

consideration the said letter so published, and adverting to the directions heretofore given by his Majesty, that the documents relating to the said inquiry should be sealed up, and deposited in the office of his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State; in order that his Majesty's Government should possess the means of resorting to them if necessary; his Royal Highness has been pleased to direct, that the said letter of the Princess of Wales, and the whole of the said documents, together with the copies of other letters and papers, of which a schedule is annexed, should be referred to your Lordships, being Members of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, for your consideration; and that you should report to his Royal Highness your opinion, whether, under all the circumstances of the case, you think it be fit and proper, that the intercourse between the Princess of Wales and her daughter, the Princess Charlotte, should continue to be subject to regulations and restrictions."

Their Lordships adjourned their Meetings to Tuesday, the 23d of February; and the intermediate days having been employed in perusing the documents referred to them, by command of your Royal Highness, they proceeded on that and the following day to the farther consideration of the said documents, and have agreed to report to your Royal Highness as follows:

"In obedience to the commands of your Royal Highness, we have taken into our most serious consideration the letter from her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales to your Royal Highness, which has appeared in the public papers, and has been referred to us by your Royal Highness, in which letter the Princess of Wales, amongst other matters, complains that the intercourse between her Royal Highness and her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte, has been subjected to certain restrictions.

We have also taken into our most serious consideration, together with the other papers referred to us by your Royal Highness, all the documents relative to the Inquiry instituted in 1806, by command of his Majesty, into the truth of certain representations, respecting the conduct of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, which appear to have been pressed upon the attention of your Royal Highness, in consequence of the advice of Lord Thurlow, and upon grounds of public duty, by whom they were transmitted to his Majesty's consideration. And your Royal Highness having been graciously pleased to command us to report our opinions to your Royal Highness, whether, under all the circumstances of the case, it be fit and proper, that the intercourse between the

Princess of Wales and her daughter, the Princess Charlotte, should continue to be subject to regulation and restraint.—

We beg leave humbly to report to your Royal Highness, that, after a full examination of all the documents before us, we are of opinion, that under all the circumstances of the case, it is highly fit and proper, with a view to the welfare of her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte, in which are equally involved the happiness of your Royal Highness in your parental and royal character, and the most important interests of the State, that the intercourse between her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales and her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte, should continue to be subject to regulation and restraint.

We humbly trust that we may be permitted; without being thought to exceed the limits of the duty imposed on us, respectfully to express the just sense we entertain of the motives by which your Royal Highness has been actuated in the postponement of the confirmation of her Royal Highness the Princess Charlotte, as it appears, by a statement under the hand of her Majesty the Queen, that your Royal Highness has conformed in this respect to the declared will of his Majesty, who had been pleased to direct, that such ceremony should not take place till her Royal Highness should have completed her 18th year.

We also humbly trust that we may be further permitted to notice some expressions in the letter of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, which may possibly be construed as implying a charge of too serious a nature to be passed over without observation. We refer to words "suborned traducers." As this expression, from the manner in which it is introduced, may, perhaps, be liable to misconstruction (however impossible it may be to suppose that it can have been so intended), to have reference to some part of the conduct of your Royal Highness, we feel our bounden duty not to omit this opportunity of declaring that the documents laid before us afford the most ample proof, that there is not the slightest foundation for such an aspersion. (Signed)

C. CANTUAR.	SIDMOUTH,
ELDON,	J. LONDON,
E. EBOR.	ELLENBOROUGH,
W. ARMAGH,	CHAS. ARBON,
HARROWEY, P. C.	N. VANITTEN,
WESTMORELAND, C. P. S.	C. BATHURST,
BUCKINGHAMSHIRE,	W. GRANT,
BATHURST,	A. MACDONALD,
LIVERPOOL,	W. SCOTT,
MELGRAVE,	J. NICHOLL,
MELVILLE, (A true copy)	SIDMOUTH

[The Letter of the Princess of Wales to the Speaker of the House of Commons is given with the Parliamentary Proceedings, in p. 361.]

ABSTRACT OF FOREIGN OCCURRENCES.

GERMANY.

His Majesty the King of Prussia, having made an offensive and defensive treaty with the Emperor Alexander, has issued the following proclamation :

" To THE PUBLICK.

" It is unnecessary to render an account to my good people of Germany of the motives for the war which is now commencing; they are evident to impartial Europe. — Bent under the superior power of France, that peace which deprived me of half my subjects, procured us no blessings — it on the contrary hurt us more than war itself. The heart of our country was impoverished. The principal fortresses were occupied by the enemy; agriculture was neglected, as well as the industry of our cities, which had risen to a very high degree. Liberty of trade being interrupted, naturally closed all the sources of ease and prosperity. — By the most exact observance of the stipulated treaties, I hoped to obtain an alleviation for my people, and at last to convince the French Emperor that it was his own interest to have Prussia independent; but my intentions, my exertions, to attain so desirable an object proved fruitless. Nothing but haughtiness and treachery was the result! We discovered, but rather late, that the Emperor's conventions were more ruinous to us than his open wars. The moment is now arrived in which no illusion respecting our condition can remain. Brandenburg! Prussians! Silesians! Pomeranians! Lithuanians! you know what you have suffered during the last seven years — you know what a miserable fate awaits you, if you do not honourably finish the now commencing conflict. Remember former times — remember the illustrious Elector, the great Frederick — remember the benefits for which our ancestors contended under their direction. The liberty of conscience — honour — independence — trade — industry — and knowledge. Bear in mind the great example of our allies the Russians — think of the Spaniards and Portuguese; small nations have even gone to battle, for similar benefits, against a more powerful enemy, and obtained victory. Remember the Swiss and the Netherlands. — Great sacrifices are required from all ranks; because our plan is great, and the number and means of our Enemy not less so. You will make them sooner for your Country — your King — than for a foreign Regent, who by so many examples has proved he would take your now and last strength for designs to which you are strangers. Confidence in God, constancy, courage, and the powerful assistance of our allies, will favour our just-

GERM. MAG. April, 1813.

cause with glorious victory. But however great the sacrifices that may be required from individuals, they will not outweigh the sacred interests for which they are given, for which we combat, and must conquer, or cease to be Prussians or Germans. — We are now engaged in the last decisive contest for our existence, our independence, and our property. There is no medium between an honourable peace or glorious ruin. Even this you would manfully support for your honour, because a Prussian and German cannot live without it. But we dare confidently trust, God and our firm purpose will give our just cause victory, and with this an uninterrupted peace, and the return of happier times.

FREDERICK WILLIAM."

" Breslau, March 17."

[Another Address, to the Army, couched in similar energetic terms, promises that their King and Princes will always be with them, and fight by their side.]

The Prince of Smolensko (Kutusoff) has issued the following Address to the Germans :

" While the victorious warriors of Russia, accompanied by those of his Majesty the King of Prussia, his ally, appear in Germany, his Majesty the Emperor of Russia and his Majesty the King of Prussia announce to the Princes and Nations of Germany, the return of liberty and independence. They only come with an intention of aiding them to reconquer those inalienable benefits of nations, and of affording powerful protection, and lasting security, to the regeneration of a venerable Empire. — These two armies, trusting in God, and full of courage, advance, hoping that every German, without distinction, will join them, &c. — The Confederation of the Rhine, that deceitful fetter with which the general Disturber bound Germany, after dismembering her, and even obscuring her antique name, can no longer be tolerated, as it is the effect of foreign constraint and of foreign influence. It must be dissolved. — Their Majesties will only give protection while the German Princes and Nations are engaged in completing the grand work. — Let France, who is beautiful and strong through herself, occupy herself, in future, in promoting her internal welfare! No foreign power intends disturbing it — no hostile power shall be sent against her rightful frontiers. But be it known to France, that the other powers are solicitous of conquering lasting tranquillity for their subjects, and that they will not lay down their arms, until the foundation of the independence of every European state has been established and secured. — In the name of their Ma-

justices

jesties the Emperor of Russia and King of Prussia, Prince KUTUSOFF SMOLENSKO, Field Marshal and Commander-in-chief of the allied Army.

*Head-quarters, Kaïsch,
13th (25th) March, 1813.*

The Hamburg papers contain two Proclamations issued by Count Wittgenstein, at Berlin, in the name of the Emperor of Russia, styled *Alexander the Liberator*. In one of them, addressed to the Inhabitants of the left bank of the Elbe, he says, "it is not the purpose of the victorious Emperor, my gracious Lord, to conquer your countries, but to gain your hearts, your thanks, and the gratitude of your succeeding generations. Bound in the closest alliance with Prussia, and his other powerful Allies, Alexander the Liberator sends me to you to break your disgraceful fetters, to restore to you your lawful Princes, your native country, your language, laws, and customs."

Several Saxon, Westphalian, and Bavarian Officers have abandoned the cause of the common Enemy, and entered the German Legion, after publishing their reasons in a spirited Declaration; in which they thus feelingly and patriotically address their countrymen:—"A general spirit is rising, which promises to reconquer Germany's lost honour and liberty. Fathers themselves bring their sons, women their jewels, and even the poorest contribute their mite; and we, men of Germany, shall we remain unconcerned spectators; or even, perhaps, in a foreign service, assist in laying our native country again in chains? Never! never! Whoever shall now fight against his brethren, is, in our eyes, a traitor to his native country! Whoever will not fight for her, neglects his most serious duty! For we were *German citizens* before we were soldiers. We never could enter into a compact for shedding the blood of our brethren on our maternal soil, to quench the thirst of strangers with it; neither truly have our noble Princes intended it; they have been obliged to submit to superior power; then have been forced to tear their own entrails. We are therefore convinced that our revered Princes will themselves approve the step we have taken, although their tongues may yet be chained. We are assured that we are anticipating their secret wishes, as we arm ourselves for their own independence; and should there be one among them who thinks otherwise, will posterity denominate him a German Prince?"

Many other Addresses and Proclamations have been issued equally patriotic and inspiring; and which, we trust, will not fail to produce a decisive effect upon the minds of all classes and descriptions of Germans. In the Proclamations of Witt-

genstein, the title of Conqueror, laudably disclaimed by the Emperor of Russia, is superseded by the amiable designation of "*Liberator*;" and, in his name, the Germans are promised the restoration of their ancient laws and customs, and of their lawful Princes. Let them but be true to themselves, and let them answer in arms the call thus made upon their patriotism, and they must be free!

The following account of the defeat of the French General Morand, we copy from a letter written by the Russian General Baron De Tettenborn to the Ambassador the Count de Liewen, dated Hamburg, March 23 (April 4), 1813:

"I hasten to announce to your Excellency the distinguished victory which was gained on the 2d instant, at Luneburg, by the troops of his Imperial Majesty over the French.

"General Morand, who, as your Excellency knows, had retired to Doemen, again marched in advance as far as Tollstadt, three miles from Harburg; whence, after remaining there five days and receiving a reinforcement, he advanced upon Luneburg with a force of about 3500 men and 12 pieces of artillery, and, dislodging a piquet of Cossacks, took possession of that town. My cavalry having followed the enemy's movements, I communicated this information to General Dornberg, who, conjointly with the corps of General Tchernicheff, had passed the Elbe at Lenzen. These two Generals, having advanced upon Luneburg by forced marches, arrived there at the moment when my Cossacks were engaged with the enemy. Their sudden appearance, as well as that of General Benkendorf, threw confusion into the ranks of the Enemy, who, surrounded on all sides, were overwhelmed at all points. The infantry stormed the gates of the town with the bayonet, and the fighting continued for some time in the streets with the greatest desperation.

"Two shots having brought down General Morand from his horse, all resistance ceased; and those who were not already made prisoners threw down their arms. Three colours, twelve cannon, and about 3000 prisoners, have fallen into our power. Not a man escaped to carry off the news of this defeat; and it is thought that General Morand will not recover of his wounds*. This fortunate event cannot fail to have very great influence on the public opinion in these provinces, and accelerate the march of the insurrection."

* Gen. Morand died at Dornberg on the 5th. He was shot in two places, and had received several deep sabre and pike wounds. He was treated with great kindness by Gen. Dornberg.

We have received an official account of the defeat of the Viceroy of Italy on the 30th inst. at Molkern, near Magdeburgh. From General Wittgenstein's dispatch it appears, that the Prussian General Von Borstell had been sent to surround Magdeburgh, on the right bank of the Elbe. On the 3d instant, however, his force was attacked by a very superior division of the Enemy, and he was obliged to fall back to Nedlitz, and afterwards, on the 5th, to Gloine, on the road to Gortze; Beuharnois, in consequence of this success, conceived the project of making an attempt against Berlin. Of Wittgenstein's near approach he seems to have been ignorant, and putting himself at the head of 24,000 men, with 40 pieces of artillery, he marched against the Prussian Generals Von Borstell and Bulow. Wittgenstein had arranged his plan for falling with his whole force upon him. The battle took place upon the 5th, and was obstinately contested until night, when the Enemy was at length defeated. They lost 2000 men killed and wounded, and 27 officers and 900 men made prisoners. Generals Greenier and Grundler were wounded. On the next morning Wittgenstein prepared to follow up his advantage; but Beuharnois had retired in the night, abandoned the defiles of Wahlitz and Alten Cluss, destroyed the bridges, and crossed the Elbe. Wittgenstein immediately threw up entrenchments at Cluss and other parts to enable General Bulow to blockade Magdeburgh more closely on the right bank of the Elbe. Wittgenstein's headquarters were on the 7th at Zerbst, midway between Dessau and Magdeburgh.

