

Correspondence.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No Communication of a purely personal character, and having no bearing on the general interests of the community, will be published in this paper. Communications, however, on all interesting subjects will be thankfully received and willingly inserted. To insure attention, Correspondents must send their names and write in a legible hand. Let each communication be as brief as the nature of the subject will allow.

We wish it to be distinctly understood, that we do not hold ourselves responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents through our columns.

MR. SWALES' AGAIN.

To the Editor of the York Herald.

SIR:—Your address to the "two Yorkshiresmen," in one of your late issues, was no answer—being merely an evasive reply. Where is the Province vilified at the expense of truth in Mr Swales' letter? All right thinking and candid readers of the *York Herald*, will give W. S's letter credit for much truth, in spite of your saying and doing. Singular enough were your quotations as specimens of fulsome sayings of wanton men, ("Braying Asses, Dead Sea Apes, Claw me and I'll claw you," and express some self-conceit by so doing, and you term it good company; preposterous logic—to make an argument for being rude because others have been so before you. The frothy and self-conceited are those you have heard abuse England. We, none of us, are strangers to the loquacity of those wonder-doing folks who tell of their landing with their solitary *York shilling*—in all probability not much richer after years of toil. Great silence is observed about the unsuccessful, who brought their hundreds of pounds. Would that all was gold that glittered in Canada. The honest newspapers of Canada have inserted paragraphs of late, cautioning residents not to allure their friends to join them in the present dull prospects. Emigrants thus enticed, paint to their own friends eyes a rich prospective view of land, wealth, and every other comfort. On arrival they are woefully disappointed. Home sickness now intrudes to heighten their woes; they return home to find their concentrated little wealth nearly gone; their situation is occupied by another; and sufficed by their old friends for taking their first step of folly,—their manly pride is now broken [they start again to revisit America to become an unsettled settler.

Your remarks about Hull are still incorrect. Does not poverty and crime abound in America? We have a criminal law and a Penitentiary in Canada, and I trust ere long we shall have a Poor Law and Union House, for the aged and infirm. Your leveller's slur at wealth is naughty,—oh, don't! Money is so useful!! Your quotations from Burns is nowise creditable. Burns did not act that was worth imitating,—being wholly an immoral barroom Poet whose songs have done more injury to the morals of Scotland, the last 50 years, than an army of temperance lecturers will be able to counteract in a century. What a blessing, to Scotland especially, it would have been if the Poet and his writing's had sunk to the grave together, 't is to be hoped that "Willie's peck of malt deer," was superior to our Canadian wash. As to your self-willed, fanciful privilege of choice of weapons. This, I say, no public writer has a right to use indecorous language, which is as dangerous to the well-being of the public, as the wanton perades the in streets of a city, of a madman, or drunken fool armed with a two-edged sword or revolver.

In taking leave of Mr. Swales' letter, and his rude, though inconsiderable, foes—who condemn his letter as culpable carelessness—who lose sight of interest and duty, which should always be united in promoting the welfare of others. It must be allowed that no small degree of penetration is necessary to be able to keep this in view. Had Editors more discretion with dictates of wisdom and a foresight through the eye of reason, many injuries and displeasures would be unknown, and more confidence would be diffused over the intelligent reader,—and they would travel more smoothly through every stage of their public existence and be strangers to the rude knocks of those whom they have spurred by their imprudence and indiscretion.

Truly yours,

YORKSHIRE.

Richmond Hill, Sept. 7, 1859.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING.
—On Thursday last a young man, named David Buckenshaw, belonging to the steamship *Indian*, whilst engaged painting the bow of the vessel, fell from his stage into the water. Captain W. Smith of the *Indian*, who happened to witness the accident, instantly jumped overboard to his rescue, when the boy seized the Captain and rendered him powerless for a few moments, and caused both their lives to be placed in great danger. Several persons who witnessed the accident, at great personal risk, rescued them from their perilous situation.—*Montreal Gazette.*

BALLOON ASCENSION.

