## CON. CON. O.K.D. BY THE HOUSE

This Action Puts the Question of Convention Up to Vote of the People.

#### VOTE REGISTERED 111 TO 30

Four Hours of Pyrotechnic Oratory Preceded the Roll Call-Battle Was Most Interesting and the Galleries Packed.

Springfield.—The house of representatives passed the constitutional convention resolution providing for a referendum in 1918, on the question of a redraft of the Illinois basic law. The vote was 111 to 30. The bill already has passed the senate.

Four hours of pyrotechnic oratory preceded the vote.

The battle over the resolution was the most interesting of the session. The tension in the air, the packed galleries and the beginning of the debate indicated that the proposition was expected to develop a memorable discussion, and those in the galleries were

not disappointed. Frederick R. DeYoung of Chicago, chairman of the judiciary committee, led the debate by making an eloquent plea for the resolution. He declared that the American people always can be depended upon to govern them-"Does anyone in this chamber fear that the people of this year of 1917 have not the intelligence to decide this question?" he demanded. He was followed by D. D. Donahue

of Bloomington.

Says People Don't Want It. "The people of my district don't want a constitutional convention, no matter what party they belong to," said Donahue. "The Democrats do not want it, the Republicans do not want it, the Prohibitionists do not

want it, the Socialists do not want it." Edward D. Shurtleff of Marengo, who followed Donahue, declared that both parties were pledged to the proposition and that it should be adopted. He insisted, however, that the Republicans could not pass the resolution alone.

"The thing that struck me when I first became a member of the general assembly was that we are practically bound in thongs and bands by our laws," Shurtleff said.

The remarkable growth of Illinois has brought new problems, he declared, and those problems must be met in a new basic law.

Browne Spoke for Resolution.

Ridiculing the short-haired men and the long-haired women, and the newspaper owners who dictate to the members of the general assembly, Lee O'Neil Browne of Ottawa made the principal speech against the resolution. He said he was speaking not as a partisan but as a representative of the people, and to prove it he explained that he had announced on the floor of the last Democratic state convention that he would not abide by the platform adopted there.

Lowden's Second Success.

The constitutional convention resolution is the second important measure in Governor Lowden's legislative ful conclusion, the first being the consolidation bill, which was passed two weeks ago.

Both Parties Favor It.

The 111 representatives who voted for the resolution included 77 Republicans and 34 Democrats. The 30 who voted against it included 25 Democrats and five Republicans. Five Democrats and one Republican were recorded as present but not voting. Two Republicans and two Democrats were absent. Scramble to Get on Right Side.

Tense excitement prevailed during the roll call. Only 99 votes were obtained during the first calling of the roll. On the call of absentees Brinkman, Republican, and Gallagher, Democrat, voted for it, the latter explaining that he was against the resolution, but that he felt in duty bound to stand by his party platform. Howard, a Democrat, then cast the one hundred and second vote.

Ten more votes came in rapid sucresolution had been adopted. Those this functure were Representatives Walsh, Epstein, Charles Curren, Graham, Seif and Jacobson, all but Lynch, Neef, Curren and Rethmeier being plank was inserted. Democrats.

By a margin of two votes Senator more stringent penalties for bootlegstate senate. Wets voted solidly against the bill and were aided by a few drys who objected on the grounds that the punishment is too severe. Set Vote for March 28.

If some of the wets had their way the final vote on the state-wide prohibition referendum bill would be taken before the week is over. In a conference of the leaders on both sides It was virtually agreed that the vote on the bill shall be taken on March 28. The delay was at the request of the drys, and some of the wets are not certain that their consent to grant time to their opponents was a wise

move. The house of representatives killed Representative Thon's eugenics bill after a prolonged playful debate. To Increase Auto License Tax.

It was proposed to increase automobile licenses in the state 50 per cent after January 1, 1920. This will mean the doubling of fees, for the purpose of paying the principal and interest on be submitted to the voters of the state at the general election in 1918. The banquet was attended by the state officials and a large number of members of the general assembly. Gov. Frank O. Lowden declared himself in favor of road improvement, and the same statement was made by other state officials and legislators.

