

THE COST OF A BONAPARTE.

[From the Press.]

During the last eight years the long peace which followed the battle of Waterloo has gradually given way. Every year brings events which forbid with accumulative pressure an epoch of war. The short, sharp conflict of nations which have recently taken place, instead of being transitory accidents, wear the aspect and symptoms of a deep-seated malady in the political constitution of Europe, instead of being the definite solution of a difficulty, each war has given rise to a new series of embroilments. No sooner has one war terminated than it has been followed by another, and as a preparation for still more serious hostilities, as we have witnessed during the present year in Italy, the dispute which led to invade Europe in 1855 has continued steadily to increase. The Utopian dreams of cosmopolitan philanthropy and of a reign of universal peace among the nations, which were so general in Europe, and especially in our own country, prior to the French Revolution of 1848, have relapsed into discredited before the stern logic of facts; and people everywhere have become alive again to the truth that the lot of nations is not simply to buy and sell and make profits. Year by year each country has found it necessary to sacrifice an increasing amount of its gain for the purpose of augmenting its military power and means of defence. The very mercantile classes who a few years ago begrudged the maintenance of our then slender armaments, heartily join in voicing their desire for more ships and fortifications, or sacrifice their leisure to initiate themselves in the study of war. The moment has consequently arrived when calculations by the overhauling phases of the troubled times; and in his counting-room, instead of searching for old ship for new markets for his wares, his eyes scan first and most anxiously the movements of the national wealth which record the movements of war, and the rumors of diplomacy. The dispute is general. All countries are arming. All, in obedience to an imperious instinct or conviction, are sacrificing an extra portion of the national wealth to the machinery of war. The feeling is too universal to be a mistake. It is one of those great agitations which seldom fail to manifest themselves on the eve of mighty convulsions. It has already passed beyond the stage of vague instinct. The cause of the dispute has become manifest. Europe not only knows that arms are gathering, but each country can tell with tolerable distinctness the precise quarter from which it is menaced. And this knowledge is rapidly converting the feeling of alarm into a chronic animosity between nation and nation. Compelled to make great sacrifices, each people regards with growing anger those who are the cause of its burdens—a mutual animosity, which will accelerate the catastrophe. And whether the issue be contemplated with hope or with dread, all Europe begins again to feel that it is a costly thing to have a Bonaparte on the throne of France.

What the first Bonaparte cost Europe every State can tell, from Moscow to Lisbon, from London to Cairo. The millions of lives lost in battle and campaign, the treasures wasted in the strife, the hundreds of millions expended to our own national debt, stand recorded in indisputable history. The campaigns of the revolutionary war were bugle-blasts compared with those waged under the Consulate and the Empire. The conflict would have died out before the end of last century if the dominating ambition and military genius of Napoleon had not appeared on the scene. The uprising of that one man sufficed to plunge Europe into the most gigantic war which ever squandered the blood and wasted the treasures of the world. Though waged with less eagerness, though waged in the heart of Christendom, that war cost mankind more lives and treasure than even the desolating conquests of an Attila or a Genghis Khan. As one question the fearful price which Europe paid for the honor of establishing on her history the names of Napoleon the Great. Yet every one shrinks from entertaining the thought that France may yet be called upon to pay almost as heavily a price for Napoleon III. We would fain believe that the period of great wars is past; but recent events have sadly shaken that belief. Napoleon III. is not pre-eminently the warrior, like his uncle, but his ambition is equal, and the condition of Europe is more favorable to evoking the storms of a great convulsion. No settlement can endure for ever; elements of discontent are at work in almost every country of the continent; and these elements this second Napoleon of France is resolved to employ in support of an ambition as vaulting though more prudent in its workings than that of his great predecessor. Developing to the utmost the military and naval power of his country, he is ready to interpose his sword for his glory and the aggrandizement of France. The troubles of Europe are in his eyes but a convenient means for exalting his dynasty. Many of these troubles were in time worked out for themselves a peaceful solution, but he is resolved to bring them to a crisis in his own time, that he may turn them to account. He is resolved to evoke the lightning even from clouds that would otherwise have passed harmlessly away.

