$3 for Six Months.
From Six to Ten Lines, \$5 per annum.
Large Advertisements are measured by a cer-
tain space, with the privilege of having new matter
inserted at the end of every 3 Months, on favorable
terms.
Display Advertisements are measured by
a scale of Solid Lines, and charged accordingly.
Advertisements sent without written in-
structions inserted until notified, and charged for
full time.
No casual advertisements inserted unless
paid for in advance. Merchants will be expected
to pay quarterly.
Advertisements for discounting advertisements
must be in writing, otherwise the Publishers will
not be responsible.
G. CRITCHFIELD & CO.,
Publishers and Proprietors.

A Good Chance!

For PROFESSIONAL GENTLEMEN,
MERCHANTS,
TRADESMEN,
AND ALL
who wish to do
A SAFE AND EXTENSIVE
BUSINESS!
THE "CANADIAN POST"
Inducements for Advertising
By means of an agent solely employed in canvass-
ing for this paper, its subscription is
GREATLY INCREASED!
In this County, and the sure way to obtain publi-
city is
By Advertising
IN ITS COLUMNS!
Merchants who advertise continuously shall be
LIBERALLY ARRANGED WITH!
As this is the best reason for advertising, parties
who wish to maintain and extend their business
should give the above their consideration.
Lindsay, Sept. 1863.

Business Cards.

OAKWOOD.

DANKS HOTEL. Main Street, Oakwood.
Good Building and a careful Order.
W. C. DANKS, Proprietor. 118-1/2

J. F. CUNNINGHAM.
REPUTABLELY informs the inhabitants
of Mariposa, that he is prepared to make a
Complete Suit of black superfine Broad
Cloth, for \$18 00
or for 7 00
Respectfully informs the inhabitants
of Mariposa, that he is prepared to make a
Complete Suit of black superfine Broad
Cloth, for \$18 00
or for 7 00
Remember you can have garments made to order
at the subscriber's in the best style of fashion, fit
and workmanship warranted, at as low a figure as
is usually charged for ready-made goods.
J. F. CUNNINGHAM,
Opposite the Town Hall,
Oakwood, Oct. 14, 1863.

Jottery.

I sent you a book one day,
She thought I had it, I said I
Two little others had to say
The was so strange and I so shy
But yet we loved indifferent things—
The sporting hounds, the birds in trees;
And then stood still and watched his wings
With very little from June to June.
For her what task to dare or do?
What pastime? what pastime best?
But with her, she never knew
My heart, and what was hidden there.
And she with me so cold and coy,
Seemed like a maid bereft of sense
But in a crowd, all life and joy,
And full of baneful impudence.
She married! well, a woman needs
A mate, her life and love to share—
And little saws sprung up like weeds,
And played around her elbow chair.
And years rolled by, but I content,
Trimmed my one lamp, and kept it bright,
Till Age's touch my hair besprayed
With rays and gleams of silver light.
And then it chanced I took the book,
Which she had read in days gone by,
And as I read, each passion took
My soul, I needs must curse or cry.
For here and there her love was writ
In old faded pencil signs,
As if she yielded bit by bit,
Her heart, in dots and under-lines.
Ah! silvered fool, too late you look!
I knew it; let me here record
This maxim, "Let no maid a book,
Unless you read it afterward!"

Miscellaneous.

"TOOZLING THE LASSES."