To Revise Election Laws.

Election and primary law revision is one of the next subjects on the legislative calendar. Changes proposed include the fol-

Reduction in the number of elections in order to cut down the rapidly mounting expenses and awaken new interest among the voters.

Saving in Cost. A further saving in present enormous cost of elections in Chicago by providing some form of central regis-

tration. Advancement of state primary date rom September to April.

Nonpartisan municipal and judicial Provision for absent voting.

Nomination of minor state and county offices by the old convention sys tem, thus making possible a shorter primary ballot.

Revision Being Prepared.

A comprehensive revision of the election and primary laws is being prepared by the legislative reference bureau for Senator Buck, chairman of the senate elections committee. This bill, which will be ready for introduction in the near future, reduces the number of elections, changes the primary date and takes some of the minor

offices out from the primary system. The house committee on elections has named subcommittees to consider different classes of bills which already have been introduced.

Registration Changes.

Representative Hamlin, chairman of the full committee, is chairman of the subcommittee on registration changes; Representative Dahlberg, nonpartisan municipal and judicial elections; Representative Perkins, primary law amendments, and Representative Watson, absent voting,

Representative Dahlberg's subcommittee held its first hearing at the Hotel La Salle in Chicago. Members of the city council and representatives of the City club, the Chicago Bar association and other organizations which are interested in nonpartisan municipal and judicial election bills were invited to attend. Governor Urges Action.

Governor Lowden in his inaugural message declared that public interest in elections would be quickened if the number were reduced. He also urged a provision for absent voting.

The governor is understood to favor also the advancement of the date of the biennial state and county primary from September to April. He made his own campaign for the gubernatorial nomination in a September primary and was obliged to plunge into the election campaign immediately thereafter without an opportunity to rest It is understood that he believes. like many other politicians, that the old April date would be more satisfactory. The September primary date, however, has its champions, and it is by no means certain that the change will be

\*Three-Cornered Bottle" Bill Killed. After he had listened to a severe arraignment of his "three-cornered bottle" bill-providing that all poisons must be kept in a container of that sort—delivered by Senator John Dailey of Peoria, Senator Austin of Oak Park, the author, himself asked that the bill be tabled.

"All right," Dailey said, "I'm perfectly willing to let him commit infanticide and kill his own 'baby.' The bill was tabled.

Dailey declared that the bill was a "most vicious piece of legislation." Roll call on the measure was deferred guards and continued to advance. two weeks ago when it was charged that one firm had a corner on the manufacture of three-cornered bottles. Limits Length of Freight Trains.

Representative Mulcahy introduced a bill limiting the length of freight trains to half a mile. This is almost equivalent to a 50-car-limit bill, inasmuch as the number of cars would not equivalent to a 50-car-limit bill, inasone of the most bitterly fought measures in the last assembly but was

eventually killed. Highway Body Approves Plans.

Convict labor on state roads, the acceptance of the proposed federal aid of \$60,000,000 and a plan to place the entire expense of the state bond issue, were plans approved by the Illinois State Highway association, at a meeting held at Springfield. Practically every county in the state was represented at the meeting, which ended with a banquet at which Gov. Frank O. Lowden and other state officials were the speakers, President William G. Evans of Chicago presided at the harcession when it was realized that the monious session, which was called for the purpose of boosting the "Danville who got aboard the band wagon at program" and urging the members of the general assembly to support the Hruby, Lynch, Neef, Rethmeter, proposed bond issue. The three planks in the Danville plan were approved, and in addition, the convict labor

Women of Illinois are strongly behind the movement to cover Illinois Sam W. Latham's bill providing for with a network of the best roads in the nation. Mrs. W. S. Dillon of Dangers failed of passage in the Illinois ville, representing the State Federation of Women's clubs, was here to give the Illinois Highway association in session personal assurance of support from the women's clubs.

Permits Paroled to Leave State.

