

The McHenry Plaindealer

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CAMORRISTS GUILTY

ITALIANS, AFTER TWO YEARS' TRIAL, ARE SENTENCED FOR MURDER.

DI MARINAS CUTS HIS THROAT

Forms Ranging From Eight to Forty Years Cause Band to Act Like Maniacs in Iron Cage—Soldiers on Guard.

Viterbo, Italy, July 10.—The Camorristi who have been on trial for nearly two years on the charge of having murdered Gennaro Cuocolo and his wife in June, 1906, were Monday adjudged guilty in varying degrees. The verdict declares Corrado Soriano guilty of both murders; Nicolò Morra, Antonio Cerrato and Mariano De Gennaro guilty of the murder of Cuocolo; and Giuseppe Salvi guilty of the murder of Cuocolo's wife. Enrico Alfano, the alleged leader of the Camorristi; Giovanni Rapi, Di Marinas and the others are convicted of being instigators of the crime and members of a criminal organization. The president of the court immediately sentenced the condemned men. Cortino, Morra, Salvi, Morra, Di Gennaro, Alfano, Rapi and Di Marinas were sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment and to ten years' police surveillance each; Di Mattio to ten years and six months' imprisonment and ten years' surveillance; Ascritto to ten years' imprisonment and three years' surveillance; Vitozzi, the priest, seven years' imprisonment and two years' surveillance; the others to five years' imprisonment and three years' surveillance.

When the accused men were placed in the iron cage to hear the verdict, Di Marinas suddenly drew forth a piece of glass and cut his throat. He fell to the floor in a pool of blood and general pandemonium reigned. The other prisoners screamed like wild animals, shouting invectives and imprecations.

Rapi shouted: "This innocent blood is crying for revenge."

Alfano raged and recalled his brother's death, who, he cried, was a "victim of injustice and a man who had suffered the martyrdom of innocence." Vitozzi knelt weeping and praying. All the prisoners acted like maniacs, and the carabinieri had difficulty in forcing their way into the cage to maintain order and carry out the wounded Di Marinas.

The pronouncement of sentence was received with uproarious protests from the condemned men.

CAUSTIC RAP FOR ARCHBALD

House Committee Says Judge Is Unfit and That His Moral Responsibility Is Deadened.

Washington, July 10.—Chairman Henry D. Clayton of the committee on judiciary of the house of representatives presented to the house Monday 13 articles of impeachment against Judge Robert W. Archbald of the United States court of commerce. Mr. Clayton's report was unanimous from his committee. It constitutes the ninth impeachment of a judicial or civil official of the United States since the foundation of the government and is the first since the impeachment trial of Judge Charles Swaine of the northern district of Florida, who was acquitted February 27, 1905.

The conduct of this judge has been exceedingly reprehensible and in marked contrast to the high sense of judicial ethics and probity that generally characterizes the federal judiciary," the committee said in summing up its findings of misbehavior in office against Judge Archbald. His business transactions while a judge on the bench were held to unfit him for further service, and a resolution was presented impeaching him and calling him for trial before the United States senate.

"Our committee is of opinion that Judge Archbald's sense of moral responsibility has become deadened," said the report. "He has prostituted his high office for personal profit. He has attempted by various transactions to commercialize his potentiality as judge. He has shown an overweening desire to make gainful bargains with parties having cases before him or likely to have cases before him. To accomplish this purpose he has not hesitated to use his official power and influence. He has degraded his high office and has destroyed the confidence of the public in his judicial integrity. He has forfeited the condition upon which he holds his commission and should be removed from office by impeachment."

Grand Lodge B. O. P. Elks Met. Portland, Ore., July 10.—The opening session of the 48th annual grand lodge reunion of B. O. P. Elks was held Monday in the Oregon national guard armory with an address by C. C. Bradley, exalted ruler of Portland lodge.

German Empress' Health Bad. London, July 10.—Private letters received Monday confirm the report regarding the precarious state of the empress's health. She has a disquieting affection of the heart and has been ordered to have absolute rest.

Carpenter Heir to \$6,000,000. Joliet, Ill., July 10.—Frank Jackson, a carpenter, who was informed Monday that he had inherited an English estate worth \$6,000,000, has left for England, where he will identify himself and receive the legacy.