The Court of Session at Edinburgh has been lately "tooled" by a case throwing some curious light on the morals and manners which appear to prevail in the provincial districts of Scotland. A young lady, 30 years of age, the daughter of a respectable medical man at Strathaven, pursued one Mr. Thomas Tennent, a banker, ironmonger, and merchant, insurance agent, and landed proprietor, of the same town, for seduction and breach of promise of marriage, laying the damages at £2000. The young lady had given birth to a child, whose paternity the "defender" did not absolutely deny, but he offered to provide for the infant if it were sworn to him. A number of credible witnesses, such as clergy, lawyers, bank agents, and schoolmistresses, deposed to the respectable character of the girl before she became a mother; and it is not to be believed, unbecom even in Scotland for young women to be chaste up to the time of their being seduced. On the other hand, Mr. Tennent denied that he had ever promised the "pursuer" marriage, although he coolly admitted that he had visited her in a stealthy manner, and had carried on an illicit intrigue with her. This led up to an astounding series of revelations as to the custom of "toozing" prevalent at Strathaven. The "pursuer" acknowledged having received visits from Mr. Tennent, and having consented to a good deal of kissing and other ultra Arcadian endearments, but purely in the way of "diversion." The daughter of the postmaster of the town then gave a remarkable description of the "toozing" carried on at the post office. The letters, it appears, were habitually sorted in the kitchen, and a number of girls and men—the "pursuer" and Mr. Tennent among the number—used to resort to this underground trysting-place for the purpose of "diversion," consisting in hugging, kissing, sitting on each other's knees, straggling, and similar clapperclawing. Occasionally there was an adjournment upstairs, where much "tumble" was always with an eye to innocent "diversion"—took place. The scene of high romps exceeds anything that the cold English imagination could depict without aid from the ghost of Burns, or anything that could be so socially tolerated south of "moral Scotland." The fair "pursuer" herself confessed that on one occasion a number of girls and men were "rolling about together" on the kitchen floor; and added with much affectation, that it was the custom of the place. The postmaster's daughter said that she had seen plenty of girls in Strathaven kissed and "toozed," and that "it did not hurt their character," even when, sometimes happened, the gas was put out. The judge Lord Barclay, seemed extremely shocked at the notion of the "toozing" in the kitchen, and the subsequent adjournment; but the jury by their verdict, seemed to accept the doctrine that "toozing" was substantially innocent, and that the man who would take advantage of his "toozing" privileges for the purposes of seduction was unworthy of the name of a North Briton. At any rate they cast Mr. Thomas Tennent, broker, ironmonger, &c., in one thousand pounds damages. The decision was, we learn, received with applause by a crowded court; and we have no doubt that the portion of the auditory that belonged to Strathaven took the first train back to that most pastoral market-town to announce a result so conservative of "toozing" as a local institution.

Literature.

The House of Rothschild.

Among the congresses held this summer, of princes, lawyers, musicians, schoolmasters, social science men, political economists, and a hundred others, one very notable meeting has almost escaped public attention. A few days ago our Paris correspondent told us that a congress of the members of the illustrious house of Rothschild had been sitting at Paris. The purpose of the meeting was nothing less than to re-organize the dominions of the banking dynasty. In one word, the object of the Rothschild congress was to reduce the five branches of the house who were Europe, to four, and following the example of Garibaldi, to strike another sovereign of Naples from the list of reigning monarchs. Henceforth there are to be but four kings at London, Paris, Vienna and Frankfurt. It is now exactly a hundred years since a poor Jew, named Mayer Anselm, made his appearance at the city of Hanover; barefooted, with a sack on his shoulders, and a bundle of sticks on his back. Successful in trade, like most of his co-religionists, he returned to Frankfurt at the end of a few years, and set up a small shop in the "Jew-lane," over which hung the signboard of a red shield, called in German rothschild. As a dealer in old and rare coins, he made the acquaintance of the Serene Elector of Hesse Cassel, who, happening to be in want of a confidential agent for various open and secret purposes, appointed the shrewd-looking Mayer Anselm to the post. The Serene Elector, being compelled soon after to pay up his arrears of subscription. At last one day he told Mycell that he would certainly hand it over the next morning as sure as he lived. "If you don't get your money to-morrow you be sure I am dead," said he. The morning came and passed, but no money. Mycell, of the Sheriff's feeling when, on the morning of the day after he opened his Herald, and saw announced the lamented decease of Philip Bagley, Esq., High Sheriff of the County of Essex; with an obituary notice attached, giving the deceased credit for a good many excellent traits of character, but adding that he had one fault very much to be deplored: he was not punctual in paying the printer. Bagley, without waiting for his breakfast, started for the Herald office. On the way it struck him as singular that none of the many friends and acquaintances he met seemed to be surprised to see him. They must have read their morning paper. Was it possible they cared so little about him as to have forgotten already that he was no more? Full of perturbation he entered the printing office to deny that he was dead in propria persona. "Why, Sheriff?" exclaimed the facetious editor. "I thought you were defunct. Why, you yourself?" said Mycell. "Did you not tell me—"
"Oh! ah! yes!" stammered out the Sheriff. "Well, there's your money. And now contradict the report in the next paper, if you please."
"That's not necessary, friend Bagley," said the old joker; "it was only printed in your copy."
The good Sheriff lived many years after his fall, and to the day of his real death took good care to pay the printer.

General News.

A MAN SAVED FROM THE GALLOWS BY MARRIAGE.