Professor Steiner made his second ascension yesterday, from the enclosed ground near the Revere House. He was accompanied on his aerial voyage by the redoubtable Captain Moodie, whose nerve served him well on the occasion, notwithstanding the very fearful forebodings of many persons on the ground. It was not until five minutes after three that the balloon had received its full complement of gas—about 19,000 cubic feet—and then the wicker basket or car being fastened on, and Professor Steiner and the Captain having taken their seats, the rope was let go, and the balloon soared majestically into the air. Hearty cheers rose from the spectators as it left the ground, and those were responded to by the Professor and the Captain, the former of whom waved in the air "Stars and Stripes," and the latter the "Union Jack." There was a light breeze blowing at the time from the south west, which, as the balloon left the ground, carried it right to the rear of the Revere House. After passing the hotel it ascended steadily though not rapidly until it attained an altitude, so far as we could judge, of between four and six thousand feet. Here it was caught by a current from the North-west, which caused it to speedily change its course, driving it at a slow rate towards the Lake. When within about 200 yards of the earth the voyagers threw out their grappling-iron, hoping that it might catch in some of the old trees which were lying about in that quarter. But in this they were disappointed. The grappling-iron did not catch, but the balloon being then in the low current was carried towards shore at a rate which caused a pleasant feeling among the spectators. By this time, and from its frequent ascensions and descensions, the balloon had been carried about five miles East of its strange-place. When within about half-a-mile of the land, and when it was out of the sight of nearly all those in the city who had not succeeded in obtaining very elevated positions, it sunk so low as to touch the water once or twice. It rose, rapidly, however, each time, but from the quantity of gas which had been let off swayed from side to side a good deal. Making a last dip of this sort when within about 300 yards of the land, it rose to a height which was sufficient to admit of its being blown safely over the pines. Throwing out the grappling-iron again the aeronaut succeeded in catching in the trees and holding fast. The descent was made on the farm of Mr. Patterson, about five miles from town. A pedlar named Robert Wilson, of Markham Village, who was passing on the Kingston road at the time the balloon lighted, made his way with his horse and wagon to the place, and taking on board the whole traps, Professor, Captain, balloon and all drove into town and through King street amidst the acclamation of the populace. The ascension was also very interesting, and occupied three-quarters of an hour. The gas on this occasion, was, we understand, supplied by the city at the almost unanimous desire of the members of the Council.

THE GREAT EASTERN.

The following relates to the offer of Mr. Lever to charter the Great Eastern for £50,000 for a trip to America and back: No. 11 King William street, Wednesday, Aug. 16.

SIR:—Referring to the paragraph in your City Article of this date, wherein it is stated that a proposal has been made by Mr. Lever, M. P., to charter the Great Eastern, I am desired to inform you that the Directors have declined the offer.

I am further desired to observe that the ship is not open for charter at present, the views of the Directors in reference to her having undergone no change since she became the property of this Company, as will be seen from the announcement in your advertising columns, fixing destination and date of departure.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
J. H. YATES, Secretary.

The greatest difficulty anticipated in the first course of the Great Eastern is at the bend in the Thame's a little below her present berth, just before entering Blackwall Reach. At this point, the deep channel is barely wide enough to give her room to make the turn.

A WOULD BE ROPE WALKER.—The rope walking mania is extending at a wonderful rate. Aspiring geniuses are springing up in all directions. We learn from the *Rochester Democrat* that one day last week quite a number of persons assembled at Charlotte to see "Monsieur De Motte" cross the river on a rope stretched from Holden's Elevator to the warehouse opposite. At the appointed time the performer made his appearance and started out, pole in hand. He was dressed in white tights, and wore on his head a hat decorated with ribbons. After proceeding tremblingly along to a point about thirty feet from the shore, he lost his balance and fell sprawling into the water beneath, losing hold of his balance pole, which stuck upright in the muddy bottom. De Motte rose to the surface, and was picked up by some of the boats in attendance. He was brought to shore exceedingly damp and shivering from cold, but not divested of his ambition; for having warmed himself somewhat and pulled on a pair of pantaloons over his tights, and started again, and after many narrow escapes, succeeded in reaching the eastern shore in safety. He afterward returned by the same route, and was greeted with applause as vociferous almost as the shouts of laughter and ridicule which went up, when his misfortune occurred.