Richard Harding Davis Weds. Greenwich, Conn., July 10.—Richard Harding Davis, the author, and Miss Elizabeth McAvoy, known on the stage as Bessie McCoy, were married here Monday by Justice of the Peace William C. Runge.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT



WILSON AND MARSHALL ARE CHOSEN BY THE DEMOCRATS

New Jersey Governor Wins Out in Long Battle in Convention—Chosen on Forty-Sixth Ballot—Indiana Man Is Picked for Vice-President After Second Ballot.

FOR PRESIDENT
WOODROW WILSON OF NEW JERSEY
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
THOMAS R. MARSHALL OF INDIANA

Baltimore, Md., July 3.—Woodrow Wilson, governor of New Jersey, broke the long deadlock in the Democratic convention Tuesday afternoon when a stampede which started earlier in the day culminated in his nomination on the forty-sixth ballot as the candidate of the party for president of the United States.

Gov. Thomas A. Marshall of Indiana was chosen as the candidate for vice-president. After two ballots had been taken his nomination was made unanimous.

Wilson's nomination was made unanimous on motion of Senator Stone of Missouri.

It was the crowning feature of the most memorable convention in the political history of the country.

Platform Is Adopted. The platform as prepared by the committee on resolutions was adopted by a viva voce vote.

Chairman James then announced that nominations for vice-president were in order and directed the roll of the states to be called.

The following names were presented to the convention: Gov. John Burke of North Dakota, Senator George B. Chamberlain of Oregon, Gov. Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, Elmore W. Hurst of Illinois, Martin J. Wade of Iowa, Mayor James H. Preston of Baltimore.

Two ballots were taken. Governor Marshall led in the first and his lead increased to such an extent in the second roll call that before a third ballot could be taken Governor Burke withdrew and the nomination of Governor Marshall was made unanimous.

The first ballot for vice-president resulted: Marshall 889, Preston 58, Chamberlain 157, Hurst 77, Burke 205 2-3, Sulzer 3, Wade 26, Osborne 8, absent 46 1-3.

The second ballot: Marshall 645 1/2, Burke 387 1/2, Chamberlain 12 1/2.

Move Wilson's Way.

Things began to move Wilson's way on the first ballot of the day, the forty-third roll call of the convention, when Illinois swung its 58 votes to the New Jersey man and started the flood that swept the governor on to victory.

Seeing that the long-hoped-for break was coming, the names of other prominent candidates were quickly withdrawn and all obstacles in the path of victory for Wilson were removed. W. B. Bankhead spoke for Underwood. He said that at the request of Mr. Underwood he withdrew his name from further consideration, leaving his delegates free to vote for whom they chose. This statement was greeted by a wild cheer from the Wilson men.

When Senator Bankhead finished Senator Stone of Missouri went to the platform and asked for unanimous consent to be allowed to make a statement.

"Speaking for Speaker Clark," said Senator Stone. "I will release it as release is necessary—any delegation instructed for him. I would not have a single delegation stay with him for a single roll call under any sense of obligation to him."

HOW RYAN GAINED HIS SEAT

Next Trick Turned to Make Trust Magnate Delegate to Democratic Convention.

Here is how Thomas Fortune Ryan got into the Democratic national convention as a delegate from Virginia. The story of how he did it never has been told before.

The fight for delegates in the Tenth district was between the machine and the anti-machine forces, the latter led

"I need not tell this convention or the friends of Champ Clark that he will stand by the nominee of this convention loyally to the end."

Marks End of Fight.

When Senator Stone finished Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston mounted the platform. He withdrew the name of Governor Foss of Massachusetts and announced that the Massachusetts delegation would vote for Wilson.

Uproar greeted this announcement, for the nomination of Wilson had become a practical certainty.

Representative Fitzgerald, who had just finished a conference with Charles F. Murphy, took the stage. This marked the end of the opposition to Wilson as an organized body.

"We want to leave this hall a united Democracy, with victory in November assured."

In conclusion he said: "I move that the roll call be dispensed with and that the convention proceed by acclamation to nominate that distinguished Democrat of New Jersey, Gov. Woodrow Wilson."

Reed Objects to Acclamation. Senator Reed of Missouri interposed objection to New York's request for unanimous consent to make Wilson's nomination by acclamation and the forty-sixth ballot was ordered. State after state fell into line for Wilson, assuring his nomination by an overwhelming majority.

Missouri received a tribute when it cast its thirty-six votes for Clark and went down with its cause. Nevada stood firm with its six for Clark.

New Jersey, Wilson's home state, was heartily hissed when it divided its twenty-eight votes, giving Clark four.

