THE WEEKLY REGISTER.

No. 17 or vol. IV.]

BALTIMORE, SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1813.

(WHOLE NO 95.

Hac olim meminisse hevabit .- VIRGIL

Printed and published by H. Niles, South-st next door to the Merchants' Coffee House, at \$ 5 per annum.

American Enterprize. From the Missouri Gazette.

We last week promised our readers, an account happily fell in with a small party of Snake Indians We last week promised our readers, an account [hppin] refl in with a small party of Sanke Indians, we the fourner of the gentlemen attached to the [mu whom they purchased a horse, who relieved New York Pur Company, from the Pacific ocean to liken from any further carriage of food, and this this place: we now lay it before our readers as cold. Hinter the produced companing preferred that service to the Otto village. They writered on the river of the Pacific Fur Company and the Sanker Month of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific Fur Company and the Pacific Research of the Pacific R

New-York.

use mount of the commons; he had nees considerations and of the formation of the impeded, byto the count and east among the nations called is in all probability they would not need with a Blackarma and Araphays, by the latter of whom Budian to interrupt their progress; although on the lewar cobbed; in consequence of which he suffer, other route more north, there are almost insurmounterlands or the progress of the progress of the suffer industry privation human nature is capable able barriers. of, and was in a state of starvation and almost nudity

when the party met him

as they intended and prosecuted it considerably south land from this place. of Messrs. Lewis and Clark's rout; the impossibili-ty of carrying any quantity of provisions on their the 17th of July, and on the day following they de-

hended from starvation was imminent.

hended from scarration was imminent.
They however put the best face upon their proc-closed in that time two considerable streams which peets, and pursued, their rout towards the Rocky joined the Missouri below the Aricoras, when findmontains at the head waters of the Colorado or long an inlend tiple of Indians calling themselves Spanish river, and stood their course E.S.E. until Shawhays, but known among the whites by the ap-

ter sufficient to float a skin cance.

Ter om the Otto village to St. Louis the party per the Absaroka or Crow nation, encamped on its formed their yoyage in a canse furnished them by banks, at the floot of the Big Horn mountain. the natives and arrived here in perfect health on the 30th of last month. Our travellers did not hear of changed all their lame for sound horses with these of nor has finance. Our crackers did not near or comages all these same nor sound norses with these the war with England until they came to the Ottos; sawages; but although that this Sand has been gift these people told them that the Slawance Prophet lowed, by every one who knew them, to be by far had sent them a wampun, inviting them to join in the best behaved of their tribe, it was only by this the war against the Americans; that they answere "i-malterable determination of the gentlement is avoid."

the messenger, that they could make more by trap-ping beaver than making war against the Americans. After crossing the hills (Rocky mountains) they

M Clellan, left the Pacific ocean with dispatches for America, might be performed with a waggon, there being no obstruction in the wheel rout that any per-After ascending the Columbia river 90 miles, John son would dare to call a mountain, in addition to Day, one of the hunters, became perfectly insane its being much the most direct and short one to go and was sent back to the main establishment, under from this place to the mouth of the Columbia riverand was sent took to use man extansament, unner roots use place to the mouth of the Columbia river, the charge of some Indians; the remaining is put, Any future party who may undertake this journey, said their voyage upwards of 900 miles, when they land are tolerably acquainted with the different lappily met with Mr. Joseph Miller on his way to place, where it would be necessary to lay up a temporary to the columbia; the hand been considered, similar tooks of provisions, would not be impeded,

Messrs. Hunt, Crooks, Miller, McClellan, McKen-zie, and about 60 men who left St. Louis in the be-They now had fifteen horses, and pursued the jour. ginning of March, 1811, for the Pacific ocean, reachney for the Atlantic world, without any uncommon ed the Aricoras village on the 15th day of June,

asy for the Atlantic world, without any uncommon led the Aricoras village on the 15th day of June, accident until within about 200 miles of the Rocky where, meeting with some American hunters who moustains, where they unfortunately met with a had been the preceding year on the waters of the moustains, where they unfortunately met with a had been the preceding year on the waters of the more absorbed insoluters, and were soldly prevent account of the next by which they grieg such as the second meeting of the party by observing them for preferable in point of procuring with facility an well armed and constantly on their gladed. They abundant supply of food at all, times; as well as however pursued on their track aix days and finally avoiding even the probability of seeing their encodes every law described to the contraction of the probability of seeing their encodes every law described to the contraction of the probability of seeing their encodes every law described to the contraction of the service of the contraction on the service and claims, the necondate metal of the service of the contraction on the service and claims, the necondate metal of the service of

Some idea of the situation of those men may be Lewis and Clark; the gentlemen of the expedition conceived, when we take into consideration that at once abandoned their former ideas of passing by they were now on foot and had a journey of 2000 lie falls of the Missouri, and made the necessary miles before them, 1500 of which entirely unknown, arrangements for commencing their journey over

ty of carrying any quantity of positions and bedding, parted from the Aricoras, sixty persons in number, will occur, at first view. The danger to be appre-lall on foot except the partners of the company. In this situation they proceeded for five days, having

spansar (ver), we have the study the head waters of the great river Platte, pellations of Cheyennes, we procured from these which they undevlatingly followed to its mouth. It people an accession of forcy horses, which enabled may here be observed, that this river for about 500 life gentlement of furnishi a horse for every two men. may late be observed, that has a from thence to the Steering about W.S.W. they passed the small handles in average the state of the steering about W.S.W. they passed the small handles of the Misseuri, it is americated of sand, without a and several of the tributary streams of Powder rich.

For ammunition and some small articles, they ex-

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jeopardizing the safety of the party without at the the evening of the 3d December, impassable precisame moment submitting to intentional insults, that pices of immense height put an end to all hopes of they left this camp (not possessing a greater force following the margin of this watercourse, which here

The distance from the Aricoras to this mountain, ble velocity, and was withal so foamingly tumuluthan the whites) without coming to blows.

There (the name fried in the first and the first and the first and the same evening reads in which following for a number of days they tains, still bent on pushing on, but after ascending left it where it was reduced to thirty and in width, for half a day, they discovered, to their sorrow, and the same evening readled the banks of the Co-that they were not half way to the summit, and the and the same evening resource to make of the same evening resource to make the color of the same evening resource to make the color of the same evening resource to make the color of the same evening resource to make the color of the same evening resource to make the color of the same evening resource to make the same evening resource the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource to make the same evening resource the party passed a week in drying buffaloe meat for the residue of the voyage, as in all probability those on the third day met with Mr. Hunt and party, with were the last minute of the kind they would meet one horse proceeding downwards; a cancer was soon with. From this camp, in one day, they crossed made of a horse hide and in it transported what meet the dividing mountain and pitched their tents on they could spare to Mr. Crooks' starving followers, the dividing mountain any process user 150 who for the first eighteen days after leaving the feet broad, and in eight days more having passed place of deposit had subsisted on half a meal in several supervisors ridges, they encamped in the twenty-feor hours, and in the last nine days had eat days.

Here abandoning their lorses, the party constructive there abandoning their lorses, the party constructive the condition of the constructive the condition of the constructive the condition, the constructive the condition of the constructive the condition, the constructive the condition of the constructive the condition of the constructive the condition of the constructive the c were obliged by the intervention of impassable ra- senses entirely, and, on seeing the horse flesh on the pids to make a number of portages, till at length opposite shore, was so agitated in crossing in a skin they found the river confined between gloomy pre- cance that he upset it and was unfortunately drown-cipiess at least 200 feet perpendicular, whose banks cd. From hence Mr. Hunt went on to a camp of for the most part were washed by this turbulent Shoshonies about 90 miles above, where procuring a stream, which for 30 miles was a continual success few horses and a guide he set out for the man Co-sion of falls, cascades and publis. Mr. Gook came lumbia, across the mountains to the south west, had split and upset in the middle of a rapid, by leaving the river where it entered the range, and on which one man was drowned, named Antonic Clap- it Mr. Crooks and five men unable to travel. pin, and that gentleman saved himself only by extreme exertion in swimming. From the repeated tion, before he met the Shy-cy-to-ga Indians in the trains extering in swimming. From the repeated (too, before he met the Shy-ey-to-ga Indians in the laness by the upsetting of cances our stock of pro- (Johnsha plains; from whom getting a supply of visions were now reduced to a bure sufficiency for provisions, he soon reached the main river, which the days, totally ignorant of the construct where they be descended in canose and arrived without any further than the contraction of the contraction. Measurements of the contraction of the

the other on the south side of the river. Mr. Hunt was fortunate in finding Indians with

by climbing over points of rocky ridges projecting sampelled to pass the remaining part of the winter into the stream, kept as near it as possible, till to in the mountains, subsisting sometimes on beaver

is about 450 miles over an extremely rugged tract, ous, that even had the opposite bank been fit for by no means furnishing a sufficient supply of water; their purpose, attempt at rafting would have been by no means turnising a sufficient supply or water 1 june purpose, ascempt a rating wound have been bout during the tenny-eight days they were getting perfect madness, as they could only have the induces to the base of the mountain, they were only in a very ment of ending in a watery grave a series of hard-free winstances which the mosts burdys and Three days took them over 10 the plains of Mad determined of the human race must have found thin. river (the name given the Big Horn above this moun-self inadequate. They attempted to climb the moun-

Regaining the river bank, they returned up and

several supernous rouges, mey encamped in the eventy-out nours, and in one assumer days me cir. vicinity of the exhibitment made by Mr. Henry, only one beaver, a dog, a few wild cherries and old in the fall of 1810, on a fork about 70 yards wide, mockasin soals, having travelled during these trenbearing the name of that gendleman; having travel yes seen days at least 350 miles. For the next four veiled from the main Missouri about 900 miles in 54 days both parties continued up the river without may other support than what little rose-buds and cher-

Mr. H. lost a Canadian, named Carriere, by starva-

Unable to proceed by water, Messis, McReizie, their parties on the Snake river mountain, through McGlellan and Reed, set out in different directions which they travelled twenty-one days, to the Mulpot nclining down the river, for the purpose of finding river, subsisting on an allowance by no means ade-Inclining down the rivery of the paragraph of the paragra left, while Mr. Hunt remained with the main body they attribute their success in getting with life to of the men in trapping beaver for their support. where they found some wild horses; they soon after Mr. C. finding the distance much greater by land reached the fook called by capts. Lewis and Clarke, than they had contemplated, returned at the end of Koolkooske; went down Lewis' party, and the Cothree divis, where, waiting five more expecting re-lief from below, the near approach of winter made except the upseting, in a rapid, of Mr. McClellan's them determine on depositing all superfluous articanoe, and although it happened on the first day of cies and proceeding on foot. Accordingly on the the year, yet by great exertion they clung to the ca-10th of November, Messrs. Hunt and Crooks set noe till the others came to their assistance. Making out each with 18 men, one party on the north and their escape with the loss of some rifles, they reached Astoria early in January.