The case of Patrick Nagle, an Irishman, charged with rape, was called on. The girl, a very interesting person, came into court. Much interest was excited, and a great number of persons were present to hear the trial. The man, a rather good looking fellow, seemed to be deeply in fear at the dangers that surrounded him. Mr. James O'Reilly, of Kingston, appeared for the defence; Sir Henry Smith for the Crown. When the case was called, Mr. O'Reilly "challenged the array" of jurors, evidently for the purpose of throwing the case over until the next Assizes, he having stated previously that the man was desirous of marrying the girl, and no doubt, would be able to do so, she being willing. In that case the Crown would have no evidence against him, as a wife cannot appear as evidence against her husband. Mr. O'Reilly's challenge was allowed, and the trial of the case was therefore adjourned until next court, on the ground that the jury were only summoned from the city of Ottawa and the township of Gloucester, and should have been taken from the whole county and not from any particular locality. It was suggested by the learned counsel for the defence that the prisoner was willing to marry the girl, and made an application to admit him to bail. The Judge stated that if the girl would consent to marry him, and he could be assured of the security of the man, he would grant the application. Upon Mr. O'Reilly giving the necessary assurance to the Court, bail was taken, and the man and girl left the court to go before a clergyman to have the knot tied. We understand that the learned counsel was present, and thus by his ingenuity saved his client; for no doubt, if the prisoner had been tried, he would have been found guilty. Thus a man was saved from the gallows, and got a wife into the bargain!—Ottawa Citizen.

General News.

THE INDIAN SUMMER.

The genial season of the year has arrived when the harvest which ripened all summer are gathered in, and the husbandman rests from his toil. When the land produces nothing he recuperates, and the flocks and herds sleep drowsily through the winter gloom. A recent trip through some of the Eastern States disclosed the fact that—to the eyes at least—the farmers in that section have no cause to complain; if barns almost bursting with their wealth of grain, and abundance of hayricks scattered here and there through the fields, may be taken as any evidence of prosperity. All nature smiles, and the mellow sun never shone more gently upon the land than during October. While yet still rests his horrid front along the borders, and the sound of armies contending against each other startles the ears of those who dwell in the Middle States, we at the North know little of its actual existence save in tidings which tell of battles lost or won. The balmy air bears no whisper of death or decay, and the promise of the summer is fulfilled in those lovely autumn days. Like a serene old age the dawn comes in, and the shadows grow and lengthen over hill and mountain top, until they fade away in the purple night again. The break of the woods is sweet and odorous, and the fallen leaves that strew the paths rustle with the quick leap of the squirrel or the whirr of the started partridge. The maples, spangled all over with crimson blushes, the birches with a pale and yellow melancholy, and the tulip trees clothed with a fiery radiance like warriors in battle array, guard the aisles of the wood, and in the sunny hollows thereof the blue jay makes his peevish complaint through the livelong day. The hawk whistles his shrill note and the lesser feathered tribes cower in dismay; eagles sail above the weather-beaten cliffs on the mountain and from the rugged pine tree top the crows creak diametrically their wings. Nature is calm and full of a placid dignity, while man alone, of all the animated world, disturbs her repose by wars, burnings, and slaughter. God grant that this beautiful land may enjoy peace and quietness before another autumn returns.—Scientific American.

Business Cards.

LINDSAY.

P. S. MARTIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c.
LINDSAY.
Office—At Dr. Martin's, Wellington Street. 207-1/2

HUDSPETH & HEAP, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c., &c.
Office—Over "The Medical Hall," Kent Street, (South).
JAMES HEAP. T. A. HUDSPETH.
Lindsay, June 1, 1863. 205-1/2

ADAM HUDSPETH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,
Office—M. Donnell's Block, Corner Kent and
William Streets, over Jas. Watson's Store.
Agent for Colonial Life Assurance Company. 211-1/2

CAMERON, MOSS & ORDE, Barristers & Attorneys-AT-LAW,
Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c.,
LINDSAY.
Office in Mr. Wilson's Block, Kent Street. 203-1/2

MURRAY & MCKINNON, Barristers
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery,
Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c., Lindsay.
Office—In Mr. Wilson's Block, Kent Street.
O. J. MURRAY. DAVID MCKINNON.
Lindsay, May 14, 1863. 202-1/2

R. J. MASON, Barrister and
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public,
Conveyancer, &c.
Office in Wilson's Block, Kent Street,
LINDSAY, C.W. 167-1/2

A. LAPOURNE, Assiste. Vro. Royal-
Law, Conveyancer, &c., Office—Knox's
Book Binding, Kent Street, Lindsay, C.W.
Sept. 5, 1861. 114-1/2

WELLER & WELLES, Attorneys and
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery,
Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c., Lind-
say. Office in Mr. Britton's Building, up stairs.
C. A. WELLER. GEO. JAS. WELLER.
Lindsay, Jan. 1862. 131-1/2

J. McPADDEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and
Solicitor in Chancery, Office—McDonnell's
Block Building, corner of Kent and William Streets,
Lindsay (above Broughal & Ginn's Store), B.H.
114-1/2

FREDERICK WHITE, Attorney-at-Law,
Conveyancer, &c. Kent Street, Lindsay,
Sept. 5, 1861. 114-1/2

M. DRANK, County Engineer and Pro-
vincial Land Surveyor, Russell Street.
Sept. 5, 1861. 114-1/2

ROBERT T. BURNS, Provincial Land
Surveyor, Civil Engineer, Draughtsman,
Land Agent, &c., Wild and other Lands valued.
Office—Corner of Kent and William Streets, over
Mr. Thompson's Store.
Lindsay, Sept. 5, 1861. 114-1/2

C. BRADY, Civil Engineer and Provincial
Surveyor, Office—In Mr. Kemp's Building,
Kent Street, Lindsay, C.W. 168-1/2

Business Cards.