Senator H. C. Kessinger's parole bill, providing that paroled prisoners may leave the state with the consent of penitentiary wardens, was passed. Senator Barr's bill, providing for the

sale of six acres of land adjacent to Joliet penitentiary, owned by the state, to the Illinois Steel company for \$1,500 an acre, was passed 40 to 0.

Senator Barr's bill regulating the practice of chiropody and compelling chiropodists to secure a license from the department of registration and education passed 37 to 2. Passes for Legislators.

Passes for members of the general assembly and state officers are provided for in a bill which has been introduced in the house by Representative F. D. Murphy of Chicago. It rethe \$60,000,000 bond issue, which is to quires the railroads of the state to provide free transportation to all members of the assembly, all state officers, all members of the state board of equalization and all the judges of courts of record.

> This is the second attempt made by the legislature to secure railroad passes since the passage of the utilities measure several years ago

BAPAUME, NESLE, CHAULNES AND PERONNE AMONG THE VIL LAGES CAPTURED.

#### BERLIN ADMITS BIG RETREAT

English Troops Enter Foe's Positions to Depth of Ten Miles on Frent of About Forty-Five Miles-French Continue Drive.

London, March 20.—British troops, continuing their rapid advance on the heels of the retiring Germans, have occupied the important towns of Nesle, Chaulnes and Peronne, says an official report issued here.

Along a front of about 45 miles they have entered the German positions to a depth of ten miles in places, In addition the British have taken more than 60 villages.

Berlin officially admitted the loss of the above strongholds, as well as Bapaume and Rove.

The Germans are still retreating and fighting rear-guard engagements. While the allies are sweeping forward in pursuit of the Germans a gigantic battle of warplanes is in progress for air mastery on the Franco-Belgian front. German aviators have shot down 22 allied planes, while the French claim the destruction of nine hostile machines.

The capture of Peronne by British troops is announced in a Reuter dispatch from British headquarters in France.

"The German retreat has been continuous throughout the night, and the area covered by it has spread very widely," says the dispatch. 'News has just been received of our troops enterng Peronne.

"Favored by fine weather and drying ground, our columns everywhere are pressing the retiring enemy.

"The scenes of activity behind the enemy lines eclipse even the busiest days of the Somme offensive. "The spirit of the troops is one of

demonstrative enthusiasm." [Peronne was one of the strongholds the Germans on the Franco-Belgian front. It is a town of about 4.000 on the Somme, and is of strategical importance on account of its railway and high road connections. It was invested on three sides and the railways of the Germans to the north and south made the abandonment of this town inevitable. From Arras to the Oise, where Berlin reports the withdrawal is being made, is about 50 miles. The capture of Bapaume and Roye was announced on Saturday. Noyon is a town of about 6.000. 67 miles northeast of Paris.]

Berlin, March 20,-Systematic retirement of the German troops between Arras and the Oise on the French front is announced by the war office. Peronne, Noyon, Bapaume, Roye and several other towns have been abandoned by the Germans.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg has gone to great headquarters to make a report on the situation to Emperor William.

Paris, March 20.-The withdrawal of the Germans is still proceeding rapidly over a wide section of the French front. The official announcement says the French defeated the German rear-

They have occupied all the ground between the old lines Noyon road, from Damery as far as the Lagny Height, and are continuing pursuit of the Germans north of the Novon road.

#### TARIFF BOARD IS NAMED

President Wilson Selects Members of Commission-Prof. Frank W. Taussig Heads Body.

Wilson has elected the following men as members of the tariff commis-Prof. Frank W. Taussig of Harvard

university. Former Representative David J.

Lewis of Cumberland, Md. William Former Representative Kent of Kentfield, Cal.

Daniel C. Roper of McCall, S. C. E. P. Costigan of Denver, Colo. W. S. Culbertson of Emporia, Kan.

#### CREW OF ZEPPELIN KILLED Airship Brought Down in Flames by

French Gunners-Teutons Leap to Death.