Mr. Hunt was fortunate in finding Indians with abundance of salmon and some horses, but Mr. Crooks, afraid of perishing by want, left in Februaabindance of samon and some norses, but AM-17006s, arrant of personing by wan, settled AM-18006s, arrant of personing by wan, settled AM-18006s, and the party much assistance; thirteen land passed in quest of Indians, and have not since days need hopping the latter of a high range of locen heard of. Mr. C. had followed Mr. 438, track mountains, through which the river forced a pass in the snow for seven days, but coming to a low praisage, and the bank being their only guide, they still, rie, he lost every appearance of the trace and was

and horse meat, and their skins, and at others on, son, who refused their offer, saying, that he must and norse ment, and user same, and at conters on your services user once, saying, that he must their success in finding roots. Finally, on the last die before long, and was a well in the vessel as clear of March, the other Canadian being unable to pro-where.

eed was left with a lodge of Shoshonies, and Mr.

Soon after sunrise she was surrounded by an im-

C. with John Day, finding the snow sufficiently di- mense number of Indians in canors, come for the C with John Day, moung the more sufficiently at-junean number of Indians in Cannes, come for the minished, understook, from Indian information, to express purpose of unloading her, but who from the cross the last ridge, which they happit effected and warm reception they net with the day before, did reneated the banks of Columbia by the middle of not seem to it with each other in bourding. April, where in the beginning of May, they fell in The wounded man shawed himself or well with Messry. Stearatt, having been after days before ing, under signs that the was about and wanted their Disappointment.

Loss of the Ship Tonquin, near the mouth of the Columbia.

passage of near seven months, with merchandise and of gun-powder, which in an instant bley the vessel provisions for the Company. It was here we learnt and every one on board to atoms. their own knowledge carries with it the greatest ap-that so completely avenged himself, but there cannot personce of truth, is as follows: That vessel, after exist a single doubt that the act will teach these vilperance of truth, is as follows: That vessel, after jests a single doubt that the act was soon uness was landing the cargo intends for station; departed on lains better manners, and will eventually be of imatuality rowge to the coast moth of Columbia river, with a company of (including officers) 23 mer. The four men who set off in the long boat, were, and had proceeded along the officers in the coast of nation called Wake-a-nin-ishes. These people come on board to barter their furs for merchandise, and conducted themselves in the most friendly and decorous manner during the first day, but the in any engagement with the enemy, to obtain certisance symmetry in the companion of the regularity of the regularity in the regularity of the regu the tribe where they then lay were ill-disposed, and navy of the United States, are to be observed, to wit: ed a number of sea otters for blankets and knives; as hr as practicable, of such wound, or disability, the former they threw into their cannos as soons as maning his place of residence and the trate of wages received, but secreted the knives. Every one when a summed moved from the quarter deet to a different; if go such wound, or disability; and that such certipart of the vessel, so that by the time they were reading to the vessel, so that by the time they were reading to the contract of t nection, women, not not missianting aims weak-personal and mission the peace, for the country end condition, made good his retreat with the four in which such widows, or orphinus, may readile, that others to the coloin, where, finding a quantity of load-they actually stand in that relation to the deceased. ed arms they fired on their savage assailers through Navy Department, Washington, June 5. the skylights and companion way, which had the e feet of clearing the ship in a short time, and long

with MANNEY-SCHOOL, and the Color of the Col of the P cific Fur Company, within 14 miles of cape in a few seconds the deck was considerably thronged, and they proceeded to undo the hatches without

further ceremony. No sooner were they completely engaged in thus finishing this most diabolical of actions, than the only snevivor of the crew descended into the cabin and A large ship had arrived from New-York after a set fire to the magazine containing nearly 9000 lbs.

been cut off was too true. The circumstances have one hundred warriors, besides a vast number woundbeen related in different ways by the natives, in the ed by the explosion, who were in cances round the environs of the establishment, but that which from ship. It was impossible to tell who the person was

PRIVATE ARMED VESSELS

To enable those who may be wounded, or disabled, an Indian, whom the officers had as interpreter, that tions and restrictions as are used in relation to the

that the commanding officer of every vessel having than Thome affected to disselieve this piece of news, and even when the savages came next morning in the commission, or letters of marque and reprisal, and even when the savages came next morning in the commission of the commanding that the commanding officer of every vessel having and even when the savages came next morning in the commission of the commanding officer of every vessel having and even when the savages came next morning in the commission of the commanding officer of every vessel having the commanding off That the commanding officer of every vessel havand even when the savages came next morning in cause to use given to any ometer, or seaman, who, great numbers, it was only at the pressing remon, during his cruises, shall have been wounded, or distincte of Mr. MKsv, that he ordered seven men abolt to losen the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron losen the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails when the sails when the sail to be sail to be sails. In the nean time about 50 hadron when the sails when the sail to be sails. ed a number of sea otters for blankets and knives; as far as practicable, of such wound, or disability,

dy, in such a manner were they distributed, that at least three savages were opposite every man of the of those persons who may be slain, in any engage. test truce swages were opposite every man of the of those persons who may be slain, in any engage-ship, and at a signal given, they ratial on their jiment with the enemy, on board such vessels, will prey, and notwithstanding the brave resistance of be entitled to pension certificate, upon forwarding every individual of the whites, they were all butch, to this office a certificate from the commanding offi-ered in a few minutes. The men above, in attempte-ing to descend, but two of their number, besidue one of the world to which much persons were attach-ing to descend, but two of their number, besidue one loweridates of a transcription of the state of the st mortally wounded, who, notwithstanding his weak-certificate of a justice of the peace, for the county

before night these five intrepid sons of America were before night these five intrepid sons of America were again in full possession of her. Whether from want from Cairo, at the same time that Justum Pacha of abilities or strength, supposing themselves unable made the conquest of the capital of Arabia, Mahoto take the wessel back to Columbia, it cannot be as-met Aly Pacha, his father, governor of Egypt, as-certained, this far only is known, that between the sembled a second army under the command of a certime the Indians were deriven from the ship and the latin Abdin Ber, to Declaids, and a third army, the following morning, the four who were endured the fine most part of which are easily, under the orders of her in the long boat in hopes of regaining the river, Mutapha Ber, to set out against McCas (the capture wishing to take along with them the woulded Tes-ior which is "distanced, amount of the world of the contraction of th

United States' Statistical Table : Congress-1813

| | SENATE. | | | HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. | | | | | | - |
|------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| STATES. | Last senate. | Present. | New members. | Last house of R. | Present house. | How chosen. | New members in present congress. | Increase of mem- bers by late census & apportionment. | What would of the pre members h a general If by district | have been the states that been chosen bolan. |
| New-Hampshire | rep. fed 2 0 | rep. fee | Ι, | rep. fed. | rep. fed. | Gen, ticket | 6 | 1.00 | Tep. fed | rep. foil. |
| Massachusetts | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 9 8 | 5 15 | | 13 | 3 | | |
| Rhode-Island | 1 1 | 1 1 | 0 | 0 2 | | Gen. ticket. | 1.0 | | 5 15 | |
| Connecticut | 0 2 | 0 2 | 1 | 0 7 | 0 7 | ditto. | 0 | 0 | 2 : 5 | 0 2 |
| Vermont | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 3 1 | 6 0 | ditto. | 4 | 2 | 34 3 | 6 .0 |
| New-York | 3 0 | 1 7 | 1 | 19 5 | 8 19 | | 25 | 10 | 95 18 | |
| New-Jersey | 2 0 | 2.0 | 0 | 12 5 6 0 | 2 4 | ditto. | 4 | 0 | 26 4 | 6 6 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 17 1 | 22 1 | ditto. | 12 | 5 | 22 1 | |
| Delaware | 0 2 | 0. 2 | 1 | 0 1 | | Gen, ticket | | | 1 1 | |
| Maryland * | 2 0 | 1 1 | 1 | 6. 3 | 6 3 | Districts. | . 2 | 0 | | 1 9 |
| Virginia | 2 0 | 2. 0 | 0 | 15 7 | 17 6 | ditto. | 7 | 1 | 6 3 | 23 0 |
| North-Carolina | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 10 2 | 10 3 | ditto | 6 | 1 | 10 3 | 13 0 |
| South-Carolina . | 2 0 | 2 0 | 0 | 8 0 | 9 0 | ditto. | 5 | 1 | '9 : 0 | 9 . 0 |
| Reorgia | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 4.0 | | Gen. ticket | 3 | -3 | 6 0 | |
| Kentucky | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 6 0 | 10 0 | Districts. | 5 | 4 | 10 0 | |
| Teanessee | 2 0 | 2 0 | 0 | 3 0 | .6 0 | ditto. | 3 | 3 | 6 ,0 | |
| Ohio | 2 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 1 0 | 6 0 | dîtto. | - 6 | . 5 | 6 0 | |
| Louisiana | none | 2 0 | 2 | none | 1 0 | Gen. ticket | 1 | 1 | 1 0 | 1 0 |
| | 28 6 | 27 9 | | 104 38 | 114 68 | | | 100 | 119 63 | 145- 39 |
| WHOLE NUMBER | 34 | 36 | 14 | 142 | 182 | 11 2 4 | 103 | 41 | 182 | 182 |

^{*} The mode of election in New Jersey, was changed five or six days before the last election, from a seneral ticket to districts.

theral property of the hundred only, at the last election.

† Vermont—Republican majority ditto.

§ Now-York and New-Jersey present a strange contrast in the different effects of the two systems of election. And, the whole, points out the great necessity there is for an alteration of that part of the constitution o the United States that refers to the subject; so that the members may be all chosen in some certain way; the best, in our humble opinion is, by districts; to elect one member each, and no more.

APPROPRIATE. NOTICES.

**New-Hampbare, Massachusetts, Whode Island and Connecticut, are federal in all the branches of their government; and their united majorities of votes are from 15 to 17,000. Vermont, Pennsulvania, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, and Louisiana, are republican in all the branches of their government; and their united majorities of

votes is about 100,000.

Mero-Fork and Delaware have republican governors. The republican majority in the former state is considerable, but in the latter was very small; yet the first has a foderal house of assembly, and the last is federal in both branches of the legislature.

Mar-Jarvey, at the last general election, had a decided republican majority, yet every branch of the government is federal.

Margland has a federal governor and house of delegates; the senate is republican—and, in the whole state the majority of republican electors is from 6 to 8000. In New York, New Jersey, and Manyland, therefore, the minority rules the majority. These are the only states in which the strange fact occurs. Their united majority of republican votes may be fairly

estimated at 12 or 15,000 -but in congress, these states are supposed to be represented by 16 republicans and 25 federalists.

The republican majority in Pennsylvania is equal to all the federal majorities united, twice told-

Thirteenth Congress. List of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in the Thirteenth Congress, according to states.

SENATORS. NEW-HAMPSHIRE. RHODE-ISLAND. Nicholas Gilmun, *Jeremiah Mason. Jeremiah B. Howell,

MASSACHUSETTS. *Christopher Gore, Joseph B. Farnum.

William Hunter. CONNECTICUT. "David Dagget, Samuel W. Dana.

VERNONT. * Dudly Chase, Jonathan Robinson. NEW-YORK. Obadiah German,

*Rufus King. NEW-JERSEY. John Condit. John Lambert. PÉNNSTLVANIA. *Abner Lacock, Michael Leib.