The world pays dearly for its great men. A man of powerful genius, when seated on a throne, shakes the world. Each nation naturally subordinates the interests of other nations to its own; and France exacts nothing for the convulsions produced by the policy and arms of her chief so long as they conduce to her own glory and aggrandizement. But war is a two-edged weapon, and Governments which love to use the sword may themselves be pushed by it toward. By general consent, fifty-five years ago, it was deemed expedient to secure peace for Europe save by extending the first Napoleon and proscribing his dynasty. To the present generation the judgment appeared harsh and ungenerous, but the execution of it to be impossible. But if the events of the future be in dread accordance with the presence of the present, Europe, and it may be France herself, will be taught again, amidst disaster, the cost of a Bonaparte.

A correspondent of the Paris Press gives an amusing account of the manner of voting in Naples, when the people there were for the first time in their history consulted in regard to their destiny. The lazzaroni went to the polls singing in chorous favorite airs, and holding between their fingers in a comic position the tickets, which they were unable to read. Universal suffrage was proclaimed, but the mode of voting leaving much to be desired. A ballot box was placed between two baskets, the one full of "yes" the other "no," and the elector expressed his preference in presence of the National Guard and the assemblage. The negative vote was difficult enough, even dangerous to give, for a man who said "no," and needlessly furnished his ticket, was soon after punished by a stiletto in the hands of a patriot. Something must be pardoned to the spirit of liberty, and in time moderation will sway these people.

On one occasion, when Mr. Spurgeon ascended the pulpit, the first sentence he uttered was "I hear that some one here has lost a watch, a d another person a pocket-book. All I can say in this matter is, I think it serves them right—why did they not leave them at home? But I have a word or two more to say on the subject, which is this—that if my friends, the pick-pockets, are still in the chapel, I have to request that they will not attempt to pick any more pockets till I have made my collection, as I want all the money I can get."

A SKILFUL AND DELICATE OPERATION.

On the afternoon of Saturday, Dr. L. O. Thayer, King Street, performed a very skilful and delicate operation for the cure of strabismus, or squint-eyes. The patient was a young man named Adams, about eighteen years of age, in the employ of Mr. Archer, merchant tailor, of this city. The eyes of Adams, before they were operated on, squinted badly, to use his own description, "one of them looked over his shoulder while the other kept a close watch on his nose. The right eye was "cut" about a week ago, in the most successful manner, and on Saturday the lad expressed his willingness to allow the Doctor to try his skill on the left. Every thing being prepared, Adams was placed in a chair opposite one in which was seated the operator. He was told to grasp the chair firmly and keep his head steady. He did so, and Dr. Thayer applied an instrument in the form of a hook to the patient's eye, and cut the internal muscle of the ball. The lad gave a shriek of pain, but in the short space of half-a-minute the operation was successfully performed. A couple of drops of blood having been wiped away, the patient opened his eye, when it was found to be perfectly straight. A bandage having been placed over it, the young man left to attend to his business. The operation was a most delicate one, and very skilfully performed.—Globe.

The British Government, through the Consul at Boston, has presented Captain Wilson, of the *Minnie Schiffer*, with a valuable gold chronometer; Mr. Conington, the mate, with a telescope; and \$10 to each of the crew; also, a liberal compensation is made for the demerit and subsistence of the crew and passengers of the *connaught*.

During the late storm, according to the reports by telegraph and otherwise, thirty six vessels have gone ashore on Lake Ontario, seventeen on Lake Erie, two on Lake Huron, and six or seven on Lake Michigan. Three propellers have been totally destroyed, and two with a large loss of life. Three or four sail vessels have also been totally lost; and the loss of men is over seventy.

TORONTO MARKETS.

THURSDAY, December 6.

Wheat.—3000 bushels was the extent of the supply which could be obtained. The prices paid for the best samples were from \$1 10 to \$1 15—per bush.

Spring Wheat.—1,250 bushels in market, sold at from \$0 80 to \$0 92 per bush.

Barley.—sold at from \$0 50 to \$0 55.

Oats.—150 bushels went off at 48 and 52c per bush.

Hay.—at \$17 and 20c per bush.

Straw.—at \$12 to \$16 per ton.

Butter.—Superfine No. 2 sold at \$6 50 to \$6 75; No. 1, \$4 to \$4 50; Fancy (Spring) \$4 50 to \$5 30; Fancy (Fall) \$4 40 to \$5 60; Extra, \$5 to \$5 50; Double Extra, \$6 00 to \$6 25.

