

French soldiers who were at Königsberg, refused to mount guard before the lodgings of the Officers, so much are they enraged with the abandonment of the latter."

The above is confirmed by several other letters, which state, that the Russians entered Memel on the 27th of December, and were expected at Königsberg on the 3d of January. It was acknowledged by the French Officers, that after the affairs at Kowno, the remains of their army were entirely dispersed. At Berlin the people had shewn great symptoms of resistance to the French: the country people refused to proceed with the Officers' baggage, and there had been scuffles in the streets with the soldiers. In Silesia, Hesse, and Westphalia, great discontents appeared, and hopes are entertained of the inhabitants of the Continent seriously exerting themselves to effect their deliverance from the thralldom in which they have so long been held. The intelligence of the total ruin of the French army had been received with great exultation at Vienna. The Government either did not attempt or could not check those public demonstrations of joy, though the French Ambassador remonstrated against them. All the accounts received from the Russian armies, depict in strong colours the losses, privations, and miseries of all kinds, encountered by the Enemy—a great number were frozen to death—others threw away their arms, and would fight no longer—many fainted with fatigue and want—many went over to the Russians. The roads are described as choaked with the dead and dying, carriages, cannon, baggage, arms, &c. A variety of private letters come in, stating that the Russians were very shortly expected at Berlin; and that the unfortunate King of Prussia was to go to Breslaw, with 5000 men; or, in other words, was to be carried off a prisoner by a French force, in order to make use of the authority of his name against the acts of any provisional government established in the Prussian territories, under the auspices of Russia.

RUSSIA.

We thought that the Twenty-ninth French Bulletin had carried the horrible to its utmost limit; but one of the Russian Reports shows that the French fancy fell short of the mark. "The roads," says Admiral Tschichagoff, in his Report, dated the eleventh ult. about 14 miles from Wilna, "are covered with their killed and wounded, and men dying with the cold. Punishment follows so quickly these miscreants, that they fall victims to the flames in the dwellings to which they have set fire; and are frozen to death in the very houses which they

have destroyed, by breaking the doors and windows."

Petersburgh Gazette, Nov. 29, (Dec. 11.) —"The progress of the Russian army in the pursuit of the Enemy becomes every hour more rapid and remarkable; every step it advances is a victory, and destructive to the Enemy of our native country, to the enemies of Europe. Russia now exhibits an exalted aspect to the whole world, and we can boldly assert, that all nations, not even excepting these unhappy slaves of despotism, who through pusillanimity and weakness have been armed against her, await her victories in hopes through them of obtaining peace and happiness. On the one side we see a valiant army, whose regiments are not broken, and whose warriors are animated with an elevated feeling of vengeance for their homes, for the plundering of their towns and villages, vengeance for inhumanity. Glory inspires them: they know no weakness, feel no sufferings, and even if, in their rapid pursuit of the Enemy, they may at times be exposed to some unavoidable wants, they bear them with courage, because they see victory before them. On the other side appear the ruins of an immense army, in which numerous foreign nations were united together to destroy a powerful nation in the bosom of its native country. They were encouraged by a view of the result, but this result was deceptive. One single heavy blow threw this immense host into confusion. They fly, pursued by fear and terror. They are followed by hunger, having no food; they are in despair, and forced to eat dead horses, forced to do what their polished contemporaries can scarcely believe—*feed upon the bodies of their own dead brethren.*

"The roads by which they fondly dreamt to retire in triumph, and laden with booty, are covered with their dead bodies. Their sick and wounded are thrown aside by them on their march, and left a prey to famine and the cold. All these unfortunates, condemned to perish far from their own countries, curse, in different languages, ambition as the cause of their destruction; and those who still remain under the colours of the broken legions, follow them without courage—without hope. Worn out with sufferings, they have lost all confidence in fortune and in their Generals. Their cannon are taken by hundreds. They themselves surrender in whole detachments. At the first shot they either throw away their arms, or fight out of mere desperation. Such is the condition of the two armies which are now to decide the fate of many nations."

The greatest exertions are making in Russia to increase the military force of

that Empire. A new levy has been ordered of 300,000 men, to be raised within a month. The provinces which have suffered in the last campaign are emptied.

The Emperor Alexander's Proclamation dated Dec. 12, calling out a new levy of eight men in every 500 (which, it is calculated, will produce 500,000), is in substance as follows:—It states the necessity of keeping up a military force adequate to the circumstances of the times. "Russia having been invaded by an Enemy, leading armies from almost every European nation, has been obliged to make enormous sacrifices; and though, by the aid of Divine Providence, those armies have been entirely dissipated, and their poor remains are seeking safety in a precipitate flight, yet it becomes necessary to maintain the glory of the Empire, by such a military establishment as shall insure permanent security. The arm of the Giant is broken, but his destructive strength must be prevented from reviving; and his power over the nations, who serve him out of terror, must be taken away. Russia, extensive, rich, and pacific, seeks no conquests,—wishes not to dispose of thrones. She desires tranquillity for herself, and for all. She will not, however, suffer the wicked so to abuse her moderation, as to endanger the well-being of herself, or of other nations. Painful as it is to call upon a loyal and affectionate people for new exertions, yet it would be still more painful to see them exposed to calamities for the want of an adequate defence: and that the most grievous calamities would result from the success of her late invaders, is evident from the enormities they have already committed. The Emperor trusts in God and his brave armies, which shall be raised to that imposing number, which is absolutely necessary for the preservation of what has been purchased by so many labours and sacrifices, and so much blood."

The force that will be raised, may set at defiance any future efforts of France; a force consisting of men whose hearts and minds are enthusiastically attached to the cause in which they are called upon to fight. The men are at hand, and anxiously wait the signal to join their brethren in arms. What may not the presence of such an army effect in Europe! The Tyrant of France may levy upon paper; but his decree can only produce reluctant conscripts, filled with despair, and looking only to destruction; animated by no common principle, but losing all courage and firmness, in the consciousness that they are merely the servile tools of their leader's lawless ambition; and that he will basely desert them in the hour of danger, whenever it

suits his own convenience, utterly regardless of their miseries or their sufferings.

A letter from Messina says, that had it not been for the successes of the Russians, Murat was to have been removed to the throne of Poland, and Naples annexed to the kingdom of Italy.

Marshal Kutusoff has been created by Alexander, Prince of Smolensko.

The total return of prisoners, &c. in the Russian War-office, up to the 5d Dec. was 146,000, among whom were 1600 Officers, including 45 Generals, and from 700 to 1000 pieces of cannon. The surrender of the Prussian Army under D'Yerk, which took place on the 30th December, is not, of course, included in the above statement. The killed and wounded could not have amounted to less than 200,000 more—making a total of between 300 and 400,000 men—sacrificed to the ambition of one individual.

Lord Cathcart's dispatches, dated St. Petersburg, the 22d December, inclose very long details from Gen. Kutusoff of the 14th, written from the theatre of the operations. They state, that in the passage of the Beresina, the Russians took about 20,000 prisoners. In the pursuit from the Beresina to Wilna 7000 more fell into their hands, including baggage, &c.; among which is a great part of Buonaparte's personal effects, and important state-papers.

On the 10th ult. the Russians entered Wilna, taking in and before that place 3 Generals, 398 Officers, 24,350 privates, 335 cannon, 2 colours, one eagle, and the whole of the magazines.

These dispatches make the number of prisoners taken since the last account, upwards of 40,000 men, reducing the 70,000 to about 30,000. Of this latter number not more than 20,000 were believed to be effective on the 14th ult. Little doubt, therefore, can be entertained of the entire annihilation of the French Grand Army, especially as Wittgenstein reports, that the Bavarian division had been surrounded by Adjutant-general Kutusoff's corps, and cut off from Wilna. It is in fact supposed, that only a few officers have escaped. Besides the prisoners, the French have, since the last accounts, lost 200 pieces of cannon, all their magazines, stores, &c. Several General Officers had been taken, amongst whom is Gen. Lefebvre, who violated his parole, and ran away from Cheltenham.

From a perusal of official details, we find that the destruction of the French army has been most complete. Macdonald's corps has been so weakened by the defection of the Prussians, that he has followed his master's example, and ran away from it.

We have received two Russian documents

ments of high interest—a manly Declaration of Marshal Prince Smolensko, in the name of the Emperor Alexander; and a noble and magnanimous Declaration of his Imperial Majesty himself, on the present auspicious and most promising state of affairs. The former is more particularly addressed to Prussia, on the Russian armies passing the frontiers of that kingdom; and expresses the Emperor's determination to demonstrate his friendship for the unhappy enslaved Frederick, by restoring the Monarchy of Prussia to its former éclat and extent. The latter is addressed to the different States that have so long bent under the tyrannic and galling yoke of France, and is peculiarly entitled to the most serious consideration of all the Sovereigns and States of the Continent; nor can it in reason be supposed that any one of them will not be raised from his torpor by the animating call of the magnanimous Alexander, or that they cannot feel with him, that now is the appointed time of intonation. Independently of their own interests, dignity, and independence, let them but consult the universal feelings of their subjects, and they cannot hesitate for a moment to take the becoming and necessary resolution of shaking off the disgraceful servitude imposed upon them by France, under the delusive name of an alliance. The whole of this noble and admirable Proclamation cannot be too deeply studied by the Princes and the People of the Continent, to whom it is a most praiseworthy and inspiring invitation to throw off their debasing bondage; and assist the generous Emperor, who holds out to them a fostering and protecting hand, in restoring the grand principle of the independence of Europe. As the magnanimous Alexander himself well observes, "Ages may elapse before an opportunity equally favourable again presents itself; and it would be an abuse of the goodness of Providence not to take advantage of this crisis to reconstruct the great work of the equilibrium of Europe, and thereby to insure public tranquillity and individual happiness."

A private letter from St. Petersburg mentions a curious anecdote, in relation to the altered feelings of the soldiers towards Buonaparte during his retreat.—For a long time Napoleon rode in a close carriage, surrounded by his half-famished and dispirited troops. At length the men, indignant at seeing him sitting at ease, and feeling no part of the calamities he had so wantonly brought on them, cried aloud—"à bas la voiture." This call was not to be slighted: Buonaparte instantly quitted the vehicle, and mounted his horse, covered with his cloak, and muffled with fur. This condescension did not,

however, appease his followers; half-naked and famishing with cold, they again cried out, "à bas le manteau." The great Napoleon, in compliance with the mandate of his soldiery, immediately threw off his cloak and fur, and, in common with his men, exposed his person to all the inclemencies of the season*. However, profiting by experience, the "sacred squadron" was immediately formed to protect the great Emperor from the rising indignation of his own army, till an opportunity should be afforded him of making his final escape.

FRANCE.

It is a remarkable fact, that although Buonaparte reached Paris at half past 11 at night, on the 18th of December, no notice whatever was taken of his arrival either in the *Moniteur* or in any of the minor papers of the 19th. His arrival was kept a secret till the following day, when discharges of artillery announced it to the people. On the 20th Buonaparte received his Senate and Council of State, who attended to present their congratulations upon his happy return; for such is the character they give to his flight and discomfiture. The Address then notices the late conspiracy against the Government, and recommends for its security and permanence, that they should bind themselves by oath immediately to the infant King of Rome, as Heir Apparent of the Empire.—Buonaparte, in his answer, dwells upon the uncertainty of his own life, thus supporting the recommendation in favour of the King of Rome: he talks obscurely of a timid and cowardly soldiery ruining the independence of states, and a pusillanimous magistracy destroying the empire of the laws; and boasts of what he has done for the regeneration of France. Of his Northern expedition he says,

"The war which I maintain against Russia is a war of policy; I have waged it without animosity; I could have wished to spare her the misfortunes which she has caused herself. I might have armed the greater part of her population against her, by proclaiming liberty to her slaves; a great number of villages demanding this of me. But when I saw the barbarism of that numerous portion of the Russian people, I refused to accede to a measure which would have devoted many families to death, and the most horrible punishments. My army has sustained losses; but they arose from the premature severity of the season."

