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McHenry, Ill., May 10, 1892.

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BOARDING HOUSE. Near the Iron Bridge, McHenry,

Board by the Day or Week at Reasonable rates, NICE LINE OF HOW BOATS AT MY LANDING Pure Wines, Liquors and Choice Cigars Fresh Lager Beer constantly on draught

G. F. BOLEY, Proprietor of McHenry Brewery

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Why will you stick to cabbage leaves And drive your friends afar, When you can purchase for a dime "Our Monogram" cigar?

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THE FAVORITE TOURIST LINE TO Put-in-Bay and all Lake Erie Islands via Sandusky.

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New York and Boston VIA CLEVELAND. LAKE SHORE, NEW YORK CENTRAL AND BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILWAYS. TO THE COOL RESORTS OF MICHIGAN

When you go on your summer vacation see not your ticket reads via the Big Four E. O, McCORMICK D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic M'gr. Gen, Pas. T'k't Agt



YOUR MONEY

SHOULD OBTAIN FOR YOU

The Best Goods in the Market

That is what we are sat isfied to make, "The Best, " and think w can so demonstrate to you if you will give us the opportunity.

Call in and see the Goods and b convinced.

GUS CARLSON.

McHenry, Ill., 1894.

A. Engeln's

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MCHENRY, ILLINOIS. Wholesale and Retall' Agent for

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THE BEST MADE. In any quantity from a Snits Glass to ICO barrels. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

ALSO ALWAYS ON HAND

Fine Kentucky Liquors, French Bitters, choice Ales, Wines, Gigars, Etc.

I buy none but the best and sell at reasonable prices. Call and see me and I will us. use you well.

ANTONY ENGELN. McRenry, Ill., 1894.

Hard - and - Soft

WILBUR LUMBER

AT THEIR YARDS IN

WEST MCHENRY.

Have now on hand both hard and Rods soft Coal, which they will se prices as low as the lowest. soft Coal, which they will sell at

We are handling the celebrated Cross Creek Lehigh Hard Coal which we guarantee unequaled

Delivery made to suit pur

We do not advocate that Coal will be lower than last season but whether lower or higher we guarantee to meet all prices and atisfy purchasers,

Wilbur Lumber Co.

NEAR THE DEPOT,

WEST MCHENRY, ILL

Saloon and Restaurant.

PABST'S Milwaukee Lager Beer At Wholesale and Retail.

Orders by mail promptly attended to. GOOD STABLING FOR HORSES.

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WIND MILLS. The best made, and a the Lowest Prices.

CARRIAGES.

BUGGIES & SURREYS We keep a full stock always on band,

and can fit you out with anything you want in this line and for less money than you can get them for of any dealer outside of town. A New Line of Bicycles

Just Received.

We also have the Babcock Cream Tester, AND ARE AGENTS FOR THE

And respectfully invite Dairymen and Farmers to call and see us when in want of anything in this line. We keep on hand a fine lot of garden

De LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

WM. BACON.



McHenry. July 2d 1894.

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No Charge for Testing the PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

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Cure. Question list FREE. One pe interview sollcited. Cousuitation free DR. D. O. FRUTH,



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Any child that can carry the vessel can perste it with ease simply by pressing the two bails together in the hand.

A Blessing to Housekeepers. Saves Time, Vegetables and Pain from calds and Burns.

WILL SELL AT SIGHT, MRS. C. W. SLAFTER. Agent for McHenry and Vicinity.

office is Opposite U.S. PATENT Office we can secure patent in less time than the ote from Washington.

In description of the patent in less time than the ote from Washington.

We advise, if patentable or not, free comments of the total patents, with the U.S. and foreign countries the U.S. and foreign countries. C.A.SNOW&CO

AVINGS. IDLE MONRY received and loaned on carefully selected real estate securities and the interest collected LOANS. and remitted without L. O. A. Conseque. Loans made on time and terms to suit borrower. J. W. BANSTEAD, Page street, Elsen, Illinois.

EARNED HIS LIBERTY. es of a Snake Whose Rest Had Beer

The first law of animated nature i rvation. The means emp self-preservation. The means employed to attain this end are varied and interting. Some animals depend upon rength, some upon swiftness, some son coats of mail, others upon poison ands; but with many the main reliance seems to be hypocrisy or simula-tion. A correspondent of the Popular Science News gives an interesting acount of the performance of a snake when it found itself suddenly in

danger.
"While searching for snails I turned over an old log and disturbed a snake, called by our negroes a 'spreadin' arrow.' The tactics pursued by this row.' The tacues snake were curious.