The result of the forty-sixth ballot was: Wilson, 990; Clark, 84. Ohio gave Harmon twelve votes on this ballot.

Anticipation of a sudden finish to the battle of twelve sessions brought the crowd early to the convention hall. Only a scattering of empty seats in the topmost part of the gallery were unoccupied when Chairman Ollie James rapped for order. It was a weary and quiet crowd. Only the hum of conversation disturbed the quiet of the big hall. Even enthusiasm to cheer for the notables as they entered had gone.

A scattering of nervous hand clapping filtered across the hall when Illinois was called. In the center aisles at the front of the delegation stood Roger C. Sullivan, chairman of the delegation. Silence so deep that the immense crowd seemed to have stopped breathing fell over the hall.

He announced that under the unit rule Illinois gave its 58 votes for Wilson.

The applause started again. It was far more feble than the outburst which such a gain to the Wilson ranks would have evoked last week. The weary delegates had lost enthusiasm. A scattering of feeble "ahs" was all that greeted the steady rise of the Wilson vote through the ballot. Iowa followed with a gain of 1 1/2 to the Wilson vote. It fell on a sea of silence.

By Henry St. George Tucker. The machine was for Clark. The forces under Tucker were fighting to elect progressive delegates who would vote for Woodrow Wilson. The machine won. The Flood forces in the district convention claimed a majority of sixteen. The Tucker men admitted that the convention was against them by a majority of at least six.

At this stage of the proceedings it was possible for the Flood men to nominate and elect two Clark delegates. Instead of doing this, to the

Louisiana added two more to the Wilson total.

Stampede Appears Near.

New York received respectful attention. It was the same monotonous "New York casts ninety votes for Clark." The crowd laughed. North Carolina added two to the band wagon passengers. Then came Virginia. It cast its solid twenty-four votes for Wilson. A gain of fourteen and one-half was the result. The crowd broke loose. It seemed the stampede was on. Delegates jumped to their chairs, waving hats, handkerchiefs or whatever came handy. The galleries applauded decorously. In a minute it was all over.

West Virginia, a couple of minutes later, plumped her entire 16 for Wilson. It meant a loss of that many from the Clark column. It was accepted cheerfully. Wisconsin added one, Alaska did as well.

The total was announced: Wilson, 608; Clark, 306; Harmon, 25; Underwood, 97.

Wilson Gains on Next.

Before the applause had died out the forty-fourth ballot had started.

Arizona added one more to the Wilson total. Colorado jumped it nine higher and was rewarded with loud cheers.

Illinois stood solid and before the hand clapping of approbation had died Indiana cast its solid thirty, a gain of two for Wilson. Iowa followed by increasing its vote for him by three and one-half. Louisiana added one more, Maryland added one and one-half for Wilson.

New York again gave its ninety votes to Clark.

Ohio switched one vote from Harmon to Wilson without comment. Pennsylvania went solid with its seventy-six for Wilson, a gain of two more.

Tennessee added one, but nobody noticed it sufficiently to applaud. Utah gave him its entire eight, making a gain of one and one-half votes.

Wisconsin gave its entire twenty-six, a gain of four for Wilson.

When Mississippi was called, the last on the list, the convention held its breath. Twice the clerk shouted for it. The state gave its twenty votes to Underwood, as usual.

The forty-fourth ballot: Wilson, 629; Clark, 306; Harmon, 27; Underwood, 99.

Forty-Fifth Ballot Started.

The forty-fifth ballot started immediately.

Wilson made no gains up to New Mexico, which state was polled, voting four for Wilson and four for Clark, and under the unit rule Clark held its eight votes.

New York stood fast for Clark and lessened the possibility of a nomination on this ballot.

When Ohio was reached Wilson gained two, taking them from Harmon. Tennessee took another from Clark and gave it to Wilson. Alaska added one, giving its entire six to Wilson.

The ballot resulted: Wilson, 633; Clark, 306; Harmon, 25; Underwood, 97.

Wilson's victory seemed assured and the other candidates were withdrawn just as the forty-sixth ballot was being started.

The starting of the Balloting.

The first ballot resulted: Clark, 440 1/2; Wilson, 324; Harmon, 148; Underwood, 117; Marshall, 31; Baldwin, 22; Bryan, 1.

At the session Friday afternoon four ballots were taken, the net result of which showed slight gains for both Clark and Wilson.

Friday night seven ballots were taken. Clark started out with 445. His strength fluctuated during the night, but he wound up with an increase of four votes. His highest vote of the convention was reached on the tenth ballot when he got 556 votes. Wilson started with 354 and

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM IN BRIEF

Reaffirm allegiance to Democratic principles as formulated in Jefferson.