The King of Saxony, like the Sovereigns of Austria and Denmark, evinces a desire to become neutral: he has ordered his troops to separate from the French: the infantry has in consequence retired from Dresden to Torgan, the cavalry to Plauen.

Cottensburgh letters represent all Prussia as up in arms against the French. Young men of the first families served in the ranks.

The conduct of the Prussian General D'York, which was stigmatised by his Sovereign while under the influence of France, has received the full approbation of Frederick William: as a testimony of his regard, he has conferred on him the command of the army, formerly under General Bulow, estimated at 40,000 strong; and this patriotic General is now acting in conjunction with that of the Russian General Count Wittgenstein. The gallant Prussian General Blucher, too, we are rejoiced to find, has again taken the field. The sanguinary atrocities of the French in the streets of Lubec and Bremen, after the battle of Jena, were committed under the eye of this hero, who has thus com-

menced his career as the avenger of his murdered countrymen.

The Russians have obtained possession of all the horses which the French agents had purchased in Poland and Prussia for remounting their cavalry and artillery.

The insurrection at Hamburg on the 23d, 24th, and 25th of February, against the oppression of France, and its blood-thirsty tyrants, gave the latter an opportunity of adding some more victims of the truest patriotism to the list of a Palm, a Schill, and a Hofer, whose names will never be forgotten in Germany. During the short interval of the disturbances being quelled at Hamburg by reinforcements of troops, the French seized upon that opportunity to arrest six poor workmen, publishing at the same time that no harm would be done to them beyond a short confinement. In spite of this assurance, they were shot three hours after their arrest, without any kind of trial, except a mock one; for the Judges consisted of Frenchmen; and the poor victims were condemned without understanding a word of the interrogations, which were in the French language, without the assistance of an interpreter. When the wives and children of these unfortunate men went to visit their husbands and fathers at the place of confinement, they found them dead, and weltering in their blood.

Mr. Von Vynk, Mayor of Dockum, has, by order of Gen. St. Cyr, been tried by a Military Commission, and shot at Bremen.

An atrocious act of barbarity is said to have been committed by Rapp, the Governor of Dantzic. It is stated that 200 of the citizens, having waited upon him as a deputation, to advise the surrender of the town to the Russians, in consequence of the privations endured by the inhabitants, he ordered the whole to be surrounded and shot.

The Papers contain an address from Baron Durnberg to the French Generals, in which he threatens to retaliate upon the Enemy's prisoners in his hands any violence committed by the French upon the inhabitants of Hanover, &c.

The Crown Prince of Sweden is daily expected to land in Pomerania; and thus we shall soon see one of Buonaparte's most celebrated Generals fighting against him. The army which the Crown Prince will command will be upwards of 50,000 men; and the scene of its operations will probably be where Buonaparte will command in person. The murderer of the Duke D'Enghein will be pitted against the saviour of him. This is an anecdote that should be generally known. In 1799 the Duke came secretly to Paris; Buonaparte was then in Egypt; the Government was without force, and the Bourbon party hoped to regain its power. The Crown Prince of Sweden,

Sweden, then Gen. Bernadotte, was Minister at War. The Duke confided to him, through a common friend, his being at Paris, and offered him the post of Constable of France, if he would restore the Bourbons. "I cannot serve their cause," he replied; "but as the descendant of a hero, as a man has placed confidence in me, no harm shall happen to him. Let the Duke depart instantly, for his secret may in three days be no longer mine." The Duke departed without molestation, and retired to the territory of Baden; whence (as our Readers know) he was so treacherously seized, and basely assassinated by Buonaparte.

A vessel called the *Islander*, arrived from Cuxhaven, laden with provisions, states, that at Heligoland, flour-per sack of 20 stone sells for one guinea, which, not a month back, sold for seven pounds; and beef, which was two shillings per pound, is now selling at four-pence; and butter that was two shillings, is now selling for sixpence, and every thing in proportion. Ships are taking in wheat and provisions of all sorts for this country.

Letters from Berlin attribute the recall of Otto from Vienna, to his having had such imperfect information that Lord Walpole had been ten days in that city before the French Ambassador was apprized of his arrival there.

FRANCE.

Paris Journals of the 18th inst. announce Buonaparte's departure from the capital, to commence the operations of the campaign. He left Paris on the 15th, and passed through Metz on the 16th, on his way to Meutz, or Mayence, which he would probably reach the day following. The campaign may be said to have commenced with the affair at Lunenburg. Previous to his departure, he formally constituted the Empress Regent of the Empire, with authority to preside in his name, in the Senate, the Council of State, the Council of Ministers, and the Privy Council. The letters patent are directed March 30. In consequence of this nomination, the Empress had been formally addressed by the Senate. Neither the address nor the Empress's reply are of moment.

A Report from Count Defermont to the Senate, on the plan for calling out an additional force, is an extraordinary measure. It proposes to increase the French forces to 800,000 men, in consequence of the war with Prussia. Count Defermont concludes the Report thus:—"By giving your sanction to this plan, Gentlemen, you ensure the defence of our coasts and our ports; and thus the empire will have an army of 400,000 men on the Elbe, one of 200,000 in Spain, and 200,000 men, partly on the Rhine, partly in the 32d Military Division, and in Italy. And it is in the

view of such forces that our Enemies conceive the ridiculous idea of dismembering the empire, and to allow our departments to be given as indemnities in their political calculations.

"This struggle is the last; Europe will take a definitive situation, and the events of the winter of 1813 will, at least, have been of advantage to France, by causing her to know her Friends and her Foes; the extent of her own means, the devotion of the people, and their attachment to the Imperial Dynasty."

The system of terror is said to be carried to as great an extent in Paris as during the time of Robespierre; not that the guillotine is so actively at work, but arrests are equally numerous, and the state prisons are filled with the wretched victims of this execrable Tyrant. A great many persons disappeared after a late disturbance in the gardens of the Thuilleries; but no inquiries dare be made after them by their relatives or friends.

The Hotel of the Duke of Reggio at Bar-sur-Ornain in France was, on the 16th of March, destroyed by fire. A cabinet of jewels, valued at 150,000*l.* sterling, was either stolen or lost in the flames. Three of the servants were killed.

HOLLAND.

There has been a conspiracy at Amsterdam, to overturn the Government, and place a Member of the House of Orange at its head. It was, however, discovered; the conspirators were tried, and five of them found guilty on the 22d, by a Military Commission; two of whom were executed.

SPAIN.

We have to record an important change in the Government of Spain. The Ecclesiastics having refused to read in the churches the Decree abolishing the Inquisition, and the Regency having referred their remonstrances to the Cortes, instead of endeavouring to enforce the law, that body proceeded to dismiss the Regency, and to appoint three new Regents, at the head of whom was placed the Cardinal Bourbon.

We understand, that the first order issued by the new Regency was, to compel the refractory clergy to read in their churches the Decree abolishing the Inquisition, and the order was complied with. The Decree for abolishing the Inquisition has been carried into full effect.

From Alicante we learn that Sechel's making demonstrations as if he intended to evacuate Valencia.

King Joseph is upon the wing for France. He seems to have adopted this resolution after receiving dispatches from his brother at Paris. All his valuables have been previously sent off.

The papers state that General Lecy has

routed a French corps in Catalonia, consisting of 7000 men, of whom 700 were killed, and 2000 taken prisoners.

Brig.-gen. Downie has been exchanged. His exchange was effected by the Marquis of Wellington, as Generalissimo of the Spanish armies, who allowed for him an Intendant-general, six officers, and 200 men, prisoners at Cadiz, that had been taken by the Spaniards; and these have all arrived inside the French posts in Valencia.

SWITZERLAND.

“ St. Gall, March 8.

“We learn from Constance that a frightful calamity threatens the town of Ueberlingen. For more than eight days it was perceived that the ground upon the borders of the Lake had sunk, and this phenomenon was announced in a manner so alarming, that the inhabitants, after securing their cattle, fled from their dwellings. This presentiment of danger has been realized: on the 16th and 17th inst. 13 houses gradually sunk into the abyss, and disappeared. On the 18th, the convent of Capuchins, so well known for its hospitable reception of travellers and strangers, merged into the abyss 14 feet, and threatened to disappear gradually from sight. Other houses have since sunk many feet. Every one is under the greatest alarm. It is feared that the whole town touches the moment of its destruction.”

TURKEY.

Boonaparte is exerting all his influence at the Porte to induce the Divan to break the treaty lately concluded with Russia, and, by attacking her, operate a diversion in his favour. The foreign journals mention that presents of great value are now on their way through Illyria and Sclavonia, from the Court of France to the Ottoman Peta. They are transported by 80 horses, and protected by a strong military escort.

The foreign journals mention that Drs. Aubon and Lafont, physicians at Constantinople and Salonica, have discovered that Vaccination is a preservative from the Plague. Of 6000 adults vaccinated, none caught the contagion; even infants who were vaccinated, continued to suckle mothers who were labouring under the attacks of the plague, without being infected; and an Italian physician who is studying in Turkey the symptoms of this dreadful complaint, inoculated himself with matter drawn from a person who had died of the plague, and afterwards underwent vaccination without the contagion developing itself, though he put himself in all possible points of contact with infected persons in the hospitals.

AFRICA.

The *Amelia* lately arrived at Portsmouth, after a desperate action with the

French frigate *L'Arethuse*, (see p. 372.) off the coast of Africa, since October 1811, captured nine Portuguese ships, which were employed in the inhuman traffic of slaves, thereby releasing 1847 men, women, and children. Several of the boys are now servants to the officers of the *Amelia*.

AMERICA.

The American Papers have brought us the speech of Mr. Madison, at taking the oath of office on his re-election as President. It is a violent philippic against Great Britain; renewing the old grievances of impressing their seamen; employing the savages in Canada; and our refusing to consider as prisoners of war, and threatening to punish as traitors and deserters, persons emigrating from this country to the United States, and afterwards found in arms against their native country.—The President boasts of the naval triumphs they have obtained at sea, and assures the Americans that discipline is only wanting to produce the same on land.—We find, however, that while Mr. Madison is thus predicting success, a part of their army has sustained another signal defeat on the frontiers of Canada. It appears that a British force crossed the river St. Lawrence on the 22d of February, and carried, at the point of the bayonet, the American fort of Ogdensburgh in a few minutes. The Americans fled with great precipitation, leaving, according to their own account, 6 killed and 40 wounded. They also left behind them 750 stand of arms, 13 pieces of cannon, and an immense quantity of ammunition and provisions. The British retired after demolishing the works and burning some vessels; their force consisted of 600 regulars, and some Indian Allies.

The Marshal of the district of New York has issued an order, dated March 4, compelling all British Merchants residing within 40 miles of the American coast to retire beyond that distance into the interior; thus forcing them, probably with entire ruin to themselves and their connexions, to break up their establishments, to abandon their property, and to seek new situations, without affording them the means of support!

IRELAND.

April 4. At *Lifford* Assizes, Mr. Hart obtained 5000*l.* damages last week, against Mr. Francis Plowden, for a libel contained in his “*History of Ireland from the Union to October 1810.*”

April 4. Last week the dye-house of Mr. Brady, at the Saltwater Bridge, near *Belfast*, was in a short time consumed by an accidental fire, with a quantity of cotton yarn and fustians, deposited there for
the

the purpose of being dyed. No part of the property was insured, and the damage is estimated at 8000*l*.

COUNTRY NEWS.

March 29. At the *Lancaster* assizes, an indictment was preferred by Mr. Kirkpatrick, Inspector General of Taxes in Liverpool, against Mr. Creevey, M. P. for causing to be published, in the *Liverpool Mercury*, a copy of his speech in the House of Commons on the subject of the grievances and distresses under which the town of Liverpool laboured, on presenting a Petition against the East India Company's Monopoly. Among these grievances, he reckoned the appointment of Mr. Kirkpatrick (whom he designated "a common informer"), who had been an attorney, and reported client of Mr. Perceval, as Inspector of Taxes; as he received a high salary for screwing up the assessments, to the great terror of the town, and even of the professional tax-gatherers, one of whom (a surveyor) resigned in consequence, his nerves not being strong enough to withstand the scene that followed. The speech so published was admitted to be correct, and proved to have been sent by Mr. Creevey, with a request that it might be inserted as a correction of former misrepresentations of his speech. No attempt was made to prove malice. After Mr. Parke had been heard for the prosecution, and Mr. Brougham for the defendant, who, he said, had been urged by several Members of Parliament to insist on his privilege; Mr. Justice Le Blanc declared, he thought the words used were defamatory; and, on the authority of the case, 'The King v. Lord Abington,' sent it to the Jury, who returned a verdict of *Guilty*.—We are informed that the verdict is likely to undergo every kind of revision that the Superior Courts of Parliament itself can give.

March 30. A dreadful fire broke out at *Manchester* in the premises of Messrs. Green and Co. and afterwards communicated to those of Messrs. Aspinwall and Co. which were entirely consumed, with several other warehouses.—The damage is estimated at 50,000*l*.

April 2. The premises of Mr. Stock, sugar-refiner, in Lewin's-mend, *Bristol*, were nearly all destroyed by a dreadful fire.