LINDSAY.

MALCOLM McLEAN, Manufacturer of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and every description of Leather,
MANILLA, C.W.
Has great pleasure in informing his Friends and
the Public generally, that he has an excellent
Stock of the above well-known Hotel, and trusts, by
strict attention to business, and by endeavoring to
do all in his power for the comfort and convenience
of guests, to merit a share of public patronage.
GOOD LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
Comfortable accommodation for men and horses.
D. B. Pitman always in attendance to take
charge of Teams.
S. CONWAY, Proprietor.
117-1/2

ADAM GORDON, DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
CROCKERY, &c., &c.,
MANILLA, C.W.
DEBS leave to inform the Public that he
continues to purchase Wheat, Pork, and
other farm produce, at the Highest Market Price,
N.B.—Bran and Shorts for sale.
Manilla, Sept. 5, 1861. 8-1/2

WOODVILLE.

NORFOLK HOTEL, Woodville, C.W.
J. P. WOOD, Proprietor. Good accommo-
dation for travellers. Charges moderate. School
and Industrial Officers in attendance. 150

ANSON MOULTON, CABINETMAKER,
UPHOLSTERER, and UNDERTAKER,
Shop—North Side of King Street (East End),
Woodville. 195-1/2

Business Cards.

MANILLA.

NEW GOODS!!
A SELECT STOCK OF
Fa and Winter Goods,
which they will sell
VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.
Having had some experience of the Credit System,
they have come to the conclusion to do Cash
Business for the future, fully persuaded that small
profits without bad debts are more profitable than
the usual large profits with slow and often no pay.
They respectfully invite the Public to call and
examine their goods, and they assure their friends
that they cannot buy to better advantage anywhere.
GILCHRIST & CAMERON.
Woodville, Oct. 27, 1863. 222-1/2

LITTLE BROOKLYN HOTEL, ARGYLE.

Choice Liquors and an attentive Order are always
ready.
181-1/2 DONALD MCKINNON, Proprietor.

QUEBEC.

FRED. TAYLOR, Parliamentary, Land, & General Agent,
PATENTS FOR CROWN LANDS EXTENDED.
Claims before the Department of Crown Lands
prosecuted.
Patents of Invention and General Business with
the Public Offices attended to.
Titles Examined and Legal Advice given
Free of charge.
References.—Hon. George S. Boulton, Cobourg;
T. R. Merritt, Esq., St. Catharines; Hon. L. B. B. B.
Montreal; Hon. D. McDonald, Toronto; Hon. G.
Alexander, Woodstock; Hon. J. Hamilton,
Hamilton; Hon. D. Christie, Brantford; Hon.
R. Matheson, Perth; G. J. Goodhue, London; Hon.
A. Kirkpatrick, St. Charles.
OFFICE—
Corner of Buede and Forth Streets,
QUEBEC.

HENRY GRIST, Departmental and Parliamentary Agent,
QUEBEC.
Investigates and Adjusts Crown Land Claims,
SECURES LAND PATENTS.
Precise information obtainable from any of the
Public Departments, Registers Trade Marks and
Designs.
Takes charge of Private Bills during their pas-
sage through the Legislature, &c., &c.
For parties who are unable to devote their own time
to such business or unwilling to incur the expense
of travelling to Quebec.
Business with the Crown Land and other Govern-
ment Departments, which often takes months to do
by correspondence, can be transacted in a few days,
and at a small cost, by employing a resident agent.
Address, post-paid, to HENRY GRIST,
Box 944, P.O. Quebec.

Business Cards.

LINDSAY.

WINTERS & GOODWIN, Painters, Glas-
sers and Paper-Hangers, William Street,
Lindsay. Work executed promptly, neatly, and
at the lowest prices.

JOHN DOUGLASS, General Agent and
Licensed Auctioneer, Cambridge Street, Lindsay.
Orders solicited. 126-1/2

Business Cards. **WELLER & WELLES,** Attorneys and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c., Lind- say. Office in Mr. Britton's Building, up stairs. C. A. WELLER. GEO. JAS. WELLER. Lindsay, Jan. 1862. 131-1/2

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