

## The McHenry Plaindealer

Published by F. G. SCHREINER.

McHENRY, ILLINOIS.

Get ready to swat the fly.

Vassar college is 50 years old, but doesn't look it.

Dead artists are appreciated, while the living are ignored.

Flashhubs are ripe, and you can dig bait while spading the garden.

A baseball team's winning stride will do it no good if it never strikes it.

Farmers should welcome the aeroplane. They won't have to turn out for it.

The strawberry always makes good in the shortcake. It is the national berry.

So if you go to the coronation, you cannot watch the baseball games here at home.

The shrinking violet has plenty of cause to shrink or even to shrivel if it prefers to do that.

A Chicago doctor has found dangerous microbes in the whiskers of cats. Don't kiss your cat.

"Let a woman have the last word," says one of our jurists in advising mere men. Superfluous advice.

Berlin boasts of a talented canine who can talk. His education is probably progressing in dog Latin.

Another kind of optimist is the man who expects to find the garden trowel and rake where he put them last fall.

A Newark (N. J.) attorney is suing for \$500 for his services in reading a bundle of love letters. Cheap at that.

It is estimated that over \$5,000,000 will be spent by Americans at King George's coronation. Why not have it over here?

Wealthy men cannot always do as they please. A judge wouldn't allow Cornelius Vanderbilt to cross his legs in court.

We agree with the police that a burglar who upset a lighted lamp should be tried for criminal carelessness at least.

A friend of E. H. Harriman says it was thinking in bed that killed him. And where else do any of us get a chance to think?

Litigation over a \$17,000 estate in New York cost \$13,000, and now they are wondering how the lawyers overlooked the \$4,000.

A California judge declined to recognize poker as the great American game. It goes on, however, without judicial recognition.

Mme. Rique, the prophetess, says that the breath typifies the spirit. And she might add that clothes don't seem to make much difference.

An Iowa man is out with a demand that all dogs be killed. Perhaps he didn't know of any other way of attracting attention to himself.

An American actress has become the wife of an Egyptian prince, and will have some justification for it if she wishes to wear a harem skirt.

The bed slat, urged for household correction, sounds too much like organized assault. The hair brush remains unequalled for pinch hitting.

An American actress has married an Egyptian prince and she will now be forced by an Egyptian fashion of long standing to wear a harem skirt.

The secretary of the treasury is in favor of discontinuing the coinage of \$2.50 gold pieces. He could do so without causing many people to miss them much.

A Massachusetts scientist is going to attempt to breed stingless bees. If he succeeds, his next boon to humanity ought to be stingless and soundless mosquitoes.

A Chicago man bought a rare old book at the Hoe sale for \$21,000. But there are publications from which he can get much more information at a bargain price of 21 cents.

Prince Henry came down in a hurry when his aeroplane went wrong. Royal personages have no more influence with the laws of gravitation than they have with time and tide.

It is said that the English explorers in Jerusalem have found Solomon's crown, his ring and his sword. His wisdom, unfortunately, is still beyond the reach of modern research.

Manufacturers have decreed that the hobble and the harem skirts must go. And yet it seems hardly possible that their banishment will be followed by an era of common sense fashions.

News that an Italian count has been arrested in New York on a charge of smuggling leads us to believe that foreign noblemen do not depend entirely on American heiresses for a means of livelihood.

A Rhode Island man run over by an automobile climbed into the machine and punched the chauffeur. Next time that chauffeur may be expected to be more careful in seeing that the job is complete.

All men may be liars, as the good book says, but the baseball umpire is a burglar, highwayman, a safe blower and an undesirable citizen besides. His villainy is proclaimed under the world from the ideo of April until the ideo of October.

## TAFT DEFENDS PACT

PRESIDENT SAYS CANADIAN TREATY WILL BE A HELP TO FARMERS.

BELIEVES BILL WILL PASS

Hits Lumber Trust and Paper Manufacturers, and Scores New York Publicity Firm for Arousing Opposition to Reciprocity Measure.

Chicago.—In his speech before the Western Economic society President Taft arraigned the "interests" that are opposing the Canadian reciprocity agreement with Canada, saying that the lumber and paper dealers were struggling to kill the treaty in order to maintain high prices.

In one of the most comprehensive addresses that he has ever made on the subject, the president outlined some of the methods employed by the opponents of reciprocity, practically told the farmers that they were being "bunked" by special interests and said that the fate of the agreement rested not so much with the United States senate as with the people of the country.