FIRE.—We regret to learn that a fire broke out in a barn belonging to Mr. John A. Eakins, on Sunday morning, 28th ultimo, destroying about 150 bushels of new wheat, two lumber wagons, several sleighs, and various other articles. Mr. Eakins' loss is considered about \$1,000. No insurance. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.—*St. Thomas Dispatch.*

FATAL ACCIDENT.—It is our painful duty to record a most melancholy accident, which took place on Friday last, resulting in the death of the only son of Mr. John Terry, of East Gwillimbury, aged about 15 years. It appears that the father and son were drawing in grain, and on arriving near the barn, some of the sheaves fell from the load on the backs of the horses; thereupon the animals became unmanageable by the unfortunate lad, who was thrown from the wagon under its wheels, two of which passed over his body immediately below his ribs.—*Newmarket Era.*

TORONTO MARKETS.

THURSDAY, Sept. 8.

Fall Wheat, prime, per bush	\$0 95 a 1 00
Spring Wheat, " "	0 80 a 1 00
Family Flour, " "	5 00 a 5 25
Superfine do " "	4 75 a 5 00
Fancy do " "	5 25 a 0 00
Extra do " "	5 25 a 6 00
Barley, " "	60 a 0 68
Rye, nominal " "	0 65 a 0 70
Oats, " "	0 35 a 0 40
Peas, " "	0 50 a 0 60
Pork, " "	6 00 a 7 00
Lard, per ton	14 00 a 22 00
Straw, " "	11 00
Potatoes, " "	0 25 a 0 40
Apples, per barrel	1 50 a 1 75
Beef, " "	4 00 a 5 00
Sheep, each	2 50 a 4 00
Calves, each	1 25 a 1 75
Chickens, each	0 50 a 0 60
Wool, per lb.	0 26 a 0 28
Sheep skins, each	0 75 a 0 80
Beef hides, per 100 lbs.	6 00 a 6 50
Calf skins, per lb.	0 10 a 0 12
Butter, fresh, per lb.	0 15 a 0 18
" tub, No. 1 & 2 per lb.	0 12 a 0 16
Eggs, per dozen	0 09 a 0 12
Wood, per cord, delivered	4 00 a 4 25
" per load	3 50 a 3 75

New Advertisements.

Steam Engine for Sale!

To be sold by Private Contract, a good Steam Engine and Boiler of about Five Horse Power, for the small sum of \$320. Terms of payment to be agreed upon at the time of purchase. For particulars apply to,
JOHN GRIST,
Sept. 9, 41-3
Thornhill.

Letters

Remaining in RICHMOND HILL Post Office SEPTEMBER 1st, 1859.

Armstrong, Sarah
Brazill, John
Brigwood, Charles
Bannerman, John
Brillinger, John
Crosby, Miss Eliza
Coleburn, H.
Cook, Sylvester
Coulpland, William
Dove, George
Durrant, Charles
Davidson, Benjamin
Fowles, Edwin
Freek, James
Foggin, Jno. Mrs.
Gunnah, John
Gunnah, Elizabeth
Hart, John
Hisson, Robt.
Hollinshead, Mary
Hauuo, Jesse
Innes, William

Bugg, E in care of N. Kirby
Lungsstaff, John [2]
Lang-staff, Dr. [2]
Lawrence James,
Moore, Robert
Malcomb, John
McKinnon, Margaret
MacMahon, Patrick
Nigh, Frederick
Phillips, B.
Payne, P.
Plyator, James
Ritene, William
Richmond, O. S.
Riley, John
Stockill, Robert
Stuart, D.
Sheppard, Charles
Wright, Amos
Webster, Beckham
Williams, Jacob

M. TEEFY, P. M.

PHONOGRAPHY, OR, WRITING BY SOUND.

PHONOGRAPHY was invented by ISAAC PITMAN, of Bath, England, in the year 1837. It is the most simple, most natural, most rapid, and most easily learned system of Writing which has ever been, or ever can be invented.

During the past fifteen years, hundreds of thousands of persons, in England and America, in both public and private life, have learned to write Phonography; and thousands of social and business letters annually pass through the post office.

Not in its great popularity to be wondered at. The present system of writing is exceedingly cumbersome, and totally unworthy these days of progress and invention. Phonography is equally as legible, can be learned in one-twentieth the time, and can be written six times as fast! In other words, the labor of six days can be performed in one day, and the work of six! So simple is the system, too, that a person may learn to write it slowly, in a couple of hours. An hour's daily practice for a few weeks will enable any person to write Phonography with certainty, and with some degree of freedom. This we are anxious of practice continued for six months will enable a person to take reports of speeches, lectures, sermons, or conversation, and to read them with accuracy.