Eggs.—Fresh in fair supply at from 19c to 20c per lb.

Pork.—in fair request. For hogs averaging 160 lbs \$5 50 and \$6 has been paid, and those averaging 225 lbs \$6 and \$6 10—the latter being the extreme figure.

Apples.—Common varieties \$1 and \$1 25 per barrel. Better grades \$1 50 and \$2 barrel.

Peas.—Fresh from wagons 12 to 17c per dozen.

Potatoes.—Now vary in price from 20 to 25c, and sometimes 30c per bush.

Sheep.—are in demand at from \$3 50 to \$4 50 each.

Lambs.—are plentiful at from \$2 to \$3 50 each.

Calves.—are in good supply at \$4 to \$6 each.

Beef.—Hides—\$6 00 per 100 lbs. Sheep and lamb skins \$0 85 each. Calveskins 10c per lb.

Tallow.—\$7 1/2 per 100 lbs.

Hay—\$12 and \$16 per ton.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHALLENGE! CHALLENGE!

To ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—It is a noted fact that all Worm Medicine falls into insignificance compared with McKENZIE'S Dead Shot Worm Candy. It far surpasses the expectations of every one. It gives new life and vigor to the feeble, emaciated and sickly child. It not only eradicates every species of worms, but it cleanses the whole system from all impurities. The extensive sale of this Worm Candy is sufficient proof of its efficacy. There are scores of Worm Medicines in Canada, yet, it has been ascertained, on reliable information that the sale of the Dead Shot Worm Candy is one-third more than all the others combined. It is sold by every dealer in medicine for 15 cents; four packages for half-a-dollar.—See advertisement in another column.

To Consumptives.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Patrons wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York.

New Advertisements.

STRAYED.

CAME into the Premises of the Subscriber, Lot No. 30, 2nd concession Markham, 2 White Steers! About the 15th of November. The Owner is requested to take them away, on proving property and paying charges.

GEORGE STEPHENSON.
Markham, December 7, 1860. 106-3

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

THE Subscriber begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public that he is prepared to make

Boots and Shoes

Of every style and description at the lowest possible remunerative prices. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction.

W. H. MARTIN.
Cook's Mt., Vaughan,
December 7, 1860. 106-1y

AURORA WAKING UP!

Triumphant Success of Opposition to High Prices.

R. Boyd & Bro.,

BEG to state to the Public, that all who want to save money can do so by purchasing GOODS at

Their New Establishment

In this place. Their Unprecedented Success enables them to offer

STILL GREATER INDUCEMENTS!

Their Stock is heavy, comprising every description of Seasonable Goods.

Over Coats from \$5.

Coarse Boots from \$2.50.

Every class of Goods equally low.

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHS,

COTTONS,

BLANKETS.

Will be found

GREAT BARGAINS!

With a liberal discount for Cash.

BUFFALO ROBES!

CHEAP.

In the MILLINERY what you would have to pay \$7 for the will sell for \$5, as proved by many who buy there.

BONNETS, MANTLES,

CAPES, &c.

All orders in this line punctually attended to, and got up in the Newest Style.

Highest Price for Produce

Also the highest price in Cash for

WHEAT, PORK & BARLEY,

Give us a Fair Trial and we are sure of the result.

and oblige

R. BOYD & BROTHER.
Aurora, December 7, 1860. 106-3m

Notice is Hereby Given

THAT the Annual Meeting of the Directors and Stockholders of the Vaughan and King Street Road Company, will take place at Mr. JOHN WOOD'S TAVERN, at TWELVE o'clock noon precisely, on SATURDAY, the 22nd day of December, 1860, to make up all Accounts and to appoint Directors and Officers for the ensuing year.

BENJAMIN HURD,
Sec'y & Treas.
Vaughan, December 7, 1860. 106-3

WORMS.

USE MCKENZIE'S
USE MCKENZIE'S
USE MCKENZIE'S
USE MCKENZIE'S
USE MCKENZIE'S

DEAD SHOT
DEAD SHOT
DEAD SHOT
DEAD SHOT
DEAD SHOT

WORM CANDY,
WORM CANDY,
WORM CANDY,
WORM CANDY,
WORM CANDY,

FOR CHILDREN.
FOR CHILDREN.
FOR CHILDREN.
FOR CHILDREN.
FOR CHILDREN.