April 4. Last week the interior of the warehouse of Messrs. Flint and Hilton, brush manufacturers, *Lincoln*, was destroyed by fire, with nearly all the stock in trade, working utensils, &c. The damage is estimated at 2000*l*.

April 13. The new Church and Burying-ground at *Reculver*, Kent, were consecrated by the Archbishop of Canterbury, in the presence of a large concourse of spectators.

April 16. A Grace passed in the Senate at *Cambridge*, to apply the surplus money (upwards of 1000*l*.) arising from the subscriptions received, for a statue of the late William Pitt, now placed in the Senate-house, towards establishing a Scholarship, to be called "Pitt's University Scholarship."

At the *Suffolk* Assizes, Anne Arnold was convicted of the wilful murder of her illegitimate child, a boy between four and five years old, about the 10th February last, by deliberately taking off his clothes, and throwing him into a pond covered with bushes, in a field in the parish of Spaxhall, whereby he was drowned. She was sentenced to death, and executed April 5, very penitent.

An important decision, relative to the general principles upon which Divorces are obtained in Scotland, took place last week in the Consistorial Court at *Edinburgh*.—After ample discussion and mature deliberation, the Court found, that, according to the Common and Statute Law, adultery committed in Scotland is a legal ground for divorce, without distinction as to the country where, or form in which, the marriage was celebrated; and for this reason also found, that, whatever views the Law of England takes of the indissolubility of marriage contracted there, or whatever the effect the decrees of the Scotch Consistorial Court may receive in foreign countries, all such foreign views and consequences, especially when, as in the present case, they are directly adverse to the settled dictates of the Law of Scotland, can have no effect in regulating the decisions of that Court.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

"*Windsor Castle*, April 3.—His Majesty has been almost uniformly under a signal degree of excitement since the last monthly report. H. Halford, M. Baillie, W. Heberden, J. Willis, R. Willis."

Saturday, April 3.

In consequence of a vote of the Common Hall on Friday, the City Remembrancer waited on the Princess of Wales at Montague House, and delivered the following note.

"*Guildhall*, April 3, 1815.

"The Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the City of London, in Common Hall assembled, having yesterday voted an Address to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, and ordered the Sheriff, attended by the Remembrancer, to wait on her Royal Highness, to know when she would receive the same; the Remembrancer now attends, to know her Royal Highness's pleasure in respect to the time when the Sheriffs may wait on her for this purpose."

To this note her Royal Highness, in a few minutes delivered the following answer in writing, in person:

"*Yes*."

Montague House, Blackheath, April 3, 1813.

"Impressed with the deepest sense of gratitude for the unexpected honour the Lord Mayor and the noble City of London intend to confer upon me, by presenting an Address of congratulation on the happy annihilation of a conspiracy against my honour and life; I feel myself unable to do justice to my feelings, in expressing my grateful acknowledgments for the sincere interest the Lord Mayor and the City of London have evinced for my welfare and happiness. The melancholy event of the Duchess of Brunswick's, my mother's, demise, involves me at this moment in the deepest affliction. I shall not fail, however, to send on Monday next an answer to the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, to express more fully my sentiments on the honour intended to be conferred upon me."

Sunday, April 4.

About five o'clock in the morning, the building in Skinner-street, near Fleet-market, called 'The Commercial Hall,' which was, in the City Lottery, the 25,000*l.* prize, was discovered to be on fire in the 5th story. The flames spread with so much rapidity, that in two hours the building was entirely consumed, the hinder wall falling into the ruins, and a part of the outer into the street. No lives were lost. The building was occupied by a Wine Company, at the head of which were Messrs. Abbott and Brothers; the other parts by professional gentlemen, and nearly 20 different persons. The building is said to have belonged to Mr. Bish, and was rated at 600*l.* per annum.

Tuesday, April 6.

The Sheriffs waited on the Princess of Wales, and received the following answer:

Montague House, Blackheath, April 6, 1813.

"When the Remembrancer waited upon me unexpectedly on Saturday last, to give me the first intimation of the high honour conferred upon me by the Citizens of London in Common Hall assembled, the answer which I made will have conveyed some expression of my feelings on an occasion so interesting, important, and gratifying to me. I am sure I shall not be misunderstood, when I say, that my affliction from the recent loss of my beloved Mother, and the peculiar circumstances of my situation in other respects, may render it difficult for me to give a due reception to the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, Sheriffs, and the Deputation of the Livery of London. I also feel diffident of giving them the trouble of a public attendance upon me. I shall be at my apartments in Kensington Palace on Monday next, at two o'clock, for the purpose of receiving the Address."

The Address was presented to the Princess of Wales on the 12th inst. at Kensington Palace. The Procession consisted of the two City Marshals on horseback; the Hate carriage, and six bays, in which

was the Lord Mayor and his attendants, Aldermen Combe, Wood, Goodbehere, and Heygate; Sheriff Blades, Sheriff Hoy and his Chaplains; the City Remembrancer; the Chamberlain; the Comptroller; the Solicitor; the Town Clerk; and about 150 of the Livery in their gowns. On their arrival, her Royal Highness entered from a back anti-room into the grand dining-room, and took her station at the upper end of the room, with her back to a small marble slab, before a large looking-glass. Ladies Charlotte Lindsey, Charlotte Campbell, and Lady Anne Hamilton, her Royal Highness's Ladies in waiting, stood on her right hand, and Mr. St. Leger, her Vice-chamberlain, on her left. The Town Clerk, in the absence of the Recorder, approached the Princess, and read the following Address: The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the City of London in Common Hall assembled.

May it please your Royal Highness;—We, his Majesty's loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the City of London, in Common Hall assembled, bearing in mind those sentiments of profound veneration and ardent affection with which we hailed the arrival of your Royal Highness in this country, humbly beseech your Royal Highness to receive our assurances, that in the hearts of the Citizens of London those sentiments have never experienced diminution or change.—Deeply interested in every event connected with the stability of the Throne of this kingdom, under the sway of the House of Brunswick; tenderly alive to every circumstance affecting the personal welfare of every branch of that illustrious House, we have felt indignation and abhorrence inexpressible, upon the disclosure of that foul and detestable conspiracy, which, by perjured and suborned traducers, has been carried on against your Royal Highness's honour and life.—The veneration for the laws; the moderation, the forbearance, the frankness, the magnanimity which your Royal Highness has so eminently displayed under circumstances so trying, and during a persecution of so long a duration: these, while they demand an expression of our unbounded applause, cannot fail to excite in us a confident hope, that, under the sway of your illustrious and beloved Daughter, our children will enjoy all the benefits of so bright an example. And we humbly beg permission most unfeignedly to assure your Royal Highness, that, as well for the sake of our country as from a sense of justice and of duty, we shall always feel, and be ready to give proof of, the most anxious solicitude for your Royal Highness's health, prosperity, and happiness.

(Signed by order) HENRY WOODHOORSE.

DEATHS.

1812. **A**T Batavia, the lady of Sir Thos. Ramsay, bart. of Balmain, daughter of Mrs. Hardie, of St. James's-street.

Dec. 14. J. Downie, esq. of Clarendon, Jamaica.

Dec. 26. At the Tavistock-hotel, Covent-garden, aged 26, Peter Burley, esq. a native of Tortola.

1813, Jan. 2. At Bahia, on the coast of Brazil, of a wound from a musket-ball, at the close of an action, maintained with his characteristic bravery, with the American ship *Constitution*, H. Lambert, esq. captain of H. M. late frigate *Java*. He was interred with military honours.

Feb. 7. On-board the *Albuquerque* cartel, in his 22d year, Mr. Richard Henry Ryland, midshipman of the *Minden* of 74, which ship he was going out in the *Java* to rejoin, after having brought home a prize made by the former; when being put in charge of another prize, taken by Capt. Lambert off St. Jago, he was retaken by the Hornet American sloop of war, then sent on-board the *Constitution* American frigate, where he found the survivors of the crew of the *Java*, and was coming home in the cartel, when he was taken ill with a violent fever, which terminated his life as he had just completed his 6th year in the service of his Country.

Feb. 12. At St. Thomas's, West Indies, aged 29, Capt. J. Lloyd, of H. M. S. *Kangaroo*, youngest son of the late J. L. esq. of Berth, co. Denbigh.

Feb. 16. At Sandwich, Kent, aged 85, Mr. Henry Sayer.

In his 75th year, in Dufours-place, Broad-street, St. James's, Westminster, where he had kept a reputable day-school 55 years, Mr. — Flack. He was a native of South Mims, Herts, where his remains were interred.

Feb. 18. At his station in Gonvea, province of Beira, Portugal, aged 38, Lieut-col. Richard Collins, 83d reg. colonel in the Portuguese service, and commanding a brigade in the 7th division of Lord Wellington's army. In subjoining the few observations which accompany this notice of the death of this most accomplished officer, the Writer, who lived in his friendship and intimacy for many years, appeals to the whole British Army for the ratification of his opinion—that perhaps the military archives do not record the name of a man who united so many rare qualities, or in whom was found combined such a variety of endowments: a lofty courage, a fortitude almost invincible, a mildness of temper and modesty of demeanour that conciliated all, but a firmness and perseverance that nothing could shake. His attainments were various; he spoke the

German, French, Spanish, and Portuguese languages, not only fluently, but eloquently; he was a good draftsman, and well read in the military history of all the great Generals who flourished in the last century. He commenced his military career in the West Indies in the year 1793-4, under the command of Sir Ralph Abercromby; he concluded a seven years' service in that country under the present Sir Thomas Picton, K. B. In such a man as Col. Collins is above described, so gifted by nature, so enriched by culture, with two such personages as his models, it is not difficult to account for the noble and elevated views which were ever present to his mind, and formed the basis of his conduct. At the storming of *Morne Fortunée*, in St. Lucie, under the command of the former, he was struck by a musket-ball in the breast, and was, after lying for some hours on the spot, taken up as dead: he was, however, present at the capture of the island of *Trinidad* soon afterwards, remained in the family and confidence of Sir Thomas Picton during the whole of his government there, and now rests in his memory, and yet lives in his heart. He commanded his regiment at the capture of the *Cape of Good Hope*; and, during a five years' residence there, no man ever enjoyed a larger share of general esteem and admiration. At the memorable and sanguinary battle of *Albuera*, his leg was taken off by a cannon-ball, and, in consequence of a succeeding mortification, his thigh was obliged to be amputated very high up: he languished for some time, but the resources of a mind never to be subdued turned the balance; his stump healed, and here he gave an instance of heroism never paralleled, perhaps, in military annals: he returned to this country in the month of July 1812, in this mutilated state; and was found again at the head of his brigade, as active as any man in the Peninsula, with a cork leg and thigh, in the beginning of the month of October following. If he offered no other example of professional devotion, and of those two pre-eminent qualities—fortitude and perseverance—but the extraordinary instance thus recorded, it is one which, whilst the doer of its imitation glows in the bosom of a British soldier, must render an army composed invincible either by skill or by numbers. The brigade which he had the honour to command, as a mark of that high opinion of his talents and worth, have agreed to erect a monument to his memory; and whether the inscription on its pedestal be suggested by the heart of tenderness, or dictated by a sense of desert, the writer of this humble tribute feels assured, that no great portion of exaggeration can take place in recording the re-

toes, or in describing the genius and abilities, of Lieut.-col. Richard Collins.

Feb. 21. At Knightsbridge, aged 43, Mrs. Mary Abbis.

At St. Petersburg, of a typhus fever, Wm. Bentinck, esq. vice-admiral of the blue.

At Brighton, Capt. Wm. Bowen, a post captain in the Navy.

At Donedea Castle, Ireland, the seat of Sir Felton Aylmer, bart. the eldest daughter of Percy Evans Freke, esq.

Feb. 22. At her daughter's, Berners-street, aged 84, Mrs. Trelawny, widow of the late Gen. T. governor of Landguard Fort.

Aged 83, Mrs. Heberden, widow of the late Dr. H. of Pall Mall.

In his 10th year, Frederick Thomas, youngest son of James Denyer, esq. of Tavistock-place.

Mrs. Elizabeth Eves, widow of the late Mr. James E. of the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster.

The wife of Mr. Charles Laing, of St. Martin's-lane, Cannon-street.

Augusta Matilda, youngest daughter of C. Mogg, esq. of Tunbridge Wells.

At Bath, in her 92d year, Mrs. Audre, widow of Anthony A. esq.

At Mrs. Thompson's, Kingsdown, Miss Amelia Schimmelpenning.

At Benifield, co. Northampton, R. Berkeley, esq.

Feb. 23. Mrs. James Howard, of Westfields, St. Michael's, Herts.

At Kingston-upon-Thames, suddenly, whilst sitting very cheerfully after dinner, James Cook, esq.

Aged 62, the wife of Mr. N. Ridout, of Bristol.

At Stamford, aged 73, Mrs. Lafargue, relict of the late Rev. P. L. She was nearly related to the Earls of Harborough, being the youngest daughter of Lady Dorothy Sherard, who was married to Rev. Dr. Torkington, of Stukely, Hunts.

Feb. 24. In Lower Eaton-street, Mr. W. Wray, many years one of the door-keepers of the House of Peers.

John Simkin, esq. of Redcross-street, Cripplegate.