Paris, March 20.--A Zeppelin has heen shot down in flames near Complegne on Saturday. All of its crew

The Zeppelin was sighted shortly before dawn and was reached by French antiaircraft guas at a height of more than two miles. The airship caught fire, and the wreckage, with the burned bodies of the crew, fell outside Complegne.

#### Refuses Embargo Plea.

Washington, March 19.—The United States government refuses to place any embargo on supplies or munitions to the allies, says a note to General Carranza sent by the state department on Friday.

Plan Largest Divinity School. Chicago, March 19.—Dean Shaller Mathews of the University of Chicago announced that the institution plans the organization of the largest divinity school in the world. The buildings alone will cost \$5,000,000.

Dr. Grayson Is Confirmed. Washington, March 17 .- Dr. Cary T. Grayson, President Wilson's friend and naval aid, was confirmed by the senate as medical director and rear admiral in the navy after a long fight against him by Republican senators.

Stop Seizures in Belgium. London, March 17.—The German emperor has ordered compulsory deportations from Belgium discontinued for the present, according to a Berlin diseatch to Reuter's by way of Amster-

### NOT AN APRIL FOOL JOKE. EITHER!



#### AMERICAN SHIP SUNK MORE U.S. WARSHIPS

BY GERMAN U-BOAT.

Vessel Is Shelled Without Warning- Craft will Cost the Government Over Submarine Refused to Aid Victims of Bomb.

London, March 16.—The American steamer Algonquin has been destroyed by a German submarine. The crew was saved, J. C. Stephens, the American consul at Plymouth, reported on Wednesday.

The Algonquin was a freighter. It was sent down at six o'clock on the morning of March 12. The submarine refused assistance, the consul's report

Twenty-seven men have been landed. According to later advices from Plymouth, the German submarine opened fire upon the Algonquin from a distance of 4,000 yards, firing about 20 shells.

These were not enough to sink the steamer, so it was boarded by men from the submarine, who placed four bombs and the Algonquin was then blown up. The crew was given plenty of time to leave the vessel.

"It was just after daylight on Monday when we were attacked," said the captain of the Algonquin.

"There was no warning. The sub-

marine started fire at a range of three miles. When about 20 live shells had been fired at the Algonquin, of which four hit the ship forward, the crew decided to take to the boats. "Then the submarine approached, and, with only its periscope showing,

sailed around the steamer several times. Finding that the crew had abandoned the ship, the submarine came to the surface. "Some of the Germans boarded the Algonouin and placed bombs aft.

These were exploded, and within a quarter of an hour the steamer disappeared. "I appealed to the submarine commander for a tow toward land, in view of the roughness of the weather, but

the German gruffly replied: 'I am too busy.' New York, March 16.-The Algonquin sailed from this port on February 20 with a cargo value at \$1;250,-000. The ship itself was appraised at \$450,000. It was commanded by Capt. A. Norberg, a naturalized Norwegian.

#### FOUR DIE WHEN HOME BURNS

Scottish Home for the Aged at Riverside, III., Destroyed-Thirty-Three Hurt.

Chicago, March 20.-Four aged per-Washington, March 16.-President sons were burned to death and thirtythree others were injured in a fire which early Sunday morning destroyed the Scottish Old People's home near Riverside. The loss was placed at \$30,000. The dead: Mrs. Janet Grennock, seventy-three; William McPherson, niety-two; Thomas Louitt, seventy-six; William Robertson, eighty. The fire was discovered at 2:30. With-In fifteen minutes, just as the fire department arrived, the last of the women was taken to safety. Rescue work was slow because of the heavy smoke.

#### 2 INTERNED GERMANS SHOT?

Sailors of Raider Kronprinz Wilhelm Wounded by U. S. Marines at Philadelphia, Says Report.

Philadelphia, Mach 17.—Two sailors of the interned German raider Kronprinz Wilhelm at the Philadelphia navy vard were shot and wounded by United States marines, according to a report, during a fight on the deck of the vessel Thursday night. The story was denied at the navy yard hospital and the commandant's office would not discuss it.