"First he erected his head and neck and flattened them out till they seemed no thicker than cardboard, thus increasing his apparent size, and he took care not to be seen edgewise. The shape of his head changed. It took a pronounced triangular form similar to the head of our most venomous snakes. Then his tail, with the aid of a dry leaf, was proclaiming that it was the tail of a rattlesnake.

"All this, coupled with an ominous hiss, was calculated to strike terror to the heart of his disturber, as for a moment it did. I regained my courage however, and began to poke the ser-pent gently with a stick, when finding bluster' of no avail, he sought safety in flight.

"Repeated headings off showed him how futile were his efforts in that line, and he altered his tactics again. He turned on his back and remained motionless. I threw him up six feet from the ground, and so quickly did he turn over that he seemed to strike on his

ce on his back, nothing could induce him to move. Tapping, prodding, twisting his tail—all were in vain. Then I suspended him from the limb of tree, retreated a little and watched. At the end of two minutes the reptile moved. Slowly he turned on his spinal column as on an axis, surveyed the premises and, seeing nothing danger-ous, dropped to the ground and was making off. "At my approach he 'died' again

After sundry other proddings, which failed to move him, I rewarded him for his cleverness by giving him the liber-ty which he certainly had earned." A PECULIAR SUBSTANCE.

Glycerine Hardly Affected by Either Hea One of the great advantages of glycer ine in its chemical employment is the fact that it neither freezes nor evaporates under any ordinary temperature No perceptible loss by evaporation has been detected at a temperature less than 200 degrees Fahrenheit, but if heated intensely it decomposes with a mell that few persons find themselves able to endure. It burns with a pale flame, similar to that from alcohol, if heated to about 300 degrees, and then ignited. Its non-evaporative qualities make the compound of much use as a vehicle for holding pigments and col-ors, as in stamping and typewriter rib-bons, carbon papers, and the like.

If the pure glycerine be exposed for a long time to a freezing temperature it crystallizes with the appe sugar candy, but these crystals being once melted it is almost an impossibility to get them again into the con gealed state. If a little water be added to the glycerine no crystallization will take place, though under a sufficient de-gree of cold the water will separate and form crystals, amid which the glycerine will remain in its natural state of fluidity. If suddenly subjected to intense cold, pure glycerine will form a gummy mass which cannot be entirely

hardened or crystallized. Altogether it is quite a peculiar substance. Blair and Lincoln. Austin Blair, the "war governor" of Michigan, who died recently, once told a correspondent how his feelings to-ward Lincoln underwent a change. Said he: "I was greatly opposed to his nomination, and it was a long time before he won my entire confidence. He was not only a strong, wise man, but he had the great faculty of knowing how to bide his time. I, as well as others, believed a proclamation emanci pating the slaves should have been is-sued months before it was done. Finally, weary of urging and waiting, we called a convention to meet at Altoo na. Pa. The very day we met the president issued his emancipation proclamation, leaving us little else to do but send to him a delegation thanking him for what he had done. It was hard to get the start of him, and he seemed to know just when the opportune pe-riod had arrived to perform a public

act." Wanted Water. During a continued dry spell in south Florida reptiles often are obliged to resort to unique methods for obtaining fresh water. One need not be sur prised while pumping water to see lit-tle brown frogs issue from the pump, and one man was rather startled while pumping to see a snake two feet long sue from the spout, and, upon strik ing the ground, quickly crawl under a house. The reptiles crawl into the pump to enjoy the water held up by the valves. It would be impossible for them to come up from below, as the well consists merely of a small pipe, driven deep into the ground, having a strainer over the bottom.

Deep Waters. It is a remarkable fact that the deepest parts of the sea are in all cases very near the land. The deepest sounding known, 4,665 fathoms, or 27,930 feet, was obtained 110 miles from the Kurile islands; the next deepest, 4,561 fathoms, was found seventy miles north of Porto Rico. With a few exceptions like these the depth of the oceans, so far as now known, does not reach 4,000 fathoms, or four sea miles. The north Pacific the best investigated ocean, has a mean depth of 2,200 fathoms.

He Traded a Yoke of Ozen for a Volume A noted character on the borde thirty-five years ago was old Jim Bridger, of Fort Bridger, Utah. This man, relates the Youth's Companion, on one occasion visited New York, and on one occasion visited free Tork, and saw Shakespeare's "Midsummer Night's Dream" performed. He had no clear idea as to who Shakespeare was, but he conceived the most extravagant admiration for his genius.