DETAMADE. Outerbridge Horsey,... William H. Wells. MARYLAND *Robert H. Goldsborough; Sumuel Smith-

VIRGINIA. Richard Brent, William B. Giles. NORTH-CAROLINA-

* David Stone, James Turner.

SOUTH-CAROLINA. James Gaillard, Joseph Anderson, John Taylor. GEORGIA

William B. Bullock, Charles Tait. ENNTHUET. George M. Bibb, *Jeese Bledsoe REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE. . Bradbury Cilly, William Hale Samuel Smith, *Roger Vose,

*Daniel Webster. *Jeduthum Wilcox-6. MASSACHUSETTS. *William Baylies. Abijah Bigelow, *George Bradbury, Elijah Brigham,

S: muel Davis, *Daniel Dewey, William Ely, *Levi Hubbard. *Cyrus King, *Timothy Pickering, Jumes Parker,

John Reed, Will m Ree William M. Richardson, *Nuthaniel Ruggles, Samuel Taggart, *Artemas Ward. Laban Wheaton,

*John Wilson, *Abie! Wood-20. CONNECTICUT. Epaphroditus Champion

John Davenport, jun'r Lyman Law, Jonathan O. Moseley, Tanothy Pitkin, Lewis B. Sturges,

Benjamin Tallmadge-7. RHODE-ISLAND. Richard Jackson, jun'r. Elisha R. Potter-2.

VERMONT *William C. Bradley, *Ezra Butler, James, Fisk. * Richard Skinner,

William Strong, *Charles Rich-6. NEW-YORK. Daniel Avery,

*Egbert Benson, *Alexander Boyd, Oliver C. Comatock. · Peter Denoyelles, "Jonathan Fisk, "James Geddes,

*Thomas P. Grosvenor. *Abraham Husbrouck, *Samuel M. Hopkins, *Nathaniel W. Howell,

*Moses Kent, "John Leffertz,

but the omission of "juntor" to his name in some but would not leave the deck. He was struck with in place of Mr. Dower, (fed.) deceased.

George W. Campbell. outo. * Jeremiah Morraw, Thomas Worthington. LOUISIANA. *James Brown, *Elejius Fromentin.

TENNESSEE.

"John Lovett, *Jacob Markell. "Morris S. Miller, *Hosea Moffitt *Thomas I. Oakley *Jotham Post, jun'r,

Ebenezer Sage, *Sanuel Sherwood, *Zebulon R. Shipherd, *William S. Smith, *John W. Taylor, *Joel Thompson,

*Elisha I. Winter, "John M. Bowerst-NEW-JERSEY. Lewis Condict, ·William Cox,

Jacob Hufty, *James Schureman, "Richard Stockton, *Thomas Ward-6. PENNSTLVANIA. William . Inderson,

David Bard. Robert Brown, *John Conrad. William Crawford, Roger Davis, William Findley,

* Hugh Glasgow, John Gloninger, * Isaac Griffin, John M. Hyneman,

* Charles J. Ingersoll, * Samuel D. Inghum, *Jared Irwin, Auron Lyle, William Piper,

John Rea, Jonathan Roberts. Adam Seybert, · Isaac Smith,

 Adamson Tannehill, *James Whitehill,

*Thomas B'lleon-DELAWARE. Thomas Cooper, Henry M. Ridgelev-2.

MARYLAND. Stevenson Archer, Charles Goldsborough, *Alexander C. Hanson. Joseph Kent Alexander M.Kim. * Nicholas R. Moore,

Samuel Ringgold, Philip Stuart, Robert Wright-9. VIRGINIA. "Thomas M. Bayly,

"Hugh Caperton, John Clopton, John Dawson, *John W. Eppes, Thomas Gholson, Peterson Goydwyn, Aulett Hawes. *John P. Hungerford,

James Breckenridge.

W. liam A. Burwell,

*John G. Jackson, *James Johnson, "John Kerri, Joseph Lewis, jun'r, William M'Coy. Hugh Nelson, Thomas Newton,

James Pleasants, jun'r, John Roan Daniel Sheffey, John Smith *Prancis White-23. NORTH-CAROLINA.

Willis Alston, "John Culpeper, Peter Forney, Meshack Franklin, *William Gaston, * William Kennedy, William R. King, Nathaniel Macon, *William H. Murfree,

Joseph Pearson, Israel Pickens, Richard Stanford, * Bartlett Yancey-13. SOUTH-CAROLINA.

John C. Calhann. John J. Chapell, Langdon Cheves, Elias Earle,
* David R. Evans, * Samuel Farrow, * Theodore Gourdon, * John Kershaw, William Lounder-9. GEORGIA.

* William Barnett, William W. Bibb. John Formthe, Bolling Hall, Thomas Telfair, George M. Troup

KENTUCKY. * James Clarke, Henry Clay, (speaker) Joseph Desha, * William P. Duvall. *Samuel Hopkins, Richard M. Johnson, Samuel 3F Kee.

* Thomas Montgomery, Stephen Ormeby, * Solomon P. Sharp-10. TENNESSES. * John H. Bowen, Pelix Grundy "Thomas K. Hanris.

* Perry W. Humphreys, John Rhea, John Sevier-OTTO *John Alexander *James Caldwell. · William Creighton, jun'e,

Starks Edwards, *James Kilbourn, * John Al Lean-6. LOUISIANA. * Thomas B. Robertson-1

Notes-Twomembers have been added to the senate by the creation of Louisiana into a state. Mr. Brown sat a few days in the last session of the senate; but, in a general statement, the senators from Louisiana must be considered new members.

There are four gentlemen marked as "republicans" who differ on many points from the great body of that political party; and three designated as "federalists," who often act with the "republicans." We have set them down as common from considera

*New members-Republicans in Italia.

Svents of the War.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Chesapeake.—We have at length a British unofficial account of the capture of the Chesapeake,
with some particulars from other sources. As we feared, the gallant Lawrence was slain, and with him many of his valuable officers and crew killed and wounded-a slaughter, on both sides, unprecedented in the like space of time. But we have yet to receive a true account of the action, which may alter the appearance of it considerably. Brooke certainly acquitted himself bravely, and was ably supported by his officers and crew.

A letter from Wiscassett states, on information received there, that the Chesapeake commenced the engagement in the most gallant stile-that the brave Mr. Williams; (rep.) had the majority of votes- Lawrence was badly wounded at the first broadside,

ases, gave the legal m jority to Mr. Bowers, (fed.) a second shot—and by this time almost all the offigers were killed or wounded. Brooke then boards ed with 200 men; the battle yet raged; those in frigute a 44 gun ship. After him comes in succes-the tops and on the spar deck fought until all were sion, capts. Ducres, Winyates, Carden, lieut. Chadus, killed or wounded. The colors were then struck of the Java, and the lieut, of the Peacock, Sir by the enemy; but the fight was not yet done, for the George Prevost, at Sackett's Harber, got a victory, brave fellows on the gun drck resisted until hope afficially, though he received an abominable drubwas extinct in destruction. American loss, 145 kill-bing, attually, and was driven from his purpose by ed and wounded; British 81. The disconfiture of a handful of men. In the succeeding pages will be the Clesspeake is attributed to her 'shooting abead' found much stuff of this kind, with some remarks and giving the Skammon an opportunity to rake her! on the statement of lieut. Cakat, to which we in twic vite attention; as well as to the "general order"

We are grateful to the enemy for the respect about the late attack on fort Meige. shown to the remains of capt. Lawrence. It so far To stamp these things as they deserve, and give reciprocates the magnanimity that we have observe to the British a true characteristic for truth-and ed towards them; but it may well be questioned if impress it upon the minds of the people as it really it was humane in capt. Brooke, to carry the wounded merits, I propose, that whenever we hear a manifestation of the people as it really merits. of the Chesapeake to Halifax, when he might so easi- moth lie told, a vile falsehood insinuated, or a plain ly and conveniently have landed them on their own fact outrageously districted, we shall simply ob-shore, where every thing needful to their situation serve, it is "a Barrisa organizat!" The thing will would have been administered by those they loved. soon find its way into common use, and be eminently

The Army in Canada.-We have a strange confu- serviceable in guarding us against the horrid misresion of accounts from Fort George; and are com- presentations and downright lies of the enemy, and pletely foiled in all attempts to extract truth from his friends. the chaos of rumors. We therefore, prefer to let them rest pretty much as they are till better inform-tilus, supposed to be British subjects fighting a-

ed of events that have a singular aspect. American flour .- At Boston 17\$ - t Lisben 145. We learn that several licensed vessels have lately to be retained as hostages. The first mentioned sealeft the Chempeake under convoy of a shoop of war, men were tried or examined in England, and of twee but whether as prizes or otherwise, was only known released as Americans, and arrived here in the Agwill doubtless be carried to those places where, dence.
"us well inclined to the British interest," as THE LI
In consequence of the return of these five, ten of

canse nechanes, they can best subserve "his majes- the hostages have been discharged. ty's" interests.

Important decision. Judge Story, in the circuit We are without any particular news from the court of the United States, sitting at Boston, after north ress, further than that gen. Harrison had de-

state of Ohio.

A large party of gentlemen, dined on board the was not. Baltimore steam boat Chesapeake, on Friday last, the anniversary of the declaration of war. Among the toasts dr. nk were the following :

The United States-'76 made them independent at

Havre-de-Grace in flames-This is the conflagra

tion that will light the deluded portion of our countrymen to a knowledge of the savage and remorseless character of our enemy.

Commodore Radgers-When Cockburn called at his house, he knew he was not at home.

as to demand the marked reprehension of every friend of truth. Until the present war few of us car two hours most desperately, and made our little bagoes will find, if they come within reach of him.

gainst their own country, were sent to England for trial, and com. Rodgers caused 12 British prisoners

Bost. pap.

MILITARY

as elaborate opinion given, decreed the condemna-tached some bodies of mounted troops towards tion of an Imerican vessel sailing under a British Brownstown, &c.

license, on the general principle of being denation—

Gen. Brown, who commanded at Sackett's Harber,

licence, on the general principle of being constants.

In a face by the acceptance of the incentive at Cin-incought up in the society of Principle, of which warpen houts of specie have arrived at Cin-incought up in the society of Principle, of which so formati, each board weighing about 3000bs. The cinciple they in the society of Principle, of which so community to the contract of the Community the bank, which were loaned in advance, with that 33 years—an anniable and an excellent officer. Col. Liberality and patriotism that distinguishes the whole Backus, of the dragoous, has since died of his wounds; and his loss will be severely felt-a better man there

Seven hundred regulars, under the command of col. Darrington, marched from the encumprisent at Dorchester, near Boston, on the 15th mst, for Canada. They are full blooded Yankees. About 150 The corresponding from the confidence of the con must soon be imposing.