The most pleasant, safest and effectual Worm Medicine extant, "and the cheapest," only 15 cents per package; 50 cents for four packages. Sold by every dealer in medicine TRY IT ONCE.

Genuine, has the signature of
H. E. MCKENZIE, M.D.,
Glasgow.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.
CARTER, KERRY & Co Montreal, C.E.,
are General Wholesale Agents for the Canadas.

TIMBER FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY OF STANDING TIMBER, Fine and Hardwood, for Sale, on Lot No. 53, 1st concession Vaughan. For particulars apply to the Executors of the late T. D. Campbell, on the premises.

Richmond Hill, Nov. 23, 1860. 105-6

CALEB LUDFORD,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

Opposite Mr. Purkin's Store,
THORNHILL.

Charles C. Keller,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR

in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, in Victoria Buildings, over the Chronicle office, Brock Street, Whitty.

Also a Branch Office in the village of Inverton, Township of Thorah, and County of Ontario.

The Division Courts in Ontario, Richmond Hill, and Markham Village regularly attended.

Whitty, Nov. 22, 1860. 104-1y

A. MAIRS, B. A.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR

in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Main Street, Markham Village,
November 22, 1860. 104-1y

A CARD.

W. C. KEENE, Esq., of the City of Toronto, has opened an office in the Village of Aurora for the transaction of Common Law and Chancery Business, also, Conveyancing executed with correctness and despatch.

Division Courts attended.

Wellington St. Aurora, & Queen St. Toronto.
November 20, 1860. 104-1y

What pleasure can exceed?
The smoking of the Weed.

TRY our Pure, Fresh, Good and Fine Flavored

TOBACCO!

At 1s. and 1s. 3d. the best ever offered.

at

WM. S. POLLOCK'S,

(Late G. A. Barnard's),
November 22, 1860. Richmond Hill, 104-1y

THE AMERICAN

Medical & Toilet Receipt Book

THIS Book contains Recipes and Directions for making all the most valuable Medical preparations in use; also, Recipes and full and explicit directions for making all the most popular and useful Cosmetics, Perfumes, Unguents, Hair Restoratives, and all Toilet Articles. If you are suffering with any chronic disease—if you wish a beautiful complexion, a fine head of hair, a smooth face, a clear skin, a luxuriant beard or moustache—or if you wish to know anything and everything in the Medical and Toilet line, you should, by all means, possess a copy of this book. For full particulars, and a sample of the work for personal (free), address the publisher.

T. F. CHAPMAN,
No. 831 Broadway, New York.

Letters

Remitting in RICHMOND HILL Post Office NOVEMBER 1, 1860.

Brillinger, George
Boud, Joseph 2
Bond, Mr.
Basingwail, Wm.
Clark, Henry
Coster, Mrs. J.
Coupland, Wm.
Duncan, Wm. 3
Freck, James
Foggin, Miss E.
Hast, John
Grant, George
Gaby, Joseph
Hewson, Robert
Hudson, Edward
Langstaff, James
Levingston, John
Lawrence, James M.
Metcalfe, Robert
McKay, John J.
McLennan, James

McNair, Mr.
Nichols, Richard
O'Brien, E. Ann
Pogue, Wm. 2
Priest, Miss Mary
Robinson, Wm. 2
Ritchie, Elizabeth A.
Ross, Mark
Scott, Henry
Shepherd, Miss A. C.
Shields, John
Stockdale, Thomas
Stephenson, Samuel 2
Steuers, Francis
Stickwood, John
Trench, Miss B.
Turner, George
Turner, Caroline
Thompson, Stephen
Wilson, Thomas
Wright, Anna 6
Witherford, Mrs.

A Novelty in the Art World!

PHOTOGRAPHY UPON PORCELAIN!

Secured by letters patent in the United States, England, France, and Belgium.

THE AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHIC PORCELAIN CO.,
No. 781 Broadway, New York,

having secured their novel and ingenious invention by American and European patents, are fully prepared to execute all orders for

Miniature Likenesses of Persons on China,

presenting all the attractive and advantageous features of ordinary photography, the brilliancy and finish of a water color drawing, and a hitherto unattained quality of durability, by being rendered as imperishable as the natural properties of the articles upon which they are transferred.