He returned to the fort, and resumed the selling of stock and supplies to travelers and emigrants. One day a man came who had set his heart upon buying a particular yoke of oxen, with which, for some reason or other, Jim was determined not to part.

The man sent a messenger one morning to make a final appeal for the d sired yoke, but Jim proved obdurate, remarking that "there wa'n't no use "Well, he wants 'em," said the m

senger. "He's a-waitin' for 'em; he jest sets there readin' a book called "He's a-waitin' for 'em; he Shakespeare' and a-waitin' for them "What!" ejaculated Jim, springing to

his feet. "Here you, gimme my boots!"

He ran to the corral as fast as his legs would carry him. "Stranger," he gasped, breathlessly, when he had reached the man, "jest gimme that book and take them oxen. "Oh, no," said the man; "I just brought the book to read on the way,

not to sell." "Stranger," returned Jim, firmly,
"jest you take them oxen and gimme
over that book."

The man did so, after some demur-

ring, and Jim, who hired a reader to further his acquaintance with the ob-ject of his admiration, was never heard to complain of his bargain, but rather coasted of it on many occas

BIRDS COME BACK.

An Instance of Instinct Related by Truthful Southern Man. Mr. C. B. Smith, secretary of the Jacksonville board of trade, relates a wonderful story of a bird's instinct, which he vouches for. It is to the following effect: Some time in April last a Chicago woman who was visit-ing him, she being Mrs. Smith's niece, urchased two nonpareils. On the tenth of that month, as she was getting ready to go home, by some means the cage door was opened and the fe-male bird escaped. She did not desire to take one bird with her, and she left

the male bird in the cage at Mr. Smith's, says the Savannah News. Smith's, says the Savannah News.

The other morning, as Mrs. Smith was in the room where the cage containing the single bird was, another bird flew through the open window and began circling around the room and finally perched itself near the cage.

Mrs. Smith looked at it attentively, and there exists the cape of the cape. then said to her servant, who stood near by, that this was the bird that had flown off some months before. The servant was incredulous, but Mrs. Smith went up to the strange bird and held out her hand. With a little flutter it settled on her finger. She opened the cage and the bird hopped in seemingly pleased to get back in, seemingly pleased to get back again. Its mate was at first rather shy of the stranger but within an hour the two were chatting away in

bird language at a great rate. A CURIOUS PROVISION.

"Nature has wonderful ways of guarding against the extinction of species," said a Wichita (Kan.) man to a St. Louis Globe-Democrat writer.
"The manner in which the eggs and young of the prairie chicken and other ground-nesting birds are protected against their numerous enemies is specially curious. Their escape is attributed by the majority of sportsmen to the alleged fact that in nesting birds the scent which is given out at other times is suppressed. In proof of this statement the fact is adduced that dogs, even those of the keenest powers of smell, will pass within a few feet, or even a less distance of a nesting pheas ant without showing the least sus picion that game is near, if only the bird is concealed from sight. This would seem to be pretty strong evidence, but some naturalists refuse to be convinced. They reason that secretions and exhalations are involuntary and therefore cannot be suppressed by the will of an animal. Take pressed by the will of an animal. Take whichever side you will. To me it seems likely that, as the exhalation is involuntary, its suppression during in-cubation may be equally so, and both may be accounted for on physiological grounds when the prying eyes of our naturalists are turned in that direc-

THE BICYCLE

A New Work to Which That Useful Ma The bicycle is being put to many trange uses in these days. It is no onger an instrument for pleasure alone. It is used, of course, everywhere as a cheap and rapid means of transportation, and has the advantage over the horse of not eating anything. That its use in war has been contem-plated has been well understood, and that before long it will figure in the army is very likely.

But it is doubtful if the inventor of the machine ever thought anybody would utilize a bicycle in the way that it is used up in Berkshire, Mass., where the boys can be seen at night, mounted on their "bikes," going after the cows.

The only difficulty is, of course, to be able to ride slow enough, and with this sort of practice those youngsters ought to be able to win a slow bicycle

His Feet.
An honest young man, who had eecaped a great peril by an act of heroknown, does not reach 4,000 fathoms, or four sea miles. The north facific has a mean depth of 2,500 fathoms, the south Pacific of 2,400, the Indian ocean of 2,000, and the Atlantic, by far the best investigated ocean, has a mean depth of 3,300 fathoms.

caped a great peril by an act of herosism, was much complimented for his bravery. One lady said: "I wish I could have seen your feat." Whereupon he blushed and stammered, and finally pointing to his pedal extremities, said: "Well, there they be much peril by an act of herosism, was much complimented for his bravery. One lady said: "I wish I could have seen your feat." Whereupon he blushed and stammered, and finally pointing to his pedal extremities, said: "Well, there they be EVEN WITH THE COMPANY.