Queen Asks Women Aid War. London, March 20.-Queen Mary attended a big massmeeting held in Albert hall to stimulate woman's services in the war. Austen Chamberlain, secretary of state for India, was one of the principal speakers.

Loyalists Win Santiago Clash. Santiago, Cuba, March 20.—The first skirmish between government forces and rebels since the landing of loyal troops at Santiago was won on Saturday by the soldiers of President Meno-

Serves 30-Second Sentence. Freeport, Ill., March 17 .- After hear ing testimony in the case of George Reitzell, indicted for violation of the Mann act. Judge Landis sentenced him to sit for 30 seconds in a chair and then the judge freed him.

U-Boat Films Algonquin. Plymouth, Eng., March 17.—Pictures of the Algonquin, showing the American flag flying at its stern and painted on both sides, were taken by the German submarine commander before the Stars and Stripes were hauled down.

STEAMER ALGONQUIN BLOWN UP TEN GREAT BATTLESHIPS OR-DERED TO BE BUILT.

> \$100,000,000-Record Order for Nation.

Washington, March 17.—Contracts for what is believed to be the largest single order for fighting craft ever given by any nation were placed by the navy department.

Private builders undertook to turn out four great battle cruisers and six scout cruisers, costing nearly \$112,-000,000 for hulls and machinery alone, and pledged themselves to keep 70 per cent of their working forces on navy construction.

In response to an appeal to their patriotism by Secretary Daniels, the major shipbuilders have agreed to accept 10 per cent net profit on the battle cruisers, whose cost will represent about \$76,000,000 of the total sum involved in the contracts. A fifth battle cruiser will be built at the Philadelphia navy yard.

The builders are besieged with offers of merchant work, and are getting as high as 50 per cent profit on these jobs, with more work in sight than they can do. They have placed their facilities at the disposal of the government, making it unnecessary for the president to consider employing authority to commandeer plants..

Both classes of cruisers ordered are new types to naval architecture, and are designed for a speed of 35 knots an hour.

The scouts were awarded on bids submitted, prices ranging from \$5,-950,000 to \$5,996,000, and stipulated time of delivery from 30 to 32 months. Construction will be hastened to the limit, however, the government footing the bill for additional cost.

The battle cruisers, the fixed limit of cost of which is \$19,000,000 per ship, exclusive of speeding up expense, were placed.

Of the authorized building program there remain to be contracted for three dreadnaughts, 38 submarines, the 15 destroyers, and several auxiliary vessels. Bids will be opened early in April on these craft, and at the same time orders will be placed for more than 100 coast patrol boats.

#### LIVERPOOL BOUND BOAT SUNK

Sabamore, Munitions Laden, Is Tor pedoed-Two Americans. on Board.

Boston, March 17.—Agents of the Warren line announced that they had received indirect word that the British steamer Sagamore, which sailed from Boston February 21 for Liverpool, has been sunk by a submarine. The Sagamore was in command of Capt. P. Cummings and had a crew of 50. It was said that two Americans were aboard. It carried a general cargo including munitions for the British government and was armed astern with a 4.7-inch gun. Vessel and cargo were valued at \$1,500,000.

## ALL N. Y. BOYS MUST TRAIN

Governor Whitman Signs Bill Making Drills for Youths Between 15 and 19 Years of Age Compulsory.

Albany, N. Y., March 17.-Governor Whitman signed the military training bill which extends the law enacted last year so as to compel all boys between sixteen and nineteen years of age to receive military instruction. Last year's law applied only to schoolboys, but the bill signed includes working boys as well.

Munition Plant Closes.

Hammond, Ind., March 20.-The American Steel Foundries at Indiana Harbor closed the ammunition-making plant and laid off 400 men. The plant, which made shells, rand out of orders. Other plants hired the men.

Kin of Menelik Made King.

Cairo, March 20 .- Advices from Addis Abeba, the capital of Abyssinia, say that Raiswaldi Georgis, a cousin of the late King Menelik, has been crowned king of Wallou, Goudar and Bekember. Gives Money to His Slavers.