Buonaparte, returning from his Russian campaign, is willing, out of his tender concern for the interests of humanity, to grant us those very identical terms of peace, which, when he went forward on this endless action, we indignantly spurned, as sub-

* See vol. LXXXII. Part ii. p. 574.

versive of our national interests, and insulting to our national honour. It is worth our Readers' while to look back to the letter of Maret (in p. 74 of our last Volume), when Napoleon was proceeding in high blood, and with confident hopes, to the easy conquest, as he imagined, of the Russian Empire. Now, after all these mighty hopes have been blasted by the goodness of Providence, he insults us with the same offer.

That Buonaparte would make a great exertion to retrieve his character, was to be expected as a matter of course; and the defection of the Prussian army is strongly urged as an incentive. A force of 550,000 men is ordered to be placed at the disposal of the Minister of War, in order to shew that "there is no repose for Europe until England shall have been forced to conclude a peace."—For it is to England that the war with Russia, the Convention entered into by Gen. D'York, and every other evil that France can suffer, are attributed.

Buonaparte, among some other boastings in the *Moniteur* of the 10th instant, says, 500,000 men, all French, will, in the course of February, be collected at Hamburgh, upon the Elbe, upon the Rhine, and upon the Oder, independent of 200,000 men who are with the Grand Army. The ensuing campaign, he adds, will be opened with a French army, nearly twice as strong as in the last campaign.

"The Municipal Corps at Paris," as they are termed in the French papers, have made a voluntary offer to Buonaparte of 500 cavalry; no doubt, at the instigation of their Master, who wishes the example to be generally followed throughout France.

A late *Moniteur* contained an Address to the Poles, calling upon them for new exertions, and anticipating another campaign.

Some farther details have appeared with regard to the conspiracy of the French Generals Malet and Laborie. It is stated to have been part of their plan to get possession of Buonaparte's wife, as well as her son, the King of Rome. With this view, they had sent her a letter, purporting to come from her father, the Emperor of Austria; in which he informed her of the death of Buonaparte her husband, and desired her, in order to avoid the troubles that would follow that event, to set off immediately for Strasburgh, where his Ambassador would wait for her; but the carriage in which she was to set off with her son would have taken the road to Dieppe, instead of the road to Strasburgh; and from Dieppe she and the boy would have been sent to England.

A report was lately made to the Class of Physical Sciences of the Imperial Insti-

tute, in which it is affirmed, that out of 2,671,662 subjects, properly vaccinated, in France, only seven authenticated cases appear of patients having afterwards taken the small-pox; which is as 1 to 381,666. It is added, that the well-authenticated instances of persons catching the small-pox, after inoculation for that disease had perfectly succeeded in its effects, are proportionably far more numerous. In Geneva, Rouen, and several other large cities where the Jennerian system has not been circumscribed by popular prejudice, the small-pox is no longer known; and the registers exhibit strong evidence of consequent increasing population. The report concludes with expressing great hopes that this pestilential disorder will ultimately disappear from society.

A matrimonial agency office has been opened at Paris by M. Villiaume. The personal charms, fortune, and pretensions of the candidates for the hymeneal state are registered. M. Villiaume, in reply to the epigrams and pleasantries of the Parisian wits, announces 206 marriages, the fruits of his labour, within two months.

GERMANY.

Jerome Buonaparte has ordered the property and estates of Gen. Bennigsen, in Westphalia, to be confiscated.

An attempt has been made to destroy the King of Wirtemberg, by blowing up a small house in which he had taken his station for the purpose of shooting game. Happening to quit the house just before the explosion took place, his life was saved.

SPAIN.

Joseph Buonaparte, it seems, pretended to be very angry with the people of Madrid, and removed all his Court and authorities to Valladolid; but his reason for this step is, no doubt, to be in a position from which he may, in case of necessity, pass the Ebro with greater facility.

The Marquis of Wellington landed at Cadiz on the 24th ult. and was received with distinguished honour by the Regency, the Cortes, and the people. On the 29th he attended a Congress of the Cortes, accompanied by a deputation of the Spanish General Staff. He was dressed in the full uniform of a Spanish Captain-general, wearing the collar of the military order of San Fernando. Having taken his seat in the Congress between the Deputies, made a formal obeisance, and remained standing a few moments, he read the following Address:

"Senor, I should not have resolved to solicit permission to offer personally my respects to this august Congress, if I had not been encouraged by the honour you did me on the 27th inst. by sending a deputation to congratulate me on my arrival in this city, a distinction which I can only attribute to the favour, and, if I may so speak,

speak, to the partiality with which, on all occasions, you have received the services which fortune has enabled me to render to the Spanish nation. You will then, *Senor*, permit me to express my gratitude for this honour, and for the different marks of favour and confidence which I have received from the Cortes; and to assure you, that all my efforts shall be exerted in support of the just and important cause which Spain is now defending. I will not detain you with new protestations, nor take up the time of a Congress, on whose wise, prudent, and firm conduct, depends, with the assistance of Divine Providence, the happiest issue to all our endeavours. Not only, *Senor*, have all Spaniards their eyes fixed upon you, but the whole world must feel the importance of a successful termination to your vigorous struggle to save Spain from ruin and general destruction, and to establish in that Monarchy a system founded on just principles, which may promote and secure the prosperity of all the citizens, and the grandeur of the Spanish nation.”—(*Applauses and acclamations.*)

The President answered, by expressing the satisfaction of the Cortes; enumerating the great actions of his Lordship in the course of the present war, especially in having published at Madrid, in consequence of his triumphs, the sacred code of the Constitution; and concluded with saying, that the Cortes trusted, that, under so great a personage, they should not only drive the legions of the tyrant to the other side of the Pyrenees, but that the allied arms would (should it be necessary) carry the war to the banks of the Seine, where, in other times, the Spanish Lion had before humbled the Lilies of France.—(*Applause.*)—The Duke retired, accompanied by the deputation, and, at his leaving the hall, the acclamations were repeated.

AMERICA AND THE WEST INDIES.

By a statement of the American Budget, it appears, that the expences of the present year, beyond the revenue, are estimated at about 20 millions of dollars, to be provided for by loans.

The Grand American Army, under Gen. Dearborn, which was to have wintered at Montreal, has returned to the place from whence it set out, without accomplishing a single object.

It is said in one of the American papers, that when Capt. Carden, of the Macedonia, presented his sword to the American Commodore Decatur, the latter immediately said, “No, I will not take the sword of a man who has fought his ship so bravely; but I shall be proud to take him by the hand.”

The American officers are forbidden to use the cat-o-nine tails; but, in a late instance of desertion, they ordered the ears of the offender to be cut off. Nei-

ther discipline nor humanity gained much by this exchange.

The Jamaica papers mention, that a shock of an earthquake was felt there on Nov. 12, and was followed by three tremendous concussions, accompanied by a dreadful rumbling noise and crash. The concussions continued for upwards of 30 seconds. Almost every building at Kingston, Spanish Town, and Annatto Bay, was injured; though none were thrown down, nor were any lives lost. In the middle and leeward towns and parishes of the island, the earthquake was not so alarmingly felt, nor have its effects been by any means so serious as in the windward parts. Had the shock continued a few seconds longer, the whole of the buildings must have been levelled with the ground. The sea during the earthquake was greatly agitated.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Jan. 3. Mr. Daniel Bradley, of Cherrahill, was, at 9 o'clock in the morning, overtaken on the road near *Stourbridge*, by two men, who knocked him down, tied his hands behind him, bound his neckcloth round his eyes, stripped him of his shoes, robbed him of his watch and 33*l.* and threw him among some prickly furzes, where he lay helpless nearly an hour. The robbers have hitherto eluded discovery.

Jan. 4. Seven frames were broken at *Melbourne*, Derbyshire, by the Luddites.

Jan. 4. The Special Commission was opened at *York*.—J. Swallow, J. Batten, J. Fisher, and J. Lamb, were tried for burglary and felony in the house of S. Moxon, at *Whitley Upper*, and found guilty.—On the 6th, G. Mellor, of *Longroyd-bridge*, cloth-dresser, with W. Thorpe and S. Smith, of *Huddersfield*, were indicted for the murder of Mr. W. Horsfall, 29*th* April last. Benjamin Walker, an accomplice, deposed, that Mellor and Smith worked with him at *Woad's*; that, in a conversation about *Cartwright's mill*, Mellor said there was no way to break the shears but to shoot the master. The three prisoners and himself then agreed upon the diabolical act, procured pistols, hid themselves in the plantation, with an understanding, that if Mellor and Thorpe, who were to fire first, missed, the others were then to take aim. The prisoners attempted to prove an *alibi*; but were found guilty, and hanged on the 8th.—On the 8th, J. Eadon was tried for administering an unlawful oath to R. Howell, at *Barusley*, in May last. The oath enjoined him not to reveal any secrets of any brother or brothers, and that if any traitors were amongst them, they were to be punished with death: Guilty.—

J. Baines the elder, aged 66; C. Milnes, 22; J. Baines the younger, 34; W. Blakeborough, 22; G. Duckworth, 23; and Zachary Baines, 15; all of Halifax, were tried for a similar offence, and were all found guilty, except Z. Baines the boy. On the 9th, J. Haigh, of Dalton, aged 28; J. Deane, of Huddersfield, 50; J. Ogden, 26; J. Brook, 22; T. Brook, 32; J. Walker, of Longroyd Bridge, 31; and J. Hirst, of Liversedge, 28; were convicted for attacking the mill of Mr. W. Cartwright, at Rawfolds, on the 11th of April. The prisoners were found guilty, excepting the two Brooks and Hirst.—After the trial of some other prisoners, the trials closed; but D. Moorhouse and J. Smith being arraigned, Mr. Parke, leading Counsel for the Crown, said that as the ring-leaders of these deluded men were already executed, and several others were under conviction of capital felonies, he trusted the prisoners would see the errors of their ways, and that the punishment inflicted, and about to be inflicted on those convicted, would have the effect of restoring the peace and tranquillity of the county. The prisoners were then dismissed, and along with those against whom indictments were preferred, admitted to bail.—Fifteen received sentence of death, six to be transported for seven years, and 32 discharged.

Mr. Bakewell, who has been engaged in a mineralogical examination of the inexhaustible mineral wealth of *Charwood Forest*, in Leicestershire, for the Earl of Moira, has lately discovered among the granite rocks of that district a variety of scorie, of singular beauty, surpassing that from Egypt or the continent of Europe; like other stones of this species, it consists principally of herblende and felspar: the latter is of a pale red colour, the former is crystalline, and of a beautiful green, resembling smaragolite. It exists in large blocks, and might be applied to purposes of ornamental or sepulchral architecture and sculpture.—It is from this kind of stone that the durable monuments of antiquity were constructed.

Subscriptions have been opened in the principal provincial towns for the relief of the Russians; and collections have been made at several churches. At *Leicester* Quarter Sessions, the Recorder, Mr. Serjeant Vaughan, recommended, in his address to the Jury, this mode of testifying our sympathy for our brave Allies. This example might with propriety be followed.

The news from the North has given accelerated motion to the spinning-wheels—has furnished employment for every loom—and thousands, lately trembling from the fear of want, are now furnished with the means of earning the sweet bread

of industry; for trade again puts on a smiling face, and animates our merchants to renewed exertions.—*Manchester Herald.*

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

Sunday, Jan. 3.

Mr. Mushater and another gentleman were, about 2 o'clock in the morning, attacked in Skinner-street by a gang of villains, who knocked Mr. Mushater's friend down twice, and, on an alarm, ran off. A few minutes after, J. Bloomfield, a watchman, who was pursuing the villains, was found dead near the spot. Three of the men were apprehended.—On Monday, an inquest was held; when several watchmen gave testimony, which went to infer that his death had been occasioned by a blow; but Mr. J. Berry, house-surgeon of St. Bartholomew's, was of opinion, that his decease had been occasioned by the rupture of a blood-vessel near the lungs. There was no external appearance of injury, except a discoloured mark on the neck, which was not occasioned by a blow, but by stagnated blood; and no evidence was adduced to prove that the deceased had been struck.

Friday, January 8.

This morning between twelve and one o'clock, a fire broke out at the house of Mr. Coutts, linen-draper, No. 16, Aldgate, High-street, which burnt very rapidly. It totally destroyed the whole of the premises, together with the valuable stock in trade and furniture. The flames were prevented from spreading to the adjoining houses.

Another fire broke out, about three o'clock, on the premises of a biscuit-baker, at King Edward Stairs, Wapping, which for some time burnt very rapidly, and threatened destruction to the row of houses on that side. The premises were levelled to the ground in about an hour. The inhabitants had scarcely time enough to escape with their lives.

The Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, in Bartlett's Buildings, has ordered 7500 copies of the Bishop of Lincoln's Charge upon the subject of Roman Catholic Claims to be printed for general circulation.

The Bankruptcies gazetted during the year 1812 are as follows:—January 129, February 171, March 162, April 157, May 155, June 145, July 113, August 113, Sept. 68, Oct. 139, Nov. 249, Dec. 208.—Total 1809.

The price of Porter has been further advanced to 6d. per pot.—The Distillers, imitating the example of the Brewers, have given notice that after the disposal of their present stocks, they shall raise the price of Gin.—2. Is there any *Assisa Cerevisiæ* now in force?

ECCLESIASTICAL

ECCLESIASTICAL PREFERMENTS.

Rev. Charles Francis Bampfyde, S.C.L. Northmolton V. Devon.

Rev. William Page, second master of Westminster school, Stevenage V. Berks.

Rev. William Partridge, Stourton R. Wilts.

Rev. Thomas Cursham, M. A. Mansfield V. and Lectureship, vice Durham, deceased.

Rev. Edward Booth, M. A. vicar of Friskney, co. Lincoln, Wainfleet St. Mary Perpetual Curacy, vice Dornford, resigned.

Rev. Burroughs Norgate, B. A. to the Lectureship of Great Ashfield, Suffolk, vice Heigham, deceased.

Rev. Thomas Fenton, B. A. Beyton R. Suffolk.

Rev. Mr. Fouch, Long Stratton V. Cambridgeshire.

Rev. John Clifton, D. D. prebendary of Hereford Cathedral, Prælector in Divinity in the said Cathedral.

Rev. Mr. James, vicar of Mothvey, to the donative of Amberley, Herefordshire.

PROMOTIONS.

Marquis of Wellington, Governor of Gravesend and Tilbury, vice Lieut.-gen. Sir T. Musgrave, deceased.

Jan. 5. Rev. Thomas Stevenson, of Kegworth, Head Master of Loughborough Free Grammar School.

BIRTHS.

Jan. 1. At Walton, co. Warwick, Lady Mordaunt, a daughter.

2. In Upper Berkeley-street, the wife of Arthur Morris, esq. High Bailiff of Westminster, a daughter.

3. The lady of Sir G. Bowyer, bart. a son.

6. At Kingweston, co. Somerset, the wife of William Dickenson, esq. M. P. a son.

10. The wife of Major-gen. Graham, a son.

14. At Thorngrove, near Worcester, Madame Lucien Buonaparte, a son.

13. In Montagu-place, Russell-square, the Hon. Mrs. Vaughan, a daughter.

16. In Fitzroy-square, the wife of Charles Forbes, esq. M. P. a son.

17. In Grosvenor-place, the Rt. Hon. Lady Caroline Anne Macdonald, a dau.

At Huddersfield, the wife of Brigademajor Bullen, a daughter.

21. In Peterborough-court, Fleet-street, Mrs. T. C. Hansard, a son.

25. In Great George-street, Westminster, the wife of Dr. Sutherland, a daughter.

Lately, In Gloucester-place, the wife of Capt. Barrow, Coldstream guards, a son.

At Beaumont-lodge, Viscountess Ashbrook, a still-born son.

At Newly-hall, co. York, Lady Grantham, a still-born son.

At Lyons, co. Kildare, Lady Cloncurry, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

Jan. 5. At Farley, Hants, P. D. Pannocfort Duncombe, esq. of Brickhill Manor, Bucks, to Lady Alicia Lambert, youngest daughter of the Earl of Cavan.

7. Rev. Philip Henry Douglas, of Great Bardfield, Essex, to Susannah, third daughter of the late Christ. Aplin, esq. of Adderbury, Oxon.

John Fuller Baines, esq. to Margaret Mary, only daughter of Rev. C. Lawson, both of Boltwoods Stisted.

Rev. Edw. Graves Meyrick, M. A. vicar of Ramsbury and Fisherton Delamere, Wilts, to Myra, only daughter of the late John Howard, esq. of Chelsea.

9. Lord Viscount Jocelyn to the Hon. Maria Stapleton, daughter of Lord-Le Despenser.

11. John H. Tremayne, esq. M. P. to Caroline Matilda, daughter of Sir W. Lemon, bart.

At Plumstead, G. Denbigh Hicker, esq. of the Ordnance Department, to Charlotte, youngest daughter of Major-gen. Ramsey, R. A.

At Broad Clist, Devon, Thomas Gunning, esq. of Woodbridge, Suffolk, to Charlotte, eldest daughter of Lieut.-gen. Fuller.

12. At St. Martin's-in-the-fields, Frederick Booth, esq. of New-street, Spring-gardens, to Anna Maria, daughter of the late Robert Bristow, esq. of Mitcheldeavour, Hants.

At Kensington, Wm. Horsley, M.D. Bac. to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of D. Callcott.

19. Rev. T. Whateley, vicar of Cootham, Berks, to Isabella Sophia, second daughter of Sir Wm. Weller Pepys, bart.

21. William Mackintosh, esq. merchant, late of Bombay, to Miss Louis Brooke, of Wargrave, Berks.

Henry Clifford, esq. second son of the late Hon. Thomas C. of Tixall, co. Stafford, to Anne Theresa, youngest daughter of the late Edward Ferrers, esq. of Badesley Clinton, co. Warwick.

22. Thomas Welmar, esq. of Poundiford-park, Somerset, to Charlotte Margaret, third daughter of Gerard Noel Noel, esq. of Hall, co. Rutland.

Lately, Rev. R. T. St. Aubyn, second son of Sir John St. A. bart. of Clowance, Cornwall, to Frances, second daughter of Rev. J. F. S. Fleming St. John, prebendary of Worcester.

At Salisbury, Capt. R. T. Hancock, R. N. to Miss Kinner, daughter of the late Rear-admiral K.

At Warminster, Lieut.-col. G. Martin, to Mary, daughter of Rev. Dr. Thring, late of Sutton Veney, Wilts.

DEATHS.

1812. **WILLIAM** Wood, esq. H. M.'s consul at Baltimore.

Oct. 15. **Nov. 16.** At Spanish-town, Jamaica, in the prime of life, Lionel Jacobs, second son of Mr. J. J. glass-manufacturer, Bristol.

Nov. 20. At Almeida, of a wound at the siege of Burgos, in his 25th year, Capt. W. White, 12th Portuguese reg. eldest son of J. W. esq. of Rock Castle, Ireland. He was wounded in an act of the most laudable kindness: having ordered a soldier to take one of his comrades, who had been wounded, from where he lay, several refusing, he shewed them that he never required a command of his to be obeyed that would expose them more to the Enemy than he was himself: he went to the assistance of his wounded fellow-soldier, and whilst stooping down, received that fatal shot, which deprived his parents of a most excellent son, England of a hero, and his acquaintance of an inestimable friend.

Nov. 27. At Osmington, Mrs. Coates, wife of the Rev. Charles Coates, LL. B. author of the "History of Reading."

Nov. ... At Ciudad Rodrigo, of a wound received in the retreat from Burgos, Lieut. H. Elwin, 44th foot.

Dec. 8. At the house of his mother, Halls-place, near Charing, in Kent, after a week's violent illness, and two months' disordered health, aged 24, the Rev. John Cecil Tattersall, B. A. of Christchurch, Oxford. Who can do justice to his character? This attempt avows itself imperfect. His mind was comprehensive and perspicuous; his affections warm and sincere. Through extreme aversion to hypocrisy, he was so far from assuming the false appearances of virtue, that much of his real excellence was unseen, whilst he was eager to acknowledge every fault into which he was led. He was an ardent friend; a stranger to feelings of enmity. He lived in good faith towards men, and died with hope in God.

Dec. 8. At sea, on board one of the Russian men of war, aged 33, Mr. Joseph Bream, jun. pilot, of Yarmouth.

Dec. 14. At Belem, T. Rogers, esq. paymaster of the 88th regiment, or Connaught Rangers.

Dec. 13. At Salisbury, whilst on a journey, J. Woollen, esq. of Finthorpe, near Huddersfield, major in the Agbrigg local militia.

In the 25th year of his age, by a cannon-shot, on board the Albacore sloop of war, Lieut. William Harman, (second son of Samuel Harman, esq. of Jernyn-street, St. James's) in the act of cheering his men to be steady and persevere in their duty, in an attack on a

French frigate. We deem it impossible not to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of this deserving young man, cut off in the very prime of his life, heroically performing his duty to his king and country; and we feel the more pleasure in so doing, being persuaded that the truth alone will be his highest panegyric. In his public character as an officer of the British navy, his courage could not be surpassed; and in executing every command of his superiors, he shewed the most prompt obedience and the most intrepid firmness. We cannot better sum up this short account of our young friend, than in the words of his Commanding Officer, Capt. Davies, who, in a letter of condolence to his father, thus speaks of him: "It may afford you a melancholy consolation to know, that there never was an officer more universally regretted by every one to whom he was known than your son William: to me he was every thing, both as my officer and my friend; and I consider his loss as irreparable!"

Dec. 19. At his uncle's apartments, Greenwich-hospital, beloved and respected, in his 29d year, Lieut. Richard Jenkins Trent.

Dec. 20. At Wilna, after a few hours illness, George Carpenter, Earl of Tyrconnel. His Lordship was a most gallant and enterprising officer; following the victorious career of the Russian armies as a volunteer. His last letters to his friends were dated the day before his death, and were full of expressions of exultation at the overthrow of the French army. According to his Lordship's estimate, from the instant the French left Smolensko, the average number of human beings found frozen to death on the roads, was 1500 daily! Lord Cathcart in his despatches, to Lord Castlereagh, dated St. Petersburg, Dec. 31, says: "It is with deep affliction that I am to announce to your Lordship the death of the Earl of Tyrconnel. His Lordship served with the army under Admiral Tchichagoff; and his zeal and desire to see every transaction of that army led him to expose himself to cold and fatigue beyond his strength, especially during the pursuit of the French from the Berezyna to Wilna. It appears that a pulmonary complaint had already made a considerable progress, and these exertions brought on the fatal effects of that disease with great rapidity. He first stated himself to be ill on the 11th December, the day of his arrival at Wilna, where he expired on the morning of the 20th of December. His Lordship had the best medical attendance, with every care and attention that could be procured. Field Marshal Prince Kutusoff Smolensko ordered all military honours to be paid to his

his remains, and has directed a monument to be erected in the church of the reformed religion. It is but justice to the memory of Lord Tyrconnel to say, that in every situation in which he has been placed since he has been employed under this embassy, he has conducted himself with the utmost zeal and propriety, and had gained the esteem of every body to whom he was known in Sweden and in Russia."

Dec. 21. At St. Alban's, the Rev. Jabez Hiron. (See our last Volume, Part ii. p. 673.) He was born there, July 11, 1728, and had his grammar-learning partly under a respectable clergyman in Leicestershire, partly under the late Dr. Aikin, at Kibworth, in the same county. For academical education he was placed, at Northampton, with Dr. Doddridge. Here he spent five years. In 1751 he succeeded Dr. Clark (whom he had for some time assisted) in the charge of a dissenting congregation in his native town. He was solicited in 1770 to take the superintendance of one at Dudley in Worcestershire. This invitation, however, he declined; and he continued to the day of his death at St. Alban's, where he sustained the pastoral relation for upwards of sixty-one years! During his lengthened life and ministry, it was his lot to witness painful vicissitudes in his neighbourhood and connexions. But his private and his public labours were rendered useful to several — to many who, like him, are now gathered to their fathers, and to some who yet survive. His desire of doing good was particularly gratified, with reference to a large and very interesting class of the rising generation — the children of the poor. A valuable charity-school, the oldest, probably, among the Dissenters in the country, is one of the best monuments to his memory. He visited this institution with parental kindness and unwearied zeal. In exciting the thirst of young people for scriptural and other beneficial knowledge, he took great delight, and displayed some felicity. His religious services were serious and devout. In his discourses he aimed at being intelligible and practical. His prayers were solemn, appropriate, pathetic, and have been often noticed for their excellence both by dissenting ministers and by clergymen of the established church. In his literary and intellectual character he was very respectable — far more so indeed than many persons who with shewy parts are destitute of his self-diffidence. His selection of books to be circulated through a reading society of which he was for many years the secretary, never failed of doing credit to his taste and judgment, and of being highly satisfactory to the subscribers; nor will the economy and success, the attention and courtesy, with

which he exercised this office, be easily forgotten. Of general, and especially of theological and historical knowledge, he possessed no inconsiderable stock. Such was his piety, such his consistent, blameless, and peaceable deportment, and his endeavour to do good to all men, that he was universally esteemed by those who knew him — by none more than by his neighbours of the Establishment. How well they appreciated, and how eminently they honoured, his character, was proved beyond dispute, by their attendance on the last duties that were paid to his remains and memory. He was interred, Dec. 29, 1812, in St. Peter's church-yard, in the grave where his excellent consort (the second daughter of his predecessor Dr. Clark) had been deposited in Oct. 1804.

Dec. 27. At Stoke Newington, aged 82, the wife of Robert Tutt, esq.

Dec. 28. In the Poor-house, Epping, aged 111, Thomas Warden.

Dec. 30. At his house in Gower-street, in his 33d year, of a fever, John Payne, esq. Chief Clerk of the Navy office. Raised at an early age, by his ability in, and unremitting attention to, his official duties, to almost the summit of the department in which he served, he had been long employed in bringing to perfection a plan he had formed, under the auspices of the Navy Board, for the better regulation of certain branches of the service under their management, which would have highly benefited the country, and at the same time have raised him, in all probability, to a much higher and more important office than that which he then filled. But never was the uncertainty of the fairest prospects in this life more strongly exemplified. The incessant labour both of mind and body, which he had for a length of time bestowed upon this object, accompanied by great anxiety for its success, produced that fatal disorder which in one fortnight terminated his valuable life, and deprived the public service of an able, intelligent, and incorrupt officer; and his family of one who in every relation of domestic life, fulfilled his duties in the most exemplary manner. He has left a widow and three infant sons to deplore his loss; and his surviving parents have, for a fourth time, to lament the death of a worthy and affectionate son. The deaths of three of his brothers, all in the service of their country, are recorded in our Magazine, vols. LXXII. p. 976; LXXV. p. 773; and LXXVII. p. 376.

Lately. In Great Stanhope-street, Grace Countess of Clanbrassil. She became a widow in 1798, on the death of the last Earl; see vol. LXVIII. p. 175.

In Park-street, aged 86, Miss Bagot. In Furnal's-inn, in his 75th year, J. Sidney, esq. of Hunton, Kent.

Aged 19, the youngest daughter of the late

late Mr. J. Shipcull, of Featherstone-buildings.

Suddenly, aged 53, Andrew Whiteman, esq. of Kentish-town, late of the island of Grenada, West Indies.

At his mother's, Tottenham, in his 17th year, Caspar Voght Maccaughy, second son of Mrs. Anne Britania M.

On Richmond-terrace, aged 75, James Allan, esq. of Clifton.

Aged 85, the wife of B. Cole, esq. Oaks, Norwood.

At the Old Lime Pits, Dorking, the wife of Mr. Joseph Peters.

Berks.—Aged 53, Rev. John Perry, minister of the Baptist congregation, Newbury.

At Windsor; aged 85, R. Mason, esq.

At Windsor, aged 77, J. Williams, esq.

At Reading, — Brookman, gent. who, according to his desire, was buried in an oak coffin, which he had made four years previous to his death. He called on an undertaker five days before his decease, went with him to the church-yard, and pointed out the spot he meant to be laid under: on his return home, he removed his old coffin from its obscurity, and having inspected the proper cleansing of his *memento mori*, took to his bed, and died the ensuing week.

After a few hours' illness, from eating walnuts, the son of Mr. Wm. Clode, of the White Hart-inn, Windsor.

At East Hanney, aged 85, Mrs. Mary Dewe.

At Lyford, near Wantage, aged 83, Mr. William Belcher.

Cambridgeshire.—At Cambridge, Mr. C. Whiteley, student of Catherine-hall, eldest son of Rev. J. W. of Leeds.

At Upton, near Cambridge, aged 83, Mr. R. Jewett; father of 21 children, grandfather to 75.

Aged 91, Mrs. Oldfield, of Newmarket.

Fell from his chair whilst taking a cup of coffee, apparently in good health, and instantly expired, in his 51st year, Mr. E. Morden, farmer, of Papworth Everard.

Cheshire.—At Chester, Rowland Jones, esq. an alderman of that city, distinguished as a magistrate by his uniform zeal and impartiality.

Cornwall.—At Charlestown, a son and daughter of Capt. Banks, one aged 5, and the other 3 years.

At Trelowarren, almost suddenly, aged 25, the amiable and highly respected lady of Sir Vyell Vyvyan, bart.

At Lacock, Mrs. B. Davenport, daughter of the late Dr. D. of Lacock-abbey, Wilts.

At Penzance, George Lumsden, esq. of Glasgow.

At Maylor, Mrs. Anne Hoar.

At Truro, the wife of Thomas Nankivell, esq. banker.

Cumberland.—At Carlisle, aged 64, R. Waldie, esq.

At Carlisle, Mr. G. Gardner, of Penrith. He had walked to Carlisle to attend the election, and was found dead in his bed the following morning. He was supposed to be the oldest and most skilful angler in the county.

At Carlisle, aged 91, Lydia Hutton, widow.

At Whitehaven, in her 26th year, Fanny, youngest daughter of the late W. Lewthwaite, esq. of Broad-gate.

At Whitehaven, aged 18, the eldest daughter of the late Rev. G. Addison, of Workington.

At Penrith, aged 60, Wm. Hindson, esq.

At Kirkbride, aged 90, Mr. J. Davison. His two next neighbours died there lately; viz. aged 96, Sarah Farlan; and aged 91, Mary Clark.

At Egremont, Mr. Abraham Brockbank, an eminent builder.

At Sand-hill, aged 98, Mr. Robson.

Aged 96, Mr. J. Barnes, of Bolton-by-the-Sands.

Derby.—At Chesterfield, Mary, wife of Mr. J. Storrs, one of the society of Friends, who devoted much time in endeavouring to better the condition of the poor.

Aged 98, W. Rooke, esq. of Dronfield, formerly of Kiddle-hall.

Devon.—At Exeter, aged 77, Edward Chave, esq. formerly Captain in the East Devon Militia, and Deputy-lieutenant.

At Exeter, at a very advanced age, James Charter, esq. His ill health induced him, about 20 years since, to resign the office of Collector of the Customs of that port, which he had long filled with great credit.

At Exeter, aged 82, Mrs. Martin, relict of J. M. esq.

At Exeter, advanced in years, Mrs. Granger, widow of Rev. Mr. G. formerly rector of Sowton.

At Taunton, aged 82, Mrs. Horndon, late of Callington, Cornwall, sister of R. T. Lucas, esq. and of S. L. esq. late of Baron's Down.

Aged 100, Mrs. Tippen, of Taunton.

At Plymouth, aged 78, G. Gifferena, esq. many years Secretary to the late Adm. Graves.

At Plymouth dock, Lieut. Hebron, 38th foot.

Lieut. John Bagnall, of the Marines.

At Milbrook, near Plymouth, aged 103, Amos Prince.

At Sidmouth, J. Bakerville, esq. of Woolley, near Bradford, Wilts.

At Exmouth, the wife of J. Butcher, esq. and daughter of Sir T. Champneys, bart.

At Plympton, in her 16th year, Anne, second daughter of Rev. Wm. Hayne.

R. Holberton, esq. of Torr-house, near Plympton.

At Ilfracombe, Mr. Courtney, father of Mr. Jas. C. of the Excise-office, Bristol.

At St. Nicholas's Island, near Plymouth, aged 83, Barrack Serjeant Durham, much respected in his department. He had been in the army 70 years, and served in Barret's regiment in the memorable battle of Culloden. His afflicted widow, who had been his faithful partner 61 years, took his death so much at heart, that she died four days after his interment, and was buried in the same grave.

At Tavistock, Sophia, wife of Frances Willesford, esq.

At his family-seat, Bedford, at an advanced age, John Meddon, esq.

At Ottery St. Mary, Dashwood Bacon, esq. brother of Sir Edmund B. bart.

At South Molton, Mrs. Harris, relict of Rev. Wm. H. of Kenegie, Cornwall, and of Lifton.

Aged 17, Jane, second daughter of Admiral Bury, of Denniton-house.

At an advanced age, Rev. James Bryett, vicar of Salcombe Regis, and rector of Chilfrone, Dorset.

At Whiteway, near Chudleigh, M. E. Parker, esq. brother of the late, and uncle of the present, Lord Boringdon.

The daughter of Dr. Metford, of Flukehouse, Taunton.

Henry Herbert, esq. second son of G. H. esq. banker, Plymouth.

The wife of George Coryndon, esq. of Plymouth, solicitor.

Dorset—Aged 42, C. Fowell, esq.

At Wareham, in her 78th year, Mrs. F. Hyde, widow of Thomas H. esq. of Aune, Dorset.

At Blandford, Robert Scott, esq.

Aged 66, Martha, wife of R. Moore, esq. of Sturminster Newton-castle.

At Sturminster-Newton, Bridget Matilda, eldest daughter of the late T. Pridaux, of North Tawton, Devon.

At Folke, Emily, daughter of Rev. R. Frome.

At Sherborne, Miss Winter, eldest daughter of the late Mr. E. W. of Tintinhull.

The wife of William Toogood, esq. of Sherborne.

Durham—Aged 81, Jane, mother of Rev. John Mason, of Sunderland.

At Durham, aged 93, Mr. Thomas Hart, whose father lived to the age of 105.

At Darlington, aged 30, Eliza, wife of John Backhouse, esq. banker.

John Glover, esq. of Staindrop, attorney-at-law.

At Norham Mains, aged 99, Mr. J. Lee.

Essex—At Harwich, aged 82, in consequence of a fall, by which she broke her collar-bone, the wife of Capt. W. Haugis.

Aged 80, Mr. H. Johnson, one of the Assistants of the Corporation of Colchester.

Aged 72, William Phillips, esq. an alderman of Colchester.

Aged 67, Mr. W. Nice, of the Hill farm, Gestingthorp.

The wife of T. Harridge, esq. of Rayleigh.

At Low Leyton, of the hooping-cough, the two daughters of J. Pardoe, esq.

Anne, daughter of Rev. W. Fowler, vicar of Matching.

After an illness of three hours, aged 72, J. Day, of Kelvedon, one of the society of Friends.

Near Dedham, aged 56, Mr. Lloyd, Dissenting minister.

Harriet, second daughter of Rev. J. D. Wainwright, M. A. rector of Sturmer.

Gloucester—Mrs. Niblett, relict of Samuel N. esq. banker, of Gloucester.