A body of the Connecticut militia, 5 or 600 men, have been taken into the service of the United States, to be stationed at New-London for 6 months. Deca-

tur's squadron is considered as perfectly safe. "The first Marine artillery of the Union," an association of the masters and mates of vessels in Bal-A serious properition.—The enormity of the false-timer, about 170 strong, "all told," assembled on hoods decaded in the British official reports, is such Stunday last and proceeded to the Rev. Mr. Glendy's church, in full uniform, where they received an adwere able to estimate the labors of those "liars of honor to the head and heart of the reverend crater. dress suited to the occasion; which, as usual, done the first magnitude." Our readers may recoiled We cannot pass over this pleasant incident without that the gellant Arrian Bast Bingham, of the Little observing, that the members of this invaluable corps Beli, (OFFICIALLY) fought the President frigate are they who, of all other classes of society, feel the And the state of t

The steady perseverance and cheerful lubo of our officers and men discovered, in the action of the these hardy sons of the ocean on the defences of 27th ult. that readiness and ardor for action which Raltimore, is worth all the special pleadings, as to evinced a determination to do honor to themselves RIGHTS."

ple form a few days ago, is a venerable patriarch 103 years old; who "walks and shoots well, and is all honor to be, &c. animation at the sound of the drum."

Hon. Gen. Armete

David R. Williams, of South-Carolina, a member of the last Congress, has been appointed a brigadiergeneral in the army of the United States.

Dr. James Tilton, of Delaware, a venerable man of iron integrity, and of the old revolutionary staff, has been appointed physician and surgeon-general of the armies of the United States. Dr. Francis Le Baron is appointed apothecury-general

FORT MEIGS .- We have the pleasure to be assured that the total loss in killed and murdered of the force under col. Dudley, (that so gallantly but imprudently aided in relieving Fort Meigs) does not exceed 80 men. Many have been purchased of the Indians by the people of Michigan territory and 16th regt. inf. capt. Steel, wounded; rank and some by the British. About 30 yet remain with the indians, some of whom they talk of keeping till New York volunteers, rank and file, 4 wounded. peace, to which, it appears, they have lately began to turn their thoughts.

Sackett's Harbor is in a posture of complete defence—a force of more than 5000 effective men is hospital. The wounds of the others are very slight. now stationed at that important post.

Those of the Creek Indians who lately murdered certain white persons, were first outlawed by the nation, and afterwards put to death. The murderers tion, and accreases put to the state, but were every some destroyed by the warriors of the tribes, headed 1 captain, 1 subsitern, 1 surgeon, 8 sergeants and by Mr. MIntosh. A British officer at Pensacola 102 rank and file-115. "has arms and ammunition for the red people"this is a kind of neutrality that will not be permitted, though there is every reason to believe the Creeks will inviolably preserve the peace.

Chilicothe, June 5, 1813. GENERAL ORDERS.—The unaccountable delay which copy of a letter from maj. gen. Lewis to the secretary as taken place in the marching of some of the dehas taken place in the marching of some of the detachments of troops destined for the North Western Army, makes it necessary that some effectual reme-dy be provided for an evil which is pregnant with the most fatal consequences,

shall, upon receiving the orders, commence a Jour-nal in which he shall insert the date of his having re-ceived the order, and every circumstance which

ROBERT BUTLER, Capt. 24th Inf.

Secretary of War, dated

HEAD-QUARTERS, 8th June, 1813.

the justice of this war for "FREE TRABE AND SALLOR'S and their country. The animating examples set by onts."

col. Scott and by gen. Boyd deserve particular mention. I am greatly indebted to col. Porter of the A general attack or the allied force upon our set; com. A am greatly susceptive the dississippin systephenethed; little trillery, to might exhibit the dissistence of rection of the guns, are very deserving. I have the H. DEARBORN.

> Hon, Gen. Armstron Secretary of War.

Return of the loss of the army of the United States in the action of the 27th May, 1813

The light troops under the command of lieut. col. Scott—Capt. Roach of the 23d infantry wounded; lieut. Swearingen, do.; 23 non-commissioned officers and privates killed; 64 do. wounded—total 89. Gen. Lewis's division-1st. or Boyd's brigade, lieut. H. A. Hobart killed ; rank and file, I wounded.

6th regt of infantry, capt. Arrowsmith, wounded; rank and file, 6 killed, 16 wounded. 15th regt, inf. major King, wounded; rank and

file, 1 killed, 6 wounded.

2d, or Winder's brigade-Rank and file,6 wounded. 3d, or Chandler's brigade-None.

Return of the loss of the enemy in killed, wounded, and taken, in the action of the 27th May, 1813. Killed-108.

Prisoners.-Wounded, 1 colonel, 3 subalterns, 7

Total loss of the enemy 507 Militia paroled

E. BEEBE, Ass't. Adjt. Gen.

NIAGARA, June 14, 1813.

SIR-You will perceive by the enclosed copy of or-ders marked, 1, that general Dearborn, from indisposition, has resigned his command, not only of the The general, therefore, directs that every officer, Ningara army, but of the district. I have doubts when ordered to march with a detachment of troops, whether he will ever again be fit for service. He has

In my last I mentioned the unfortunate circumetired the order, and every circumstance which that the properties of the journals will be sent to the officer ordering ry, serving as infantry. These three gentlemen and ry, serving as infantry. These three gentlemen and rough page 1171 PR Cost 24th Le ER, Capt. 24th Inf.
Assist. Adj. General.
would honor any service. Their galiantry and that Copy of a letter from major-general Dearborn to the of their companies was equally conspicuous on this occasion as the affair of the 27th uitimo. A view of gen. Chandler's encampment will be sufficient to Sin-I hasten to state to you, that the whole of shew that this disaster was owing to its arrange-

ment. Its centre being its weakest point, and that 700 men of the 6th regiment detached to priored in being discovered by the enemy in the evening, re-[them. Orders were prepared to be given them to cerved the combined attack of his whole force, and defined the boats, and it sassistly by any of the era-hus her was completely cut. The gallanty of the my's small vessels, to carry then by boarding. By shi, 150h, and part of the 25d, and high troops, sar's one irregularity, which I have not been able to dis-cit the army. Of the 5th his said, that who the cover, the boats pet of without the detachment, of the completely cut. The control of the cover of the boats pet of which the third the cover, the boats pet of which the third the cover, the boats pet of which the detachment, the cover of the 234, under major Armstrong, was found When they had progressed about 3 miles, a breeze sustaining its left flank. Their fire was irresistible sprung up, and an armed schooner or crhauled them. -and the enemy was compelled to give way. Could those who were enterprising kept on and escaped, he have been pressed the next morning, his destruc-tion was inevitable. He was dispersed in every di-tection, and every dispersed property dispersed property dispersed property dispersed in every di-persed property dispersed property disp sing, without his hat or horse. Tunderstand he was found the next morning almost famished, at a distance of four miles from the scene of action.

artillery and prevented the capture of others. He British advanced, and now occupy the ground we

merits promotion for it.

been attacked, encamped on a plain of about a mile stores, &c. I detached at midnight 75 men for their in width, with its right flank on the lake, and its protection. The report of the day is (though not left on the creek which skirts the base of a perpendi-official) that they arrived too late for their purpose, cular mountain of a considerable height. On my and that the stores are lost. I have the honor to be, &c.

route I received Nos. 5 and 6 enclosed.

-though its character could not be ascertained with precision. We lay on our arms all night. At dawn of day struck our tents, and descried the hestile squadron abreast of us, about a mile from the shore. Our hoats which transported the principal part of our baggage and eamp equipage lay on the beachit was a dead calm-and about 6 the enemy towed in a large schooner, which opened her fire on our boats. As soon as she stood for the shore, her object being evident, I ordered down Archer's and Towson's companies, with four pieces of artillery, to resist her attempts. I at the same time sent capt. Totten of the engineers, (a most valuable officer) to construct a temporary furnace for heating shot, which was prepared and in operation in less than 30 minutes. Her fire was returned with a vivacity and Report of the killed, wounded and missing in the aceffect (excelled by no artillery in the universe) which soon compeiled her to retire. A party of savages now made their appearance on the brow of the Wounded monatain (which being perfectly bald, exhibited 34 privates. them to our view) and commenced a fire on our camp. I ordered col. Christie to dislodge them, who entered on the service with alacrity, but found himself anticipated by lieut. Eldridge, the adjutant of his regiment, who with a promptness and gallant-corps in the action of the 6th inst. at Stoney Cack, ry highly honorable to that young officer, had already gained the summit of the mountain, with a party of volunteers, and routed the barbarian allies of the defender of the C ristian faith. This young man merits the notice of government.

marit a reply

No. 7, was delivered to me at about 6 this mornbaggage was put in the boats, and a detachment of amounted only to 14 rank and file killed-1 subal-

Licut. M'Chesney's gullantry recovered a piece of and picked up a few stragglers: On our retiring the

we left

nerits promotions not it.

On the ereming of the 6th of June, I received the "The enemy's fleet is constantly hovering on our order No. 4, and joined the army at five in the afficoast, and interrupting our supplies. The night tennon of the 7th. I found it at the 40 mile revek, before last, being advised of their having chased 10 miles in the rear of the ground on which it had into 18 mile creek two vessels laden with hospital into 18 mile creek two vessels laden with hospital control of the promotion of the pro MORGAN LEWIS.

At 6 in the evening the hostile fleet hove in sight Hon. John Armstrong

Secretary at War. No. 5, referred to in the report of general Lewis. (COPY.)

Niagara, June 6, 1813.

DEAR GENERAL-A ship having appeared this morning steering towards the head of the lake, which is undoubtedly one of the enemy's ships; and as others are appearing, you will please to return with the troops to this place as soon as possible. Your's with esteem, H. DEARBORN. P. S. The object of the enemy's fleet must be ei-

ther to cover the retreat of their troops, or to bring on a reinforcement.

Major-general Lewis.

tion of the 6th June, at Stoney Creek. Killed-I sergeant, 1 corporal, 15 privates.

Wounded-I captain, 1 sergeant, 2 corporals and

Missing-2 brigadiers general, 1 major, 3 capts

subaltern; 9 sergeants, 4 corporals, 80 privates. Total killed, wounded and missing-154. Correct return from the reports of the different

J. JOHNSON, Ast. Adj. Gen. "BRITISH OFFICIAL."

Adjutant General's Office, Bead-Quarters, Kingsion, May 21, 1813. GENERAL ORDERS .- The commanding general has great satisfaction in announcing to the troops the These little affairs cost us not a man. Sir James brilliant result of an action which took place on the L. Yen being disappointed of a tragedy, next deter-banks of the Miami river on the 5th inst. with part mined, in true dramatic style, to amuse us with a of the North Western Army of the United States, An officer with a flag was sent to me from under major-general Harrison, and which terminathis ship, advising me, that as I was invested with ed in the complete defeat of the enemy, and cap-savages in my rear, a fleet in my front, and a power-ture, dispersion or destruction of thirteen hundred ful army on my flank, be, and the officers command—mee, by the gallant division of the army under the ing into Britainne mylesty's lead forces, thought it command of brigailer general Proctor. Fine Immediately to cernard the control of these who will be the command that the command that the control of the control answered that the message was too ridiculous to fell into the hands of the Indians, and whose number could not be ascertained.