In his 72d year, Lovelace Bigg Wither, esq. of Manydown, Hants.

Aged 67, Mr. Joseph Bardgett, upwards of 46 years master of the University Grey-coat school, Oxford.

At Liverpool, Mr. Wm. Nelson Lucas, apothecary and secretary to the Dispensary of that place.

Feb. 25. Aged 87, Mr. Francis Tapp, of Great Ormond-street.

At the Cross-house, near Gateshead, Newcastle, Mrs. Heaton, relict of the late Mr. H. formerly joint-proprietor and manager of the Theatre, Whitehaven.

Feb. 25. In Stoke's Craft, Mr. Load, formerly tobacconist at Bristol.

Feb. 26. In Berners-street, John Johnson, esq. son of the well-known and benevolent Architect.

Mrs. Lush, Charlotte-street, Bloomsbury. In Burrow's-buildings, Blackfriars-road, Sarah, wife of Mr. Edward Woodgate.

At Dublin, in her 81st year, the Right hon. Elizabeth Baroness St. George, of Hatley St. George, grandmother of his Grace the Duke of Leinster.

Feb. 27. At her mother's, Clapham, the wife of Mr. James Simpson, surgeon, Billiter-square.

At Knightsbridge, Mrs. Tims, widow of the late Mr. T. of the South Sea-house.

At Bath, Christian, eldest daughter of Christian Splidt, esq. of Stratford-green.

At Bath, the Hon. Cosmo Gordon, brother to the late Earl of Aberdeen.

At Monmouth, in his 72d year, Rev. Wm. Barnes, M. A. vicar of Stanton, co. Gloucester.

At Montrose, Capt. J. Deacon, R. N. He had the honour to receive the sword of the Comte de Grasse, when serving as first lieutenant with the veteran Lord Hood, in the Barfeur; and on that occasion, April 12, 1782, he was the first man who boarded the Ville de Paris, the flag ship of the enemy.

Feb. 28. In Charles-street, Berkeley-square, aged 43, Col. J. A. Stuart, late of the 32d reg.; son of Gen. James S.

The youngest daughter of Mr. Sweet, of Albion-street.

At Islington, aged 72, Francis Roden, esq. late of Lisbon, merchant.

At Pentonville, Elizabeth, widow of Mr. John Houghton, late of the Cape of Good Hope.

At the rectory, Stedham, aged 65, Rev. Walter Islip, rector of the above parish cum Heyshot, and vicar of Aldingbourne, Sussex.

In his 80th year, Mr. Joseph Jackson, of Lancaster, one of the Society of Friends. He was a great great grandfather, and had a son only six years of age, whose sister has a daughter who is a grandmother.

Aged 51, Mr. John Wood, truss-maker, Bristol.

Ra. Robinson, esq. of Middle Hendon, near Sunderland, Durham.

Aged 67, Maurice Lloyd, esq. of Garth Llwyd, co. Montgomery.

Feb. . . . In Orange county, America, aged 76, Gen. J. Clinton, who held a distinguished command in the Revolutionary war.

Mar. 1. Mrs. James Atkinson, of Russell-square.

In Montague-street, Mrs. Mary Berkenhout, sister to the late Dr. B.

Mrs. David Mitchell, of Wimpole-street.

In Portland-road, in his 81st year, John Claridge, esq.

At Brighton, Mary Hammond Solly, the infant and only child of Samuel Reynolds S. esq. of Serge-hill, Herts.

Mar. 2. Mr. John Skull, of Pentonville, 52 years clerk in the house of Messrs. Barclays, Lombard-street.

At Roydon, Norfolk, aged 67, Jane Frere, widow of John F. esq.

In Kensington-square, in her 18th year, Harriet, youngest daughter of John Gillman, esq. Medical Establishment, Bengal.

At Cheam, Surrey, John Antrobus, esq.

Mar. 3. Suddenly, Mr. Webb, of Hoxton-square.

In the Cloisters, Westminster-abbey, Miss Fisher, sister of James F. esq. of the receipt of H. M. Exchequer.

At her father's, Sloane-street, Miss Ker, only child of Dr. K. of the Army Medical Department.

In Portland-place, aged 68, Margaret, sister of Sir Matthew White Ridley, bart.

At Forest House, Essex, aged 66, W. Bosanquet, esq. many years one of the governors of the Royal Exchange Assurance.

At the parsonage-house, Little Addington, co. Northampton, aged 74, Rev. W. Saunderson, A. B. 43 years of that parish.

At Clitheroe, Lancashire, aged 67, Rev. Thos. Wilson, rector of Cloughton. His "Archaeological Dictionary" will be a lasting monument of his erudition.

J. Kelly, esq. of Castle Kelly, co. Galway, Ireland, captain of the Barony of Athlone cavalry.

Mar. 4. In Russell-square, Henry Heyman, esq. of the Priory, Roehampton, Surrey.

Mrs. Robinson, of Leeds, bookseller and librarian to the Leeds circulating library.

Mar. 5. In Prince's-street, Bedford-row, Miss Le Coq.

At Holloway, in her 84th year, Mrs. Anne Laurie.

At Croydon, James Chatfield, esq. late of the East India Company's civil service, Fort St. George.

At Shooter's-hill, in her 41st year, the Right hon. Katherine Elizabeth, Countess of Carnarvon. Her ladyship had been ill some months, and was, by the advice of her physicians, going to Ramsgate for the benefit of her health. Hundreds, whom her boundless charities and ever-active benevolence have rescued from poverty and distress, will have reason to regret the irremediable loss of a friend and benefactor.

At South Malling, near Lewes, the Rt. Hon. Anne Countess of Chichester. Her ladyship had retired to rest the preceding night in good health. She was daughter and heiress of F. Maynard Frankland, esq. sixth son of Sir T. F. bart.; and

had a numerous family by the late Earl, who died January 8, 1805.

At Jersey, Ensign Colin Campbell, 96th foot.

Mar. 6. In Chapel-street, Bedford-row, aged 63, W. Dobson, esq. a man of singular mechanical ingenuity, and an excellent classical scholar. In consequence of an asthmatic complaint, he had not lain down in bed for the last 16 years.

In Threadneedle-street, in his 69th year, Mr. John Houseman, upper head to the Merchant Taylors' Company.

In her 80th year, Mrs. Eliz. Holbert, of Denmark-hill, Camberwell.

At Isleham, co. Cambridge, Mr. Fletcher. Whilst sitting by his fire-side, during the high wind on the 18th ult. part of the chimney was blown down, and one of the bricks falling on his hand, cut it, and his leg was severely wounded: an inflammation ensued, which caused his death.

At Sidmouth, the wife of C. E. Pigo, esq. of Shernfold, Sussex; fourth daughter of the late Sir R. Rycroft, bart.

Mar. 7. At his chambers in the Temple, in his 87th year, F. Newton, esq. equally distinguished for his liberality and benevolence, as for his probity and honour as a merchant.

Aged 72, Martha, wife of Mr. William Packer, of Charlotte-street, Bloomsbury.

In his 22d year, Wm. G. Gray, second son of Mr. John G. of Colebrook-row, Uxington.

Maria Oak Smart, daughter of Mr. Charles S. of Kennington.

Suddenly, in a fit of apoplexy, whilst breakfasting with his family, aged 64, Mr. Richard Snewin, of Clapton, builder, &c.; the third brother who has died in the same afflicting manner.

Aged 23, the wife of Mr. Robin, lime-burner, Isleham, Cambridge; on the 8th, their infant daughter; and on the 9th their eldest daughter.

At Upton, the wife of Mr. Wm. Strange, of Bishopsgate-street.

At Coleshill, co. Warwick, Miss Warford, daughter of the late Rev. Chas. W. B. D. vicar of Shustocke and Quinton, lecturer of St. Martin's, Birmingham, and formerly fellow of St. John's college, Oxford.

At Oakham, Mr. Blythe, grocer, of Uppingham. Whilst attending the Assizes on the 5th inst. he was seized with a shivering fit, from which he never recovered.

At Sidmouth, Catherine, eldest daughter of Sir John Hay, bart. of Hayton.

Mar. 8. At the Mote, Kent, Sophia, dau. of the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Marsham.

In Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, John Woodcock, esq. of Lincoln's-inn, and secretary of bankrupts to the Lord Chancellor.

In Charles-street, Berkeley-square, the

the Hon. Elizabeth Flower, eldest daughter of Henry, first Viscount Ashbrook, of the kingdom of Ireland.

Mr. Thomas George Maddock, of Pentonville.

At Pimlico, in his 70th year, Mr. John Walter.

At his son's, Beaconsfield, Bucks, in his 71st year, Robert Charsley, esq. upwards of 40 years a practising solicitor in that place.

At Clifton, Lady Boyd, widow of the late Sir John B. of Danson, Kent.

Mar. 9. At Blackheath, Mrs. Hudson, relict of Col. H. late of the 1st reg. Guards, and Gentleman Usher to His Majesty.

At Birmingham, aged 57, Major Hawkins, 17th foot, who had lately returned from India on account of ill health.

At Kempton-park, Middlesex, in his 68th year, John Fish, esq.

Mrs. Wall, many years keeper of a respectable school, Oxford.

At his uncle's, Oxford, of a consumption, aged 22, Mr. Thomas Rawlins, youngest son of Rev. William R. rector of Teversal, Notts.

At Rotherham, co. York, Rev. Edward Williams, D. D. Divinity tutor of the academy in that neighbourhood.

In Dublin, Mrs. Douglas, widow of the late A. D. and mother of G. D. esq. of Cavers, Scotland.

Mar. 10 At Lambeth-terrace, in his 61st year, R. F. Suft, esq. of the Exchequer-office.

In Lamb's Conduit-street, Lewis Knight, esq. formerly of the Island of Jamaica.

At Bathwick-cottage, aged 10, William, son of the late William Abraham, esq. banker, Bath.

At sea, on-board H. M. ship the Bedford, Miss Matilda Walker, eldest daughter of James W. esq.

Mar. 11. At Streatham, Surrey, in his 57th year, Rev. Joseph Porter, Senior Fellow of Corpus Christi college, Cambridge; B. A. 1778; M. A. 1781; B. D. 1789.

In Bruton-street, aged 65, the very Rev. J. Garnett, D. D. dean of Exeter.

John Maxwell Hyslop, third son of John H. esq. surgeon, Fenchurch-street.

At Richmond-green, Surrey, aged 78, Mr. Bloomer Ireland, late of Surrey-street, Strand. In discharging the duties of husband, father, and friend, no one ever surpassed him: he was affectionate, kind, and sincere; to alleviate the distress of others was one of his greatest pleasures, and though he was not "largely stored with this world's goods," yet was he eminently "rich in good works." The poor of his neighbourhood will bear ample and lasting testimony of this fact, for to their wants he ever lent his willing aid.

At Reading, in his 11th year, Edward Hussar, eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. T. Nishett.

At Bristol, universally beloved and respected, Rev. John Swertner, many years an active and faithful minister of the Gospel in the church of the *Unitas Fratrum*.

Mar. 12. Aged 80, Thomas Berney Bramston, esq. of Skreens, Essex.

In his 26th year, Charles Henry Johnson, esq. M. A. of Brasenose college, Oxford.

At Portsmouth, in her 24th year, the wife of Mr. Wm. Read, silversmith.

At Clifton, Miss Price, daughter of the late Meredith P. esq. of Lincoln's-inn.

Mar. 13. Amelia, wife of Mr. B. Coxhead, of Cannon-street.

The wife of Mr. N. W. Symonds, of Crutched-friars.

Aged 54, Mrs. Frances Cecilia Williams, of Quebec-street.

At Pendleton, Lancashire, Edw. Erasmus Deacon, M. D.

At Galway, Ireland, Edward Scott, esq. major of the Royal Westmoreland militia.

At Hazlebrook, co. Roscommon, Mrs. Law, relict of Dr. L. Bishop of Elphin, and sister to James Wallace, esq. his Majesty's Attorney-general.

The Hon. Mrs. Cuffie, relict of the Hon. and Rev. Hamilton C. late of Williams-ton, near Dublin.

Mar. 14. In Lower Grosvenor-place, in her 31st year, Mary, wife of T. Mills, esq. of Ely-place.

In Brunswick-square, Robert Wylie, esq. Thewife of Capt. Bond, of Hackney-road.

At Belgrave, aged 76, Mr. John Nixon.

Mar. 15. At Brompton, Kent, aged 31, Alex. Torbitt, esq. surgeon, R. N. and late superintending his Imperial Russian Majesty's fleet in the river Medway; a young man of great acquirements in his profession. A better son, a kinder brother, or a more honourable and sincere friend, never existed. He was the eldest of three brothers, surgeons in the Royal Navy, who have all died within the last two years, and left helpless parents, and a disconsolate sister (in Ireland), to mourn their loss.

At Melbourne-hall, aged 71, Sir Henry Varasour, bart. of Melbourne and Spaldington.

At Dunkeld, Mr. A. Christie, gardener to the Duke of Athol. He had been in his grace's service 41 years, during which he planted not less than 10 or 12 millions of trees.

Mar. 16. In Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, aged 75, the Rev. Samuel Audinet, one of the ministers of the French Protestant Episcopal Chapel in Crown-street, Soho; a man not less distinguished for his zealous attachment to the Established Religion, than for his unimpeachable

impeachable integrity of life; endeared to his friends by his cheerful and equal temper, and regretted by the poor as a benefactor and advocate.