Declares for a tariff for revenue only.

Immediate downward revision, especially upon the necessities of life.

Vigorous enforcement of criminal features of the anti-trust law.

Additional legislation to crush private monopoly.

Income tax and direct election of United States senators.

Prohibition of campaign contributions by corporations.

Publicity of campaign contributions.

Presidential preference primaries.

Single term for president.

Efficient supervision of public service corporations.

Revision of the banking laws.

Legislation to prevent devastation of lower Mississippi valley by floods and for improvement of channel.

Denounces.

Tariff votes of tariff bills.

Republicans for failure to redeem tariff revision promises.

Administration on charge of extravagance.

Aldrich commission's financial bill.

Present method of depositing government funds.

Felicitates present congress on its record.

Recommends investigation of agricultural credit societies in Europe with view of establishing system of rural credits in United States.

that was his figures at closing time.

Eight ballots were taken Saturday afternoon with Clark's strength gradually dwindling and Wilson's gaining.

The six ballots of Saturday evening ended with Clark's vote down to 463 1/2 and Wilson's up to 407 1/2.

Eight ballots were taken Monday afternoon. Wilson's gains increasing steadily, while his chief opponent continued to drop.

Monday night brought the total of ballots up to 42, with the deadlock still tight. The forty-second ballot gave Wilson 494 and Champ Clark 430. The ratio of increase and decrease in each case being gradual.

Full of Excitement.

In the matter of noise-making and tumultuous demonstrations the convention equaled, if it did not actually surpass, any political convention in history.

William Jennings Bryan was the storm center of most of the exciting incidents. The first of these was when he made his bitter fight against the election of Judge Parker as temporary chairman and lost out.

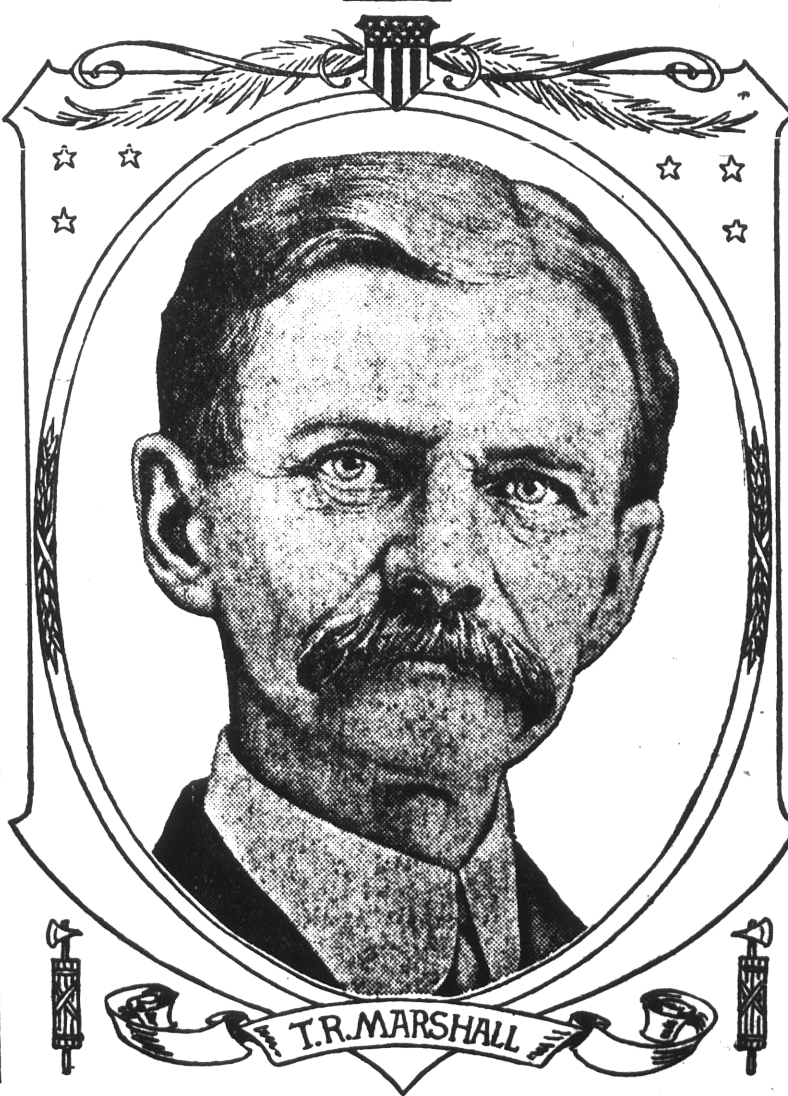
Thursday night Colonel Bryan threw a bomb into the convention and started the biggest uproar that had broken loose up to that time when he introduced a resolution declaring Morgan, Belmont and Ryan enemies of the party, and placing the convention squarely on record against the nomination of any person who was in any way connected with these men or their interests in any way under their influence.