"Brigadier-general Proctor praises the gallant ing : between 7 and 8 o'clock, the four waggons we conduct of those under his command, and refers to had being loaded first with the sick and next with official despatches not yet received. The enemy's ammunition, &c. the residue of camp equipage and loss was very severe; while that of the British tern, 4 serjeants, and 37 rank and file wounded. Of the militia, 1 captain killed, 4 rank and file wounded."

(Signed) EDWARD BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

KINGSTON GAZETTE EXTRADORINARY.

Head-quarters, Kingston, 8th June, 5 o'clock, P. M. received an express, announcing that a strong division of the American army had advanced to forty mile creek, with the intention of attacking the po forty sition occupied by brig. gen. Vincent at the head of . The Essex—The following swas posted up at Burling on bay. The enemy's plan was however an-Lloyd's, London-"The Elizabeth, from Rio Janeiro ticipated by the gallant general, and completely de- to London, was captured on the 25th December. are generals, and 5 pieces of cannon were takenand the fugitives were pursued in every direction by a numerous body of Indians under the chief Norton. The enemy's force is stated at 200 cavalry and 4000 in quest of the Essex.

infantry, besides a strong force in boats. This intelligence was communicated off York, at Vincent-and immediately proceeded with reinforce. assuredly command the lake. ments on board to support the general's further at-tack upon the enemy. Further reinforcements under major Deharen, proceeded this day from Kingston to Join gen. Vincent. The British loss has been very slight. The official despatch is hourly expected. E. BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Head-Quarters, Kingston-Adjutant-General's Office, June 7th, 1813

of the forces has great satisfaction in ordering the The British are fitting out with all expedition our following General Order, issued by major-gen. De late sloops captured on lake Champlain. It appears the occasion by major Taylor of the 100th regiment, over the lines to Champlain. and the officers and men employed in the attack on the enemy's armed vessels.

By his excellency's command EDWARD BAYNES, Adj. Gen.

Office of the Adjutant-General's Department, Mon-

ing has received a report from major Taylor, of the and detachments from the garrison of Isle aux Noix, the traitor. and the enemy's armed vessels Growler and Eagle · from lake Champlain, having each 11 guns, with 4 officers and 45 men on board, and which ended in the capture of both vessels after a well contested action of 3 hours and a half. Major Taylor speaks in high terms of the gallantry of all the officers and soldiers employed on this occasion, particularly of British tharteen years-Algiers is merciful. lieut. Lowe of the marine department, ensigns Dawson, Gibbon and Humphries, and acting quarter master Pilkington of the 100th regiment, with their ws; and reports the material assistance he received from capt. Gordon of the royal artillery, lt. Williams, 100th regiment, with the parties on shore, who contributed greatly to the capture of the ene-

The garrison had three men wounded; the enemy one man killed, and eight severely wound The major-general commanding, will have much satisfaction in reporting to his excellency the com- his majesty's ship Java is no more, after sustaining the conduct and bravery of all concerned. By command, J. ROWAN, D. A. A. C.

NAVAL

Decation's squadron at New-London-the blockeding squadron on the 19th inst. consisted of two 74's. three frigates and three brigs, The secretary of war has ordered Fort Griswold to be put in complete repair, and, by order of president, handsomely com-plimented gov. Smith for the promptitude and ener-His excellency the commander of the fort has just gy of the measures he had taken for the defence of Now-London, &c. A number of large guns had arrived there from New-York; and the squadron may be considered safe, though it "can't get out."

The Essex—The following was posted up at.

feated by a spirited attack at day break on the 6th the Essex American frigute, and sent into Rio on the inst. on the American army, which was completely 19th January, from whence she was brought out on defeated and dispersed. Twelve officers, 2 of whom burnt in sight of Santa."

It is stated, by an arrival at Falmouth, (Eng.) that the Cherub of 20 and Racoon of 18 guns, had gone

The brigs at Erie are safely launched into their destined element, and will be ready to sail by the 2.P. M. to com. sir James Yoe, who had sailed with first of July. When joined by the force at Black the ficet on the 3d inst. to co-operate with general Rock, capt. Perry will have thirteen vessels, and

> The U.S. brig Enterprize arrived at Portsmouth. N. H. on the 13th instant. A party of sailors have went from New-York to

Lake Champlain.

A galley, built by voluntary subscriptions and the free labor of the mechanics of the Northern Liberties, of Philadelphia, has been launched. She is 76 feet long, 15 feet beam, 41-2 feet hold, and to row 40 oars; and will probably carry two great guns, GENERAL ORDER.-His excellency the commander and from 60 to 80 men, with muskets, &c

Rottenburg, to be published, and to add his appro-that in the rencontre we had only one man killed, bation of the judgment and gallantry displayed upon and six wounded, five of whom have been brought

The pilot of the Liverpool Packet, the (Nova Scotia privateer that for many months has committed so great depredations on the coasting trade of the Eastern states, but lately captured and sent into Ports-Office of the Adjutant-General's Department, Mon-mily near Portland. His name is Yorke. It is stat-mily near Portland. His name is Yorke. It is stat-ded, the hand programment command-ded, he has declared, that that privateer was chief owned by certain persons in the United States, "and 100th regiment, giving an account of a gallant affair, he will not suffer alone? "When regues fates," and which took place yesterday between the gun boats, We expect to hear of astonishing exertions to release

The colors of the shipping in the port of Balli-more, were hoisted half-mast on Thursday last, in respect for Lawrence and his brave companions in death. There is an American now in Charlestown (Mass.)

hospital, who was impressed and detained by the British official account of the capture of the frigate Java.

ABMBALTY-OFFICE, LONDON, April 29. Letters, of which the following are copies, and ex-tracts, have been transmitted to the office by lieut. Chads, late 1st lieutenant of his majesty's ship

United States frigate Constitution. Off St. Salvador, Dec. 31, 1812.
Sin-It is with deep regret that I write you, that

mander of the forces, this action, which does high an action on the 29th inst. for several hours, with the credit to the arrangements of maj. Taylor, and to American frigate Constitution, which resulted in the capture and ultimate destruction of his majesty's ship. Capt, Lambert being dangerously wounded in

the height of the action, the melancholy task of mast, and we were taken possession of a little after writing the detail devolves on me. on the 29th inst at 8, a. x. off St. Salvador (coast ed by commodore Bainbridge, who immediately af-

sail; made all sail in chase, and soon made her out burning her, which we had the satisfaction of secto be a large frigate; at moon prepared for action, the chase not answering our private signals, and Annexed I send you a return of the killed and woundtacking towards us under casy sail; when about four ed, and it with pain I perceive its on unerous; also miles distant she made a signal and immediately a statement of the comparative force of the two ships tacked and made all sail upon the wind. We soon -when I hope their lordships will not think the Bri-Tacked and made at said upon the wine. We so will be a few and a few and the advantage of her in sailing; and tish flag tarnished, although success has not attended and up with her fast, when she hoisted American ed us. It would be presumptuous in the speak of colors; she then hore about three points on her lee captain Lambert's merits, who, though still in dambow. At 50 minutes past 1, r. m. the enemy shorten-ed sail, upon which we bore down upon her; at 10 hopes of his being restored to the service and his minutes past 2, when about half a mile distant, she country. minutes part 2, when about him a mine threshold and the part of th weather now. Both stups now measurement of obtain lower in Justice to the officers; hoge leave to high-advantageous positions, our opponent evidently tion them individually. I can never speak to high-avoiding close action, and firing high to disable our ly of the exertions of lieuts. Harringham and Bumasts, in which she succeeded too well, having shot canan, and also Mr. Robinson, master, who was seaway the head of our bowsprit, with the jib-boom, verely wounded, and lieuts. Mercer and Davis of the and our running rigging so much cut as to prevent royal marines, the latter of whom also was severely our reaching the weather gage.

ship to be laid on board, in which we would have suc- who was on the main-deck, and lieut. Saunders, who ceeded had not our foremast been shot away at this commanded on the forecastle, I also return my moment, the remains of our bownspit passing over thanks. I cannot but notice the good conduct of his traffical shortly after this the maintopment event, the mates and middlippines, many of whom are the leaving the ship totally unmanageable, with most of led, and the greater part wounded. To Mr. 7. 6.

lying over them.

ferous woisten in the breast, and was carried near two or wounded, were solicitous to assist and remain on three guns until a quarter past 4, when our mittee guns until a quarter past 4, when our mittee guns until a sparter past 4, when our mittee quarter deck shot away; then fell off a little, and I brought many of our starboard guns to bear; the my grateful acknowledgements, thus publicly, for enomy's rigging was so much cut that he could the generous treatment captain Lambert and his offinot avoid shooting ahead, which brought us fairly cers have experienced from his gallant enemy, com-broadside and broadside. Our main-yard now went modore Bainbridge and his officers. in the slings, both ships continued engaged in this manner till 35 minutes past 4, we frequently on

exercion was made by seduring this interval, to place dismaged, with 10 men killed, the commander, fifth the victor was take to renew the action. We succeed-likeful and 46 men wounded, 4 of whom are since et in pleasing the wrole of our masts from our gun; dead. a sail was set on the stumps of the foremast and bo ysprit, the weather half of the mainvard remaining aloft, the main tack was got forward in the hope pounders; 2 long 8 pounders-46 guns : weight of of getting the ship before the wind, our helm being metal, 1034lb.; ship's company and supernumerastill perfect, the effort unfortunately proved ineffecties, S77. tual, from the mainmast falling over the side, from th heavy rolling of the ship, which nearly covered 32 pounders; 1 carronade, 18 pounder-55; weight the heavy folling of the ship, which nearly covered to possible the shole of our starboard guns. We still waited of metal, 1490%, c rew, 480.

The ottack of the enemy, he now starding towards [Here follows the lists of the killed and wounded, the attack of the enemy, he now standing towards [Here follows the lists us for that purpose; on his coming within hail of us. 22 killed, 102 wounded. and, from his manauvre, perceiving he intended a position shead, where he could rake us, without a

possibility of our returning a shot; I then consulted placeful or of our externing a money the consulted of the serry to him the conscription of the constraints and the constraints are not believe a great part of our new killed and wounded, our officers experienced; on the contrast they were pill-bowspirt and three maste gone, several guns usedees, laged of almost every thing and Rept in irons. we should not be justified in wasting the lives of

fended his majesty's ship; under these circumstan-quiry addressed lient. Chads as follows:

ccs, however reluctantly, at 50 minutes past 5, our "Mr. Chads, I feel great satisfaction and pleasure, ces, however reluctantly, at 50 minutes past 5, our "Mr. Chads, I feel great satisfaction and pleasure, colors were lowered from the stump of the mizen lin returning your sword, which you have so gal-

of Brazil) the wind at s. z. we perceived a strange ter ascertaining the state of the ship, resolved upon

wounded; to captain John Marshall, R. N. who was At 5 minutes past 3, finding the enemy's raking a passenger, I am particularly obliged his exer-fire extremely heavy, captain Lambert ordered the tions and advice through the action; to lieut. Alpin, our starboard guns rendered useless from the wreck Jones, surgeon, and his assistants, every praise is

due for their unwearied assiduity in the care of the At half past 3 our gallant captain received a dan wounded. Lieut gen. Hislop, major Walker and gerous wound in the breast, and was carried below; captain Wood, of his staff, the latter of whom was

I have the honor to be, &c.