If the farmer and the country at large, he said, could be brought to understand that this treaty was in the interests of the majority of the people he would no longer fear the coming vote in the senate.

The president was not sparing in his words. He told the reasons for the opposition to the treaty by the lumber trust and by the paper manufacturers, and, without using names, scored a New York firm, some of whose members recently appeared at the hearings before the senate finance committee in Washington, ostensibly in behalf of the National Grange, objecting to the enactment of the agreement.

He alluded to the monopolistic conditions prevailing in the lumber industry, as revealed by the reports of the commissioner of corporations.

"The control of the country's lumber supply is in comparatively few hands," he said. "And they are so friendly that the chance of a monopoly is neither remote nor impossible."

"I submit that as lumber is essential to all classes, farmer and merchants, as the price has gone far beyond what it ever was in the past, and as our supply is being rapidly exhausted, we ought, when we can, to enlarge the sources from which our people can secure it at reasonable prices."

In spite of protests that are arrayed against it, the president expressed the belief that the agreement would become a law.

"The bill," said he, "will pass, if it passes at all, because of the force of public opinion in its favor."

The president took great pains in his replies to the objections raised in behalf of the farmers, arguing that not only would the treaty not injure the agriculturists of the United States, but that it would be a positive benefit to them in the long run.

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## CASTRO HEADED WEST

BELIEVED HE WILL STIR UP ANOTHER REVOLUTION.

Cuban Government Hears That Exiled President is on Way to Venezuela.

Havana.—The steamer Legaspi, en route for Central American ports, is in the harbor here, and from what is believed to be authoritative information from Spain the Cuban government believes that Cipriano Castro, the exiled president of Venezuela, is on board that vessel.

The Legaspi passed in Morro Castle, but the custom house and health office being closed, it will be impossible to communicate with the vessel.

According to this information, Castro is traveling incognito. It is believed also that he is carefully disguised, but it is unlikely that he can avoid detection by the Cuban officials who will board the Legaspi.

Caracas, Venezuela.—The Venezuelan government is making a diligent search in shipping and other circles to learn the whereabouts of Cipriano Castro, the former president of this republic, who is now in exile. The government claims to have knowledge that Castro is planning a revolution against the administration of President Gomez.

The sudden and complete disappearance of the ex-president from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, and his reported sailing ostensibly for Havana, have created the greatest interest and some amusement here.

WANTS U. S. TO FIX PRICES

Chairman Gary Declares Enforced Publicity and Government Control Alone Can Kill Trusts.

Washington.—Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the directors of the United States Steel corporation, in his testimony before the Stanley steel trust investigation committee of the house of representatives, declared that the Tennessee company took the first steps toward its acquisition by the United States Steel corporation.

He said "it was offered to us many times," and that Lewis Cass Ledyard made the final suggestion. The committee will summon Mr. Ledyard.

Mr. Gary told of saving Grant B. Schley, a member of the Tennessee Coal and Iron syndicate, from financial difficulties in 1907 by a loan of \$1,200,000 par value of United States Steel 2s, \$2,000.00 par value of the Tennessee stock being taken as security.

J. P. Morgan declared widespread financial ruin might follow, Mr. Gary said, unless some one bought the Tennessee company's securities upon which Moore & Scenley had obtained loans.

President Roosevelt was first consulted, for fear of injunction against consolidation and consequent worse financial conditions.

Mr. Gary declared that enforced publicity and governmental control of corporations must come, even as to prices. He believed the Sherman anti-trust law was too archaic to deal with modern situations and never could fully prevent great combinations of capital.

CAUCUS ADOPTS WOOL TAX

Proposed Democratic Revision of Tariff Unanimously Approved—Rates Slashed One-Half.

Washington.—The proposed Democratic revision of the wool tariff—the Underwood bill—was unanimously approved by a full Democratic caucus. Its endorsement followed a me rapid maneuvering by the Democratic house leaders, who devised a scheme which effectually disposed of the opposition of the free wool advocates, backed by the open support of William Jennings Bryan.

Chairman Underwood gave the complete text of the proposed revision of the wool tariff to 200 Democrats who assembled in the party caucus. It proposes a duty of 20 per cent. on raw wool, a reduction of more than 50 per cent from the Payne-Aldrich law, now in force.

ACT ON STEPHENSON CASE

Resolution in Wisconsin Legislature Demands Federal Senate Shall Probe Bribery Charge.