Dr. J. W. Stone, of Boston, says: "I deem Phonography an invaluable adjunct to education, and one which, when acquired in youth, would not be parted with in manhood for thousands of dollars."

The late Hon. THOS. H. BENTON, upon being presented with a verbatim report of one of his masterly speeches, taken by a little boy only twelve years of age, said: "Had this report been known 40 years ago it would have saved me 20 years' hard labor." The learned senator spoke but a portion of the truth. What long-hand requires six years to accomplish, Phonography will perform in one.

To Clergymen, Editors, Physicians, Lawyers, Secretaries, Convalescents, Law and Medical Students, Lecturers, Printers, School Teachers, Merchants, School Boys and Girls, a knowledge of Phonography is of vast utility. In fact there is no profession or calling in which it is not useful, and no young man's education can be considered complete without it.

During the past nine months hundreds of persons in Canada, of every pursuit in life, have acquired the Art, from many of whom the subscriber has received neatly-written phonographic letters, expressive of their delight with the attainment, and the extraordinary ease with which they have acquired it.

For the purpose of aiding in the dissemination of so important a reform in his own country, the subscriber is now prepared to supply all who apply with a Manual or Phonographic Key, and the Phonographic Copy Book, sent by mail to any part of the Province, postage pre-paid, for the small sum of ONE DOLLAR.

Anybody and everybody, who can learn anything, can learn Phonography from the Manual, without other assistance.

Those who wish to be able to put their thoughts to paper at the rate of from 100 to 250 words "per minute," should send for the above-mentioned works at once.

The instruction given by the Manual is as plain as A. B. C., and ten times as easy to understand.

The "CANADIAN PHONETIC MONITOR" is a Monthly Journal, devoted to the advocacy of the Reform. Price 25 cents per annum. Address, (post-paid)
WILLIAM H. ORR,
Oshawa, C. W.

PATTERSONS' IMPLEMENT WORKS

We would inform the public that we are manufacturing a large number of

STUMP EXTRACTORS!

They have been thoroughly tested, both in heavy and light soils, and proved themselves capable of raising the largest Stumps and can be successfully worked by three men unaided by horse or other team. Price, complete—\$68 00.

We also have in hands the patterns of a very

SUPERIOR STRAW CUTTER!

With feed gear so constructed as to cut different lengths, from 4 to 14 inches. Farmers and others are requested to call and examine their MACHINES before purchasing elsewhere. Price, from \$10 00 to \$20 00.

REAPERS AND MOWERS!

In their season, Also,

Wooden, Crooked & Straight Beam Plows!

CIRCULAR WOOD SAWS, ROOT SLICERS,

GANG PLOWS, HORSE HOES, SCUFFLERS, &c.

Constantly on hand.

All IMPLEMENTS manufactured by us are Warranted—\$4

PATTERSON & BROTHER.

Richmond Hill, Sept. 9, 1859.

41-1f

NEW STORE IN NEWMARKET.

JOHN BOND

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Newmarket, Holland Landing, Aurora, Richmond Hill, &c., that he intends opening, on the 15th inst., a splendid assortment of

DRUGS, GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, AND MILLINERY,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, &c. &c.

And a great many Articles too numerous to mention.

Particular attention devoted to the Millinery Department

His SHOW ROOM will be open shortly after with a great variety of

CAPS, BONNETS, MANTLES!

OPERA CLOAKS, &c. &c.

Newmarket, September 2, 1859.

40-6m

J. CHARLES WORTH

IMPORTER OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS!

MILLINERY, &c. &c.

HAS

REMOVED

TO

NO. 31 KING STREET,

EAST OF YONGE STREET,

TORONTO.

August 12, 1859.

9-1y

TO LET,

TWO COMMODIOUS TENEMENTS adapted for Shops, situated in the most central and commanding part of the Village; each containing 6 rooms, good cellar, garages, and other conveniences; well suited for Milliners, Tailors, Tin Smiths, Saddlers, or Shoe Shops. Rent moderate. Apply to

G. A. BARNARD.

Richmond Hill, Jan. 20, 1859.

W. T. ATKINSON, & Co.

IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH DRUGS,

Manufacturers of Chemicals

Patent Medicines & Perfumery.

APOTHECARIES HALL, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

King St. Toronto.

Proprietors of Atkinson's Parisian Tooth Paste.