At Clapham, the wife of Major-general Prince.

Aged 83, Thomas Levett, esq.

Mar. 17. At Kentish-town, Catherine, third daughter of the late Rev. Ralph Price, rector of Lyminge, Kent.

Mr. Noah Rollason, of Coventry, upwards of 25 years proprietor of the Coventry Mercury.

At Gothenburg, James Reid, esq. late partner of Laurence Tarras, esq.

Mar. 18. Suddenly, at the vicarage, Wandsworth, Mrs. Ommanney, relict of the late Rear-adm. O.

At Bristol, in his 48th year, Capt. John Phillips, K. N. youngest son of the late Frederick P. esq. of Phillipsborough, New York, North America (who brought up his five sons in the service of Great Britain; and who, in consequence of his unshaken attachment to his Sovereign, lost immense possessions in North America). Capt. J. P. early distinguished himself in the Navy; was in thirteen different engagements, and in the memorable battle of Camperdown, Oct. 11th, 1797, particularly signalized himself as first-lieutenant on-board the Ardent, and for his bravery received Lord Duncan's thanks; and was immediately promoted. His private virtues were equal to his public character.

At Swindon, Wilts, after a long affliction with the gout, aged 63, Wm. Bradford, esq.

As Leith, aged 69, Dr. Thos. Anderson, F. R. S. E. and fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, whose eminent medical abilities will long be remembered: to him is due the sole merit of introducing Vaccination into Scotland; and, although he had to struggle against the opposition of many of his brethren, he succeeded in introducing it universally in that part of the kingdom, by gratuitously supplying every application for matter for inoculation.

Mar. 19. In his 23d year, Edward, youngest son of Edw. Sage, esq. Cheapside.

Aged 26, Augusta Frances, wife of Mr. James Dempster, jun. of Baronhouse, Mitcham.

Aged 38, Thos. Bernard Axford, esq.

Mr. Hartley, father of Mr. H. solicitor, Bristol.

In consequence of swallowing some arsenic, which he mistook for cream of tartar, Mr. Stone, governor of Alverstoke Poor-house.

Mar. 20. Henry, youngest son of John Martin, esq. of Lombard-street.

The wife of Capt. Seward, R. N. only daughter of Major-gen. Eveleigh, of the Royal Engineers.

At the rectory of North Tuddenham, Norfolk, in consequence of a carbuncle, after a few days illness, in his 59th year, Rev. Leonard Shelford, rector of that parish, patron of the living, and formerly fellow of Bene't college, Cambridge. He was a sincere Christian, exemplary in the discharge of his parochial duties, and a faithful guardian to his flock, over which he presided many years with constant vigilance and unblemished integrity. An affectionate husband, kind parent, and of a cheerful generous disposition, that gained him the esteem of a respectable and extensive circle of friends: amongst whom the author of this humble tribute had enjoyed his acquaintance from their early years at school, and in the University.

Mar. 21. In Upper Brook-street, of gout in the stomach, aged 63, Samuel Prime, esq.

In Chatham-place, in childbed of her eleventh child, aged 37, Mrs. Corfield.

At her grandmother's, Bury St. Edmund's, Suffolk, in her 15th year, Sophia, eldest daughter of John Bridgman, esq. collector of the customs at St. Lucia.

At the parsonage, Bennington, Herts, in his 90th year, Rev. John Haggan, nearly 58 years rector of that parish; whose life afforded an example of habitual and unaffected piety, and sincere and unlimited benevolence.

At Bristol, aged 85, Robert Peach, esq. the eldest member of the corporation of Leicester, where he had twice served the office of mayor.

At Bath, John Pinkerton, esq. of Tottenham, Middlesex, well known as a principal contractor in the great works of drainage that have been carrying on in its neighbourhood for the last 60 years.

At the Hall, near Shrewsbury, the wife of Rowland Wingfield, esq. daughter of Sir W. Wagstaffe Bagot, bart.

At Shrewsbury Infirmary, aged 26, J. Mansell. He had climbed to an elevated situation to hear a trial on the 20th inst. at the Assizes, when his feet slipped, and he impaled himself upon the javelin of one of the sheriff's officers who stood underneath. The weapon was with great difficulty extracted at the Infirmary, but not till two hours after the accident; and he lingered in agony till the following evening.

At York, aged 60, the Hon. Mrs. Edgar, daughter of the late Lord Reay, and widow of Major E. late Assistant Inspector-general of Barracks in that county.

March 23. In his 85th year, B. Radcliffe, esq. who had been in the service of the Stamp-office 55 years.

Aged 79, H. Soame, esq. of Thurlow Hall, in the parish of Little Thurlow.

At Caversham Grove, Oxon, Mrs. Gardner, widow of the late Robert G. esq.

In consequence of her shawl catching fire

fire whilst reaching something from the chimney-piece the preceding day, by which she was dreadfully burnt before assistance could be given, aged 69, Mrs. Main, relict of Mr. Spencer M. who formerly kept the Assembly-rooms at Stamford. Mr. Main's first wife was also burnt to death.

At Ouston, co. Leicester, Mr. Cole, a respectable grazier, an amiable man, and a good Christian.

March 24. Aged 76, Jacob Garon, esq. At Kentish-town, Lydia, wife of William Fletcher, of Hyde-street, Bloomsbury.

Aged 21, George, eldest son of S. Nash, esq. of Bishopsgate Without.

At Mellis, near Eye, Suffolk, in his 91st year, Mr. W. Hurn, father of Rev. W. H. vicar of Debenham, and of Mr. J. Hurn, writing-master, Twickenham.

At Leicester, in his 64th year, seized with an apoplectic fit whilst shaving, after which he never spoke, Rev. Thomas Robinson, M. A. vicar of St. Mary's, Leicester; a character as much distinguished for his zeal and ability in performing his pastoral duties, as for his piety, benevolence, and virtues, in private life. On the morning of Sunday, March 21, he visited the different galls as Chaplain, and in the evening delivered an animated and eloquent discourse from James v. 9. "Behold the Judge standeth before the door." The 7th of March was the 39th anniversary of his ministry in Leicester. He had been Vicar of St. Mary's 34 years, and, as an *Evangelical Minister*, had long classed among the most popular Preachers of the age. The different public charities (of many of which he was the founder) have in him lost one of their warmest friends and most able advocates, and the town of Leicester will have just reason to regret his death. Mr. Robinson was formerly Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, B. A. 1772; M. A. 1775. He published, in 1789, 12mo, "Scripture Characters; or a practical Improvement of the principal Histories in the Old and New Testament, from Adam to Joshua inclusive." To which he afterwards added three more volumes; the second in 1790; the third and fourth in 1792. A second edition has since appeared in 8vo. He was also the author of "A serious Exhortation to the Inhabitants of Great Britain, with reference to the approaching Fast, 1795;" "An Address to the Loyal Leicester Volunteer Infantry, at the Consecration of their Colours in the Parish Church of St. Martin, Leicester, Oct. 19, 1795. To which is annexed the Prayer used on that occasion," 8vo; "The Christian System unfolded; or, Essays on the Doctrines and Duties of Christianity," 3 vols.; "Prophecies on the Messiah;" a Visitation Sermon, published by request; and "A Sermon, preached in London, 1808, before the Society for Missions to Africa and the

East, promoted by Members of the Established Church," &c.—An immense concourse of spectators attended his interment, which took place on the 29th; 14 Clergymen preceded the funeral procession, and every avenue to the church was crowded to excess; but, notwithstanding the great pressure, the strictest solemnity and silence prevailed throughout the whole ceremony.—The following memoir of him is extracted from "The Pulpit," a recent biographical publication: "Remotely retired from popular observation, read without being heard, I have now to describe a Preacher who is known more by his writings than his sermons; or, I should say, rather by his printed than his spoken discourses. I am almost fearful of not doing justice to him. I wish that those who read what he writes, could hear him as he speaks. Thomas Robinson, formerly Fellow of Trinity College in Cambridge, and now Vicar of St. Mary's Church in Leicester, is a native of Yorkshire. He is married, and has several children. Nearly thirty years has this able Divine continued to minister in the vicarage he now holds; unwilling, as

'Unskilful he to fawn or seek for pow'r,
By doctrines fashion'd to the varying hour!'

'Perhaps,' observes Mr. Robinson, in the Preface to his *Scripture Characters*, 'after all the controversial writings with which the world abounds, the important purposes of Religion will be more effectually promoted by solemn and earnest exhortations, grounded on acknowledged principles, than by the most ingenious and solid arguments in vindication even of the purest Creed. The latter, indeed, may be highly useful, as conveying light to the understanding, and conviction to the judgment; but the former, in general, have a more powerful influence upon the will and the affections, and are therefore more conducive to practice.' Nothing can be truer than this principle in preaching; and it is the principle by which Mr. Robinson generally conducts himself in the pulpit. Instead of labouring to establish the propriety of certain axioms, first truths, he assumes them as fundamentally ascertained, and proceeds to enforce and apply them to the cases of his hearers. Intelligible in his illustrations, forcible in his applications, and animated in his exhortations, there is no portion of his audience, however differing as to intellectual attainments, uninformed or unimproved. While he fills the rich with good things, the poor are not sent empty away. Bred in the good old school, he knows that no sermon is properly concluded, edifying though it prove to the believer, without admonishing the unbeliever and alarming the transgressor. Here he is great. His 'life,' as Gregory Nazianzen said of Basil, being 'lightning, and his word thunder,' his re-
monstrances

monstrances and his admonitions are delivered with the energy of apostolic eloquence. If there be any fault in his voice, it is its sounding loudness, the tremendous clapping, rather than the tempered rolling, of the thunder. Admirable is his animation. Though somewhat advanced in years, and not exempt from the inroads of age, no sooner is he in the pulpit than he becomes the new man; 'renews his strength,' and, as it were, 'mounts upward!' His eyes beam with the light of life; his soul gives motion to his frame; and, as he draws near the end of his Sermon, he seems rising from the pulpit to glory. Sensible of the influence of his conduct on others, and perhaps from higher views, Mr. Robinson takes part in the Psalmody of his congregation. 'I can testify,' declares Augustus Toplady, in his Short Memorials of himself, 'by sweet and repeated experience, that singing is an ordinance of God, and a means of grace. Lord!' he adds, 'fit my soul to bear a part in that song, for ever new, which the elect angels, and saints made perfect in glory, are now singing before the Throne and before the Lamb.' Excepting some few notes of heads, which he now and then looks to, Mr. Robinson preaches extempore. If he brings with him the skeleton of his discourse, he trusts for its living substance to the breath which can breathe on the dry bones of this earth! Some of his pulpit prayers are also delivered extemporary, with great judiciousness, and true efficaciousness. Having mentioned his use of head-notes in preaching, I must glance at a circumstance connected with them. Whenever his voice fails, which, notwithstanding its powerfulness, it is found to do, this failure is particularly perceptible when, as his sight is not now good, he lowers his head towards his cushion, in order to peruse his notes. These notes are contained between the leaves of his large Pulpit Bible. What, however, are defects like this, spots in the sun, when we look at the merits of such a man? His appearance is venerably fine; his dressing, as well as his preaching, being quite of the old school. It might seem superfluous to add, what yet it may be right to add, that the people flock to his church. He also is a great popular preacher, and he also is a good parish priest. Leicester ought to be thankful for, I must not say proud of, the present vicar of St. Mary."

At Worcester, Mrs. Sheridan, relict of the late Chas.-F. S. formerly secretary at war in Ireland, and brother of the Rt.-hon. R.-B. Sheridan.

Aged about 43, A. Hollingworth, esq. mayor of Hull.

March 25. At Major Sutherland's, Half-Moon-street, Mahommed Kauzim, one of the two Persian youths sent by his Royal

Highness Prince Abbas Meeza to this country for education. He was the son of the painter to the Prince, and was intended to succeed his father; for which the astonishing genius displayed by him in painting, aided by the scientific instruction he would have received in this country, must have eminently qualified him. He was a youth of very promising talents and pleasing manners, and his premature death is much regretted.

In Cumberland-street, in her 29th year, Anne, wife of Major-gen. Wiseman.

Lieut.-col. Irwin, of the Bengal establishment.

At Bartholomew Huber's, esq. Tunbridge Wells, aged 24, the only daughter of Capt. Skipsey, R. N.

At Kettering, in his 84th year, Mr. Nathaniel Collis, a respectable bookseller, and many years senior partner with Mr. Dash of that place. His general disposition rendered him truly respectable to a large circle of acquaintance, as well as his sympathetic regard for all in distress, and more particularly for the poor, whom he amply relieved in his life, and has not forgotten at his death.

At Bristol, H. Wakeman, esq.

March 26. In her 13th year, Lady Augusta Phipps, daughter of the Earl of Mulgrave.

Mr. John Henderson, of Milk-street, Cheapside.

Aged 36, Eleanor, wife of Mr. W.-P. Weise, of Gloucester-place, Kent-road.

At Clapton, aged 88, John Remington, esq.

At Ramsgate, after two days illness, Mr. J. Peake, surgeon. A profound knowledge of his profession, joined to unwearied attention to those under his care, and urbanity of manners to all, had procured him the esteem of a numerous circle, during only a few years residence in that town. In him were happily united the social friend and professional adviser; and in either character, to know and esteem him were synonymous.