Madison, Wis.—Progressive Republican leaders in Wisconsin are determined to force consideration of a resolution charging Senator Isaac Stephenson with having bought his seat in the United States senate and requesting that body to investigate his election.

In accordance with this determination, the senate judiciary committee recommended for adoption a resolution drafted by Senator Blaine, chairman of the committee, declaring Stephenson guilty of bribery in connection with his election and asking the federal senate to probe the matter.

Weds a Murder Suspect.

Springfield, Mo.—Although held as a suspect in a murder case, Joseph N. Beaman of Corpus Christi, Tex., was married to Miss Blanche Tompkins of Iowa, Kan. Beaman says he can prove he was in Iowa when the murder was committed in Birdstone, Ill.

'Frisco Chief Suspended.

San Francisco.—The board of police commissioners suspended Chief of Police Seymour and appointed G. A. White as acting chief, pending the hearing of charges against Seymour.

Britons Cheer for Taft.

London.—Andrew Carnegie was the guest of honor at a banquet given at the National Liberal club here. The ironmaster's speech was cheered vociferously, especially his one reference to President Taft, the company rising and waving serviettes and handkerchiefs.

Two Drown, One as a Hero.

Hartford, Conn.—In a vain effort to rescue Glen Woodard, a high school student, from drowning, William Williams lost his own life.

## STILL ANOTHER "DISINTEGRATION"

REBEL LEADER AND HUNDREDS OF DANCERS WOULD HAVE BEEN BLOWN UP.

Deposed Mayor of Guadalupe, With Can Full of Dynamite, Is Caught by Guards Who Prevent Use of Infernal Machine.

El Paso, Tex.—Soon after the departure of Francisco I. Madero for Mexico City details were made known of an alleged attempt to dynamite him. The plot was to have been carried out during the ball which Madero attended in Juarez.

When the festivities were at their height, Cruz Rey, former mayor of the town of Guadalupe, located forty miles east of Juarez, jumped from a street car in front of the building in which Madero and his wife were hosts to a large number of El Paso and Juarez society folk a. a farewell reception and made a dash for the front door.

Under Rey's arm was a home-made bomb, a tin can filled with dynamite and steel slugs sufficient to have wrecked the building and to have killed half the people on the floor. A guard caught him and assisted by a number of others who came to call, hurried him away.

Rey was ousted from his position as mayor last February when Madero first took the field, and made Guadalupe his headquarters. In Juarez the statement is made that he will be executed.

Madero is being guarded closely as he makes his journey to the Mexican capital. United States secret service men and employees of the railroad secret service are watching his car. They surround it at every stop and peace officers of the various towns are summoned in advance by telegraph to be at the station and co-operate by pointing out local suspicious characters.

Telegrams from Sonora state that Diego Redo, governor of Sinaloa, personal friend of Porfirio Diaz, has been assassinated and that Red Lopez, who led the insurgents in the attack on Agua Prieta and then abandoned them, was shot to death, attempting to escape from the guards. Lopez had been sentenced to seven years in prison.

Information received here direct from Mazatlan, Sinaloa, state that the city has fallen into the hands of the insurgents. The peace pact has been signed almost two weeks and the fighting continues.

Following the departure of Madero, Gen. B. J. Viljoen, military adviser to the rebel leader, declared that permission has been given by the United States to send insurgent troops through this country to Lower California to suppress the Socialist rebellion in that territory.

General Viljoen announced that he will head an expedition from here and will be joined by others from Sonora.

POLICE SENTENCED TO JAIL

Lieutenant, Two Sergeants and Two Politicians Get a Year Each for Election Crookedness.

Philadelphia.—A police lieutenant, two sergeants and two Republican political workers were sentenced to one year's imprisonment by Judge Willson on the charge of conspiracy to unlawfully imprison two reform election workers at the election for district attorney in 1909. The defendants were convicted last December.

German Prince Under Knife.

Berlin.—Prince Joachim, the youngest son of Emperor William, whose knee was badly injured during sham battle exercises on May 30, was operated on to let out the blood from under the knee cap.

Quentin Roosevelt Awarded Prize.

Cambridge, Mass.—Quentin Roosevelt, the thirteen-year-old son of Theodore Roosevelt, has been awarded a prize at the Groton school for being the second smartest scholar in his class.

Cashier Robbed of \$13,826.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Joseph D. Bren, cashier and accountant of the state university, was held up by three highwaymen on the bank of the Mississippi river, near the university, and robbed of \$13,826, which he was carrying in a satchel. He also lost his watch and his month's salary of \$166.