HY. D. CHADS. fire in consequence of the wreck lying on the side en-gaged. Our opponent now made sail shead out of both in her rigging and men, having her fore and gun-shot, where he remained an hour repairing his mizenmasts, maintopmast, both maintopsail yards, damages, leaving us an unmanageable words, with spanker-boom, gaff and trysail-mast, badly shot, and only the main-mast left, and that tottering. Every the greatest part of the standing rigging very much

> FORCE OF THE TWO SHIPS. Java-28 long 18 pounders; 16 carronades, 32

Constitution-32 long 24 pounders ; 22 carronades,

(EXTRACT.) St. Salvador, Brazil, January 3.

I am sorry to find the Americans did not behave

more of those remaining, who, I hope their lord-ships and the country will think, have brayely de-being investigated, the president of the court of en-

sulty worn in defence of your country. If, sir, your sively heavy fire from the Constitution, thereby ex-claracter had not been known as an officer, and this possing herself to a taking fire. If it had been the first time you had been heard of in the service, inclination or intention of captain Lambert to have your conduct and behavior on this occasion would boarded, which the writer action to be the case, he will be a support of the conduction of the service of the have established your character as a skilful, good certainly could have taken a position favorable to and gallant office."

which the letter abounds, create a besier max meyer part womance, has a summer sometiment of the state man, it is presumed that he never would have comments? It proves, at least, the hull, as well as the mistely have for the manner of the manner of the latter does comments. The proves, at least, the hull, as well as the mistely himself is the manner of the latter does comments and spars, was the obligator of her aim. The mit him. It is therefore a fair inference that the letand him. It is therefore a fair increase that the set; sascribus that the say was not able to keep the weather to even written by Joint William Correler, is simmer, there age is equally false with the others; she rejudge that the same of the sa read to show the absurdity and falsity of its state struck her flag, the Constitution laid under her leewant of magnanimity on the part of an enemy, who ing the Java's flag was hattled down, she then shot had proof of his being well fought by his foe, and shead to repair her damages; and while thus emcertainly experienced generous treatment after his ployed, the flag was again hoisted on board the Java. capture, are exhibited to the public; it then be- which excited a general disgust on board the Consticomes an act of but common justice to expose such tution. It was evident to us that the Java could illiberality in its proper colors, and to state facts make no further resistance, and that this maneuvre suppressed.

letter alluded to.

disproved by the fact that she was supposed by the ly I hour and 55 minutes, a great part of which time disproved by the fact that she was supposed by the lay 4 hour and 25 mutters, a great part of which time officers of the Java to be the Easer, which they were Jwa taken up in manuscuring. Officers of the Java to be the Tayer, which they were Jwa taken up in manuscuring. In the Jwa the Jwa the Jwa the Jwa the Jwa Jwa the Jwa of her being disguised with paint.

The second assertion states, that the Constitution lieut. Chads saw the list of the killed and wounded tacked and made all sail away upon the wind; at the on board the Constitution (and made a minute of

"Our opponent avoided close action and fired high." moved from the Java. If the writer of that letter had been there and spoken the truth, he would have acknowledged, that American," may be relied on as perfectly correct. the Constitution of the Co with carronades, made every possible manœuvre to prevent the Constitution closing with her. This was, however, effected in spite of all the exertions on board the Java; and so close a position was taken, that it was presumed the action would have been decaled in that situation, without further mancuvring; both vessels being within pistol-shot, the Java to windward, so that each vessel could bring all her guns to bear upon the other. But, most astonishivg-ly to allon board the Constitution, the Java put her helm up, and wore round to get clear of the exces-

such an attempt. But lieutenant Chads told the commodore they never had any intention of boarding,

From the Boston Daily Advertiser.

and observed, "sir, against such a crew as your's it constitution and Java—The English official ac-would have been impossible to succeed." The acconstruction between the above vessels, has knowle ignent of the writer "of having a great part at length reached this country, in the form of a let- of their crew killed and wounded—their bowsprit ter, stated to be from lieut. Chads to John Wilson and three masts gone-several guns useless-mery. Crocker. But the palpable misrepresentations with which the letter abounds, create a belief that the ter part wounded," is a sufficient comment on the When, however, such evident marks of the beam, and in that position ceased her fire. On seewhich delicacy alone towards a vanquished foe had was made from his false pride of desiring that in the report of the action its duration should be length-I shall notice in succession the observations in the ened. Our presumption proved correct; upon bear-

ing down upon her she struck her flag the szcoxp The first assertion, that the Constitution "was time without either vessel having fired a shot after made out to be a large frigate," is incorrect; and is 5 minutes past 4; the action having lasted precise

when in close action with the Java; and lest Chais himself; correct. It is a fact that she had not a man killed admitted, whilst on board the Constitution; and when in close action with the Java; and her killed they expressed their astonishment at her appearing and principal part of her wounded were at long shot. so very small, which appearance was in consequence Charity induces me to believe that the postscript to the letter is a forgery, if the letter itself is not ; for

same time mentions the Java being to windward— the same) which correctly stated 9 killed and 25 saline including the commodore. And not a mist be palpable to the mind of every seaman. In man of our wounded died until some time in January The third assertion, that the Constitution opened ry, after the Java's crew had left us. We only lost her fire at one half mile distance, which was not re- 4 of the Constitution's wounded, and some of them turned until the Java was close upon her meather born, died north of the equator; yet this postscript states is followed by a declaration of the same ignorant that, on the 31st Dec. 2 days after the action, 4 of to blowed by a december of the same ignorms, on the 31s. Doc. 2 days after the action, a of writer, "the enemy evidently avoiding close action," our wounded are since dead. At the time that the although they were close upon her bow, and to wind- letter is dated, lieut. Chads could not have been acword? And he admits that the Constitution was ly-quainted with the extent of the loss of the killed ing to, and the Java had greatly the superiority in and wounded on board the Java; for it was the day after the action before all the prisoners were re-

The following plain statement of facts by "an

Java.

| Forcastle 8 | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Guns 54 Weight of shot | |
| Constitution.—Gun-dec | k, 15 guns, 22lb. each, |

330lbs. Quarter-deck and forcastle, 11 carronades, 29lb. 7 oz. each, 325lb. 5 oz. Forecastle, 1 long gun, 22lb. 22-677lb. 5 oz.

Shifting gun, 24lb-605lbs.

to captain Marshall and lieutenant Chads, on the 8 at her carronades, quarter-deck of the Constitution, that if the Java

The misrepresents

candidly delivering the muster-book immediately on actually on board its being called for. During the period of this offcer-like transaction, captain Marshall came on the BRITISH ACCOUNT OF THE CAPTURE OF THE CHESAPEARE. quarter-deck of the Constitution, and observed to quarter-jeec et un Constitution, and ouser-ou un com. Rabbridge, "Well, I was really mistaken, for I mow find we had 560 men"—to which the common Infiliax, in 7 days, bringing the papers of that done typlied, "I have no doubt, sir, of the law is city to the 9th, which contain the following account the best work of the the manning conflict feteway the Clessthere is pured, "I may no dome, any, or the Jawas city to the stip, which contain the bulboming account ment of the destination of the commence of the late singulary conflict between the Christ-ment of the mental potenty after, hent. Chade peaks and Shamoon frigates. No letters have been brought up the must be properly and "I find, sir, received in noray other remarks that the following we had in horal 260 persons," and "I find, sir, received in noray other remarks that the following delivered the muste-book to the commodern. If was given to Mr. Ludlow, purser of the Constituexclusive of those which had been erased.

If the Java had only the men on board whom names they suffered to remain without erasure. which was 409, there must of consequence have 801, 240. 22-07/10. 5 02.

Dara—Gundeck, 14 guns, 191b. shot each, 2651b. been 63killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 63killed, for there were only 341 received on 100 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for there were only 341 received on 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for the caches 200 caches 200 caches, 201b. been 64killed, for the caches 200 caches 200 ca case the number of her killed would have amount-As to the British report of the number of men on ed to 55. As the muster-book of the Java wee

has to the British report of the number of mention ed to 55. As the muster-book of the Java was board the Java being incorrect, the officers of the made, and the muster of all hands dated on the 1st frigate Constitution are not in the least astonished, of November, and as the ship left England the 26th well knowing the fact, of the prevarication that the of October, and the action was fought the 29th Dewere knowing the land, in the presentation that the process, and the action was rought the 29th De-officers of the Java did use on board the Constitu-tion, respecting the number of the Java's crew.— British navy would keep 30 or 49 men upon his mus-Lieut. Cheds and capt. Marshall, previously to the ter-book for months after they had been discharged. bleut, thens and capt, marshall, previously to the erroots, for months after they had been discharged, prisoners being all removed from the Java to the without making their customary marks of denota-Constitution, on being asked the number of men the tion against the names; particularly as two months Constitution, on being asked the number of men the Iton against the names; particularly as two months always into the order, did declare, that it did not ex: of the time, the ship was at see, where all hands excel 330 when they left Bogland. But after the ret regularly mustered every Sunday. It is thereexcelled the content of the time that numbers of fires, in my opinion, a very rational construction, bound, they then deced the number to 330; and that the mes whose names were crossed from the capt. Marshall did expressly declare to the common function-look, did actually compose part of the deepcapt. Marsault did expressly decare to the common muster-mone, and actually compose part or the crew-dore, that on leaving England they also at \$35 soils, of the Java, in which case the had nearly 40 mich including every body on board. Captain Marshall It may also be observed as a conclusive fact, that confirmed his declaration by saying, "I give you my by quarter-hild refer exhibited on board they word, sir, as a British officer, that we had not." Constitution, proved that the hald 3 men to each When all the prisoners were removed from the days, long gun, and 10 men to each carronnele; while the and the commodere found he had 341, he observed Constitution had but 12 men at her long guns, and

The misrepresentations and misstatement of facts, left England with only 335 men, she certainly must by the officers of the Java, are not singular. Did have got some recruits on the passage; for there not the efficial communication of capt Bingham, renave gor some recruits on the passage; for there not use grace communication of capit Mangham, re-weig 341 received on board the Constitution, and present the action deween the Little British and the upwards of 39 killed on board the laws, according frigate President to have lasted between 1 and 2 to the reports of the divisional officers belonging to horize, wheat the officers of the frigate President to. her. He concluded his observations by saying, he |lenmly contradict the whole of capital Brightank old loss set has received to the concluded his observations by saying, he |lenmly contradict the whole of capital Brightank did not see the propriety of their concealing the statement, and depose on oath, that the action did and not see the propriety of their conceaning the particularity, and segme on many, that he add no helistiking in stat in or creaded I similarity and was it not stated being to them the next force of the Constitution, fore the court-martial at Halfars, that the Government and the Constitution of the court martial at Halfars, that the Government of the action with the Constitution, when the many of the action with the Constitution, when the receive from them a correct statement of the force truth was, that the Constitution received from the of the Java. On which, purser Ludlow, who was Guerriere, as prisoners of war, 270; and capt. Dastanding by, observed to the commodore, that the cres acknowledged a number to have been killed.

standing my observed to the commodore, that the letter assured the statement of facts has been col-commodore then addressed lieutenant Chads as foll-lected from undoubted authority. The only motive Jows; "Size that the purser of the Jara, has the "Size the purser of the Jara, has the muster-book of that ship—it is public property." I, low as a crystally although it may fall therefore, request you will order him to deliver it lines of our centery dath the inliberally of the of the control of the ward-now, and with the purser of the Jara him to deliver it lines of our centery date. There is one fact worthy of observations the moster-book, and erased the word-com table vious to the arrival of the officers of the Jara him the muster-book, and erased the word-com table vious to the arrival of the officers of the Jara him the state of the Jara him of giving them to the public is to do justice to our was more abn cauced oursy after the ship left Eng-carries at least 40 guns. And the same prints in land. In this alteration, they neglected to alter the mentioning the capture, imputed it to the Marsh shardate of the book. They were employed alone an ling had too many men; and I presume that learn, bower in this homerable work, instead of fairly and Chads would not have wished for more than were AN AMERICAN.

tion, to examine, who found the names to be 409, non, from Boston Bay, with the American frigate Chesapeake, her prize.