In order to furnish facilities for the gratification of the popular taste, and to meet the wants of those patrons of the Fine Arts desirous of having Portraits on Porcelain, the Company have imported from Europe a collection of superior porcelain, good material, and of their own order, which they sell at cost prices.

As the American Company are owners of the patent right, and consequently the only persons authorized to use the process, they have determined, in order

To afford People in every section of the Union

an opportunity to possess

Portraits on China,

to make the following proposition to

RESIDENTS IN THE COUNTRY, WHO ARE DESIRE TO VISIT PERSONALLY THE ARTIST AND BE

EXAMINE IN NEW YORK.

Persons sending a photograph, ambrotype, or daguerotype to the office of the Company in New York, accompanied by

FIVE DOLLARS!

A RECENT ORNAMENTED BREAKFAST CUP AND SAUCER, WITH THE PORTRAIT TRANSFERRED THEREON.

By transmitting a daguerotype and TEN DOLLARS! they will secure in like manner, a BARBICANE FRENCH TANK OR TOILET ARTICLE, with the portrait reproduced by the patented process.

By sending a pair of daguerotypes and FIFTEEN DOLLARS! they will receive in return

A PAIR OF RICH MEXER VASES, with the portraits executed equal to miniature paintings; and, in like manner, portraits can be reproduced on porcelain wares or

YAKES OF EVERY QUALITY OF FINISH, ranging in price from

TWENTY TO ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS THE PAIR.

N.B.—Be particular in writing the address, town, county and State, distinctly.

All letters to be addressed to

"MANAGERS, AMERICAN PHOTOGRAPHIC PORCELAIN CO., 781 BROADWAY NEW YORK."

New York, Oct. 9, 1860. 98-3m.

Land & Saw Mill For Sale

100 Acres of prime land—30 acres cleared composed of the West half of Lot No. 7, in the 2nd Con. of Uxbridge, County Ontario; together with an excellent Saw Mill, and two good Dwelling Houses, with out-offices thereon.

Also 7 acres adjoining, composed of the front part of Lot No. 6, in the 2nd Con. of Uxbridge.

The above property is healthfully and delightfully situated in a pleasant locality, and in one of the oldest and best settled townships in the County of Ontario. It is within 25 miles of the village of Stouffville, about 10 miles from Uxbridge Village, and 20 miles from the Town of Whitty, the capital of the County of Ontario.

The property will be sold very cheap for Cash. Title indisputable.

JOSEPH KEENE, Esq.,
Richmond Hill.
Or to FRANCIS KELLER,
Whitty, 55 St.

September 20, 1860

FOR NEW, GOOD, AND CHEAP HARNESS!

Of every description and variety of Mountings go to

W. H. MYERS'

Premium Harness Establishment, Richmond Hill.

HE has always on hand the Largest and Best Assortment of GOODS that is ever kept in any Country Shop, and at a much less price than it is possible for to get them in Toronto; and he is always ready to MAKE TO ORDER, on the shortest notice,

SINGLE AND DOUBLE HARNESS.

Saddles, Bridles, &c. of every description.

ALL COLLARS ARRANGED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

Cash for HIDES and SKINS.

PATTERSONS' PLOUGHS and SHARES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Work Warranted.

Call, Examine and See for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Richmond Hill, June 19, 1860. 62-1y

NEW GOODS!

J. K. FALCONBRIDGE

IS JUST OPENING OUT AN

IMMENSE STOCK!

of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, &c.

ENTERTAINING the opinion that a very large trade will be done during the Autumn and winter, he has made ample provision for supplying his customers Goods of every description will be sold at a

MODERATE ADVANCE ON COST PRICES!

A Choice supply of MOURNING GOODS!

P.S. All parties whose Notes and Accounts are now due, are respectfully requested to make provisions for them.

J. K. F.
Richmond Hill, September 15, 1860. 95-1

SELLING OFF!

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE, LIQUORS, &c.

THE undersigned, having nearly completed twenty years in business, has made up his mind

TO RETIRE!

But before doing so he would return his thanks to the public for the liberal support they have favored him with during that long period of time. One word more he would add, which will be to the interest of the public, that, in addition to his present Stock, he has made large purchases of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

From the very best Markets, which will arrive between now and the 10th of September,—at that time he will commence to

SELL HIS STOCK OFF!

AT

COST PRICE!

And continue to do so until the whole is Sold,

For Cash, or Produce in exchange only

No Credit will be given after the 10th September.

P. CROSBY.
Richmond Hill, August 30, 1860. 92-1y

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

WILL BE SOLD ON THURSDAY, the 6th day of December, 1860, at noon, at the Auction Rooms of Messrs. WAKEFIELD, COTAE & Co., on King Street, Toronto, in pursuance of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage, wherein Edward Barnard Tustin is Mortgagee. One quarter of an acre, more or less, described as Village Lot Number 27, in the Village of Kilmear, (formerly Mount Vernon), by a plan of the said village, executed by John Steughton Dennis, on the premises are a good Frame Dwelling-house, and Saddle's Shop, occupied by said Tustin.

Further Particulars and Conditions can be ascertained of the Auctioneers on the day of Sale, or hereunto to the day of Sale from

READ, LEITH & READ,
Solicitors for Vendor,
Church Street, Toronto.

November 6, 1860.

Thursday the 6th day of December, having been appointed Thanksgiving Day, the above sale is postponed till

TUESDAY, the 11th December,

at same time and place.

Information Wanted.

IF this should meet the eye of JOHN LAWRENCE, who left his father's residence in Vaughan, in May, 1859, he is requested to communicate with his friends. Any party who will recognize by the following description—5 feet 7 inches high, dark brown hair, dark eyes, age about 25—and will give information of his whereabouts to his bereaved parent, will confer a favor. Was seen at Kettleby Mills, Kent, about two weeks ago.

JAMES B. LAWRENCE,
Richmond Hill, P.O. 85-1y

STRAYED

FROM the Premises of the Subscriber, Lot 51, 1st concession Markham, about a week ago,

A Yellow Cow!

Durham Breed, fat, giving milk, and about 4 years old. Whoever will give information as to her whereabouts, or bring her to the Subscriber will be rewarded.

THOMAS DOYLE
Markham, Nov. 20, 1860. 104-1y

Pollock's Column!

WM. S. POLLOCK

BEGS to return his sincere thanks to his numerous Customers for their patronage so liberally awarded to him during the past summer, and acquaints them that he is now receiving his

AUTUMN

STOCK!

Which has been purchased on the most advantageous terms, and will be sold at the

Lowest Remunerating Prices,

AND AT

Cheap as any other House

"Round the diggins."

Good yard wide Prints, fast colors, from..... 5d to 7 1/2 yd.
Black Orleans, a large lot, very cheap, from..... 7 1/2 to 9 3/4 yd.
Wide width Coburgs, all colors, from..... 11d to 2s 6d yd.
Black, White and Scarlet
All wool Flannels from 1s 3d to 2s 6d yd.
With an excellent assortment of Factory Cottons, Striped Shirting, Blue and Brown Denims, Tickings, Long Cloths, Canton Flannels, with a choice lot of Ladies' and Children's Scotch Lamb's Wool Hoses. Cashmere Gloves, Mitts, Gaiters, Mufflers, &c. 1s.

READY-MADE CLOTHING

His assortment will be found

Larger & More Varied,

AND

Lower in Price

Than any in the neighborhood.

Men's Fashionable

Coats, Pants & Vests

(No Machine Make), made by experienced Tailors, in the

NEWEST STYLES.

Mens' Flannel Shirts

In all Colors and Prices.

BATTINETTS,
BROAD and FULL'D CLOTHS,
TWEEDS, DOCKSKINS,
And CASSIMERES,
The Best Assortment OF THE

BEST GOODS!

AT THE

Lowest Prices

EVER OFFERED

ON RICHMOND HILL

Good, Fresh, Fine Flavored

TEAS

AND

COFFEES.

Genuine, Pure Leaf

TOBACCOES!

RICE, SUGAR, CANDLES, &c. &c. with a general assortment of

GROCERIES!

Not to be surpassed

IN QUALITIES,

OR

UNDERSOLD

IN PRICES!

FOR

CALL AND EXAMINE

For yourselves before buying elsewhere.

Wm. S. Pollock

(Late G. A. Barnard's.)
Richmond Hill.
September 26, 1860. 98-2m