Marys Give Queen Mary \$60,000.

London.—One of Queen Mary's coronation gifts consists of \$60,000 contributed by Marys throughout the empire.

Need 12,000 Harvest Hands.

Topeka, Kan.—Although the wheat will not be ready to cut for two or three weeks, Kansas farmers have called for 12,000 harvest hands. Charles Harris, director of the state free employment bureau, said that the bureau expected to ask for 16,000 to 18,000 men this year.

Three Trainmen Killed.

North Platte, Neb.—A freight engine on the Union Pacific six miles west of here blew up, killing three trainmen.

## ARMY MAN REBUKED

PRESIDENT SCORES COL. JOSEPH GARRARD FOR HIS SLUR UPON JEW.

STING IN LETTER BY TAFT

Commander-in-Chief Denies Statement of Officer That Jewish Men Are Not Socially Equal to Gentile.

Washington.—Col. Joseph Garrard, U. S. A., commanding the cavalry post at Fort Myer, Va., was severely reprimanded by the secretary of war, under orders from President Taft, for reporting adversely an application of Frank Bloom, a private in the Third field artillery, now on duty on the Mexican border, for the right to take examinations for promotion to commissioned grade on the ground of Jewish parentage.

Several years ago Bloom was urged for appointment to West Point. President Roosevelt, not being in a position at the time to make the appointment, suggested to Bloom that he enlist and, "like a true American," fight his way up from the ranks.

The young man took the advice, entered the army, where he is said to have made a good record, and recently took his first examination for promotion. It is said that Bloom failed in this examination, but in view of the prejudice brought about by Colonel Garrard's indorsement, the soldier will be ordered up for final examination again in September.

On this point President Taft, in a letter to Simon Wolf of this city, said: "I shall take steps to see that the examination to which Private Bloom is subjected is one in which he will be given a fair chance and not be exposed to any unjust prejudice."

Colonel Garrard's indorsement on Bloom's papers to which President Taft so strongly objected, when brought to his attention, was as follows: "The applicant is a son of Joseph A. Bloom, of Jewish persuasion, who is now, and has been for a number of years, a tailor at this post. His associates, as far as I know and that of his family, have been with enlisted men and their families and have been respectable. The young man is undoubtedly honest and upright, ambitious and probably deserving, but for the reasons stated I would not desire him in my command as an officer and a social and personal associate."

"The presence of the applicant's family at a military post would be a source of discipline and their probable treatment a source of mortification to them and frequent cause of trouble to commanding officers. From an experience of many years I have found, except in few cases, few communities where Jews are received as desirable social associates."

In directing the secretary of war to inquire into the matter, President Taft wrote in part: "It is difficult for me to read the indorsement of Colonel Garrard, set forth in this letter, with patience and without condemnatory words that had better not be written. The statements made by Colonel Garrard are not true with reference to the standing that Jews have in this country; and I resent, as commander-in-chief of the army and the navy, that any officer of either should permit himself in an official document to give evidence of such unfounded and narrow race prejudice as that contained in this indorsement."

LUMBER INQUIRY IS BEGUN

Special Federal Grand Jury Starts Work at Chicago After Warning by Judge Landis.

Chicago.—Investigation of conditions in the lumber industry was begun by a special federal grand jury impaneled in Judge Landis' court.

The federal inquiry, which aims to secure evidence which will warrant criminal prosecution of big lumber dealers, started in a manner to assure the greatest secrecy. Unusual precautions were taken when the jury began its work and the government officials announced that they intended to keep every detail of their work secret if possible until indictments finally were voted. Judge Landis in his instructions to the jury took pains to impress upon them the necessity of secrecy.

Lorimer Committee Is Named.

Washington.—At a meeting of the senate committee on privileges and elections Senators Dillingham, Gamble, Jones and Kenyon, Republicans, and Fletcher, Johnston, Kern and Lea, Democrats, were designated as the special committee to conduct the proposed investigation into the Lorimer charges. Dillingham, Gamble, Fletcher and Johnston voted for Lorimer in the last session and Jones, Kenyon, Kern and Lea are classed as anti Lorimer.

Prince Is in Shipwreck.

Tokyo.—The Russian volunteer fleet steamer Ryazan, while bound to Vladivostok ran ashore on a reef near Nagasaki. All the passengers, including the crown prince of Slam, were saved. The Japanese warship Iwate was sent to assist the Ryazan.