The wife of Mr. Yeates, attorney of Gloucester. She was the only daughter of the late Dr. Crane, and niece of Rev. Dr. Whalley, of Mendip-lodge, Devon.

At Cheltenham, Walter Spurrier, esq. of Walsall, Bedford.

Aged 90, Mrs. Graham, mother of Major G. of Cheltenham.

At Cirencester, Edmund, youngest son of Joseph Cripps, esq.

At Cirencester, aged 81, Mrs. Dibble, a maiden lady.

In his 52d year, John Twinberrow, esq. of Cirencester, many years a faithful steward to Lord Bathurst.

The wife of Rev. W. Davies, rector of Eastington.

At Fretherne, aged 67, Mr. Geo. Nunn, 45 years in the Clerk of the Cheque's-office, Portsmouth dock-yard.

At Dursley, aged 82, Mr. Jos. Bruton.

Aged 20, Mary Caroline, daughter of C. Evans, esq. of Highgrove.

Of a rapid decline, Louisa, third daughter of Rev. Mr. Halifax, of Standish.

At Painswick, aged 86, Mrs. Mary Brocklebank.

Aged 80, Mr. R. Jasper, surgeon, of South Cerney.

At Stapleton, aged 73, Mr. J. Witchell.

Hants—At Winchester, aged 37, C. Gauntlett, esq.

At Winchester, Mrs. Hudson.

At Andover, Miss Anne Sanders.

At Ashley, near Lymington, John Abel Walter, esq.

At Southampton, Wm. Lakeland, an officer in the Excise; a very eccentric character. Though worth nearly 4000*l.* in funded property, he lived latterly so abstemiously as to deprive himself of the common necessaries of life. He died intestate, and often observed, that he had no relative in the world, and that his property at his decease should devolve into the hands of Government. Some neighbours, hearing of his deplorable state, a few days before his decease, administered to him the sustenance and necessaries proper for his situation, and occasionally

sent a few bottles of wine, &c. the whole of which they found, after his decease, remaining in the same state as sent.

At Southampton, Mrs. Rouby, relict of the late Dr. R. of Plymouth.

At Millbrook, aged 107, Moses Pring.

At Hursley, in her 100th year, Mrs. Pickering.

Herts.—At Little Hornead, aged 61, Rev. Thos. Cockshutt, B. D. rector of that parish, and vicar of Long Stanton All Saints, Suffolk.

Hereford.—Mrs. Morgan, relict of Rev. H. M. D. D. late canon residentiary of Hereford Cathedral.

At the Callow, near Hereford, in her 100th year, Hannah Williams; who earned her living by knitting, till within a few days of her death.

At Poolbullock, Thos. Prosser, esq. many years apothecary of St. George's Hospital.

At New Grove, Landinabo, the wife of Rev. J. Hoskins, rector of that parish.

At Breinton, near Hereford, of the scarlet fever, Eliza Anne, widow of James Symonds, esq. and eldest daughter of the late Andrew Hacket, esq. of Moxhull-hall.

At Hereford, aged 65, Mrs. Hathaway, relict of R. H. esq.

At Bromyard, aged 87, Rev. Hoel Price, heretofore rector of Evesbach, in that diocese.

Hants.—Accidentally shot by his brother, whilst on a sporting party, Mr. R. Farey, of Woodhurst; who, only a few months since, was left joint heir with his sister to the fortune of the late Major Richards, of Brampton.

Kent.—At Canterbury, H. Gipps, esq.

At St. Lawrence, near Canterbury, aged 71, John Deering, esq.

At Ramsgate, aged 86, Capt. T. Curling.

At Ospringe, the wife of T. Rutton, esq.

At East Malling, Amelia, second daughter of John Roffe, esq.

Aged 22, the wife of Mr. Ottaway, solicitor, Staplehurst.

At Wrotham, Mrs. Haddeck, relict of the late J. H. esq.

At Cranbrook, aged 83, Mr. Jackson, brother-in-law to the late Mr. Radley, of Canterbury.

Mrs. Lloyd, relict of Rev. Maurice L. vicar of Lenham.

At Westbere, Mrs. M. Williamson, relict of Rev. W. W. rector of that place.

At Shorne, in his 74th year, Mr. John Prebble, sen.

At Charlton, near Dover, aged 99, Mrs. Reynolds.

Lancashire.—At Edge-hill, Manchester, John Boulton, esq. whose works as an artist have long ranked among the first productions of the pencil.

Aged 70, Mr. James Whittle, of Ardwick-place, near Manchester, an eminent architect.

In Manchester, Mr. Kite, well-known as a manager of a company of Equestrians.

Aged 44, much respected, Mr. Wm. Nabb, of Manchester, solicitor.

At Cross Acres Green, near Manchester, aged 53, Mr. W. Hunt.

At Liverpool, Robert Sellar, esq. who had been a merchant there nearly 30 years.

Aged 32, Eliza, wife of W. Hamilton, esq. of Liverpool.

At Liverpool, aged 92, Mrs. Barton.

At Ulverston, Mr. Wm. Harrison, an eminent surgeon.

James Cooke, esq. of Salford, solicitor, and Colonel of the Trafford and Hulme Local Militia.

Of a typhus fever, caught in the exercise of his professional duty as apothecary to the Preston Dispensary, Mr. W. Hornby.

At Preston, Mr. Smith; and on Dec. 7, his daughter.

At Everton, aged 36, Mr. P. D. Walmesley, late of Manchester, merchant.

Frances Maria, daughter of R. Wilbraham, esq. of Rodehall.

Leicestershire.—The wife of Edw. Hexall, gent. of Leicester.

At Melton Mowbray, aged 77, Mrs. Latham.

Aged 67, Mrs. Linney, of Melton Mowbray.

At Market Bosworth, in her 82d year, Mrs. Catharine Sargeant.

At Barrow, in her 74th year, Mrs. Wright, relict of the late Mr. Thos. W. and mother of Mrs. Bruce, of Leicester.

Mr. John Johnson, a respectable farmer and grazier, of Branston.

Aged 48, Mr. Wm. Inchley, an eminent horse-dealer, of Great Easton.

At Chater-house, Mrs. Elizabeth Trotter, whose mind, highly gifted by nature, and improved by cultivation, was associated with the most amiable qualities of the heart. Her loss will be long and sincerely lamented.

Lincolnshire.—At Lincoln, aged 80, T. Hollingworth, esq. formerly of Lynn.

At Kelston, aged 65, Mr. R. Parnell.

At Long Sutton, R. Delamore, esq.

At Aford, in her 101st year, Mrs. F. Gatehouse, widow of Mr. W. G. Custom-house officer. About two years ago, she cut two new teeth, and retained her faculties till within a few hours of her death.

Aged 68, Launcelot Danby, gent. of Risby, who has left 200*l.* for the benefit of the poor of that parish.

At Somer Castle, the seat of Lady Wray,

Wray, Henry Mason, M. D. of East Retford.

Monmouthshire.—Mrs. Richards, relict of Lewis R. esq. of Troy-house, near Monmouth.

At Newton-court, near Monmouth, Mr. James Phillip.

The wife of T. Mutlow, esq. merchant, of Chepstow.

Aged 69, A. Sandford, esq.

At Newport, aged 58, Mrs. Jane Winscom,—a woman of extraordinary genius and vigour of intellect, possessing great firmness and presence of mind in the most imminent danger, as her miraculous escape from a watery grave, about two years since, evinced. She was an authoress of no mean talents; and her domestic character, both as wife and mother, was exemplary.

Norfolk.—Edw. Colman, esq. an eminent surgeon, of Norwich.

At Swaffham, aged 86, Lieut. E. Towle.

Aged 78, Rev. J. Hodgson, of Scole. He walked from Tivetsball after performing the office of burial, and soon after retiring to rest, complained of indisposition, and expired.

At Walsingham, aged 93, Mrs. Mary Bloy, widow of the late Mr. Peter B.

Aged 76, R. Suckling, esq. of Woodton-hall.

Suddenly, Daniel Ollett, gent. of Carlton Rode.

Of a consumption, in his 20th year, Mr. W. Nelson, son of Mr. R. N. farmer, of Wimbotsham, near Downham Market, who, within ten months, has lost three sons by that fatal disorder.

In his 101st year, Mr. T. Armstrong, of West Dereham, near Stoke Ferry, upwards of 30 years clerk of that parish; which office he resigned only about seven years ago, from defect of sight.

Aged 64, Rev. J. S. Watts, of Ashell.

Northamptonshire.—At Wellingborough, aged 82, J. Williamson, esq. formerly an eminent wool-manufacturer.

At Daventry-lodge, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Major-gen. Delaval, of Redbourne House, Herts.

Marianne, second daughter of Charles Rattray, M. D. of Daventry.

At Courtenhall, Rev. Edward Bayley, D. D. rector of that place and of Quinton, and for many years a most active and respectable magistrate.

Northumberland.—At Newcastle, aged 90, Mrs. Tate, widow.

At Hilsay, aged 74, Mr. Wm. Womphrey, who occupied the farm of Hilsay, as tenant to the Duke of Northumberland, for upwards of 50 years.

Thos. Wm. Lowes, esq. of Ridley-hall.

In Hexhamshire, aged 92, Rev. Abraham Brown, nearly 50 years curate of Whitley Chapel.

At Belford, in her 100th year, Mrs. Smart, widow of the late R. S. of Spindleston.

Notts.—At Nottingham, aged 83, Langford Nevill, esq.

At Nottingham, Miss Knight, of Loughborough.

Rev. John Durham, vicar of Mansfield, At Westborough, aged 95, Mr. W.

Andrews. His wife, to whom he had been married upwards of 70 years, died about eight months ago, aged 96.

Oxon.—At Thame, the wife of Mr. Jones, master of the French-house academy.

Mr. Reading, solicitor, Bicester.

Rutland.—At Oakham, Charles, son of the late Rev. Christopher Atkinson, formerly vicar of Weathersfield, Wilts.

Salop.—In his 70th year, Samuel Sandford, esq. surgeon extraordinary to the Salop Infirmary.

At Shrewsbury, aged 92, Mrs. Lloyd, relict of Mr. L. maltster.

At Shrewsbury, aged 86, Mrs. Corbet, relict of J. C. esq.

At Leaton, near Wrockwardine, aged 92, Mrs. John Bennet, formerly of Shrewsbury.

The wife of Rev. Oswald Leicester, of Stoke-upon-Tern.

Aged 94, Mr. David Thomas, of Edgerley.

Harriet, daughter of P. Harding, esq. of Shiffnal.

At the Moor, near Ludlow, Mrs. Walcott, relict of C. W. esq. of Bitterley-court.

Aged 68, John Bishop, esq. 38 years distributor of stamps for Salop.

At Stoke-park, Mrs. Rowley.

Rev. T. Sandford, M. A. of Sandford-hall.

At Glazely, near Bridgenorth, Rev. Edw. Davenport, formerly rector of St. Helen's, Worcester.

Somerset.—At Bath, John Le Gall, esq.

At Bath, Mrs. Fisher, relict of J. P. esq. late of Malshanger-house, Hants.

At Bath, John Dawson, esq. of Mostley-hill, near Liverpool.

At Bath, Grace, daughter of the late Wm. Carruthers, esq. Brown's-hill, co. Gloucester.

At Bath, J. Poole, esq.

The wife of B. Dawson, esq. of Bath. Frederick, eldest son of Mr. Rummin, of Bath.

Aged 30, Miss E. M. A. Jones, of Bath.

At Bristol, Jacob Sellwood Riddle, esq.

At the Hotwells, Richard Langslow M. D. M. A. a member of the Edinburgh Royal Society, and formerly a physician to the Lying-in Charity, London.

John, son of Mr. Stephen Fry, of Milton, Wells.

At Chard, aged 76, Mr. R. Brine James,

James, eminent in his day as a skilful surgeon and apothecary.

At Parrocks-lodge, near Chard, J. Deare, esq. in the commission of the Peace for the county of Dorset.

At Martock, T. Richards, esq. of Kingsbury-Episcopi, Somerset, Lieutenant in the Martock troop of yeomanry cavalry.

At Cudworth vicarage, in his 90th year, Philip F. Palmer, second son of Rev. E. P. Mr. J. Biggs, son of the late R. B. esq. of Radford.

At Bedminster, in her 104th year, Mrs. Mary Waters. She was born in the reign of Queen Anne, and was present at the coronation of George I. Her sight was a little impaired, but she enjoyed her other faculties to the last.

At Kingsdown, the wife of Mr. Bidulph, solicitor, Bristol.

At Milbora-port, aged 105 years and 11 months, Mr. W. White.

At Monckton Combe, Mr. Gotlob Schutzler, many years an eminent bookseller at Bristol.

At Clapton, Mrs. Blacker, relict of Mr. S. B. at Cladown.

At Ditcheat, Mr. John Goodfellow, sen. Mrs. Mills, of Cross, near Axbridge.

At Bath, Lieut.-col. Chas. Darrab, of the 21st foot.

At Bath Easton villa, aged 48, Smart Aldrid, esq. late of Jamaica.

Staffordshire—The wife of J. Horden, esq. banker, Wolverhampton.

At Fauld-hall, aged 79, T. Hunt, esq. In his 80th year, T. Hart, esq. banker, of Uttoxeter.

At D. Ward's, esq. Wolverhampton, the wife of T. Ward, esq.

At Shreshill, Mrs. Hordern, mother of Jas. H. esq. of Wolverhampton.

At Tamworth, Susanna, youngest daughter of the late Rev. S. Collins, vicar of Drayton Bassett, co. Warwick.

At the Westfields, near Keele, in her 80th year, Mrs. Peak.

Aged 70, Mr. Cope, of Leek.

Suffolk—At Ipswich, aged 74, Henry Lathom, esq.

Aged 90, Mary Ramplen, one of the Society of Friends, and mother of S. and R. R. of Ipswich.

Aged 59, J. Kitson, esq. of Bury. Mr. W. Newton, of Bury.

At Bungay, in her 70th year, Mrs. Francklin, relict of the late Rev. J. F. F. rector of Attleburgh.

Aged 80, Mr. Cooper, of Culford. Elizabeth, fourth daughter of Rev. H. Williams, rector of Marlesford.

Aged 73, Mr. J. Lowe, an eminent miller, at Ixworth.

Sussex.—Whilst skating in a pond near Chichester, aged 20, Matthew Quantock, esq. who, although an expert swim-

mer, sunk in such a calamitous situation, that he could not be extricated.

At Brighton, J. Solomon, esq. a gentleman of most charitable disposition. He left 500*l.* to be distributed to the poor on the day of his funeral, and the like sum to be annually distributed for 15 years to come. He was the very pattern of economy—nothing in his manner of living, or style of dress, was descriptive of opulence: he gave what might have supported him in splendour, to the poor. The following trait of secret benevolence partakes so much of the genuine spirit of our religion, that we are induced, in reverence to the memory of the deceased, as well as by the hope of inspiring Christians with the zeal of emulation, to notice it:—for several years previous to his death, 125 poor widows received from him, through the intermediate agency of a friend, a weekly stipend, and were totally ignorant of the name of their benefactor till his death! Notwithstanding his extensive charities, he died worth nearly 100,000*l.* the greater part of which, however, he has disposed of in charitable bequests.

At Brighton, aged 74, Georgiana Wade, widow of the late William W. esq. many years master of the ceremonies there.

At East Marden, in his 90th year, W. Battine, esq. an active magistrate for more than 60 years, and the oldest member of the corporations of Chichester and Portsmouth.

At Cliddingly-place, aged 78, Mr. D. Guy, one of the wealthiest yeomen of Sussex.

At Lewes, in his 88th year, Rev. John Delap, D. D. vicar of Kingston and Highford, Sussex.

Warwick—At Birmingham, in his 70th year, Joseph Roper, gent.

At Birmingham, in her 88th year, Mrs. Mary Davies, relict of Mr. John D.

At Birmingham, Mr. Aris. He came to settle at Birmingham as Printer and Bookseller, in May 1740, and published No. I. of the "Birmingham Gazette, or the General Correspondent," Nov. 16, 1741, at the price of three-halfpence. This Newspaper (after various advances in price) is still published, under the title of "Aris's Birmingham Gazette," by Jonathan Knot (for himself and other Proprietors) with a most extensive circulation through the Midland counties.

At Sandhill, Birmingham, aged 22, Noel, second son of Wm. Smith, esq. banker, Birmingham.

Aged 71, W. Asbury, esq. of Birmingham.

At Stratford-upon-Avon, E. Battersbee, esq. banker, formerly of Manchester.

Aged 70, Mr. John Blogg, of Coventry;

by whose death the indigent have lost a most valuable benefactor, and the rising generation an affectionate patron.

Aged 94, Mrs. Riley, of Coventry.

Much and deservedly lamented Mrs. Goodwin, of Coventry.

In his 64th year, Mr. Thomas Beech, druggist, of Atherstone.

The wife of Mr. Rolls, attorney, of Prior's-Marston.

In his 77th year, Mr. William Lowe, of Solihull-hall.

Of a typhus-fever, Mr. T. M. Wilday, an eminent hat manufacturer and banker, of Atherstone.

At Leamington Spa, seized with an apoplectic fit, whilst undressing to go into the tepid bath, Mr. Barclay.

At Rugby, aged 62, Richard Burgh, esq. late of Coventry, only son of Tho. B. formerly a physician of great eminence there. He has bequeathed 500*l.* to the trustees of Mrs. Bayley's charity-school, and 1000*l.* towards new-pewing that noble edifice St. Michael's church, Coventry.

At Birmingham, aged 82, Mrs. Scott, relict of W. S. esq.

Mrs. Langley, relict of Rev. S. L. D.D. rector of Checkly.

Susanna, relict of Rev. W. Jabet, formerly lecturer of St. Bartholomew's chapel, Birmingham.

Westmoreland—At Theathwaite, Castle Sowerby, aged 103, Mrs. T. Strong.

At Appleby, aged 92, Mr. G. Patterson.

Wilts.—At Salisbury, J. Woolley, esq. of Huddersfield, Yorkshire.

Mr. Burbridge, an old and respectable inhabitant of Salisbury.

Aged 83, the wife of Mr. Sutton, late woollen-manufacturer, of Salisbury. They had lived together 65 years.

At Lacock, near Chippenham, Mrs. Davenport, late of St. James's-square.

In her 78th year, Hester, wife of Mr. H. Wilson, of Marlborough.

Aged 92, Anne Francis, second daughter of Mr. W. Stephens, of Chippenham, and niece of Lieut.-gen. S. R. A.

At Hungerford, aged 97, Mrs. Mulso Whitelocke, only relict of the ancient and respectable family of that name, who for nearly 700 years were in possession of the Chilton Lodge estate in that neighbourhood.

Worcestershire.—At Worcester, Anne, relict of John Ellis, esq. of Claines.

William Stobles, second son of Rev. Dr. Davis, rector of All Saints, Worcester.

In his 80th year, Mr. Wm. Eit, hop-merchant, near Worcester.

At Worcester, in her 78th year, Mrs. Bowyer, relict of Thomas B. esq.

At St. John's, near Worcester, Philip Moule, esq.

At Puxton, Kidderminster, aged 68, J. White, esq.

Aged 60, Mr. G. Bourn, auctioneer, of Pershore.

The wife of T. Hayley, esq. of Bewdley. At Bromsgrove, Mr. Wattle, attorney.

Rev. John Heigham, rector of Westhorpe and Bayton, and perpetual curate of Walsiam upwards of 53, and of Great Aspfield upwards of 50 years; during which time he never omitted duty through indisposition one day.

At the Swan-inn, Chaddersley Corbet, aged 77, Mrs. Catherine Orton. The house in which she lived has been the property of her ancestors ever since the reign of Henry VIII. and at all times kept by one of the family. Mrs. O. was born in the room in which she died, and during her life (with the exception of five nights) never slept in any other.

At Overbury, aged 70, John Skipp, esq. of Ledbury.

At Overbury, Mrs. Pynock, relict of J. P. esq. of Tewkesbury.

At Evesham, aged 84, W. Burgis, esq. late captain in the Royal Marines.

At Tenbury, aged 79, Mrs. Greenly.

Yorkshire.—At York, aged 37, the wife of Rev. Dr. Coke; a woman of the deepest piety, and most amiable manners.

At York, aged 92, Mr. Edward Thompson, of Scott-hall.

At York, aged 85, Mr. R. Wright, who served the office of sheriff for York in 1797.

At Leeds, H. A. Keck, youngest son of B. A. K. esq.; a youth of superior attainments.

At Leeds, at the house of her son-in-law Dr. Thorp, aged 78, Mrs. Grant, relict of Dr. G. G. physician in Edinburgh, and sister of the late Sir A. Grant, of Monymusk.

At Leeds, aged 75, Mrs. Crouch, sister of the late Dr. Priestley.

At Leeds, aged 44, Frances, wife of Benjamin Hird, D. D.; and, though conformity with her wishes forbids much disclosure of this admirable character, yet should its loss not be announced without comment to that society in which her integrity, peculiar disinterestedness, and sweetness of disposition, enabled her perfectly to fulfil every varied relation!

Harriet, only daughter of Rev. Joseph Whitely, of Leeds.

Aged 66, Mr. John Hick, of Squire-Pastures, near Leeds, an extensive coach-proprietor.

At Hull, aged 40, Mr. Thomas Johnston, bookseller.

At Hull, aged 99, Mrs. Wray, mother of Mr. W.

At Hull, aged 91, Mr. John Gelson.

At Hull, in his 85th year, Mr. Thomas Williamson, late book and music seller, and 55 years one of the waits of the cooperation of that town.

At Pontefract, Col. Cockel, son of Dr. C. and brother of the late Serjeant C.

At the residence of James Lister, esq. on her return from Scarborough, Maria, youngest daughter of Mr. Edward Benson, wine merchant, late of York. This lady was the author of a work on education, "The Wife," and some other ingenious pieces.

Aged 90, Mr. John Boville, of Whitby. At Whitby, Mr. Thos. Pyman, one of the agents of the Whitby Shipping Association.

In his 43d year, Dr. France, of Sheffield. Dropped down in the street, in a fit, and expired, aged 70, Mr. W. Creswick, nearly 50 years an eminent change-ringer at St. Peter's Gothic Spire church, Sheffield. The Society of St. Peter's Youths muffled the clappers of their grand and deep-toned new peal of 10 bells, at the church, and performed 1000 solemn changes on this occasion.

At Sheffield, Mr. Taylor, well known there for having performed several astonishing cures on the lame, the deaf, and the blind.

In his 73d year, Robert Ramsbottom, esq. of Birk's-hall, near Halifax.

At Wakefield, in his 78th year, Mr. Peter Priestly, who had been employed about the parish-church nearly 60 years, 20 of which he was sexton, and 25 parish-clerk.

In her 81st year, Mrs. Bentley, relict of Mr. J. B. of Bradford, attorney-at-law.

At Kilburn, aged 19, the only daughter of John Horner, esq.

In her 100th year, Mrs. Clara Stirk, of Skipton.

Aged 72, Mrs. Rebecca Dixon, of Morley. She has left 10 children and 47 grand-children, all settled in Morley, and who all frequent one place of worship there.

At Longthorpe, in the prime of life, Rev. Christopher Hill.

At Rotherham, after an illness of one day, aged 99, Walter Morgan;—this veteran fought under the brave Gen. Wolfe at the taking of Quebec.

Sarah, wife of Rev. J. Townsend, dissenting minister at Elland, eldest daughter and only surviving child of the late Rev. S. Moul, of Rotherham.

At Bawtrey, aged 82, Mrs. Milnes, widow of Pemberton M. esq. of Wakefield, and mother of Viscountess Galway.