Douglas, Ariz., March 19.-Felipe Gomez, twenty years old, was executed by a firing squad in Agua Prieta, Mex. after conviction as a Villa spy. Gomez distributed all his money among mempers of the firing squad.

Panama Passes U. S. Bills. ama, March 19.—The legislative ended its session after it everal bills the United States nacted, including one prohibeys in territorial waters and ns of espionage.

# TO PREPARE PAYS FOR 160

UNITED STATES ACTS TO MEET STATE OF WAR-60 U-BOAT CHASERS ASKED.

\$115,000,000 TO BE USED

President Wilson Authorized the Expenditure of Large Sum-Secretary Daniels Declares Sea Forces Are Ready to Aid Merchantmen.

Washington, March 21.-In the na-

tional emergency which has been pre-

cipitated by ruthless German destruction of American ships, President Wilson is making intensive preparations for the defense of the country and its rights. No longer in official circles is there any thought that the German government has any intention of even superficially respecting American life and American property. That gov-ernment has thrown of all pretense

and openly and avowedly is commit-

ting acts of war against the United

States. That these acts are of the

"overt" character which the president

declared this nation would not tolerate

is admitted by the authorities. Because of the national emergency which the president holds now exists these things were done on Monday:

1. The president made a persona visit to the secretary of the navy in the latter's office to discuss the naval measures to be adopted to protect American trade and American ship 2. The president authorized the ex-

penditure of \$115,000,000 in expediting the construction of men-of-war and the purchase of additional torpedoboat destroyers, submarine chasers and other small craft, including airships. 3. The secretary of the navy will immediately place contracts for 250

the New York navy yard to turn out without delay 60 vessels of this type. 4. The president authorized the graduation of the two higher classes of the naval academy, in order to provide the navy with a sufficient number of officers.

submarine chasers and has directed

5. Instructions have been given to expedite the examination of applicants for appointment in reserve corps; and officers of these corps have been directed to purchase their uniforms and be ready for service. 6. A conference took place at the

army war college with reference to co-

operation in connection with and con-

trol of the telephone and telegraph wires, cables and wireless in time of war. 7. Plans are being perfected by the war department under which the land

forces can be promptly increased. 8. The war and navy departments have taken urgent measures to equip the coasts with defense guns and munitions and the fleet with ample supplies. 9. Plans are being devised for the better distribution of naval vessels,

including the commissioning of those in reserve and of the troops. 10. Strategic plans are under consideration for the most effective use of

ships and troops. 11. Arrangements have been made for joint action by the army, navy and marine corns.

12. Consideration was taken of the advisability of replacing American ships destroyed by German vessels interned in American ports. The president has no authority to

declare war or the existence of a state of war. This is the view of Secretary of State Lansing, with whom he had an hour's conference. It frequently has happened in the history of all nations, including that of the United States, that a state of war has existed for some time before the declaration has been made. In the

a state of war exists. "Whatever the navy can do, it will," declared Secretary Daniels. "More than that I would not like to say at this time."

present situation the authorities say

that Germany has committed "acts of

war" and Germany may consider that

#### GERMANS TRY TO ESCAPE

Interned Sailors Held on Board Raiders at Philadelphia Flee-Mounted ed Police Capture Them. Philadelphia, March 21.—A break for

the interned German sailors held on board the commerce raiders Priz Eitel Friedrich and Kron Prinz Wilhelm at the League Island navy yard. Several of the men escaped from the navy yard barriers and scattered over the meadows between the builtup section of South Philadelphia and the

iberty was made on Monday night by

navy yard. A large detail of mounted police and patrolmen was rushed to the scene to aid in rounding up the escaping Germans. A number of Germans were found floundering in large pools of water and were fished out. Mrs. McCombs Divorced. New York, March 21.-It became

known that a divorce has been granted Mrs. William F. McCombs from her husband, formerly chairman of the Democratic national committee. They were married November 7, 1913.