The game of "bluff" in honest hand is seldom a winning one, yet an hone young man evened up a loss one de last week through the first bit "bluff" he had ever tried in his life. He hailed from New England an ignorant of New York railroads we making a trip to Mamaroneck on the New York, New England and Hartfor line. Promised by the conductor the he should be warned when nearing the station, he realized nothing until I had reached Stamford, when the fogetful official turned up to inform his

getful official turned up to in egretfully that he was a dozen "And shall I have to pay my fare

back?" he inquired.
"Don't exactly see how you could get back any other way," was the re-

With a sense of unjust treatment the young man purchased a ticket am rode back in the next train. He made the same trip again days later. This time he knew where his station was but falling a sound sleep he let himself be car

past it until by a strange coincidence he found himself again at Stamford. With an air of injured independence he boarded the next train back "See here, conductor," a that functionary. "Two been carried through the stupidity of another of your blooming conductors twelve miles your blooming conductors twelve m out of my way, and if you suppose going to pay you for taking me b again you're pretty far out. You n

call for any fare you please. I will it pay it. There's a lot more than the e me for my inconver "All right, sir," answered the con-

ductor meekly, completely overaw by the apparent depth of resentme confronting him. "I'm even with that company, mu mured the provincial youth bland when he stepped off the train.

HAD TO HAVE HIS PIPE. The Rich Chicago Contractor and His In one of the fashionable quarters of Chicago, according to the Times, lives an Irishman who has made a fortune as a contractor. He has never forgotten the friends of his youth, especially one Casey, a boss mason, who still lives in the Goose Island district. Casey does not feel exactly at home in the hig house, but out of regard for his old friend often spends an evening there with him. On a recent occasion of this sort, a heavy rain set in just as it came time for the visitor to take his leave time for the visitor to take his "Look here, Mike," said the contrast they reached the door, "there need of your goin' home in this I have a spare room upstairs. Sover night wid me." "All right, The replied Casey; "Oi will. The o moned a servant and had Casey to the "spare room." Then he ret to his den to look over the plan new block he had on hand. The kept him absorbed till nearly when he was startled by a she

Mike?" exclaimed the contractor; "I thought ye was to stay all night here." "So I am, me boy," replied the smiling Casey; "that's why I went home for me pipe."

person. When he opened the idoor, there stood Casey, dripping with a smile on his face. "How

retired, and he answere

GAME OF THE DEVIL. It Halls from Chins and Used to Be Played in Europe What is called the "Game of Devil" dates back in China, where

called Kouen-gen, to a very remote antiquity, and has been much played in France at different epochs of modern times, especially at the beginning of the present century.

The "devil" is thrown into the air by means of a string which the pla keeps taut by the skillful use of t sticks, and upon which he is to ca it. "I remember having often seen t game in the hands of one of my friends," says a contributor to a French periodical. "According to him the periodical. "According to him, to game was in great favor in Belgium his boyhood, about fifteen years a especially at colleges, where the you men often got up genuine matches tween two and even three plays The form of the devil varies a lit from that of the 'Kouen-gen.' It made of two tin cones connected by their apieces, and provided with aper-tures for the production of a humming sound when the devil revolves very

fast. A good strong player can easil throw it to a height of more than fort feet." Something less than a quarter of a c tury ago this game was much play at Paris. The devil was made of the

hollow boxwood balls. A CASE OF TRANSFUSION. Ourious Suit Recently Bro English Court.

The legal possibilities of tre

The legal possibilities of transfusi were brought out in a recent suit in English court. A man, says the N York Ledger, who was very ill utreated by transfusion of blood at last resort. He recovered, and afte time his gardner, from whose veins vital fluid was taken, fell ill. So one suggested that his contribution his employer might have caused illness, whereupon he brought a claiming sixty thousand trans' deages. After a good deal of legal ages. After a good deal of lega vestigation experts were appoints examine and report on the case. took so long that the man died be the report was finished. The with however, continued the mit vever, continued the suit,

race anywhere. by cancer of the stomach decided in favor of the d the ground that even thou that been vitality might have been impartule the loss of blood, his voluntar for the benefit of another individual leased the recipient from all fliability that might be claimed to the transaction.