Very suddenly, whilst on a visit, aged 38, the wife of George Dowker, esq. of Oswaldkirk-hall.

At Bognall, aged 78, Mr. Robert Ord; and on Dec. 22, Jane his daughter.

At Eskdalethorpe, aged 74, Mrs. Margaret Wharton, mother of Mr. Thos. W. agent to the Arkendale and Derwent Mining Company.

Mr. Joshua Becket, clothier, of Batley Carr; one of the persons delegated, on a recent occasion, by the Manufacturers to the Legislature, to state the effect of the Orders in Council upon the trade of the West Riding.

At Yarm, aged 80, Jane, relict of Mr. James Proctor, one of the Society of Friends.

Mrs. Paley, of Giggleswick, near Settle, sister to the late Rev. Dr. P. sub-dean of Lincoln.

At Bramwith, aged 105, Mary Roberts. At Whitby, aged 104, Mrs. Elizabeth Rowntree.

Mr. Joseph Binney, of Sheffield, merchant.

Jan. 1. At Deptford, Wm. Goodnow, esq. a deputy lieutenant, and an active magistrate for the county of Kent.

At Richmond, Surrey, aged 78, Mr. John Marissal.

At the Mythe, co. Gloucester, in his 72d year, Martin Lucas, esq. an able, active, and upright magistrate.

Fell into the river Stour, and drowned, whilst passing from Sturminster to Newton, owing to the darkness of the evening, and a rail of the bridge being gone, Mr. W. Crutwell, of Babcary, Somerset.

Found dead in his bed, to which he had retired without any apparent illness, Mr. Beaver Buchanan, a very respectable apothecary, of Dublin.

Jan. 2. Aged 38, Mr. Thos. Cowdroy, of Manchester, druggist, second son of Mr. C. printer of "The Manchester Gazette."

At Bath, John Abbot, of Plymouth, a respectable member and minister of the society of Friends.

Jan. 3. In Wimpole-street, in her 19th year, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. Hodgson, bookseller.

In Sloane-street, Mrs. Sanford, widow of the late W. S. esq. of Welbeck-street and New Bond-street.

In Piccadilly, the wife of Mr. G. Bingley.

In Threadneedle-street, Mr. David Bromer.

At Edmonton, in his 78th year, John Henlock, esq.

At Lewes, aged 83, Mrs. Eleanor Shelley.

At Claville, near Andover, aged 29, Mrs. Ralph Clarke.

In her 74th year, the wife of Rev. Francis Rowden, B. D. rector of Cuxham and Ibstone, Oxon, and prebendary of Sarum.

At Atherstone, co. Warwick, aged 74, Frances, relict of the late Rev. John Mitchel, M. A. rector of Grendon, and vicar of Austrey, in the same county.

Suddenly, after eating his breakfast, aged 79, Rev. James Williamson, rector of Plumtree, Notts.

In consequence of falling into the mashing-kieve, on the 29th ult. whilst at work in his brewhouse, by which he was so dreadfully scalded as to occasion his death after great suffering, Mr. Tothill, master of the Buller's Arms, Exeter.

At East Harptry, Somerset, the wife of Rev. John Benson, late curate of St. Mary's, Leicester.

In his 46th year, Bryan O'Beirne, esq. M. D. surgeon of Forton Depôt Hospital.

Very suddenly, John Marshal, the prodigy long known in Leeds by the name of *Crutchy Jack*.—This singularly diminutive man, though not more than 36 inches in height, was the father of eight fine robust children. Defective as was the conformation of his person, he survived to the age of 62 years, and has left a widow and four children, the youngest about five years of age.

Jan. 4. At Camberwell, dropped down in an apoplectic fit, whilst walking at the back of his house, and instantly expired, aged 60, Mr. Young, who was clerk to the parish church of Camberwell for many years; and bore an excellent character.

Aged 6, Lionel Robert, fifth son of Henry Thomas Williams, esq. of Grosvenor-place; a child of an uncommonly intelligent mind and amiable disposition.

Aged 78, Mr. J. Wetherhead, of Richmond, Surrey.

At his mother's house, Carlisle, aged 24, William Richard Giles, esq. son of the late William G. esq.

Jan. 5. In New Burlington-street, aged 85, the wife of Sir Philip Gibbes, bart.

Aged 75, Wm. Hall, esq. of Halliford, Middlesex, formerly a commander of the ship Southampton, in the Hon. East India Company's service.

At Edinburgh, the Hon. A. Fraser Tytler, Lord Woodhouselee, one of the Judges of the Court of Session (second division), and one of the Judges of the High Court of Justiciary; of whom a farther account shall be given in our next.

Jan. 7. At Southampton, aged 79, Trevor Hull, esq. one of his Majesty's Gentlemen Ushers of the Privy Chamber. He entered into the Army in 1756 as Ensign of the 43d regiment, and served under the Earl of Loudoun, Lord Amherst, the immortal Wolfe, General Murray, &c. in the several campaigns, battles, and sieges, which annexed Acadia, Louisburgh, and Canada, to the British Empire. He afterwards served under Generals Walsh and Monckton at the taking of Martinique and the other French West India islands, and with the Earl of Albemarle at the Havannah. He returned to Europe with his regiment in 1773, and retired from the Army, after the American War, with the rank of Major, being soon afterwards appointed Gentleman

Usher of his Majesty's Privy Chamber, in which station he continued till his death. It may be truly said of this most worthy and most amiable gentleman, that he was not only respected, but highly valued by his superiors, and esteemed and loved by his acquaintance and friends; and that he was a brave soldier, a loyal subject, a faithful friend, an honest man, and a pious Christian.—His only son, Lieut.-col. Edward Hull, had the honour to command the 2d battalion of his father's old and distinguished regiment at the Battle of Vimeira, and in the campaign under Sir John Moore; and gloriously fell at the head, and in command, of the 1st battalion of this renowned corps at the battle of the Coa, on the 24th of July, 1810, universally lamented by his Regiment, regretted by his friends, and esteemed by those best able to appreciate his merits, as an Officer of excellent judgment and great promise, who had seen much and various service in the West Indies, and different parts of Europe.

Jan. 8. In Seymour-place, in her 60th year, the Countess of Aylesbury, eldest child of the late Earl Moira, by Lady Elizabeth Hastings, Baroness Hungerford, &c. Her ladyship was born in 1753, and has left no issue. Her remains were deposited in the family vault, in Bedfordshire, on the 16th instant.

In the Stable-yard, St. James's, Maria, Lady Broughton.

Jan. 10. At Bath, Mrs. Webster, relict of the late J. W. LL. B. archdeacon of Gloucester, and niece of the late Bishop Warburton.

At Sidmouth, J. Amyatt, esq. He formerly represented the borough of Totness, and latterly, in five successive Parliaments, the town of Southampton.

Jan. 11. Aged 65, John Harwood, esq. of Deane, Hants.

Jan. 12. In Upper Gower-street, the infant son of James Pickford, esq.

Mr. Alexander Grant, a respectable printer, of Southwark.

At Coombe-lodge, Oxon, the wife of Samuel Gardiner, esq.

Jan. 13. In North-street, Red Lion-square, John Bell, esq. an eminent solicitor, of Gray's-inn; whose life was industriously spent in doing good.

At Holt, in his 96th year, W. Brereton, esq. who formerly held for some years the respectable situation of Master of the Ceremonies, at the Lower Rooms, Bath.

Jan. 14. At Leicester, in his 22d year, John, second son of the late Rev. Joseph Gregory, vicar of St. Martin's and All Saints, Leicester. Few young men possessed a more amiable disposition, or engaging manners: in his professional duties he was studious,

studious, able, and expert; and, in the discharge of every moral and social obligation, a most exemplary ornament of virtue and rectitude, worthy of imitation.

Aged 75, Lieut.-gen. Ramsay.

At Gogerddan, co. Cardigan, the Hon. Harriet, wife of Pryse Pryse, esq. of Gogerddan, and of Woodstock, Oxon, sister of Lord Ashbrook.

John Dickinson, esq. banker, Tiverton, Devon.

Jan. 15. Suddenly, Mons. Robert, a principal performer in the Opera Ballets.

In St. Bartholomew's Hospital, in consequence of her cloaths taking fire on the 13th inst. Mrs. Woolley, of Play-house-yard, Blackfriars.

At Croydon, aged 77, Mrs. Paulina Smith, sister of John S. esq. late of Drapers Hall, London, deceased.

At Liverpool, four weeks after her eldest sister, aged 16, Sophia, second daughter of Major-gen. Dirom, of Mount Annan.

Jan. 16. In Doctors' - Commons, suddenly, in his 59th year, George Bogg, esq. many years an eminent proctor. He had no relative to inherit the large property he had acquired.

Rev. James Howell, rector of Clutton.

In her 100th year, Mrs. Bowey, of Exeter, formerly a very respectable milliner.

Jan. 18. In a hackney-coach, on her return to Brompton, the truly respectable widow Neale, one of the oldest pew-openers of Brompton Chapel. The life of this good woman was laborious and humble: though laborious, however, it was not indigent; and though humble, it was not uninteresting. Many and most trying to her had been its unambitious vicissitudes. From apparent competency her lowly fortune at one time brought her to comparative straits; but her mind possessed native and acquired resources—sound judgment matured by religious principle,—and by its elasticity, constantly kept her above querulousness and despondency. At one time, she was comfortably settled in the world, and happy with a husband of honest character, and with a family of eleven dutiful children. These and several other blessings she outlived; she resigned them with sighs of human affection, but looked to a re-union beyond the grave with fullness of Christian hope. By all her acquaintance, her patience and well-doing were highly appreciated: and by numbers of her richer neighbours, her worth was substantially honoured in ways at once liberal and delicate. Her integrity was irreproachable. She was entrusted often with the care of collecting the pew-rents, with a considerate view, perhaps, to the possibility of her receiving certain little pecuniary com-

pliments, at the times of payment, from such wealthy houses as noticed her exemplary meekness and assiduity. In the discharge of this pleasing and confidential part of her manifold duty, Mrs. N. had very actively exerted herself throughout the morning of the day on which she died; and, with a scrupulosity of exactness always to be admired, *but in the present instance only to be regretted*, resolved to convey, herself, the collection of rents to Mr. Smith, of Church-street, Kensington, before she took her hard-earned repose. Ill had she calculated the power of her enfeebled and nearly-exhausted frame to support such additional fatigue amidst the severities of a wintry season. At Kensington Gore her strength failed her, her spirits flagged, and she sunk down on the foot-path in the deliquium of Death!—And, mark we the boasted *humanity* of the spot! her silken umbrella was stolen from a faint and lifeless grasp; she was refused admission into the next public-house; and she would infallibly have breathed her last on the snows before the door, had she not been recognized. . . . A coach was called; she was lifted into it, and died on the seat of it as it drove slowly homeward!!!

Jan. 19. In Whitechapel, aged 82, Mrs. Ann Cawthorn, relict of the late Mr. Chas. C. of Leadenhall-street, hardwareman.