Spends \$30,000,000 a Day. London, March 21.—Replying to a question in the house of commons Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, said the daily average expenditure of the British government would work out at \$30,000,000.

Japs Buy Island Off Canton. Berlin, March 21.—The purchase by Japan from Portugal of the Island of Macao is reported. The Island of Macao is on the west side of the entrance to the Canton river, 70 miles southeast of Canton.

Signs Bill Ending Death Penalty. Jefferson City, Mo., March 21.-Gov ernor Gardner signed the bill abolishing capital punishment 'n Missouri. Life imprisonment will be the maximum penalty for crimes now punishable with death.

# ACRES OF LAND

From the Crop of Wheat on 53 Acres in Western Canada.

This story of paying for your land out of one year's crop is fully authenticated by a great many farmers in

Western Canada.

And now, all that the farmer makes is velvet and you find him going more extensively into stock raising, for all authorities agree that in a short time there will be a demand for live stock. such as even will tax the vast resources of Western Canada. They will go into stock raising because of the adaptability of the country to provide food and fodder without feeding grain if necessary. They will go into stock and improve their places. They will install steam and heating plantsin fact, many are now doing it. They will have automobiles, in fact in many districts there is not a farmer but has one. They will beautify their homes and erect fine barns until the whole country will be as attractive as many of the counties in the best states in the Union. But we started out to tell you of the farmer who paid for 160 acres of land from the crop of wheat off of 53 acres. The Holden district on the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific does not appear to the ordinary observer to be any better than many other districts along that line, and probably isn't. It was in this district that John Larcome, a settler, purchased in 1915 160 acres of raw prairie land. He broke and seeded 53 acres. His crop turned out well, and he sold the greater portion of it for \$2,970. His land cost him \$16.50 per acre, or \$2,640. So that the crop from the 53 acres paid for the land and left a balance of over \$300, which with part of the crop left over would just pay for the cost of operation. This is not really an unusual case, hundreds of other farmers in Alberta and Saskatchewan having been able to do the

same. Sales of land are being reported from many districts in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta at good prices. And values are yet low, but with the flow of any value that will take place after the war, no doubt they will be considerably increased. The homesteads in the Park sections which are to be had actually free are having the attention of a good class of settlers, who want to go into mixed farming.—Advertisement.

One Way Out of It.

She was condemnatory in her manner. "I refuse to take this paper cutter." she declared sternly, cause it is not ivory, and I want to use it as a gift."

The clerk looked at her with the "Idon't-doubt-your-word-madam" expres sion indigenous to clerks. "That's very strange," he said. "The elephant must have had false teeth."

No sick headache, biliousness, bad taste or constination by morning.

Are you keeping your bowels, liver and stomach clean, pure and fresh with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oil or Purgative Waters? Stop having a bowel wash-day. Let

Cascarets thoroughly cleanse and reg-

ulate the stomach, remove the sour

Get a 10-cent box.

and fermenting food and foul gas take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels. A Cascaret to-night will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep-never gripe, sicken or cause any inconvenience, and cost only 10 cents a box from your store.

Millions of men and women take a

Cascaret now and then and never

have Headache, Biliousness, Coate

Tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stom Constipation. Adv.

new one is completed."

Hardly Possible. The following resolution was pass by an Irish corporation: "That a new jail should be built; that this be done out of the materials of the old one, and that the old fail be used until the

By using a new jack with a rockerlike base an automobile can be made to literally lift itself.

Auto Lifts Itself.

THE 3 D'S IN DODD'S Mr. Robert W. Ferguson, Hingham Mass,. writes: I suffered from kidney disorder for years. Had incessant



do.-Adv.

der to keep the kidneys regulated. I have the highest praise for Dodd's. Be sure to get "DODD'S," the name with the three D's for deranged, disordered, diseased kidneys, just as Mr. Ferguson did. No similar named article will

Folding covers, easily put into us have been invented for protecting plants from cold. California is soon to have the

Covers for Plants.

largest walnut packing establis in existence.

Giovanni Libretto, dead in New York, ordered \$10,000 spent on his funeral.