At Lisbon, Charlotte-Margaret, wife of Lieut.-col. Jackson, Coldstream-guards, daughter of the late C. T. Maling, esq.

March 27. In Whitehall, the Rt.-hon. Lady Emma Bennet, third daughter of the Earl of Tankerville.

In Upper Titchfield-street, Robert Denison, esq. late of Madras.

In Bush-lane, aged 65, S. Donaldson, esq.

In Finsbury-square, two hours after the birth of her 13th child, Mary, wife of Lewis Leese, esq. daughter of the late John Vaux, esq.

In his 82d year, David Parker, esq. of the King's-Mews.

At Warwick-house, Mr. Gray, steward to the Princess Charlotte of Wales.

In her 16th year, Catherine, only dau. of Mr. John Hartnell, of Bishopsgate-str.

Miss Mary Harper, of Stepney-terrace. At Cobridge, Staffordshire Potteries, James Stevenson, esq.

In the Isle of Wight, in the prime of life, Capt. Charles Bygrave, of the Army Dépt. staff.

March 25. At Wimbledon, aged 75, the Princess of Conde. Her remains were removed to the Catholic Chapel, Somers-town, by torch-light, on April 4th, where a grand solemn dirge was performed; and on the 5th were interred in a vault under the Chapel. Most of the foreign ambassadors were present.

Mrs. King, widow of the Rev. T. K. D. D. late chancellor of Lincoln, and rector of Woodstock, Oxon.

At Corney Bury, near Buntingford, Herts, aged 78, Robert Wogdon, esq.

March 29. In Lamb's-conduit-street, aged 85, Mary, widow and relict of Francis Hutton, esq. formerly of Red Lion-square.

At St. James's-palace, Mr. Lewis, upwards of 90 years serjt.-porter to the King.

At Southampton, Mrs. Burdett, widow of the late J. B. esq.

At Breamore-house, Hants, the lady of Sr Edward Hulse, bart.

At Bloxworth, co. Dorset, aged 75. Mrs. Woodley, widow of the late W. W. esq. Governor of the Leeward Islands.

Ephemia, wife of Wm. Boyle, esq. of Kilwinning, Ayrshire.

At Kilkenny castle, Ireland, Wm. Skelton, esq. eldest son of Robert S. esq. of the Strand, London.

March 30. Aged 71, Mr. Rich. Dyer, of St. Clement's, coal-merchant, many years one of the burgesses of Westminster. At Chelsea, aged 79. Mr. Daniel Bunning, formerly of May Fair, and a builder to a considerable extent in Sloane-street and its neighbourhood. He termed his family "The Tribe of Dan," having had 14 children and 41 grand-children. His songs of "Forty-five," and "Liberty Hall," will long be remembered.

At Major-house, near Thwaite, Suffolk, aged 82, her grace Elizabeth Duchess Dowager of Chandos, widow of Henry second Duke of Chandos.

At Oxford, aged 82, Mrs. Curtis.

At Clifton, in her 22d year, Frances, second daughter of the late J. Lyte Bell, esq. of the island of Barbadoes.

Aged 82, Mrs. Sarah Terrill, mother of Mr. Wm. T. of Bristol.

At Hinckley, in the bloom of life, and after a long and painful affliction, borne with exemplary patience, Lucy Smith, daughter of the late Mr. John Smith, dyer.

At Rookley-cottage, Isle of Wight, Miss Cardin, late of Great Cumberland-street, Portman-square.

GENL. MAG. April, 1813.

Aged 83, Mr. Wm. Blennerhassett, of Wighton, upwards of 50 years high constable of the county of Cumberland; and on April 11, in Houndsditch, aged 51, Anne, his daughter.

March 31. At South Lambeth, Mr. John Munt.

Suddenly, whilst at breakfast, the wife of Mr. R. Winkworth, of Brentford Butts.

Rev. Milbourne Peter Carter, A. M. rector of Bradwell, near Braintree, Essex.

Mr. John Lawrence, accountant, formerly usher of Colston's charity school, Bristol. No man could possess a more punctilious feeling of honourable integrity; but an ill state of health, increased by an accident arising from the misfortunes of others, has reduced his widow and four infant children to distress, from which it is hoped they will be speedily relieved by the compassion of those who knew the worth of their protector.

March ... In consequence of carrying too heavy a load, which inflamed a rupture he had had for the last 83 years, aged 105, F. H. Robersay, of Hailot, department of the Lambre and Meuse. His ordinary and favourite food was potatoes, and bread and milk.

LATELY—In London, George Alexander, fourth son of Henry Fawcett, esq. M. P. for Carlisle.

The eldest daughter of W. F. Gason, esq. of Lincoln's-Inn-Fields.

J. Hope, esq. many years a partner in the house of Hope and Co. Amsterdamm.

At J. Reeves's, esq. Duke-street, Westminster, aged 77, Mrs. Browne.

Aged 88, Henry Bunn, esq. upwards of 60 years ventry clerk of the parish of Christ-church, Surrey.

In Hollis-street, Cavendish-square, Mrs. Nightingale, relict of Capt. R. N. late of Kneesworth, co. Cambridge.

Aged 75, Mrs. Katherine Marryat, of Charles-street, Westminster.

Lady Charlotte Maitland, youngest daughter of the Earl of Lauderdale.

In his 8th year, Hugh Sidney, second surviving son of Col. Hugh Baillic.

At her sister's, Pentonville, aged 68, Mrs. Amelia Gillio, relict of the late Mr. Jos. Ferdinando G. surgeon.

In consequence of her cloaths catching fire, aged 80, Mrs. Anne Chatham, of Whitechapel, a respectable old lady.

At Peckham, Surrey, aged 56, Capt. E. Marsh, R. N.

Bedfordshire—At Potton, in his 74th year, Mr. James Gifford, only surviving son of Mr. Alderman G. formerly of Cambridge.

Berks.—Mr. Sanderson, an eminent architect, of Reading.

At Wallingford, R. Lovegrove, esq. Cam-

Cambridgeshire.—At Barnwell, aged 88, Mrs. Palmby.

Mr. Wood, solicitor, Cambridge.

Cheshire.—At Chester, the wife of Dr. Currie.

Cornwall.—Henry Harcourt, esq. of East Looe.

At Redruth, Dr. Boase.

At Bodmin, of the small-pox in a natural way, aged 47, Mr. Chaz. Snowden, clerk of the parish of Symondward.

At Falmouth, Mrs. Peters, widow of John P. esq.

At St. Austell, aged 86, the wife of Mr. Nicholls, surgeon.

Cumberland.—At Cockermouth, at an advanced age, Mr. John Johnstone, many years an eminent teacher.

At Whitehaven, the wife of Capt. W. Fell.

At Wigton, aged 70, Mr. John Tiffin; and on the Wednesday after, his nephew, Mr. Thomas T. of Aikbaw, was found dead in a field near his own house.

At Woolook's-mill, aged 98, Mr. John Scholick.

Derby.—Aged 70, Mr. W. Stenson, of Hartshorn (father of Mr. S. of Derby), where he had been Master of the Free-school nearly 50 years.

At Belper, aged 94, Mr. J. Hames.

Devon.—In her 65th year, Mrs. Totterdale, of Taunton.

At Crediton, aged 62, Mrs. Eliz. Welsford, a maiden lady, sister of Giles W. esq. of Plymouth.

At Exeter, Dr. S. Luscombe.

At Topsham, aged 83, Mr. Nic. Brooke.

Mrs. Margaret Patch, of Exeter.

At Plymouth, Mr. Yeates, surgeon of the Berks militia.

At Plymouth, Capt. R. D. Forster, on the retired list of the royal marines, and one of the barrack-masters of that garrison.

At Plymouth, Capt. Thatcher, 1st reg. Somerset militia.

Dorset.—At Lyme, aged 75, Rev. Edw. Carter, rector of Little Wittenham, Berks.

Mary, eldest daughter of Wm. Teogood, esq. of Sherborne.

At Corfe, near Wimborne, Mr. Wm. Harris, an eminent miller.

At Lyme, Eliza, third daughter of Henry Brooke, esq. formerly of Salisbury.

Durham.—At Durham, in her 21st year, Frances, daughter of F. Smales, esq. an amiable young lady.

At West Chilton, aged 77, Mr. John Mason, one of the greatest cattle-dealers in the county.

At Aneroft Greenses, aged 66, Adam Sibbi, esq.

At Thorpe, aged 90, Thomas Watson, esq.

Aged 73, Mr. T. Featonby, of Durham.

At South-Shields, aged 99, Mrs. Mary Aubone.

Essex.—Aged 55, Rev. John Lloyd, of Dedham.

At Wakes-Colne, aged 44, W. Brent, esq.

Aged 19, Catharine, daughter of Rev. T. Sproule, of Great Barfield.

Rev. John James, rector of Caufield.

At Purfleet, aged 93, Mrs. Pryn, many years a resident in Bath, and mother to the late Mr. R. P. of that place. She was the last surviving domestic of the all-worthy Ralph Allen, esq. of Prior-park.

Gloucester.—At Tewkesbury, aged 73, T. Woollams, esq.

Mr. W. Morgan, son of the late Rev. W. M. rector of Fretherne.

Miss Shipp, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Wm. S. of Oxwick-house, Yale.

At Staverton, the wife of Mr. Wm. Hyde.

At Gloucester, in his 32d year, Rev. Edw. Seagrave, rector of Westcot-Barton, Oxon.

At Gloucester, aged 79, Mrs. Parrell, relict of Capt. P. of North Nibley.

Mr. W. Truman, of Cheltenham.

At Cirencester, Mrs. Mountain.

At Cirencester, aged 19, Daniel, son of Mr. Devereux Bowley.

At Chipping Sodbury, Thos. Michell, esq. formerly of Corsham, Wilts.

At Gloucester, the wife of Capt. Matthews, of the North Gloucester Militia.

At Cheltenham, Miss Baker, daughter of the late Wm. B. esq. of Kempsey, co. Worcester.

At Cheltenham, aged 65, John Eoler Watson, esq. many years manager and proprietor of the Gloucester and Cheltenham Theatres.

Mrs. Jones, librarian, Cheltenham.

Mr. Edw. Smith, of Alston Villa, Cheltenham.

At her son's, Cheltenham, aged 75, Mrs. Madegen, late of Oxford.

Suddenly, Robert Wathen, esq. of King Stanley.

Suddenly, T. Lowe, M. D. of Prestea.

At Beckford, B. Tidmarsh, esq.

At Lodgemore, aged 86, Mrs. Scott, relict of Thomas S. esq.

At the Mythe, aged 71, Martin Lucas, esq. He served the office of High Sheriff for Northampton in 1799, and was many years an acting magistrate for the Counties of Northampton, Gloucester, and Worcester.

Hants.—At Southampton, T. Nichol, esq.

At Southampton, Mrs. C. Ravenshaw.

At Romsey, Mrs. Kerley, daughter of the late W. Long, Esq. of Salisbury.

At Michelmarsh, Joanna, daughter of Rev. Hen. Woodcock, rector of that parish.

At Portsmouth, aged 65, W. Fisher, esq. Assistant Commissary-general of the South-West District.

James Butler, esq. Captain and Adjutant of the South-West battalion of Hants Militia.

Hereford.—At Wellington, aged 108, Mrs. Ursula Evans.

Herts.—At Tring, the wife of Rev. Marmaduke Bannister, minister of that parish.

At Berkhamstead, after a lingering illness, aged 81, the wife of Rev. John Drake.

At Grove-place, the only daughter and child of T. Kingham, gent. of Tringtown.

Herts.—At Norman-cross, John Draper, esq. Captain in the Royal Navy.

At Siltton, Daniel Vautier, esq. R. N. cousin to Sir S. Romilly.

Kent.—At Linton-lodge, at an advanced age, C. Taylor, esq.

At Wye, aged 79, Mrs. Judith Tookey, daughter of Rev. Watson T. formerly rector of Stoke and Rockingham, co. Northampton, and sister to Mrs. Tunson.

At Folkstone, aged 67, Rev. John Tims, rector of Hawkinge, and curate of Folkstone.

At Leeds Castle, the seat of Gen. Philip Martin, in her 87th year, Frances, his eldest sister.

After a short sickness, aged 103 years and 7 months, Rosamond Eastham, a maiden lady, of Ramsgate.

Lancashire.—At Lancaster, aged 87, Mrs. Tomlinson, relict of the Rev. R. T.

Rev. John Hargreaves, of Bank, near Burnley.

At Liverpool, aged 17, Madaline, eldest daughter of Major-gen. Dirom, of Mount Assau; see p. 93.

Massachusetts.—At Usk, Mrs. E. Rogers, relict of Rev. Henry R.

Suddenly, by the bursting of a blood-vessel, Rev. Wm. Prosser, of English Bicknor, and rector of Llangunnider, co. Brecon.

Norfolk.—At Norwich, Mr. N. Chambers, surgeon.

At Norwich, Rachael, widow of John Hunter, esq. of Lisbon; a pious, benevolent, and amiable woman, and the well-known authoress of several novels and tales, which were chiefly directed to inculcate in the minds of the younger part of her sex the virtues which were so conspicuous in herself.