It is with pleasure we congratulate our readers on the capture of the American frigate Chesapeake, rommanded by captain Lawrence, by his majesty's minntes.

The following particulars of this pleasing event, we have collected from conversation with some of the

officers of the Shannon, and have reason to think them materially correct:

Boston, would come out and give her battle-nor number of men. certainty which side of their ship she intended to grave. engage; at half past 5, however, she luffed up to ter fired the after gun, and her others successively, daily at Salem. until the enemy came directly abreast, when the Chesapeake fired her whole broadside, which the Shannon immediately returned; and here, broadside to broadside the action commenced; in five minutes the Chesapeake fell along aside the Shannon, and was hoarded in her tops as well as on her decks, by

of the dead, the wounded taken below, a great por-tion of the prisoners being removed out of her-and, accompanied by the Shannon, she was steered for this port. On board the Shannon, Mr. Watt, the first lieut. Mr. Aldham, purser; Mr. Duns captain's clerk, and 23 seamen were killed. Capt. Broke, a midshipman and 56 seamen wounded.

our gallant countrymen; and, in 11 minutes from the commencement of the action, her three ensigns were hauled down, and soon afterwards replaced

with the English flag over them. Her decks cleared

On board the Chesapeake, Mr. Ballard, 4th lieut. Mr. Broom, lieut. marines; Mr. White, the master; So. Broom, next manner; Mr. White, the master; local of the property of the manner; and shoat 70 mms, were kill.

Capt Thurston who has arrived at Barnstable from the property of the propert

Capt. Broke, we understand, nobly led the board-Cipi. Troke, we understand, noby text use boars-ter from the quater-deck, and was, we are sorry-ter from the quater-deck, and was, we are sorry-fact, June 8. "Middlipmen Livingston, Evans and Hopewell, "Middlipmen Livingston, Evans and Hopewell, "Middlipmen Livingston, Evans and Hopewell, and the same than the same master, are also dead. The wounded see in a fair he is, however, we rejoice to learn, in a fair ray of 'my of resourcy." The whole mander of Killed and 'my of resource. his country, and with such imperishable honor to sapeake, as you already too well know it ; nor will I

Lieut. Watt was killed after boarding the Chesaake-he was an excellent officer.

On captain Broke being wounded, the command ship Shannon, captain Broke, after an action of 11 of the Shannon devolved on the 2d lieut. Mr. Wallis, son of Mr. Wallis of the navy yard, who conducted himself in a very brave manner.

Great merit is due to capt. Broke, on this occasion, not only for the perseverance with which he has so long sought a contest with an American frigate, On the 25th May, his majesty's ship Tenedos, but for the promptitude and skill with which he has On the 23th May, his majesty's sum I research, just for the promptitude and satul with winth the house, which had for nearly three months, been enturing in locked the question of superiority, and put an end and applicable that the sum of the property of the sum of the sum

were our tars disappointed. Early in the morning of the Ist inst the Shannon stood in close to Boston shewn to capt. Lawrence. The corps was landed light-house, and observed the Chesapeake lying at from the Chesapeake under a discharge of minute ancior, with royal yards across, and apparently rea-dy for sea: The British colors were then hoisted on the American ensign was spread as a pall over the by for sea: The British colors were then hoisted on the American easign was spread as a pill over the board the Shanons, and sich were none are the land; coffin, on which was placed the swood of the desired, as a superior of the season of t for fear the enemy would not bring her to action be garrison—and the procession was closed by a number of dark; in 20 minutes after, the Chesapeake sheer-ber of respectable inhabitants. The funeral service ed within musket shot of the Shannon, still stand- was performed by the reverend Rector of St. Paul's, ing towards her in such a way as left our tars in un- and three volleys discharged by the troops over the

A ship, the Henry, may be hourly expected from the Shannon's weather quarter, and on her fore-mast Halifax, which will bring the American account of coming in a line with the Shannon's mizen, the lat- this distressing loss. A cartel may also be expected

FURTHER.-We have received from an American source the following additional particulars : Capt. Lawrence received two wounds by the first

broadside of the Shannon; afterwards a third, when he fell, and was carried below. He died the Saturday after the battle, and was buried with all the honors of war. Com. Broke was severely wounded by a sabre cut

in boarding, and received other severe wounds. He was reported to be delirious. Lieut. Ludlow received three wounds, and had his

outh cut to pieces.

The Shannon received five shot under water, one through her copper, and had her rigging and masts much cut up. The Chesapeake's masts were badly

counded. The first it of the Shannen was shot by his own-crew, while hoisting the colors—having made a mis-take in hoisting the American over the English co-

Extract of a letter from the surgeon's mate on board the Chesapeake, to a friend in Boston, duted "Hali-

recovery, and we hope will soon be able to return to wounded are estimated at about 160 or 170. I need that station, which he filled with so much benefit to not inform you of our misfortune in loosing the Cheattempt to state to you the particulars of the action; ing in a becoming manner."

Extract of a letter from the surgeon of the Chesapeake, the same date as the above.

"About 44 minutes past 5, when within pistol shot of the Shannon, we received her broadside, which was returned, and at the first fire capt. Lawrence was wounded in the leg. Three or four broadsides only were exchanged, when the ship had her head, topsail-tie shot away, and her spanker brails fouled by cut rigging. Captain Lawrence was wounded through the body mortally by a musket ball. Lieut. Ludlow was twice wounded by musket or grape shot. Mr. White the master was killed. Mr. Ballard's leg was shot from his body. Lt. Broome and the boatswain were mortally wounded. The ship being unmanageable, she fell on board the Shannon, when they threw 200 men on our decks. Our boarders were called away, but the man whose duty it was to give the signal, from fright or some other case, did not give it. Lieut. Build was informed by Mr. Gustis the captain, that the boarders were called have not time to be more particular.

"List of officers killed and wounded .- Capt. Lawrence mortally wounded-died the 4th of June; its. Eudlow and Cox wounded, but doing well; lieut. against 150; after which they retired with the loss and to a woman, but dong well, light, segment 2012 are went they retred with the loss lightly done of the comments of the comm Brooke of the Shannon, is likely to recover.'

BLOCKADE OF THE DELAWARE

paper of the 23d inst.) from Dennis's creek, three three of which, with 6 small vessels and some barges sloops loaded with timber for the 44 gun frigate, under convoy of the gun boats, commanded by lieut. pedition. der convoy of use gui boats, commanate of neutral Angus. They give the following information, that on Wednesday nine gui boats and two armed sloops, the Camel and Buffalso, under the command of lieut. Angus, arrived off Fisher's cheek, abreast of the nempt's squarma, consisting of two frigates, one gims were fixed, and every thing put in readness on the upper end of the Brown, and the other on first them. But they moored across Januss river, in the lower end of the Brawn, and the other on first them. But they moored across Januss river, in the lower end of the Braukweine. Owing to the fill news of that town, and so remained till 8 o'clock flood tide and wind, our little squadron could get no nearer the enemy. At 4 P. M. our gun boats no nearer the enemy. At 9 f. M. our gun ouass commenced firing on the enemy, which causes "The enemy this morning approached Crany Isl-them to change their position, and get out of the and, and commenced anattack, which lasted about each of our quaddren. From that until Saturday, one bours—they were beaten of. Some fortifications boats or sloops appeared to be stirring abroad - probable object of the British is to destroy these bay.

The Spartan frigate and Martin sloop of war have left the Delaware with the whole of the detained parent haste, as the mail was just closing, saysressels under convoy. The Statira only remained! that the British landed about 800 men; that they The Spartan frigate and Martin sloop of war have

to blockade the bay.

BLOCKADE OF THE CHESAPEAKE. The British force in the bay June 17, was 4 ships of the line, 5 frigates and 5 or 6 brigs and schoo ners. They have performed but little service lately, except to capture the revenue cutter Surveyor, as noticed below, and burn the windmill on cape Henry. The deeds of the valiant shall tell well in history. Never did a set of wretches so meanly debase their country

Lam, at present, unable to do it with correctness.— this week, to refit, &c. They have, doubtless, con-The captain is dead, and was buried here this morn-siderably checked the depredations of the enemy. A reinforcement of the encury came in from sea five or six days ago, consisting of 4 seventy-fours, ?

frigates, and proceeded a short distance up the bay. The whole force in the bay, therefore consists of 6 or 8 74's, about 12 frigates, with some bries and schoeners. It appears that they have on board some troops; and it is more than probable we shall soon hear of more villages burnt. From the movements of the enemy they appear to threaten Norfolk

On Friday, the 18th, three of the frigates entered Hampton Roads; the headmost came up nearly as high as the quarantine ground, and despatched two barges to destroy some small vessels coming down James River. They were driven back to the ship by the gun boats. In the evening, the headmost frigate was about 3 miles from the rest, and it was resolved to make a fair trial of the gun boats against her, under the command of capt, Turbell, directed by com. Cassin. At half past 3 on Sunday morning, capt. T. with 15 boats, swept down within a mile way, no instantly headed his and Mr. Cox's div. the frigate. The morning was calm and his shot part of the company of deck, but was severely wounded, parent to take complete effect. The canonade last saving but a part of his men; the rest having falled an hour and a quarter on both sides. caught a breeze, and came to her relief. All three then opened a tremendous fire on the boats, who yet maintained the contest for half an hour-15 guns

fence. Admiral Warren was at anchor off Hampton, on Arrived. on Sunday evening (says a Philadelphia the 22nd. Cockburn has shifted his flag to a frigate; appear full of croops-perhaps for some burning ex-

> Later. Between 1 and 2 o'clock of the 21st. 5 frigates, 3 sloops of war and many small vessels were under a press of sail, as if for Norfolk. Alarm the next day.