Jan. 20. In Cadogan-square, Isaac Schomberg, esq. a Captain in, and for the last years of his life a Commissioner for managing the affairs of the Navy; to retain which last situation, his health not allowing more active service, he, on a recent promotion, passed his Flag.—A life employed and consumed in the active and arduous enterprize of an honourable profession, and latterly in the equally useful and laborious, though less distinguished administration of its civil duties, should not be permitted to terminate without some notice,—and if this be true as a general principle, there never was an instance in which its application was better merited than in that of Isaac Schomberg. He had served in every quarter of the Globe, and in all with distinction to himself and benefit to his country. As first Lieutenant of Captain (now Admiral) Cornwallis's ship, he shared in the danger and the glory of Rodney's 12th of April; and had his proportion of the well and hard-earned praise conveyed in the expression of the gallant De Grasse, after his capture, "that he had suffered more from that little black-sided ship" (the Lion of 64, commanded by Capt. Cornwallis), "than from any other during the engagement." He next commanded a frigate in the East Indies (during the Peace which commenced in 1783), where

he risked and lost all that under the circumstances he could put in hazard, his health. The effects of a liver complaint contracted on that service, were felt during the remainder of his life.—On the 1st of June, 1794, Capt. Schomburg commanded a ship of the line in Lord Howe's fleet; and where "England expected that every man would do his duty," his friends and his country were not disappointed in the Commander of the *Culloden*.—Soon after the commencement of the present War, he was appointed to the command of the Sea Fencibles at Hastings; and though with a large family, and a very limited income, had the rare and honourable merit of being the *first* to report that the establishment, over a part of which he presided, and by the emoluments of which he was in a great measure supported, was an useless and unnecessary burden to his country. Lord Mulgrave, then first Lord of the Admiralty, felt the value of the suggestion, and the merit of such a sacrifice of all personal considerations to a sense of duty; and, unsolicited, on the first vacancy appointed Capt. S. Deputy Comptroller of the Navy.—It was soon found that by this appointment a meritorious officer had been superseded, and Capt. S. instantly gave up a post, which he could not have held without wounding the feelings of its present worthy possessor, and was appointed to the vacancy occasioned at the Navy Board by Sir F. Hartwell's nomination to the office of Deputy Comptroller of the Navy.—Capt. Schomburg's services since he took his seat at the Navy Board, have been constant and useful, though from their nature not conspicuous or splendid; and to his unremitting attention to his office, much of his last fatal illness must be attributed. Mild and unassuming in his manners; firm and honourable in his mind, he sacrificed every thing to a high sense of duty.—England was his first—and a just opinion of its value made his own profession and its members, its honour, and their welfare, his second object. The few hours of leisure in such a life were devoted to the drawing up of a succinct but clear detail of all the naval actions from the first foundation of the English Navy, to the

Peace of 1783; a book affording at once a gratifying reward for past services, and a powerful incitement to future ones.—the honourable testimony to fallen, and the bright example to aspiring merit.—Such was the late I. Schomburg—he died as he lived, with manly fortitude and pious resignation—lamented deeply by his family, as the best of husbands and fondest of parents, and sincerely regretted by many friends who knew his worth both public and private, one of whom offers to his memory this last tribute of respect and esteem.

At Chandos-house, the illustrious Anna Eliza, Duchess of Chandos, relict of James, the last Duke of Chandos, mother to Countess Temple, and sister to Sir Rich. Gamon, bart.

At Boddicott, Oxon, Rev. Dr. Nicoll, chancellor of Wells, rector of Drayton, and late chaplain in ordinary to his Majesty.

Jan. 25. At her son's house in Aldersgate-street, in her 81st year, Mrs. Elizabeth Carpenter. Endowed with a strong and penetrating mind, she sustained with Christian fortitude a short illness previous to her demise; and, sensible of a speedy dissolution, she fervently implored of the Great Disposer of all events for a removal from this transitory life, to those blissful mansions where true happiness and joy is only to be found.

In vol. LXXXII. Part ii. p. 598. a. we briefly noticed the death of Mrs. *Freeling*, wife of Francis Freeling, esq. secretary to the General Post Office. Few events have excited greater sympathy in a large circle of relatives and friends. To piety of the purest and most cheerful kind, she united all that could distinguish the affectionate wife and parent, and the warm and generous friend. Regardless of herself, she never lost sight of the interests and happiness of others; she possessed the sweetest temper and the firmest mind; she pursued a steady course of active, yet unassuming benevolence; and her example, while it diffused comfort to those who were about her, had its effect also on their lives and conduct. She died in the 38th year of her age, after having fulfilled all the duties of her station.

Erratum. P. 55. a. l. 15. omit the.

THE AVERAGE PRICES OF NAVIGABLE CANAL SHARES and other PROPERTY, in January 1813 (to the 26th), at the Office of Mr. SCOTT, 28, New Bridge-street, London. Coventry, 81*l.* dividend 40*l.*—Swansea, 180*l.* ex dividend 10*l.* per share.—Moss-mouth, 108*l.* ex half-year's dividend 3*l.*—Grand Junction, 198*l.* 200*l.* ex half-year's dividend 3*l.* 10*s.*—Old Union, 96*l.* ex dividend 2*l.*—Grand Union, 25*l.* discount.—Thames Navigation Bonds, 92*l.* per cent.—Kennet and Avon, 22*l.*—Huddersfield, 18*l.*—Ripon, 70*l.*—Chelmer, 86*l.* 13*s.*—Ashby, 18*l.*—Bolton and Bury, 93*l.*—London Dock Stock, 102*l.* ex dividend 2*l.* 15*s.* half year.—Globe Assurance, 105*l.* with dividend 3*l.*—Albion Assurance, 46*l.*—Strand Bridge, 46*l.* Discount.—London Institution, 58*l.*—Surrey Ditto, 14*l.* 14*s.*

BILL OF MORTALITY, from December 22, 1812, to January 26, 1813.

Christened.		Buried.		2 and 5		167	50 and 60	174
Males - 1157	} 2146	Males - 927	} 1798	5 and 10	38	60 and 70	166	
Females 999		Females 871		10 and 20	48	70 and 80	134	
Whereof have died under 2 years old				20 and 30	113	80 and 90	55	
Peck Loaf 6s. 2d.				30 and 40	157	90 and 100	4	
Salt £1. per bushel; 4½d. per pound.				40 and 50	194			

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN, from the Returns ending January 16.

INLAND COUNTIES.

MARITIME COUNTIES.

	Wheat				Rye				Barly				Oats				Beans				
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	
Middlesex	128	8	72	3	67	9	52	10	81	10											
Surrey	128	0	76	0	70	10	53	8	77	6											
Hertford	116	8	69	0	69	4	55	8	88	3											
Bedford	118	8	74	4	63	4	48	2	88	8											
Huntingd.	118	7	00	0	68	6	49	8	82	0											
Northamp.	120	4	00	0	68	4	45	4	82	6											
Rutland	116	6	00	0	73	6	38	3	81	6											
Leicester	120	1	84	8	70	6	44	7	98	11											
Nottingh.	118	4	86	0	71	6	49	8	100	4											
Derby	118	0	00	0	69	9	49	0	112	0											
Stafford	122	4	00	0	72	11	48	1	111	1											
Salop	121	6	90	8	73	5	40	6	94	2											
Hereford	115	2	70	4	67	8	35	10	69	5											
Worcester	125	1	00	0	68	10	46	8	89	4											
Warwick	127	0	00	0	74	6	30	6	109	6											
Wilts	113	0	00	0	67	8	46	8	95	8											
Berks	126	0	00	0	66	7	46	10	75	3											
Oxford	121	6	00	0	67	0	48	5	92	0											
Bucks	125	8	00	0	64	6	47	0	85	6											
Brecon	112	8	88	0	65	0	32	0	95	7											
Montgom.	120	0	00	0	68	9	39	11	00	0											
Radnor	115	9	00	0	64	0	33	7	00	0											

Average of England and Wales, per quarter.
118 9 79 4 66 5 43 3 87 11

Aggregate Average Prices of the Twelve Maritime Districts of England and Wales, by which Exportation and Bounty are to be regulated in Great Britain.....117 6 79 9 64 10 42 5 83 0

PRICES OF FLOUR, January 25 :

Fine per Sack 105s. to 110s. Seconds 95s. to 100s. Bran per Q. 17s. to 20s.
Pollard 27s. to 32s. New Rape Seed 60l. to 65l. per last.

RETURN OF WHEAT, in Mark Lane, including only from Jan. 11 to Jan. 16 :

Total 7047 Quarters. Average 125s. 11½d.—4s. 10d. higher than last Return.

OATMEAL, per Boll of 140lbs. Avoirdupois, January 16, 46s. 7d.

AVERAGE PRICE of SUGAR, January 20, 56s. ¼d.

PRICE OF HOPS, IN THE BOROUGH MARKET, January 28 :

Kent Bags11l. 0s. to 16l. 0s.	Kent Pockets10l. 0s. to 14l. 14s.
Sussex Ditto10l. 10s. to 13l. 13s.	Sussex Ditto10l. 0s. to 13l. 0s.
Essex Ditto10l. 0s. to 15l. 0s.	Farnham Ditto18l. 0s. to 24l. 0s.

AVERAGE PRICE OF HAY AND STRAW, January 18 :

St. James's, Hay 4l. 10s. Straw 2l. 2s.—Whitechapel, Hay 4l. 16s. Straw 1l. 18s.
Clover 7l.—Smithfield, Old Hay 5l. 10s. Straw 2l. 4s. Clover 6l. 2s. 6d.

SMITHFIELD, January 25. To sink the Offal—per Stone of 8lbs.

Beef5s. 0d. to 6s. 4d.	Head of Cattle at Market this Day :
Mutton5s. 0d. to 6s. 8d.	Beasts about 2,200. Calves 90.
Veal6s. 0d. to 8s. 0d.	Sheep and Lambs 12,520. Pigs 280.
Pork5s. 8d. to 6s. 8d.	

COALS, January 25 : Newcastle 47s. to 55s.—Sunderland 48s. to 52s. 6d.

SOAP, Yellow, 104s. Mottled 114s. Curd 118s. CANDLES, 13s. 6d. per Doz. Moulds 15s.

TALLOW, per Stone, 8lb. St. James's 5s. 11d. Clare 5s. 11½d. Whitechapel 5s. 10d.

EACH DAY'S PRICE OF STOCKS IN JANUARY, 1813.

Days	Bank Stock.	3 per Ct. Red.	3 per C. Consols.	4 per Ct. Consols.	5 per Ct. Navy.	B. Long Ann.	Irish 5perCt.	Imp. 3perCt.	Imp. Ann.	India Stock.	South Sea Stock.	S. Sea Ann.	India Bonds.	Ex. Bills. (3½d.)	Ex. Bills. (3¼d.)	Omnium.
1	Holiday															
2		60½		76½		15½							6 dis.	7 pr.	3 pr.	9¼ pr.
3	Sunday															
4		60½		76½		15½							2 dis.	5 pr.	3 pr.	
5		60½		76½		15½	89¼						1 dis.	7 pr.		
6	Holiday															
7	221	60½	60½	76½	90¼	15½			4½				2 dis.	9 pr.	6 pr.	
8	220½	60¼	59½	76½	90	15½						59½	3 dis.	8 pr.		
9		60½	59½	76½	89¼	15½			4½				7 dis.	9 pr.	8 pr.	
10	Sunday															
11		60	59½	76½	89¼	15½			4½			59½	9 dis.	10 pr.	8 pr.	
12	220½	60½	59½	76½	89¼	15½							7 dis.	11 pr.	8 pr.	
13	221	60½	59½	76½	90½	15½		58½					5 dis.	14 pr.	10 pr.	
14	221	60¼	59½	76½	90½	15½		58½			63¼		2 dis.	14 pr.	11 pr.	9 pr.
15	221	60¼	59½	76½	89¼	15½		58½					3 dis.	12 pr.	10 pr.	9½ pr.
16	221	60½	60	76½	90½	15½			4½				3 dis.	10 pr.	7 pr.	9½ pr.
17	Sunday															
18	Holiday															
19	222	60½	59½	76½	90			58½		163¼			3 dis.	10 pr.		
20		60½	59½	76½	90	15½			4½	164¼	63½	60	4 dis.	10 pr.		8½ pr.
21	222	60½	60	77	90	15½			4½	164½			3 dis.	10 pr.		9 pr.
22	223½	60½	59½	76½	90	15½				164			3 dis.	10 pr.		
23	224½	60¼	60	76½	90	15½		58½					2 dis.	10 pr.		
24	Sunday															
25	Holiday															
26	223	60½	59½	76½	89½	15½				163			5 dis.	9 pr.		
27	221	59½	59½	75½	89	15½				164		59½	4 dis.	9 pr.		7½ pr.
28																
29																