At Lynn, aged 64, Mr. B. Laird, many years a warrant officer in the Royal Navy; he was gunner of the Formidable in Admiral Keppel's action.

At Yarmouth, of a fever caught on board one of the Russian men of war, aged 44, Mr. J. Calver, pilot.

At Yarmouth, in his 50th year, Mr. Francis Braithwaite, of Nottingham, a very eminent hosier.

In his 73d year, T. Howard, esq. of West-Rudham.

Aged 64, Rev. J.-S. Watts, F. L. S. sixty years rector of Ashjill.

Northampton.—At the rectory-house, Collyweston, aged 100, Mrs. Elizabeth Colombine, aunt to the last incumbent of that living, the Rev. Wm. Shield.

Northumberland.—Rev. Mr. Lawrie, of Hexham, a dissenting minister.

Mary, wife of Henry Richmond, esq. of Humshaugh, near Hexham, daughter of the late Rev. W. Hall, of Haydon-bridge.

At Long Benton, aged 27, Wm. Brown, esq. youngest son of the late W. B. esq. coal-owner. Endowed with a superior understanding, his demeanour was truly gentlemanly, and his colloquial talents such as ever rendered his presence most desirable to the social party. His loss is deplored with no common grief, as an accomplished and worthy member of society, who possessed in an eminent degree, all those virtues which alike ensure esteem, and adorn humanity.

Salop.—At Shrewsbury, aged 65, E. Windsor, esq.

Somerset.—At Bristol, Capt. Rae, on the retired list, royal marines.

At Bath, Mary Marshman, a member of the society of Friends.

At Clifton, Chas. Granville Wheeler, esq. of Ballinacolie, Ireland.

At Clifton, aged 75, Mrs. Berkin, widow of Wm. B. esq. formerly a resident in Bath.

The wife of Mr. B. Burges, of Compton Martin.

Suffolk.—At Bury, aged 81, Rev. Thos. Waldegrave, dissenting minister.

At Ipswich, Mrs. M. L. Fonnereau, sister of Rev. W. F. of Christ-church.

In his 72d year, Rev. W. Wyatt, A. M. F. R. S. rector of Framlingham cum Saxted, and of Theberton, and many years a fellow of Pembroke-hall, Cambridge.

At Siclesmere, aged 27, Lieut. James Traice, 68th reg. fifth son of the late Mr. Wm. T. formerly of Bury.

Sussex.—At Halsted, aged 95, Anne Harrison, widow, one of the society of Friends.

At Whiligh, Frances, only daughter of George Courthorpe, esq.

Warwick.—At Birmingham, in his 84th year, Mr. Samuel Baker, one of the society of Friends.

At Handsworth, in her 83d year, Mrs. Stephenson.

At Goldicote-house, near Stratford-on-Avon, aged 26, Mary, wife of Mr. Edw. Lorf, of Birmingham, daughter of John Lovatt, of Kingsdown-house, Salop.

Westmoreland.—Aged 67, Mrs. Wilson, of Appleby, the last of the family of Setrees, of Battleborough, near Appleby.

At Hartley, aged 90, Mr. Thos. H. Taylor.

At Kaber, aged 63, Catherine, wife of James Bird, gent.

Wills.—At Devizes, Mrs. Charlotte Taylor, dau. of Mr. Thos. Perkins, of Bristol. Aged 76, Mr. Ja. Pearce, of Bowden-hill. Worcester.—At Upton-upon-Severn, in her 92d year, Mrs. Clarke.

At Levant Lodge, Mrs. Foley, relict of—F. esq. formerly of Henley-upon-Thames.

York.—In her 26th year, Lucy, youngest daughter of William Gray, esq. of York.

At Leeds, aged 81, Miss Mary Strother. Anne, wife of Rev. B. Broadbent, vicar of Staunton, near Doncaster.

Edmund Garforth, esq. of Whitewell, near Malton.

At Welton, aged 85, W. G. Ravenscroft, esq. captain in the marine corps.

At Hildenley, in her 79th year, Dame Elizabeth Letitia Strickland, relict of the late Sir G. S. bart. of Boynton, and third daughter of the late Sir Rowland Winn, bart. of Nustal.

WALES.—At Carnarvon, Dr. Hugh Owen, an intelligent physician.

At Llwyndwrif, co. Cardigan, rev. Tho. Griffiths.

At Swansea, Rev. Walter Harper, late of Prilowell, near Sheerness.

Aged 74, Rev. John Collins, rector of Oxwich, co. Glamorgan, and rural dean of the seignior of Gower.

At Fishguard, co. Pembroke, aged 95, Daniel Crockatt, esq. late of Llangharme, co. Carmarthen.

SCOTLAND.—At Mauchline, Janet Gibson, commemorated by Burns in his "Holy Fair," under the Turf appellation of Racer Jesse.

At Kinross, Geo. Taylor, wright to Mr. Graham, of Kinross. He had gone with Mr. G's gamekeeper to St. Seart's Island, in Lochleven, to shoot wild geese; having been unsuccessful, when about to leave the Island, fired off his gun, in order to empty it, when it burst, and the lock sunk about two inches in his head, a little above the right eye, after which he lay about fifteen minutes apparently dead. He then began to revive, and his companion conveyed him home. The lock was immediately extracted, and part of the brain came along with it. He lived about eight days in great agony.

IRELAND.—At Montpellier, near Dublin, M. Cramer, esq. late captain in the 12th drag.

ABROAD.—At Burgos, aged 26, Lieut. G. Rideout, son of the Rev. P. R. of Hookwood.

The grand Duke of Hesse Cassel. His remains were interred in the family tomb at Pforzheim.

At Calcutta, Mr. G. Plowman, nephew of Mr. P. of Chandos-street.

April 1. In her 81st year, Mrs. Eliz. Sutton, of the New-works, Leicester, widow of the late Mr. Temple S.

Mr. Ludlam, surgeon, of Leicester,

youngest son of the late Rev. Wm. L. of that town. He was in the high path of professional eminence, and deservedly esteemed in public and private life, as a very able, honourable, and upright man. He has left an aged mother, and a widow and young family, to lament his loss. The death of his elder brother, Thomas Ludlam, esq. is recorded in vol. LXXX. ii. p. 286.

Aged 73, Mrs. Sanders, of Garsington, Oxon.

April 2. In Bartlett's-buildings, in his 71st year, Andrew Marshal, M. D. (*We expect we shall be able to give, in our next, some account of this learned and able Physician.*)

At his father's, Guilford-street, of a rapid decline, aged 17, Mr. Edmund Pier-son Clay. He had early in life testified an anxious desire for the Church, and was educated for it; but unfortunate events in his family obliged him to engage in different pursuits, which neither suited his health nor inclinations. He had obtained an appointment to Sicily, and was to have sailed in a few weeks, but his constitution was too far gone to be restored by the best medical aid. Few and evil were the days of his pilgrimage; but his latter end was peace.

At Falkirk, Daniel McKinnon. He was born May 10, 1710; consequently, had he lived till the 10th of next month, he would have completed his 103d year. He was a native of the island of Skye, and passed the greater part of his early life in the army. He was at the battles of Dettingen and Fontenoy, where he was wounded; and was probably among the last survivors who were present at these celebrated engagements. For the last 15 or 20 years, he lived at Falkirk, supported by charity. He was three times married, and had a son by his last wife when about 90, a feeble boy, of whom he was very vain.

April 3. At Bath, Charles Watkins, esq. of Daventry, co. Northampton.

At Brighton, the wife of John Ayton, esq. of Missenden-abbey, Berks.

April 4. Thomas Martin, one of the members of the Unitarian congregation at Hinckley. By the choir, of which he was a bright ornament, his loss will be sincerely felt. He was constant in his attendance upon public worship, peaceable in his general deportment, and honest in all his transactions. May those who lament his death, shew it by imitating his conduct, especially in these particulars!

April 6. At Catsfield, Sussex, W. Eversfield, esq. who succeeded to the estates of his uncle, the late Sir C. E. bart. of Den-peace, Sussex, and is himself succeeded by his eldest son Charles E. esq. 10th Royal Hussars, now serving in the Peninsula under the Marquis of Wellington.

April 7. At Prospect-cottage, Tilehurst, near

near Reading, in her 34th year, Sophia, the youngest daughter of Mrs. Hancock.

At Snares-ton-lodge, after a few days illness, in her 21st year, Susan, wife of Geo. Moore, jun. esq. of Appleby, co. Leic. and only daughter of John Drummond, esq.

At Bath, Jane, widow of the Hon. Frederick Vane, of Sellaby, co. Durham, second son of Henry, the first Earl of Darlington. She was the eldest daughter of Arthur Lysaght, esq. and niece of John Lysaght, the first Lord Lisie. She was married to Mr. Vane in August 1796.

April 8. Rev. W. Ireland, vicar of Frome, and chaplain to the Marquis of Bath.

April 9. Jane, wife of Mr. Stephen Walters, of Aldermanbury.

April 10. In Bedford-square, in her 80th year, Mrs. Wilbraham Bootle, relict of the late R. W. B. esq. of Lathom-house, Lancashire, and Rhode-hall, Cheshire.

At Stratford-upon-Avon, at a very advanced age, much regretted by her family and a large circle of friends, Mrs. Hunt, relict of the late William Hunt, esq. of that place, whom she survived near 30 years. She was a most attentive and affectionate mother, a pious Christian, and a sincere friend.

In his 34th year, after a long and very severe illness, Rev. George Holbrooke, M. A. of Trinity college, Cambridge, youngest son of the late Bernard H. esq. of Lambeth (vol. LXXVIII. p. 754.) He was formerly curate of Chipstead in Surrey, and afterwards of Stoke, near Grantham, co. Lincoln. His remains were deposited on the 17th in the family-vault of his maternal ancestors at Chelsea, co. Middlesex.

April 11. After a long and painful illness, which she endured with patient resignation and truly Christian fortitude, Mrs. Ann Stevenson, of Turnham-green.

April 12. At Hinckley, in her 89th year, Mrs. Anne Riff, relict of Mr. Joseph Riff, formerly an eminent hosier of that town (who died in 1795, et. 76, see vol. LXV. p. 360.) She was the fourth daughter of Wm. Scott, esq. of Market Overton, Rutland; and was married Feb. 6, 1735. A gentlewoman by birth, she was a sincere Christian from inclination and conviction; and had very deservedly acquired the general esteem of all who had the happiness of her acquaintance. She was buried, on the 17th, in a vault in the church-yard, where the remains of her husband had been deposited; and the funeral was marked with that degree of respect to which the many virtues of this venerable Matron so eminently entitled her. Besides the relations who attended as mourners, the vicar of Hinckley, with the rectors of Aston Flamville and Barwell, two adjoining parishes, joined the solemn procession; six of the principal inhabitants of Hinckley walked as pall-bearers; and a large concourse of neighbours thronged to pay the last sad

tribute of respect to departed worth. The death of Mrs. Dickinson, an elder sister of Mrs. Riff, at the age of nearly 90, is recorded in our last volume, Part I. p. 599.

April 13. At his brother's, Charlotte-street, Capt. P. L. J. Rosenhagen, R. N. who had just returned from the service of his country, to which his whole life had been most honourably devoted.

In consequence of her dress catching fire, on the 11th inst. whilst the family were at church, the wife of Lieut.-col. Le Gross, 5th Essex local militia, of Chigwell.

April 14. In Wigmore-street, at a very advanced age, Mrs. Campbell, of Carahin, mother of the Earl of Breadalbane.

April 16. In Portland-place, after two days illness, ag. 67, Sir M. W. Ridley, bart.

April 21. At Camberwell, in his 77th year, Thomas Curtis, esq. formerly an eminent wholesale stationer in Fleet-street, Newgate-street, and Ludgate-hill; which latter place he some years since quitted on resigning business to an only son. He had been more than 55 years a Liveryman of the Company of Stationers; and few men were more generally beloved and esteemed; his mild and conciliating manners having uniformly secured the friendship of all who were connected with him either in business or in domestic life.

Mrs. Reid, of the Old Slaughter's coffee-house, St. Martin's-lane.

At Bath, Rev. Thomas Brent.

At Hagley, co. Worcester, aged 84, Rev. Rich. Harrington, rector of Whistone, Devon.

April 22. At Woolwich, to which place she had been removed at her particular request only one week previous, aged 43, Mrs. Harris, wife of Mr. John Harris, Bookseller at the corner of St. Paul's Church-yard. She had endured with uncommon fortitude for upwards of five years a very severe inward complaint, which baffled the skill of the most eminent of the faculty, and has thus terminated, to the great loss of her family and friends.

April 23. In Portman-square, Fanny, wife of G. H. West, esq. daughter of Sir M. B. Foulkes, bart. M. P.

In Old Burlington-street, aged 72, Mrs. Ladley, relict of the late J. L. esq. of Mount-street, Grosvenor-square.

In Poland-street, aged 64, Samuel-Fount Simmons, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the King. [Of this worthy and benevolent Physician, whose Correspondence has very frequently adorned our pages, a further account shall be given.]

April ... At Bishop's Court, Isle of Man, aged 74, the last 29 of which he presided over that diocese, the Right Rev. Claudius Crigan, D. D. Lord Bishop of Sodor and Mann. His remains were interred at Kirk-michael (the mausoleum of Bishops Wilson, Hildesley, and Mason), numerously

merously attended; all the Clergy and principal gentlemen being present.