Bryan made a remarkably fervid speech, denouncing the predatory interests and Morgan, Belmont and Ryan in particular.

The resolution was carried by a vote of 899 to 180.

John B. Stanchfield, a New York delegate, got the floor Monday and made a sensational attack on Bryan, whom he denounced as a political marplot who was attempting to deadlock the convention in the hope of getting the nomination himself.

DEMOCRATIC VICE-PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE



The Tucker men named one of their own number, who has voted throughout the Baltimore convention for every progressive proposition and will vote for Wilson. The leaders on the other side, the machine men, announced their selection as "Mr. Ryan."

The convention was not even informed as to whom the "Mr. Ryan" meant. The delegates, as a matter of fact, suspected that they were voting for Thomas B. Ryan, son of the Wall street manipulator.

THIRD PARTY CALL

SENATOR DIXON ISSUES SUMMONS FOR CONVENTION AT CHICAGO AUGUST 5.

40 STATES ARE REPRESENTED

Statement of National Progressive Provisional Committee Is Described as a "Declaration of Independence"—Number of Delegates Reduced.

New York, July 9.—The National Progressive provisional committee, reaffirming "Thou Shalt Not Steal" as one of the cardinal principles of this campaign, issued Sunday the formal call for the convention at which it is planned to name Theodore Roosevelt once again for president.

Chicago is the place and August 5 the date.

"To the people of the United States without regard to past political differences, who through repeated betrayals, realize that today the power of the crooked political bosses and of the privileged classes behind them is so strong in the two old party organizations that no helpful movement in the real interests of our country can come out of either:

"Who believe that the time has come for a national progressive movement—a nation-wide movement—on non-sectional lines, so that the people may be served in sincerity and truth by an organization unfettered by obligation to conflicting interests;

"Who believe in the right and capacity of the people to rule themselves, and effectively to control all the agencies of their government; and who hold that only through social and industrial justice, thus secured, can honest property find permanent protection;

"Who believe that government by the few tends to become, and has in fact become, government by the so-called influences that control the few;

"Who believe that only through the movement proposed can we obtain in the nation and the several states the legislation demanded by the modern industrial evolution; legislation which shall favor honest business and yet control the great agencies of modern business so as to insure their being used in the interest of the whole people; legislation which shall promote prosperity and at the same time secure the better and more equitable diffusion of prosperity; legislation which shall promote the economic well being of the honest farmer, business worker, professional man and business man alike, but which shall at the same time strike in efficient fashion—and not merely pretend to strike—at the roots of privilege in the world of industry no less than in the world of politics;

"Who believe that only this type of wise industrial evolution will avert industrial revolution;

"Who believe that wholesome party government can come only if there is wholesome party management in a spirit of service to the whole country and who hold that the commandment delivered at Sinai, 'Thou Shalt Not Steal' applies to politics as well as to business.

"To all in accord with these views a call is hereby issued by the provisional committee under the resolution of the mass meeting held in Chicago on June 22 last, to send from each state a number of delegates whose votes in the convention shall count for as many votes as the state shall have senators and representatives in congress to meet in convention at Chicago on the 5th day of August, 1912, for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported for the positions of president and vice-president of the United States."

"You will see," said Senator Dixon, who promulgated the call, "that 40 of the 48 states are represented in the call."

Americans Win Big Race. Craig, Meyer and Lippincott Take First Three Places With Belote Fourth—Feat Never Equaled.

Stockholm, July 9.—One, two, three, four was the way the Americans finished Sunday in the first track event of the Olympiad, the 100 meter dash. After the finish three American flags were hoisted at end of stadium, denoting that Americans had won first, second and third places, or a total of six points in the grand summary.

The hero of the second day was Ralph Craig of Detroit and Michigan university, who won the event in 10 4-5 seconds, equalling the Olympic record. A yard behind him came Alvah T. Meyer, separated inches from Donald F. Lippincott, who was a like distance ahead of Belote.