P. S .- Extract of a letter, dated Norfolk, June 22. when our informant left there, none of the enemy's now preparing there are in an unfinished state; the Passed on Sunday, five barges and a soft- attending works, obtain water and fresh provisions. I have then, below Reedy Island, on their way down the just received orders to "turn out," the enemy having made a landing.

> were beaten off with great loss; that several of the barges were sunk, from which 150 men had swam assore, and were secured; that the admiral's gig (boat) had been cut in two by an 18 pounder; but what became of the crew and Cockburn, or Warren, (probably the former) was not known.

It appears that the British land force consists chiefly of Frenchmen !- "FRENCH INFLUENCE!"

Custox-H. Balt. Collector's Office, June, 19. The revenue cutter Surveyor, of Baltimore, car The U. S. hired schooners came up to Baltimore tured in York river, was an old vessel, scarcely worth WILLIAMSBURG, (Vir.) June 14.

Siz-On the 10th of June we were lying under day. After some time spent on said resolutions, which dered out as usual, to look out; it was my turn to

tary letter:

H. M. ship Narcissus, Chesapeake, June 13. Sin-Your g liant and desperate attempt to de-of state of the 20th of April, 1812.

After some other business, the amount of comfend your vessel against more than double your nummiration, on the part of your opponents, as I have capturing the Frolic, was fixed at 25,000 dollars seldom witnessed, and induced me to return you the Our poor fellows have severely suffered, occasioned mounted rangers, &c. chiefly, if not solely, by the precaution you had taken to prevent surprise; in short, I am at a loss which in its course) the house took up the bills reported to admire most the previous arrangement on board by the committee of ways and means, beginning with

You have my most sincere wishes for the immediate parole and speedy exchange of yourself and brave coming.

I am sir, with much respect, your most obedient JOHN CRERIE. To captain Samuel Travis, U. S. Cutter Surveyor.
Only one mun was wounded on board the cutter.

Proceedings of Congress. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, June 18 .- The house resumed the consideration of Mr. Webster's resolutions respecting the French repealing decree; the debate whereon con-tinued to the usual hour of so our or without

[The discussion on these resolutions appears to have taken the whole range of politics, past, present, and to come; and the debate may be expected to yel reported.1

coming to any decision.

Saturday, June 19 .- Occupied as on Friday. Monday, June 21.-Mr. Bibb, in the absence of The bill also provides for obtaining arms and am-

repairing. Carried six guns of small calibre, and Mr. Eppes, chairman of the committee of ways and probably had about 15 men and bors on board when means, gave notice that that committee were now cantured. JAS. H. MCCULLOOH, Calleton; ready with the tax bills, and larged the discussions on Mr. Webster's resolutions would terminate that

After some time spent on said resolutions, which

Sim—On the 10th of June we were jurge under Giover Poiria, and it a, is, at the grant boat was considered with rain. At 1 in the night I thought I discovered something proper to have been opposed only because some paper to have been opposed only because some proper to have been opposed only because some thought them disrespectal to the President, &c. I in the night I thought I discovered something moring—sould over for You The International Control of the Control of

next day the senior officer of the Narcissus returned the capt. his sword, with the follow complimen-order of the British government of April 21, 1812, and of a note from Lord Castlereagh to Mr. Russell. alluded to in the letter of the latter to the secretary

ber, on the night of the 12th inst. excited such ad-

Tuesday, June 23.-Mr. Troup reported a bill to sword you had so ably used, in testimony of mine continue in force an act raising certain corps of After some other business (which will be noticed

the Surveyor, or the determined manner by which that for laying a direct tax; a considerable discus-her deck was disputed, inch by inch.

rangement of districts, &c. no decision had.

Wednesday, June 23-Mr. Fisk, of New-York, oferew; and cannot but regret that I myself have no fered a resolution to enquire into the right of John influence that way, otherwise it should be forth- M. Bowers, of N. Y. to a seat in that house. He stated that the whole number of votes given were 8917, of which "Isaac Williams, jun." had 4129— "Isaac Williams" 531—"John M. Bowers" 4287, and "John Bowers" 70—and gave conclusive reasons to believe that all the votes were designed only for the two opposing gentlemen. The house appeared rather indisposed to take up the subject; but the resolution was finally laid upon the table-78 to 77.

The remainder of the day was employed in dis-cussing the provisions of the bill for laying a direct tax. Nothing decided.

Thursday, June 24 .- After some minor business the house in committee of the whole, resumed the consideration of the bill for laving a direct tax, Mr. Pitkin made a motion to recommit it-negatived. No decision had.

An important bill introduced by Gen. Smith, last several days. If room is allowed, we shall no has passed the senate, providing, that whenever the tice some of the principal speeches; but none are militia are called out to repel invasion, by the aumilitia are called out to repel invasion, by the au-thority of any state or territory, they shall be paid and provided for at the expense of the U. States.

munition, as aforesaid. The act to continue in force bleeding head of his father was sprinkled over his . during the war. The bill appropriates \$500,000, unfortunate mother. and passed the senate unanimously. It is stated the anglo-Spanish army in Spain is

Legislature of Maryland.

By the Senate-May SO, 1813.

Whereas, the just and unavoidable war in which we are engaged, waged not for conquest or from The island of Sielly appears in great commotion, provides of ambition, but to secure some of the most The green has speally taken up arms against her almost the secure some of the most the secure some of the secure some of the secure some of the most the secure some of the secure some sacred right which appertain to free and independent nations ; yet, as our only object is peace, as soon "legitimate sovereignty." as it can be obtained upon equal and honorable terms, therefore,

terms, therefore, "Real-read interferences of a | I have the pleasure to inform you that at a council of ready and carnest disposition so promptly manifests held on the 14th inst., it was decided:

| A three the pleasure to inform you that at a council of ready and carnest disposition so promptly manifests held on the 14th inst., it was decided:
| A three three to inform you that at a council of ready and carnest disposition so promptly manifests held on the 14th inst., it was decided:
| A three three to inform you that at a council of ready and carnest disposition for the pleasure to inform you that at a council of ready and carnest disposition so promptly manifests held on the 14th inst., it was decided: ed on all occasions by the government of the United States, to meet the government of Great Britain upon fair and honorable conditions, command our warmest approbation, and leave us fully persuaded that lish prizes, be received and admitted in France sothing but the want of a desire equally sincere on without being subject to the obligation of re-expertthe part of the enemy can procrastinate the war, or ing silk manufactures, and counter value. delay a peace, the end and object of all our wishes and efforts. By order,

T. ROGERS, Clerk."

THE CHRONICLE. Mr. Crawford, minister to France, with his suit, left New-York on Fraiay, the 18th inst. in the U.S. next the 21st April, by the Regentess. sloop Argus, capt. Allen, for France.

after a warm session, the legislature of Massaonserts may appured the January next. Several particles and the resolves, reports, remonstrances and protests shall be financed in the Register. Among them is a shall be financed in the Register. Among them is a maposition to abrogate at Register of the Register of the

taches, we noticed a signal victory that had been ob state of affairs between Spain and the United States, reaction in motions arguest recury that that neer not-present a sum succeed a four mid the Critical Nations. Taking they the partiests of "Mercia" over the revealints with a view to remething like a declaration of war-upder Nulcotion, governor of the province. Private in the present eath of the world, perhaps a view teletors to the editor of the Russians, detail at some limit before might be a great means of producing queries are most important, we merely observe, pleases, we shall not say him nay; for, in that case, that by this victory the whole province of Texas, the revolution in Mexico would not, could not fail a very extensive region, has shaken off the royal, and instituted a republican system of government, Berassistance, would open a trade more profitable to us nardo being at the head of it; and that reasonable than that of all Europe. We do not wish the war, expectation is aforded that all the neighboring provinces with follow the glacious example. We trust, and hope, and believe, that Mexico will be free.

following letter to the editor, dated

"Funknegrille, M. T. May 28.

"Since writing you hast, giving you a copy of a letter from Natiothches, detailing an action fought mear'st. Autonio, and the fall of that place, coloral again, and the fall of that place, coloral again, which is the contraction of the color of the near St. Antonio, and the fall of that place, colonel Samuel Kemper, who commanded in the battle of that day, has arrived, and is now here. From his information, it appears that the killing of the 14 prisoners was without the approbation of the Americans, and by the express order of the generalissimo Bernardo, who justifies it on the principle of reta-liation. The young Creole officer who was charged with the execution of this order, was one who find storen, on last Sunday week, the horizo of Mr. Cush-on a former occasion witnessed many cruedities of fing of Glospeville, R. I. was struck with lightning, Svicedo, and among them the beheading of his fa-clapbeards were ripped off, planks splintered, and there, at which his mother was also complicate to be considerable other changes done to the house and present, and by order of Salcedo the blood from the furniture, yet none of the family were hurt!

about 100,000 men, under Wellington. Suchet is reported to have only 60,000 to oppose him.

A British paper says, that a vessel has arrived at Yarmouth from Tonningen, a Danish port, with a load of wheat; and that many others were expected. The island of Sicily appears in great commotion. lies and protectors, the English. Lord Bentick has marched a body of troops against her. So much for

Extract of a letter, dated Paris, April 17, 1813 .-

rica, already permitted, such as cottons, pot ashes, &c. as well as colonial produce proceeding from Eng-

2ndly. English dry goods captured from the Bri-tish, instead of being burnt, must be exported to the U. States.

3dly. The English vessels, on board of which those prizes will be, must be carried into a port of France by the American privateer.
These decisions will be ratified on Wednesday

The London papers say that count Bernstorf has arrived in that city a minister from Denmark. It is

Maxico.—In page 248, in an article from Natehi- recommended to the Cortes a consideration of the with Spain might be a great means of producing "honest peace" with England; and, if the Don assistance, would open a trade more profitable to us but we do not fear it.

We have a flood of little news from Europe. The English papers say that Beauharnois has been defeatand nope. All Deliver, that Merce will be tree.

In the 3-1 page of the 2nd vision, noder the head of heart the Eller by Wittenation with the loss of "treats, rebellion, revolution," we noticed the 3000 men—that Scrowy is in an uproar—that Mercal singuities of certain Mercan patriots, and predict, ander has gone to Dreade—that the first division of the Sweder had arrived—that Bernadotte would prohable the desired of the Sweder had arrived—that Bernadotte would prohable the sweder had arrived—that Bernadotte would prohable the sweder had arrived—that Bernadotte would prohable the sweder had a trived—that Bernadotte would prohable the sweder had been the sweder had been the sweder had been that the sweder had been the sweder had part, arrived. Fourteen of the prisoners taken near bably be commander-in-chief-that the Prussian 2st. Autonio, were put to death, as appears by the muskets had been sent from England to arm the Germans-that the duke of Cumberland had depart-

At Cadiz, May 7, affoat and in store 160,000 bbIs-American flour, 20,000 tierces of rice, &c.

A Swedish captain, arrived at Boston from Gottenburg, in 48 days, reports, that 100,000 French were at Berlin, 100,000 at Leipnic, and the like number at Dresden, where Bonaparte himself was. Astonishing Preservation .- During a tremendous