Vol. LXXXII. Part ii. p. 598. b. *Richard Aclom*, esq. of Wiseton Hall, Nottinghamshire, married, in 1785, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of James Bernard, esq. of Castle Bernard, co. Cork, and sister of Francis Earl of Bandon, and of the late Lady Riversdale, by whom he has left issue an only child, Esther, to whom his estates, valued at 10,000*l.* per annum, now devolve.

In the volume for the present year, p. 92. b. The late Rev. *James Howell* was formerly corate of St. Mary's, Warwick. Kind of temper, mild of manners, properly attentive to the duties of his sacred office, and exemplary in his general conduct, he was an amiable man, and a respectable Clergyman; nor was it the least distinguished part of his just praise, that, whilst sincerely and steadily attached to the *National Church*, to which he belonged, he had ever the discernment to perceive, and the candour to acknowledge, all that is good and great in the character of those who dissent from it, with many of whom he lived in friendly intercourse, and towards all of whom he felt and acted with the liberality of a gentleman, and the charity of a Christian.

P. 188. b. The late *Caroline Countess of Portarlington* was the fifth daughter of John Stuart, third earl of Bute, K. G. and sister of the present Marquis of Bute, and of the Lord Primate of Ireland. She married January 1st, 1778, John Dawson, Earl of Portarlington, by whom she had issue: 1. John, the present Earl of Portarlington: 2. William Henry: 3. George Lionel: 4. William: 5. Lionel Charles: 6. Lady Caroline, married Feb. 7, 1801, Sir Henry Parnell, bart, M. P.: 7. Lady Louisa Mary: 8. Lady Harriet: 9. Lady Anne Maria.

P. 290. Mr. *Ramsden* was the second son of the late Rev. Dr. Ramsden, many years Master of the Charter-House, in which seminary he was educated. He served his apprenticeship to Mr. (now Sir James) Earle, one of the surgeons of St. Bartholomew's Hospital; and was elected Assistant Surgeon to that extensive establishment on Feb. 24, 1791, where he had an early opportunity of displaying that skill, judgment, and humanity, which en-

gaged the affections of the patients, and afterwards recommended him to a very honourable share of practice. In April 1793, he was elected Surgeon to the Foundling Hospital; and in August 1807, to Christ's Hospital. The only other professional appointment he held was that of Surgeon to the new establishment at Lissou-green, for the maintenance and education of the Orphans of Clergymen of the Established Church. Few men were better qualified to do credit to these offices than Mr. Ramsden, or indeed gave more ample satisfaction. Such was his humane disposition, that he seemed always to be doing that most cheerfully which he was doing almost gratuitously. Hundreds of his poor patients yet remember with what kindness he listened to their tedious detail of complaints, and thus administered the first consolation by which a sufferer is relieved. By this he was enabled to extract from their prolix tales more decided characteristics of disease than can be acquired by those who, where the poor are concerned, think it enough to trust to inspection and general appearances. During the progress of the disease, he yet more increased the confidence of his patients, by his assiduous attention, and the tenderness with which he respected their feelings in the trying hour of operation. By those in more opulent circumstances, whom he attended in his private practice, he is universally lamented, as a friend in whom they could confide; and who had the art to dispel the languor of pain and suspense, by an easy and winning address, free from affectation or pedantry. In society, of which Mr. Ramsden's numerous engagements allowed him to partake but sparingly, he was valued as a well-informed, cheerful companion; and by those who knew him more intimately, as a man of the nicest honour, and of the most liberal sentiments. Nothing seemed more his aim than true independence of mind; and in his whole conduct he ever showed his aversion to the little and pitiful tricks by which the profession is frequently brought into disrepute. Of his professional talents, the correctness of his experience, and the valuable purposes for which he could combine his observations, he lived to exhibit a distinguished proof, in a volume published in 1811, under the title, "Practical Observations on the Sclerocele."

THE AVERAGE PRICES OF NAVIGABLE CANAL SHARES and other PROPERTY, in April 1813 (to the 24th), at the Office of Mr. SCOTT, 28, New Bridge-street, London. Monmouth, 111*l.*—Grand Junction, 225*l.* 223*l.*—Old Union, 101*l.*—Grand Union, 27*l.* discount.—Worcester and Birmingham, 30*l.*—Eldersmere, 64*l.*—Kennet and Avon, 22*l.* 10*s.*—Wilts and Berks, 18*l.* 21*l.*—Huddersfield, 17*l.* 10*s.*—Regent's, 12*l.* discount.—Ripon, 70*l.*—Chelmer, 25*l.*—Ashby, 17*l.* 16*l.*—Bolton and Bury, 95*l.*—West India Dock, 148*l.*—London Dock Stock, 101*l.*—Globe Assurance, 105*l.*—Albion Assurance, 46*l.*—Grand Junction Water-works, 21*l.* to 21*l.* 10*s.*—Scotch Mines Stock, dividing 3*l.* per cent. 105*l.*—Strand Bridge, 46*l.* discount.—Vauxhall ditto, 53*l.* discount.—London Institution, 45*l.*—Surrey Ditto, 14*l.* 14*s.*

BILL OF MORTALITY, from March 30, 1813, to April 27, 1813.

Christened.		Buried.		2 and 5		163	50 and 60	147
Males - 910	} 1779	Males - 757	} 1458	5 and 10	49	60 and 70	129	
Females 869		Females 701		10 and 20	45	70 and 80	91	
Whereof have died under 2 years old				409	20 and 30	108	80 and 90	43
Peck Loaf 6s. 2d.					30 and 40	124	90 and 100	2
Salt £1. per bushel; 4½d. per pound.					40 and 50	146		

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN, from the Returns ending April 17.

INLAND COUNTIES.

MARITIME COUNTIES.

	Wheat		Rye		Barly		Oats		Beans			Wheat		Rye		Barly		Oats		Beans		
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.		s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	
Middlesex	131	2	70	0	61	4	48	11	74	0	Essex	124	0	67	0	56	4	48	8	70	0	
Surrey	129	4	66	0	62	8	18	8	76	6	Kent	118	8	65	0	62	4	48	4	71	4	
Hertford	118	8	74	0	60	8	52	2	82	6	Sussex	123	4	00	0	63	9	15	4	00	0	
Bedford	115	3	72	0	67	0	47	6	76	5	Suffolk	121	5	60	0	55	7	46	4	65	3	
Huntingd.	116	3	00	0	65	2	46	8	77	6	Camb.	104	4	65	4	53	0	33	1	74	3	
Northamp.	119	4	87	9	65	6	44	4	00	0	Norfolk	111	0	59	5	53	10	48	3	64	0	
Rutland	123	9	00	0	70	9	49	9	85	0	Lincoln	114	5	81	0	57	8	36	2	95	9	
Leicester	122	5	88	6	67	4	45	9	113	0	York	102	3	74	4	54	11	57	11	88	2	
Nottingh.	116	6	88	0	64	10	46	2	85	0	Durham	105	0	00	0	58	3	39	9	00	0	
Derby	112	8	00	0	67	4	46	8	108	9	Northum.	100	2	82	0	59	6	44	7	00	0	
Stafford	123	0	00	0	74	2	50	1	00	0	Cumberl.	115	1	91	0	63	3	41	11	00	0	
Salop	125	2	94	0	78	4	48	8	00	0	Westmor.	120	0	104	0	64	0	42	8	00	0	
Hereford	118	5	78	5	67	3	41	1	77	2	Lancaster	116	0	00	0	00	0	46	5	84	6	
Worcester	122	10	00	0	71	10	46	11	89	5	Chester	114	1	00	0	00	0	49	6	00	0	
Warwick	137	7	00	0	71	3	50	0	102	3	Flint	125	10	00	0	89	8	00	0	00	0	
Wilts	116	8	00	0	62	2	47	10	97	8	Denbigh	128	10	00	0	84	1	38	10	00	0	
Berks	130	2	00	0	57	6	44	10	82	6	Anglesea	120	0	00	0	62	0	36	6	00	0	
Oxford	123	9	00	0	65	6	46	6	80	0	Carmarv.	122	8	00	0	62	8	40	4	00	0	
Bucks	130	8	00	0	63	6	48	4	79	0	Merionet.	120	4	00	0	70	6	49	8	00	0	
Brecon	118	4	00	0	72	5	32	0	00	0	Cardigan	117	0	00	0	00	0	27	0	00	0	
Montgom.	129	7	00	0	80	5	49	7	00	0	Pembroke	100	7	00	0	56	9	33	4	00	0	
Radnor	118	11	00	0	67	7	41	10	00	0	Carmarth	112	5	00	0	60	2	32	2	00	0	
Average of England and Wales, per quarter.												Glamorg.	124	8	00	0	70	5	35	6	00	0
119 11 77 3 65 8 43 11 82 10												Gloucest.	126	0	00	0	72	3	00	0	00	0
Average of Scotland, per quarter:												Somerset	125	1	00	0	69	6	48	0	77	4
110 1 70 3 56 10 41 9 70 7												Monmo.	125	8	00	0	00	0	00	0	00	0
Aggregate Average Prices of the Twelve Maritime Districts of England and Wales, by which Exportation and Bounty are to be regulated in Great Britain.....												Devon	126	3	00	0	68	0	00	0	00	0
												Corwall	119	7	00	0	65	7	35	1	00	0
												Dorset	122	9	00	0	68	6	50	0	00	0
												Hants	125	6	00	0	65	9	49	5	78	0
													117	1	75	8	62	8	41	9	79	0

PRICE OF FLOUR, April 26: 105s. to 110s.

RETURN OF WHEAT, in Mark-Lane, including only from April 12 to April 17:

Total 8317 Quarters. Average 123s. 3½d.—2s. 5½d. lower than last Return.

OATMEAL, per Boll of 140lbs. Avoirdupois, April 17, 43s. 11d.

AVERAGE PRICE of SUGAR, April 21, 57s. 7d.

PRICE OF HOPS, IN THE BOROUGH MARKET, April 25:

Kent Bags 10l. 0s. to 12l. 0s.	Kent Pockets 10l. 0s. to 16l. 0s.
Sussex Ditto 3l. 0s. to 10l. 0s.	Sussex Ditto 10l. 10s. to 12l. 0s.
Essex Ditto 10l. 0s. to 12l. 0s.	Farnham Ditto 16l. 0s. to 25l. 0s.

AVERAGE PRICE OF HAY AND STRAW, April 27:

St. James's, Hay 4l. 1s. Straw 2l. 3s. Od.—Whitechapel, Hay 4l. 17s. Straw 2l. 0s.
Clover 6l. 14s.—Smithfield, Old Hay 5l. 10s. 6d. Straw 2l. 5s. Clover 6l. 13s.

SMITHFIELD, April 26. To sink the Offal—per Stone of 8lbs.

Beef 6s. Od. to 7s. 4d.	Head of Cattle at Market this Day:
Mutton 7s. Od. to 7s. 8d.	Beasts about 2,443. Calves 96.
Veal 7s. 0d. to 8s. Od.	Sheep and Lambs 14,000. Pigs 260.
Pork 7s. Od. to 8s. 4d.	

COALS, April 26: Newcastle 42s. to 51s. 6d. Sunderland 43s.

SOAP, Yellow, 96s. Mottled 104s. Curd 110s. CANDLES, 14s. 6d. per Doz. Moulds 16s.

TALLOW, per Stone, 8lb. St. James's 4s. 10d. Whitechapel 5s. 0d.

EACH DAY'S PRICE OF STOCKS IN APRIL, 1813.

Days	Bank Stock.	3 per Ct. Red.	3 per Ct. Consols.	4 per Ct. Consols.	5 per Ct. Navy.	B. Long Ann.	Irish 5perCt.	Imp. 3perCt.	Imp. Ann.	India Stock.	South Sea Stock.	S. Sea Ann.	India Bonds.	Ex. Bills. (3½d.)	Ex. Bills. (3¼d.)	Omnium.
1			58½		87½			57½					8 dis.	7 pr.		
2			58½		87½			57½	4½				8 dis.	6 pr.		
3			58½		87½								9 dis.	10 pr.		
4	Sunday															
5			58½		87½								6 dis.	12 pr.		
6	217	57½	58½		87½	14½							6 dis.	12 pr.		
7	217	57½	59	73½	88½	14½							3 dis.	11 pr.		
8	217½	58	59½	73½	88½	14½					62½		2 dis.	7 pr.		
9	217½	58	59	73½	88½	14½						58½	2 dis.	6 pr.		
10	216½	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	6 pr.		
11	Sunday															
12		58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	7 pr.		
13	217	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	8 pr.		
14	217	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	9 pr.		
15	216½	58½	59½	73	88½	14½				163½		58½	1 dis.	8 pr.		
16	Holiday									163½						
17	217	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	8 pr.		
18	Sunday															
19	Holiday															
20	Holiday															
21	216½	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	8 pr.		
22	216½	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½							1 dis.	8 pr.		
23	216	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½				164½			1 dis.	8 pr.		
24	216½	58½	59½	73½	88½	14½						58½	1 dis.	8 pr.		
25	Sunday															
26		59½	60½	73½	89	15								6 pr.		
27	216½	58½	60	73½	89½	15								5 pr.		
28		58½	59½	73	88½	14½								6 pr.		
29																
30																

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