Also first description of Horne and Cattle Medicines prepared with the best English drugs.

Toronto, August 27, 1859.

40-1y

W. C. ADAMS, D.D.S.

Surgeon Dentist,

88 KING ST. EAST, NORTH SIDE, THIRD DOOR WEST FROM CHURCH ST. TORONTO.

IS the Proprietor of Oliver's Patent for applying Electricity to prevent pain in extracting teeth; and also of an Apparatus for manufacturing Vulcanite Rubber Plates for sets and partial sets of teeth. Teeth mounted on Gold or otherwise, to suit the necessity of the case.

Toronto, August 27, 1859.

40-1y

NOTICE.

£4500 FOR INVESTMENT,

IN first class Mortgages, on Farms and other desirable Properties, for a term of years, at reduced interest.

R. N. GOOCH,

MONEY BROKER, &c.

[REAR OF THE EXCHANGE]

TORONTO,

July 29, 1859

35-4



LOYAL ORANGE LODGE,

No. 644,

MEETS at WM. DUROSE'S HOTEL

Victoria Square, on the last Friday evening in each month.

OFFICERS ELECT:

THOMAS SNOWDEN, Master.

JAMES NEAL, Deputy.

JOHN GAULLEY, Treasurer.

JOHN BUTTON, Secretary.

Victoria Square, May 7, 1859.

45-1

Richmond Victoria,

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE, No. 778,

meets at Brother Robert Wiseman's,

Masonic Hall, the first Friday evening after the Full Moon in each month.

OFFICERS ELECT—Colonel D. Bridgford,

Master, R. Wiseman, Deputy Master; John

Munholland, Secretary; W. Pogue, Treasurer.

January 21, 1859.

133

House and Lot For Sale.

THAT HOUSE AND LOT situated on the road leading to Mt. Ararat's mill, on the 1st concession of Vaughan, within a few rods of Yonge Street, with a good rough cast house, stable, shed, garden, and a fine orchard.

For particulars apply to

S. C. LAWRENCE.

On the Premises.

Yonge Street, April 21, 1859.

21-2m

LOST,

ON or about the 20th of June last, A GOLD CHAIN, between Dr. Duncumb's and the 3rd concession of Markham. Any person who has found the same and leaving it at this office, will be suitably rewarded.

Richmond Hill, July 29, 1859.

35-4

CHAIRS, CHAIRS, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, BEDSTEADS, &c.

RICHMOND HILL

CHEAP FURNITURE WAREHOUSES.

The Subscriber has now on hand a most

COMPLETE & EXTENSIVE STOCK OF FURNITURE

Which he is determined to Sell at Prices that will defy competition.

THE GOODS!

manufactured at this Establishment have now been tried for the last fourteen years, and the best proof that he has given entire satisfaction, that all who have once purchased at his place invariably come again.

GEORGE BONE.

35-6m

Richmond Hill, July 29, 1859.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Two Doors North of G. A. BARNARD'S Richmond Hill.

TOBIAS DOLMAGE

Would respectfully inform the Public that he is prepared to make to order

BOOTS AND SHOES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

AT THE LOWEST REMUNERATING PRICES.

All Orders executed with Neatness and Despatch.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Richmond Hill, March 18, 1859.

16-4f

BREWERY & CHICORY.

RICHMOND HILL.

LAND AND MILL FOR SALE!

ABOUT FIFTY ACRES OF LAND, including nearly Ten Acres of Superior Timber; also, a WATER MILL and DWELLINGS, suitable for any Factory purpose. Also

THREE DWELLING HOUSES, GARDENS, &c.

The whole of the above Estate is offered for PRIVATE SALE until the 1st of September next. If not then sold, further notice will be given of an Auction Sale.

TERMS EASY.

This Property and situation is invaluable for a BREWERY (an establishment much needed in this locality), or to a grower and manufacturer of CHICORY, which will, ere long, supersede the wretched coffee of the Province.

For further particulars apply to J. DUNCUMB, Esq. M.D. JOHN LANGSTAFF, Junr. Esq., Richmond Hill, or to Messrs. J. & W. BOYD, Attorneys, Toronto.

Richmond Hill, July 20, 1859.

34-1f

NOVELTY WAGGON WORKS

MARKHAM VILLAGE.

The Subscribers beg to call attention to the fact that they are making