London Live Meat Markets Closed.

London, July 9.—Owing to the spread of the foot and mouth scourge among cattle in Surrey, a grave situation has arisen and the board of agriculture issued an order Monday closing the London live meat markets.

Graham-White and Wife Fly.

London, July 9.—Returning from his honeymoon Claude Graham-White made a flight in his aeroplane at Folkestone Sunday. At the day's close Graham-White flew to London, taking his bride as a passenger.

Find Bubonic Plague in Cuba.

Havana, July 9.—The existence of bubonic plague in Havana has been definitely determined. A special board of physicians on Sunday pronounced a case at Las Animas hospital true bubonic.

Roumania Airman Killed.

Bucharest, Roumania, July 8.—Lieutenant Caranda of the Roumania army, a well-known military aviator, was killed here Friday by a fall from a height of 300 feet while making a flight over the local aerodrome.

Heat in Chicago Kills Seven.

Chicago, July 8.—Seven deaths and 81 prostrations were attributed to the intense wave of heat that swept over Chicago Friday. This is the toll taken by the mercury in its strides toward a new record for the year.

Whenever You Use Your Back



Does a Sharp Pain Hit You? It's a sign of sick kidneys, especially if the kidney action is disordered, too, passages scanty or too frequent or off-color.

Do not neglect any little kidney ail for the slight troubles run into dropsy, gravel, stone or Bright's disease.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills. This good remedy cures bad kidneys.

A TYPICAL CASE—

W. M. Richardson, Warren, Indiana, says: "For years I couldn't work. My feet would swell and my kidneys failed. The Doan's Kidney Pills were a life saver to me. They cured my troubles and my health is now perfect. I have been well since."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box.

Doan's Kidney Pills

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 28-1912.

Some men find it cheaper to stay married than to pay alimony.

When in need of a good laxative give Castoria a trial and be convinced of its merits. It is made entirely from pure herbs.

Explanation.

Lottie—How dare you ask Mrs. Bullion to a one-course luncheon?

Hattie—She won't know it. She's a Fletcherite, and by the time she has finished she'll have to move on to some five o'clock tea.—Harper's Bazar.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Singing and the Lungs.

It is well known that singing, like whistling, is a fine exercise for the lungs, and some doctors advise those who fear consumption to go in for singing for this reason.

At the same time they, of course, do not advance the claim that singing alone will save anyone from cure consumption. Acquire the habit of taking the big deep breath, which is a primary requisite of any kind of singing, bad or good, and the physical joy derived from it will never allow you to relapse into lazy breathing.

And So True, Too.

Father was walking to Sunday-school with little Johnny, and endeavoring to improve the time by teaching Johnny his Golden Text, the words of which were: "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap." Johnny repeated it after his father several times, and seemed to have mastered the correct wording.

As they drew near the Sunday-school the father gave Johnny his last rehearsal. "Now, son," he said, "let's have the Golden Text once more without any help from me:

"This is what he got from Johnny: 'Whatsoever a man sows always rips.'—Harper's Bazar.

TERRIBLE, INDEED.

Hoyle—A woman is said to be as old as she looks.

Mrs. Hoyle—It would be terrible if she were as old as other women think she looks.

GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP.

No Medicine So Beneficial to Brain and Nerves.

Lying awake nights makes it hard to keep awake and do things in day time. To take "tonics and stimulants" under such circumstances is like setting the house on fire to see if you can put it out.

The right kind of food promotes refreshing sleep at night and a wide awake individual during the day.

A lady changed from her old way of eating Grape-Nuts, and says: "For about three years I had been a great sufferer from indigestion. After trying several kinds of medicine, the doctor would ask me to drop off potatoes, then meat, and so on, but in a few days that craving, gnawing feeling would start up, and I would vomit everything I ate and drank."

"When I started on Grape-Nuts, vomiting stopped, and the bloated feeling which was so distressing disappeared entirely."

"My mother was very much bothered with diarrhoea before commencing the Grape-Nuts, because her stomach was so weak she could not digest her food. Since using Grape-Nuts food she is well, and says she don't think she could do without it."

"It is a great brain restorer and nerve builder, for I can sleep as sound and undisturbed after a supper of Grape-Nuts as in the old days when I could not realize what they meant by a 'bad stomach.' There is no medicine so beneficial to nerves and brain as a good night's sleep, such as you can enjoy after eating Grape-Nuts."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous Little Book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.