Ohio Solon Admits Bribe.

Columbus, O.—Representative Evans of Stark county pleaded guilty to soliciting a bribe of \$100. Judge Kinkead immediately fined Representative Evans \$500.

Arrests in \$12,000 Fire.

Chicago.—Leopold Dreyfus of the firm of L. Dreyfus & Co., clothiers, his brother, Lazard Dreyfus, and Max Cohen, a bookkeeper, were taken into custody by detectives in connection with a fire that damaged the concern about \$12,000.

John Dillon Auto Victim.

Dublin, Ireland.—John Dillon, National member of parliament for East Mayo, was dangerously injured on the head and back in an automobile accident near Dundalk.

## SOMETHING ELSE.

The Professor—An ordinary brick will absorb a quart of water.

The Puglist—Then my brother's no brick!

The Professor—What do you mean?

The Puglist—He never absorbed that much water in his life.

THREE CURED OF ECZEMA

"When a child, I suffered eight years with eczema. I could not sleep at night, and had sores all over my chest. We had doctors and none could do any good, until my mother saw the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies in the paper. We used the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, and they cured me of eczema. I also used them on my five children. Two of them had eczema very badly. When my children had eczema, I was not worried at all, as I knew the Cuticura Remedies would do their work. They had sores all over their heads, their hair would fall out, and they would scratch all night and day. They had it on their heads, face, and in back of the ears so that I thought their ears would drop off. I washed their heads and bodies with Cuticura Soap and they are as clean as the driven snow. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also cured my children of ringworm. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies. They are wonderful." (Signed) Mrs. Violet Cole, 26 S. Redfield St., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 29, 1910.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

Hugging a "Lamb."

Parson Johnson had been caught hugging one of the finest "ewe" lambs of the congregation who happened to be a very popular young lady and it created quite a stir in the church. So "Brudder Johnson" was brought for trial.

"You have seen these great pictures, I suppose, so you know that ds great Shepherd an always pictured wld a lamb in his arms," said "Brudder Johnson."

"Yes, sah, pahson, dat am so," admitted Deacon Jones.

"Den, Brudder Jones, what am wrong in de shepherd of this flock having a lamb in his arms?"

This was too much for Brudder Jones, so he proposed that the people have a called meeting that afternoon. After the point was discussed at the afternoon meeting the following resolution was made:

"Resolved, Dat for the future peace of this congregation, dat de next time Brudder Johnson feels called on to take a lamb ob de flock in his arms, that he pick out a ram-lamb."

The Second Dimension.

It was on a little branch railway in a southern state that the New England woman ventured to refer to the high rates. "It seems to me five cents a mile is extortion," she said, with frankness, to her southern cousin.

"It's a big lot of money to pay if you think of it by 'the mile,'" said the southerner, in her soft drawl; "but you just think how cheap it is by the hour. Cousin Annie—only about thirty-five cents."—Youth's Companion.

BUSINESS WOMEN

A Lunch Fit for a King.

An active and successful young lady tells her food experience:

"Some years ago I suffered from nervous prostration, induced by continuous brain strain and improper food, added to a great grief."

"It was ordered to give up my work, as there was great danger of my mind failing me altogether. My stomach was in bad condition (nervous dyspepsia, I think now) and when Grape-Nuts food was recommended to me, I had no faith in it. However, I tried it, and soon there was a marked improvement in my condition."

"I had been troubled with faint spells, and had used a stimulant to revive me. I found that by eating Grape-Nuts at such times I was relieved and suffered no bad effects, which was a great gain. As to my other troubles—nervous prostration, dyspepsia, etc.—on the Grape-Nuts diet they soon disappeared."

"I wish especially to call the attention of office girls to the great benefit I derived from the use of Grape-Nuts as a noon luncheon. I was thoroughly tired of cheap restaurants and ordinary lunches, and so made the experiment of taking a package of Grape-Nuts food with me, and then slipping out at noon and getting a nickel's worth of sweet cream to add to it."

"I found that this simple dish, finished off with an apple, peach, orange, or a bunch of grapes made a lunch fit for a king, and one that agreed with me perfectly."

"I throve so on my Grape-Nuts diet that I did not have to give up my work at all, and in the two years have had only four lost days charged up against me."

"Let me add that your suggestions in the little book, 'Road to Wellville,' are, in my opinion, invaluable, especially to women." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville" in pgs.

"There's a Reason."

"Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest."